# Package 'htmltab'

March 22, 2020

Title Assemble Data Frames from HTML Tables

**Version** 0.7.1.1

Description HTML tables are a valuable data source but extracting and recasting these data into a useful format can be tedious. This package allows to collect structured information from HTML tables. It is similar to readHTMLTable() of the XML package but provides three major advantages. First, the function automatically expands row and column spans in the header and body cells. Second, users are given more control over the identification of header and body rows which will end up in the R table, including semantic header information that appear throughout the body. Third, the function preprocesses table code, corrects common types of malformations, removes unneeded parts and so helps to alleviate the need for tedious post-processing.

**Depends** R (>= 3.0.0)

**Imports** XML (>= 3.98.1.3), httr (>= 1.0.0)

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LazvData true

Suggests testthat, knitr, tidyr

URL https://github.com/crubba/htmltab

BugReports https://github.com/crubba/htmltab/issues

VignetteBuilder knitr

RoxygenNote 5.0.1

NeedsCompilation no

Author Christian Rubba [aut, cre]

Maintainer Christian Rubba <christian.rubba@gmail.com>

Repository CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2020-03-22 09:46:14 UTC

check\_type

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check\_type

Produce the table node

# **Description**

Produce the table node

# Usage

**Index** 

```
check_type(doc, which, ...)
```

# Arguments

doc the HTML document which can be a file name or a URL or an already parsed

document (by XML's parsing functions)

which a vector of length one for identification of the table in the document. Either a

numeric vector for the tables' rank or a character vector that describes an XPath

for the table

... additional arguments passed to htmlParse

#### Value

a table node

create\_inbody 3

create\_inbody

Reshape in table header information into wide format

# Description

Reshape in table header information into wide format

# Usage

```
create_inbody(tab, table.Node, trindex, xpath)
```

# **Arguments**

tab the table data frame

table.Node the table node

trindex the trindex of the inbody rows

xpath the xpath for the inbody rows

#### Value

the modified R data frame

eval\_body

Evaluate and deparse the body argument

# Description

Evaluate and deparse the body argument

# Usage

```
eval_body(arg)
```

# **Arguments**

arg the body argument

get\_body\_xpath

eval\_header

Evaluate and deparse the header argument

# Description

Evaluate and deparse the header argument

# Usage

```
eval_header(arg)
```

# Arguments

arg

the header information

#### Value

evaluated header info

get\_body\_xpath

Return body xpath

# Description

Return body xpath

# Usage

```
get_body_xpath(body, table.Node)
```

# Arguments

body an information for the body rows

table.Node the table node

# Value

a character vector of XPath statements

get\_cell\_element 5

get_cell_element Extracts cells elements
------------------------------------------

#### **Description**

Extracts cells elements

#### Usage

```
get_cell_element(cells, tag = "td | th", elFun, rm_escape, rm_whitespace)
```

#### **Arguments**

cells a list of cell nodes

tag a character vector that provides information used in the XPath expression to

extract the correct elements

elFun a function that is executed over the header/body cell nodes

rm\_escape a character vector that, if specified, is used to replace escape sequences in header

and body cells (default value ' ')

rm\_whitespace logical, should leading/trailing whitespace be removed from cell values (default

value TRUE)?

#### Value

the body element

# Description

Extracts header elements

#### Usage

```
get_header_elements(cells, tag = "td | th")
```

# Arguments

cells a list of cell nodes

tag a character vector that provides information used in the XPath expression to

extract the correct elements

#### Value

A list of header information from the cells

get\_span

get\_head\_xpath

Return header xpath

# Description

Return header xpath

# Usage

```
get_head_xpath(header, table.Node)
```

# **Arguments**

header an information for the header rows

table.Node the table node

#### Value

a character vector of XPath statements

get\_span

Extracts rowspan information

# **Description**

Extracts rowspan information

# Usage

```
get_span(cells, span, tag = "td | th")
```

# Arguments

cells a list of cell nodes

span a character for the span element name

tag a character vector that provides information used in the XPath expression to

extract the correct elements

# Value

A list of row information from the cells

get\_trindex 7

get_trindex Return trindex given an XPath	get_trindex	Return trindex given an XPath
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#### **Description**

