Date: 10-11-2020

Experiment 6 Implementation Of Linked List

<u>Done By:</u> Rohit Karunakaran

Aim: Implementation of linked list

Data Structure Used: Linked List

Operation Used: Comparisons

Algorithm:

Algorithm for InsertFront

Input: Header Node of a linked list (LL) and the ITEM to be inserted **Output:** Linked List with the new node inserted after the Header node

Data Structure: Linked List

Step 1 : Start

Step 2: new = GetNode(Node)

Step 3: if(new==NULL) then

Step 1: Print("No Memory space available")

Step 2: Stop

Step 4: else

Step 1: $new \rightarrow data = ITEM$

Step 2: new→link = Header→link

Step 3: Header \rightarrow link = new

Step 5: endif

Step 6: Stop

Description of the Algorithm: This Algorithm inserts a node just after the header node

Algorithm for InsertBack

Input: Header Node of a linked list (LL) and the ITEM to be inserted **Output:** Linked List with the new node inserted at the end of the List

Data Structure: Linked List

Step 1: Start

Step 2: new = GetNode(Node)

Step 3: if(new==NULL) then

Step 1: Print("No Memory space available")

Step 2: Stop

Step 4: else

Step 1;ptr = Header

Step 2: while(ptr→ link !=NULL) do

Step 1: ptr=ptr→link

Step 3: endWhile

Step 4:new→data = ITEM

Step 5: new→link = NULL

Step 6: $ptr \rightarrow link = new$

Step 5: endif

Step 6: Stop

Description of the Algorithm: This algorithm goes to the end of the List and inserts a node after the last node

Algorithm for InsertFront

```
Input: Header Node of a linked list (LL), the ITEM to be inserted and the position (POS)
Output: Linked List with the new node inserted at the corresponding position
Data Structure: Linked List
Step 1: Start
Step 2: new = GetNode(Node)
Step 3: if(new==NULL) then
         Step 1: Print("No Memory space available")
        Step 2: Stop
Step 4: else
        Step 1: i=-1
         Step 2: ptr = Header
         Step 3: while(i<pos-1 and ptr!=NULL) then
                  Step 1: i++
                  Step 2: ptr=ptr→link
         Step 4: endwhile
         Step 5: if(ptr!=NULL) then
                  Step 1: new→data = ITEM
                  Step 2: new \rightarrow link = ptr \rightarrow link
                  Step 3: ptr \rightarrow link = new
         Step 6: else
                  Step 1: print("Given position is not found")
                  Step 2: Stop
         Step 7: endif
Step 5: endif
```

Description of the Algorithm: This algorithm traversed the List, on reaching the node at the index position passed it inserts a new node at that position. Eg: if the List is "34 21 56 12" and assume the elements are indexed from 0 (even though it is a linked list and indexing of elements don't make any sense) if I want to insert 23 at position 2. The resulting Linked list will be "34 21 23 56 12".

Algorithm for DeleteFront

Step 6: Stop

Input: Header Node of a linked list (LL) **Output:** The item removed from the list

Description of the Algorithm: This algorithm deletes the node just after the header node

Algorithm for DeleteRear

```
Output: The item removed from the end of the list
Data Structure: Linked List
Step 1: Start
Step 2: if(Header→link ==NULL) then
         Step 1: print("Linked List is empty")
         Step 2: Stop
Step 3: else
         Step 1: ptr = Header \rightarrowlink
         Step 2: ptr1 = Header
         Step 3: while(ptr→link!=NULL) do
                   Step 1: ptr1=ptr
                   Step 2: ptr = ptr \rightarrow link
         Step 4: EndWhile
         Step 5: ITEM = ptr \rightarrow data
         Step 6: ptr1 \rightarrow link = ptr \rightarrow link
         Step 7: ReturnNode(ptr)
         Step 8: return ITEM
Step 4: EndIf
Step 5: Stop
```

Input: Header Node of a linked list (LL)

Description of the Algorithm: This algorithm deletes the Node at the end of the linked list

Algorithm for Delete from a position

Input: Header Node of a linked list (LL) and the position of the node to be removed

