Experiment - 12

Doubly Linked List

Date: 30-10-2020

<u>Aim:</u> Write a Java program for the following:

- 1) Create a doubly linked list of elements.
- 2) Delete a given element from the above list.
- 3) Display the contents of the list after deletion.

Concepts Used: Doubly Linked List

Algorithm:

```
Class Node
Data Members
data:int
prev : Node
next :Node
```

Class DoublyLinkedList Data Members Header: Node size: int Methods() addNode(): void removeNode(): void display(): void

Algorithm addNode(int elem):

```
1. Start
2. Node n = new Node()
3. if n!=NULL then
4.
         n->data = elem
5.
         Node n2 = Header
6.
         while(n2->next!=NULL) do
7.
               n2 = n2 - next
         endWhile
8.
9.
         n2->next = n
10.
         n->next = NULL
11.
         n->prev = n2
12. endif
13. Stop
```

Algorithm removeNode(int a)

1. Start

```
2. if Header->next!=NULL then
3.
           flag=0
4.
           Node ptr = Header->next
5.
           while ptr -> next!=NULL do
6.
                  if ptr->data == a then
7.
                       flag = 1
8.
                  endif
9.
           endwhile
           if flag == 1 then
10.
11.
                  if(ptr->next!=NULL) then
                         ptr->next->prev = ptr->prev
12.
13.
                  endif
14.
                  ptr->prev->next = ptr->next
15.
                  ptr->prev=NULL
16.
                  ptr->next = NULL
17.
           else
18.
                  print "element not found"
           endif
19.
20. endif
21. Stop
```

Program Code:

```
/*Doubly Linked List implementation in Java
 * Done By: Rohit Karunakaran
 * */
import java.io.*;
/*Node class for the nodes of the linked list*/
class Node
{
    private int data;
    private Node prev;
   private Node next;
    //Constructors
    public Node(int x,Node next,Node prev)
    {
        data = x;
        this.prev =prev;
        this.next = next;
    public Node(int x){ this(x,null,null); }
    public Node() { this(0); }
    //Gettes and Setters
    public Node getNextNode() { return this.next; }
    public Node getPrevNode() { return this.prev; }
    public int getData() { return this.data; }
```

```
public void setNextNode(Node n) { this.next=n; }
    public void setPrevNode(Node n) { this.prev=n; }
    public void setNextNode() { this.next=null; }
    public void setPrevNode() { this.prev=null; }
}
/* Doubly linked list class that contains the relevent functions for
   implementation*/
class DoublyLinkedList
{
    private Node header; //The header node
    public int length; //To keep a track of the length of the doubly linked list
   public DoublyLinkedList()
        header = new Node();
        length=0;
    }
    public DoublyLinkedList(int nums[]) //Creates a doubly linked list when an
array of numbers is passed
    {
        this();
        for(int x:nums)
            this.add(x);
        }
    }
    public void add(int x) //add a node to the end of the doubly linked list
    {
        Node ptr=header;
        while(ptr.getNextNode()!=null)
            ptr=ptr.getNextNode();
        Node n = new Node(x);
        n.setPrevNode(ptr);
        n.setNextNode(ptr.getNextNode());
        ptr.setNextNode(n);
        length++;
    }
    public void remove(int x) //remove the node containing the given value if it
exists
    {
        Node ptr=header.getNextNode();
        if(ptr==null)
        {
            System.out.println("The List is empty");
            return;
```

```
}
        while(ptr!=null)
            if(ptr.getData() == x)
               break;
            ptr=ptr.getNextNode();
        }
        if(ptr!=null)
            //delete node
            if(ptr.getNextNode()!=null)
                ptr.getNextNode().setPrevNode(ptr.getPrevNode());
            ptr.getPrevNode().setNextNode(ptr.getNextNode());
            ptr.setNextNode(null);
            ptr.setPrevNode(null);
            length--;
        }
        else
            System.out.println("No Such element found");
        }
    }
    public void displayList()
        Node ptr=header.getNextNode();
        while(ptr!=null)
        {
            System.out.println(ptr.getData());
            ptr=ptr.getNextNode();
        }
    }
}
public class MainClass
    public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException
    {
        DoublyLinkedList dll = new DoublyLinkedList();
        int elem=0;
        BufferedReader r = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
        boolean Run = true;
        while(Run)
            System.out.println("\n-----");
            System.out.println("1.Add an element");
            System.out.println("2.Remove an element");
            System.out.println("3.Display the List");
            System.out.println("4.Exit");
            System.out.print("\nEnter your choice: ");
```

```
try
                int c = Integer.parseInt(r.readLine());
                switch(c)
                {
                    case 1: //add an element
                            System.out.print("Enter the elemet to be added: ");
                             elem = Integer.parseInt(r.readLine());
                            dll.add(elem);
                            break;
                    case 2: //remove an element
                            System.out.print("Enter the elemet to be deleted: ");
                             elem = Integer.parseInt(r.readLine());
                            dll.remove(elem);
                            break;
                    case 3: //display the list
                            System.out.println("\nThe List is :");
                            dll.displayList();
                            break;
                    case 4:Run = false;
                           break;
                    default: System.out.println("Please Enter a valid input ");
                              break;
                }
            }
            catch (NumberFormatException e)
                System.out.println("Please Enter a integer value ");
                e.printStackTrace();
            }
        }
   }
}
```