Return trindex given an XPath

# Usage

```
get_trindex(xpath, table.Node)
```

#### **Arguments**

xpath XPath

table.Node the table node

htmltab Assemble a data frame from HTML table data

#### **Description**

Robust and flexible methods for extracting structured information out of HTML tables

#### Usage

```
htmltab(doc, which = NULL, header = NULL, headerFun = function(node)
   XML::xmlValue(node), headerSep = " >> ", body = NULL,
   bodyFun = function(node) XML::xmlValue(node), complementary = TRUE,
   fillNA = NA, rm_superscript = TRUE, rm_escape = " ",
   rm_footnotes = TRUE, rm_nodata_cols = TRUE, rm_nodata_rows = TRUE,
   rm_invisible = TRUE, rm_whitespace = TRUE, colNames = NULL, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

doc	the HTML document which can be a file name or a URL or an already parsed
-----	--------------------------------------------------------------------------

document (by XML's parsing functions)

which a vector of length one for identification of the table in the document. Either a

numeric vector for the tables' rank or a character vector that describes an XPath

for the table

header the header formula, see details for specifics

headerFun a function that is executed over the header cell nodes

headerSep a character vector that is used as a seperator in the construction of the table's

variable names (default ' » ')

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body	a vector that specifies which table rows should be used as body information. A numeric vector can be specified where each element corresponds to a table row. A character vector may be specified that describes an XPath for the body rows. If left unspecified, htmltab tries to use semantic information from the HTML code
bodyFun	a function that is executed over the body cell nodes
complementary	logical, should htmltab ensure complementarity of header, inbody header and body elements (default TRUE)?
fillNA	character vector of symbols that are replaced by NA (default c("))
rm_superscript	logical, should superscript information be removed from header and body cells (default TRUE)?
rm_escape	a character vector that, if specified, is used to replace escape sequences in header and body cells (default $$ ')
rm_footnotes	logical, should semantic footer information be removed (default TRUE)?
rm_nodata_cols	logical, should columns that have no alphanumeric data be removed (default TRUE)?
rm_nodata_rows	logical, should rows that have no alphanumeric data be removed (default TRUE)?
rm_invisible	logical, should nodes that are not visible be removed (default TRUE)? This includes elements with class 'sortkey' and 'display:none' style.
rm_whitespace	logical, should leading/trailing whitespace be removed from cell values (default TRUE)?
colNames	a character vector of column names, or a function that can be used to replace specific column names (default NULL)
• • •	additional arguments passed to HTML parsers

#### **Details**

The header formula has the following format: level1 + level2 + level3 + .... level1 specifies the main header dimension (column names). This information must be for rows. level2 and deeper signify header dimensions that appear throughout the body. Those information must be for cell elements, not rows. Header information may be one of the following types:

- the NULL value (default). No information passed, htmltab will try to identify header elements through heuristics (heuristics only work for the main header)
- A numeric vector that retrieves rows in the respective position
- A character string of an XPath expression
- A function that when evaluated produces a numeric or character vector
- 0, when the process of finding the main header should be skipped (only works for main header)

#### Value

An R data frame

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#### Author(s)

Christian Rubba <a href="http://www.christianrubba.com">http://www.christianrubba.com</a>

#### References

https://github.com/crubba/htmltab

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# When no spans are present, htmltab produces output close to XML's readHTMLTable(),
but it removes many types of non-data elements (footnotes, non-visible HTML elements, etc)
url <- "http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/World_population"</pre>
xp <- "//caption[starts-with(text(),'World historical')]/ancestor::table"</pre>
htmltab(doc = url, which = xp)
popFun <- function(node) {</pre>
  x <- XML::xmlValue(node)</pre>
  gsub(',', '', x)
htmltab(doc = url, which = xp, bodyFun = popFun)
#This table lacks header information. We provide them through colNames.
#We also need to set header = 0 to indicate that no header is present.
doc <- "http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/FC_Bayern_Munich"</pre>
xp2 <- "//td[text() = 'Head coach']/ancestor::table"</pre>
htmltab(doc = doc, which = xp2, header = 0, encoding = "UTF-8", colNames = c("name", "role"))
#htmltab recognizes column spans and produces a one-dimension vector of variable information,
#also removes automatically superscript information since these are usually not of use.
 doc <- "http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Usage_share_of_web_browsers"</pre>
xp3 <- "//table[7]"
bFun <- function(node) {
  x <- XML::xmlValue(node)</pre>
  gsub('%$', '', x)
htmltab(doc = doc, which = xp3, bodyFun = bFun)
htmltab("https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arjen_Robben", which = 3,
header = 1:2)
#When header information appear throughout the body, you can specify their
#position in the header formula
htmltab(url, which = "//table[@id='team_gamelogs']", header = . + "//td[./strong]")
```