Output: The item removed from the specified position of the list

Data Structure: Linked List

```
Step 1 : Start
Step 2: if(Header\rightarrowlink == NULL)
         Step 1: Print("The List Is Empty")
         Step 2: Stop
Step 3: else
         Step 1: i=-1
         Step 2: ptr = Header
         Step 3: while(i<pos-1 and ptr!=NULL) then
                   Step 1: i++
                   Step 2: ptr=ptr→link
         Step 4: endwhile
         Step 5:if(ptr \rightarrow link == NULL)
                   Step 1: ITEM = ptr->link\rightarrow data
                   Step 2: ptr1 = ptr \rightarrow link
                   Step 3: ptr \rightarrow link = ptr1 \rightarrow link
                   Step 4: ReturnNode(ptr1)
                   Step 5:return(ITEM)
         Step 6: else
                   Step 1: Print("Index Out Of Bounds")
                   Step 2: Stop
         Step 7:endif
Step 4: endif
Step 5: Stop
```

Description of the Algorithm: Just like the insertion at any position algorithm passing the position of the element to be deleted will remove the element. It takes a pointer (ptr) to the element right before the one to be deleted and then links the link part of ptr to the link of the element to be deleted.

Program Code:

```
/*********
 * Linked List Implementation
 * Done By: Rohit Karunakaran
 * ********************
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef struct Linked_List_Node
    struct Linked_List_Node *link;
    int data;
} Node;
void initList(Node* Header)
    //Header = (Node*) malloc (sizeof(Node));
   Header->link = NULL;
   Header->data = 0;
}
//Insertion Algorithms
void insertStart(Node *Header,int val)
{
   Node *new_node = (Node*) malloc(sizeof(Node));
    if (new_node!=NULL)
       new_node->data = val;
       new_node->link = NULL;
       Node* ptr = Header->link;
       Header->link = new_node;
       new_node->link=ptr;
    }
    else
       printf("Insertion Not Possible\n");
       exit(1);
    return ;
}
void insertAt (Node *Header, int val, int pos) //Insert at a specified position from
the header node
{
   Node *new_node = (Node*) malloc(sizeof(Node));
    if (new_node!=NULL)
    {
```

```
Node* ptr = Header;
        int index = -1;
        while(index<pos-1 && ptr!=NULL)</pre>
            ptr=ptr->link;
            index ++;
        }
        if(ptr !=NULL)
            new_node->link = ptr->link;
            new_node->data = val;
            ptr->link =new_node;
        }
        else
        {
            printf("Given position is not found \nExiting.....\n");
            exit(1);
        }
    }
    else
        printf("Insertion Not Possible");
        exit(1);
    }
    return ;
}
void insertEnd(Node *Header, int val)
    Node *new_node = (Node*) malloc(sizeof(Node));
    if(new_node!=NULL)
        new_node->data = val;
        new_node->link = NULL;
        Node* ptr=Header;
        while(ptr->link != NULL)
            ptr = ptr->link;
       ptr->link = new_node;
    }
    else
        printf("Insertion not possible");
        exit(1);
    return;
}
//Deletion Algorithms
```

```
int deletionBegin(Node *Header)
    if(Header->link == NULL)
        printf("Deletion not possible. The list is empty");
        exit(0);
        return 0;
    }
    else
    {
        Node* ptr = Header->link;
        Header->link = ptr->link;
        int elem = ptr->data;
        free (ptr);
        return elem;
    }
}
int deletionAt(Node* Header, int pos)
    if(Header->link == NULL)
        printf("Deletion not possible. The list is empty");
        exit(0);
        return 0;
    }
    else
    {
        int index = -1;
        Node* ptr = Header;
        while(index<pos-1&&ptr!=NULL)</pre>
            ptr=ptr->link;
            index++;
        }
        if(ptr->link!=NULL)
            int elem = ptr->link->data;
            Node* red = ptr->link;
            ptr->link = ptr->link->link;
            free (red);
            return elem;
        }
        else
            printf("Index Is out of Bounds \n");
            exit(1);
            return 0;
    }
}
int deletionEnd(Node* Header)
{
    if(Header->link == NULL)
    {
```

```
printf("Deletion not possible. The list is empty");
       exit(0);
       return 0;
    }
   else
    {
       Node* ptr=Header->link;
       Node* ptr1=Header;
        while (ptr->link!=NULL)
           ptr1=ptr;
           ptr=ptr->link;
        }
        int elem = ptr->data;
       ptr1->link = NULL;
        free(ptr);
       return elem;
}
void displayList(Node* Header)
   Node* ptr = Header->link;
   if(ptr!=NULL)
       printf("The List is : ");
       while(ptr!=NULL)
        {
           printf("%d ",ptr->data);
           ptr=ptr->link;
       printf("\n");
    }
   else
    {
       printf("The Linked list is empty\n");
    }
}
int menu(Node* Header)
    int RUN = 1;
   while(RUN)
    {
       printf("\n");
        printf("=======\n");
       printf("
                          MENU
                                            \n");
       printf("=======\n");
       printf("1.Insert At Begining\n");
       printf("2.Insert At End\n");
        printf("3.Insert At Position\n");
        printf("4.Delete From Begining\n");
        printf("5.Delete From End\n");
       printf("6.Delete From Position\n");
       printf("7.Display the linked List\n");
```

```
printf("8.Exit\n");
printf("Enter Choice: ");
int choice;
int elem;
int pos;
scanf("%d%*c",&choice);
switch(choice)
    case 1: printf("Enter the element to be inserted: ");
            scanf("%d%*c",&elem);
            insertStart(Header, elem);
            printf("\n");
            break;
    case 2: printf("Enter the element to be inserted: ");
            scanf("%d%*c",&elem);
            insertEnd(Header, elem);
            printf("\n");
            break;
    case 3: printf("Enter the element to be inserted: ");
            scanf("%d%*c", &elem);
            printf("Enter the postion to insert %d : ",elem);
            scanf("%d%*c", &pos);
            insertAt (Header, elem, pos);
            printf("\n");
            break;
    case 4: elem = deletionBegin(Header);
            printf("The Element removed is %d",elem);
            printf("\n");
            break;
    case 5: elem = deletionEnd(Header);
            printf("The Element removed is %d",elem);
            printf("\n");
            break;
    case 6: printf("Enter the postion of the element to be deleted : ");
            scanf("%d%*c",&pos);
            elem = deletionAt(Header, pos);
            printf("The Element removed is %d",elem);
            printf("\n");
            break;
    case 7: displayList(Header);
            break;
    case 8: RUN=0;
            break;
    default: printf("Enter a valid choice\n");
            printf("\n");
             break;
```

```
}

printf("Exiting.....\n");
return RUN;
}

int main()
{
   Node *Header = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
   initList(Header);
   return menu(Header);
}
```

