Experiment 23 BFS and DFS

Date: 10-01-2021

Aim: Implementation of depth first search and breadth first search using array

Data Structures used: Graphs, Array

Algorithm for Breadth First Search (bfs)

Input: The Graph data structure (G) and the starting node S **Output:** The nodes in the graph traversed in bfs order

Data Structure: Graphs, queue

Steps

```
1. Step 1: Start
2. Step 2: let Q be a queue
3. Step 3: Q.enque(s)
4. Step 4: visit(s)
5. Step 5: mark s as visited
6. Step 6: while(Q is not empty) do
7.
            Step 1: v= Q.dequeue()
            Step 2: for all nodes w of v in the graph g do
8.
                    Step 1: if(w is not visited) then
9.
10.
                            Step 1: Q.enqueue(w)
11.
                            Step 2: visit(w)
12.
                            Step 3: mark w as visited
13.
                    Step 2: endif
             Step 3: done
14.
15. Step 7: done
16. Step 8: stop
```

Algorithm for Depth First Search (dfs)

Input: The graph G and the starting node A

Output : All the elements in G traversed in DFS order

Data Structure used: Graph, stack

Steps

```
1. Step 1: Start
2. Step 2: let S be a stack
3. Step 3: S.push(A)
4. Step 4: while S is not empty do
5.
            Step 1: v = S.pop()
6.
          Step 2: if (v is not visited) then
7.
                   Step 1: visit(v)
8.
                   Step 2: mark v as visited
9.
                   Step 3: push all adjacent vertex of v into the stack
10.
          Step 3: endif
11. Step 5: endWhile
12. Step 6: stop
```

Result: The program was successfully compiled and the desired output was obtained

Program Code

```
/\star Breadth first and depth first search
 * Done By: Rohit Karunakaran
*/
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int dequeue(int *q,int *f, int *b){
    int elem = q[*f];
    if((*f) == (*b)){}
        (*f) = (*b) = -1;
    }
    else{
        (*f)++;
    return elem;
}
void enqueue(int *q, int *f, int *b, int elem)
{
    (*b) = (*b) + 1;
    q[(*b)] = elem;
    if((*f) == -1) {
        (*f)++;
}
void bfs(int* vert, int** a_m, int nv,int ne){
    if(nv!=0){
        int queue[2*nv];
        int f=0, b=0;
        int visited[nv];
        int vc=0;
        int i=0; //nodes accessed.
        visited[0]=i; //visited the 0th node
        queue[f] = i;
        while (f!=-1) {
             int c = dequeue(queue, &f, &b);
             for(int i = 0; i < nv; i++){ //itereate through all the edges
                 if(a_m[c][i]==1){
                                        //If an edge is connected to c
                     int flag=1;
                     for(int j = 0; j<=vc; j++) //check if the edge is visited</pre>
                     {
                         flag ==1;
                         if(visited[j]==i){
                             flag = 0;
                             break;
                         }
                     }
```

```
if(flag){ //If the edge is not visited then visit it....
                          enqueue(queue, &f, &b, i);
                          visited[++vc] = i;
                     }
                 }
            }
        }
        for(int i = 0; i \le vc; i++) {
            printf("%d ",vert[visited[i]]);
        }
    }
}
void dfs(int* vert, int** a_m, int nv,int ne){
    if(nv!=0){
        int stack[2*nv];
        int top=0;
        int visited[nv];
        int vc=-1;
        int i=0; //nodes accessed.
        stack[top] = i;
        while (top!=-1) {
             int c = stack[top--];
             int flag = 1;
             for(int j = 0; j<=vc; j++) { //check if the edge is visited{</pre>
                 if(visited[j]==c){
                     flag = 0;
                     break;
                 }
             }
             if(flag){
                 visited[++vc] = c;
                 for (int i = 0; i < nv; i++) {
                     if(a_m[c][i]==1){
                          stack[++top] = i;
                     }
                 }
             }
        }
        for (int i = 0; i <= vc; i++) {
             printf("%d ",vert[visited[i]]);
        }
    }
}
void main(){
    int nv, ne;
    printf("BFS and DFS implementation\n");
    printf("Enter the number of vertices: ");
```

```
scanf("%d%*c",&nv);
int** adj_matrix = (int**)calloc(nv, sizeof(int*));
for(int i = 0; i < nv; i++)
    adj_matrix[i] = (int*)calloc(nv, sizeof(int));
int *vertices = (int*)malloc(nv*sizeof(int));
printf("\nEnter the vertices of the Graph: ");
for(int i=0;i<nv;i++){</pre>
    scanf("%d", &vertices[i]);
}
printf("Enter the number of edges: ");
scanf("%d",&ne);
printf("Enter the vetices connected by the edges in the form-> start end\n");
for(int i=0;i<ne;){</pre>
    int s,e;
    if(scanf("%d %d",&s,&e)==2){
        adj_matrix[s][e]=1;
        adj_matrix[e][s]=1;
        i++;
    }
    else{
        printf("Enter the vertices in the correct format\n");
    }
printf("The Breadth first traversl: ");
bfs(vertices, adj_matrix,nv,ne);
printf("\n");
printf("The Depth first traversal: ");
dfs(vertices,adj_matrix,nv,ne);
printf("\n");
```

}

Sample input and output

```
..ograming/C/CSL201/2021-01-10 > gcc bfs_dfs.c -o bfs_dfs.o
..ograming/C/CSL201/2021-01-10 ) ./bfs_dfs.o
BFS and DFS implementation
Enter the number of vertices: 8
Enter the vertices of the Graph: 11 10 9 8 2 7 4 5
Enter the number of edges: 9
Enter the vetices connected by the edges in the form-> start end
0 1
1 2
0 5
0 3
3 4
5 4
5 6
6 7
The Breadth first traversl: 11 10 8 7 9 2 5 4
The Depth first traversal: 11 7 4 5 8 2 10 9
..ograming/C/CSL201/2021-01-10}
```

```
..ograming/C/CSL201/2021-01-10 ./bfs_dfs.o
BFS and DFS implementation
Enter the number of vertices: 6

Enter the vertices of the Graph: 6 7 8 9 10 11
Enter the number of edges: 6
Enter the vetices connected by the edges in the form-> start end
0 1
0 4
0 3
1 2
1 5
3 5
The Breadth first traversl: 6 7 9 10 8 11
The Depth first traversal: 6 10 9 11 7 8
..ograming/C/CSL201/2021-01-10 .
```