10 normalize\_tr

```
## End(Not run)
```

identify\_elements

Assemble XPath expressions for header and body

# **Description**

Assemble XPath expressions for header and body

#### Usage

```
identify_elements(table.Node, header, body, complementary = T)
```

#### **Arguments**

table.Node the table node

header a vector that contains information for the identification of the header row(s).

A numeric vector can be specified where each element corresponds to the table rows. A character vector may be specified that describes an XPath for the header rows. If left unspecified, htmltable tries to use semantic information from the

HTML code

body a vector that specifies which table rows should be used as body information. A

numeric vector can be specified where each element corresponds to a table row. A character vector may be specified that describes an XPath for the body rows. If left unspecified, htmltable tries to use semantic information from the HTML

code

complementary logical, should htmltab ensure complementarity of header, inbody header and

body elements (default TRUE)?

#### Value

a character vector of XPath statements

normalize\_tr Normalizes rows to be nested in tr tags, header in thead, body in tbody

and numbers them

#### **Description**

Normalizes rows to be nested in tr tags, header in thead, body in tbody and numbers them

#### Usage

```
normalize_tr(table.Node)
```

num\_xpath 11

# Arguments

table.Node the table node

#### Value

the revised table node

num\_xpath

num\_xpath: Generate numeric XPath expression

# Description

Generate numeric XPath expression

# Usage

```
num_xpath(data)
```

# Arguments

data

the header XPath

rm\_empty\_cols

Remove columns which do not have data values

# Description

Remove columns which do not have data values

# Usage

```
rm_empty_cols(df, header)
```

# Arguments

df a data frame header the header vector

#### Value

a data frame

#### See Also

```
rm_nuisance,rm_empty_rows
```

rm\_nuisance

rm\_empty\_rows

Remove rows which do not have data values

# Description

Remove rows which do not have data values

# Usage

```
rm_empty_rows(df)
```

# **Arguments**

df a data frame

#### Value

a data frame

#### See Also

```
rm_nuisance,rm_empty_cols
```

rm\_nuisance

Remove nuisance elements from the table code

# **Description**

Remove nuisance elements from the table code

#### Usage

```
rm_nuisance(table.Node, rm_superscript, rm_footnotes, rm_invisible)
```

# Arguments

table.Node the table node

rm\_superscript logical, denotes whether superscript information should be removed from header

and body cells (default value TRUE)

rm\_footnotes logical, denotes whether semantic footer information should be removed (de-

fault value TRUE)

rm\_invisible logical, should nodes that are not visible (display:none attribute) be removed?

#### Value

The revised table node

select\_tab 13

# See Also

 $rm\_empty\_cols$ 

select\_tab

Selects the table from the HTML Code

# Description

Selects the table from the HTML Code

# Usage

```
select_tab(which, Node)
```

# Arguments

which a vector of length one for identification of the table in the document. Either a

numeric vector for the tables' rank or a character vector that describes an XPath

for the table

Node the table node

#### Value

a table node

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