Result: The Program is successfully compiled and the desired result is obtained

Sample Input and output

```
MENU
1.Insert At Begining
2.Insert At End
3.Insert At Position
4.Delete From Begining
5.Delete From End
6.Delete From Position
7.Display the linked List
8.Exit
Enter Choice: 7
The List is : 39 93 72
              MENU
1.Insert At Begining
2.Insert At End
3.Insert At Position
4.Delete From Begining
5.Delete From End
 3.Delete From Position
 7.Display the linked List
8.Exit
Enter Choice: 6
Enter the postion of the element to be deleted2
             MENU
1.Insert At Begining
2.Insert At End
3.Insert At Position
4.Delete From Begining
5.Delete From End
6.Delete From Position
7.Display the linked List
8.Exit
Enter Choice: 5
The Element removed is 93
```

```
MENU
-----
1.Insert At Begining
2.Insert At End
3.Insert At Position
4.Delete From Begining
5.Delete From End
6.Delete From Position
7.Display the linked List
8.Exit
Enter Choice: 5
The Element removed is 93
        MENU
_____
1.Insert At Begining
2.Insert At End
3.Insert At Position
4.Delete From Begining
5.Delete From End
6.Delete From Position
7.Display the linked List
8.Exit
Enter Choice: 4
The Element removed is 39
_____
          MENU
1.Insert At Begining
2.Insert At End
3.Insert At Position
4.Delete From Begining
5.Delete From End
6.Delete From Position
7.Display the linked List
8.Exit
Enter Choice: 7
The Linked list is empty
```