Sample input/output:

```
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- Namu Antificas

- Namu an element
3. Pisplay the List
4. Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be added: 23

- Add an element
3. Display the List
4. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

The List is:
23

- Namu
1. Add an element
2. Remove an element
3. Display the List
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 3

The List is:
2. Remove an element
3. Display the List
4. Exit
5. Remove an element
1. Add an element
2. Remove an element
3. Display the List
4. Exit
5. Remove an element
1. Add an element
1. Add an element
2. Remove an element
3. Display the List
4. Exit
5. Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be added: 32

- Nemu
1. Add an element
3. Display the List
4. Exit
5. Enter your choice: 3

The List is:
5. Enter your choice: 3

The List is:
5. Enter your choice: 3

The List is:
5. Enter your choice: 3
```

Experiment – 13 Binary Search

Date: 30-10-2020

Aim: Java Program to implement Binary Search algorithm

Concepts Used: Arrays, BinarySearch

Algorithm BinarySearch

```
Input: the array, the starting index the ending index and the element to be searched
Output: the index of the element, -1 if the element doesn't exist
Steps
Start
if(start<=last) then
       mid = (start + last)/2
       if(a[mid] == elem) then
               return mid
       else if(a[mid]>elem)
               return BinarySearch(a,start, mid,elem)
       else
               return BinarySearch(a,mid+1,last,elem)
       endif
else
       return -1
endif
Stop
```

Program Code:

```
/* Binary search algorithm implementation in java
 * Done By: Rohit Karunakaran
 **/
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.StringTokenizer;
import java.io.*;

class BinarySearch
{
    //Recursive binary search funtion
    static int binarySearch(ArrayList<Integer> a, int elem, int beg, int last)
    {
        int mid = (beg+last)/2;
        if (beg<=last)
        {
            if (a.get (mid) ==elem)</pre>
```

```
return mid;
            else if(a.get(mid)>elem)
                return binarySearch(a,elem,beg,mid);
            else
                return binarySearch(a,elem,mid+1,last);
        }
        else
        {
            return -1; //If the element is not found it will return -1
        }
    }
    public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException
        ArrayList<Integer> arr = new ArrayList<Integer>();
        int elem=0;
        try
        {
            System.out.print("Enter the elements in the array in ascending order in
th form \"1 2 32 65 75 \" \nwith out the quotes: ");
            BufferedReader br= new BufferedReader (new InputStreamReader (System.in));
            String nums = br.readLine();
            StringTokenizer st = new StringTokenizer(nums, " ");
            while(st.hasMoreTokens())
                arr.add(Integer.parseInt(st.nextToken()));
            }
            System.out.print("Enter the element to be searched ");
            elem = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
            //arr.sort();
            int index = binarySearch(arr,elem,0,arr.size()-1);
            if(index==-1)
                System.out.println("The element is not found\n");
            }
            else
                System.out.println("The element is found at index "+index);
        }
        catch(NumberFormatException e)
            System.out.println("A Number expected ");
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
   }
}
```

Sample input/output

```
rohit@iris ~/Programing/Java/CSL203/LAB 7
 → javac BinarySearch.java
└> java BinarySearch
Enter the elements in the array in ascending order in th form "1 2 32 65 75"
with out the quotes: 1 2 32 65 75
Enter the element to be searched 75
The element is found at index 4
java BinarySearch
Enter the elements in the array in ascending order in th form "1 2 32 65 75 "
with out the quotes: 3 21 38 39 42 47 65 70
Enter the element to be searched 39
The element is found at index 3
∟> java BinarySearch
Enter the elements in the array in ascending order in th form "1 2 32 65 75"
with out the quotes: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Enter the element to be searched 3
The element is found at index 4
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→ java BinarySearch
Enter the elements in the array in ascending order in th form "1 2 32 65 75 " with out the quotes: 8 12 12 14 18 20 31
Enter the element to be searched 12
The element is found at index 1
```

```
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➤ java BinarySearch
Enter the elements in the array in ascending order in th form "1 2 32 65 75 "

with out the quotes: 1 2 3 4 5 6
Enter the element to be searched 7
The element is not found

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```