

## Experiment 6

### Implementation Of Stack Using Array

**Date:** 21-09-2020

**Aim:** To implement Stack data structure using array

**Data Structure Used:** Arrays, Stack

**Operation Used:** Comparisons

**Algorithm:**

**Algorithm for isEmpty()**

**Input:** Stack A and pointer to the top most element, Top

**Output:** True if stack is empty, false if stack is not empty

Step 1 : Start

Step 2 : If top < 0

Step 1 : return true

Step 3: else

Step 1: return false

Step 4 : Stop

**Description of the Algorithm:**

Returns a true value if the stack is empty false if otherwise

**Algorithm for isFull()**

**Input:** Stack A and pointer to the top most element, Top

**Output:** True if stack is full, false if stack is not full

Step 1 : Start

Step 2 : If top >= size //size is the predefined size of the array A

Step 1 : return false

Step 3: else

Step 1: return true

Step 4 : Stop

**Description of the Algorithm:**

Returns a true value if the stack is full false if otherwise

**Algorithm for push function:**

**Input:** Stack A and pointer to the top most element, Top and element to be inserted e

**Output:** Stack with the element e added on the top

Step 1 : Start

Step 2 : If isFull()

Step 1 : Print "Overflow, The stack is Full"

Step 3: else

Step 1: A[++top] = e

Step 4 : Stop

**Description of the Algorithm:**

Takes an input e and adds it to the top of the stack if it is not full

**Algorithm for pop function:**

**Input:** Stack A and pointer to the top most element, Top

**Output:** Stack with the top element removed

Step 1 : Start

Step 2 : If isEmpty()

Step 1 : Print "Underflow, There is no element in the stack"

Step 3: else

Step 1: top--

Step 4 : Stop

**Description of the Algorithm:**

Removes the top element of the array by decrementing it

**Algorithm for seek function:**

**Input:** Stack A and pointer to the top most element, Top and the index of the element from the top

**Output:** Element e at position index from the top

Step 1 : Start

Step 2 :  $i = \text{top} - \text{index} + 1$

Step 3 : If  $i < 0$

Step 1 : Print "There is no element at position index from top"

Step 2: return 0

Step 4: else

Step 1: return A[i]

Step 5 : Stop

**Description of the Algorithm:**

Returns the element a position index from the top. That is if index is 1 then it will return top. If the value of top is less than index-1 then error is shown.

**Algorithm for seekTop function:**

**Input:** Stack A and pointer to the top most element, Top.

**Output:** Element at the top of the stack

Step 1 : Start

Step 2 : If isEmpty()

Step 1 : Print "Underflow There is no element in the array"

Step 2: return 0

Step 3: else

Step 1: return A[top]

Step 4 : Stop

**Description of the Algorithm:**

Element at the top of the array is returned

**Result:** the Program is successfully compiled and the desired output is obtained.

**Program/ Source Code:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

#define SIZE 50

int A[SIZE];
int top = -1;

int isEmpty(){
    if(top<0){
        return 1;
    }
    else{
        return 0;
    }
}

int isFull(){
    if(top<SIZE)
        return 0;
    else
        return 1;
}

int peek(int index){
    int i = top-index +1;
    if(i<0){
        printf("Underflow there is no element in the array \n");
        return 0;
    }
    else{
        return A[i];
    }
}

int stackTop(){
    if(isEmpty()){
        printf("The Stack is empty no element in stack\n");
        return 0;
    }
    else{
        return A[top];
    }
}

void push(int a){
    if(isFull()){
        printf("Stack is Full: Overflow");
    }
    else{
        top = top+1;
        A[top] = a;
    }
}
```

```

    }
}

int pop(){
    int a;
    if(isEmpty()){
        printf("Underflow Stack is empty no element to pop");
    }
    else{
        a = A[top];
        top--;
    }
    return a; //garbage or error is returned if underflow occurs
}

void main(){
    int c;
    int i;
    int e;
    int RUN = 1;
    while(RUN){
        printf("\n");
        printf("=====\n");
        printf("Menu\n");
        printf("1.push\n2.pop\n3.Check if empty\n4.Check if full\n5.Element at top\n6.peek\n7.Exit\n");
        printf("=====\n");
        printf("\nEnter Choice ---> ");
        scanf("%d%c",&c);
        switch(c){
            case 1: printf("\nEnter an element to push into the array --> ");
                    scanf("%d%c",&e);
                    push(e);
                    break;
            case 2: e =pop() ;
                    printf("\nElement popped is %d\n",e);
                    break;
            case 3: if(isEmpty()){
                        printf("Stack is empty\n");
                    }
                    else{
                        printf("Stack is not empty\n");
                    }
                    break;
            case 4: if(isFull()){
                        printf("Stack is full\n");
                    }
                    else{
                        printf("Stack is not full\n");
                    }
                    break;
            case 5: e = stackTop();
                    printf("The Element at top is %d\n", e);
                    break;
            case 6: printf("Enter the value of the index--> ");
                    scanf("%d%c",&i);

```

```

        e = peek(i);
        printf("\nThe %dth element in the stack is %d\n",i,e);
        break;
    case 7: RUN = 0;
        printf("\nExiting!!!!!!!!!!!!\n");
        break;
    default: printf("Enter a proper value!!!!!!!!!!!!!! \n");
}
}
}

```

### Sample Input/Output

#### Sample input:

```

1
32
1
-41
1
12
2
5
6
2
2
2
2
7

```

#### Sample Output:

```

=====
Menu
1.push
2.pop
3.Check if empty
4.Check if full
5.Element at top
6.peek
7.Exit
=====

```

Enter Choice ---> 1

Enter an element to push into the array --> 32

```

=====
Menu
1.push
2.pop
3.Check if empty
4.Check if full
5.Element at top
6.peek
7.Exit
=====

```

Enter Choice ---> 1

Enter an element to push into the array --> -41

=====

Menu

- 1.push
- 2.pop
- 3.Check if empty
- 4.Check if full
- 5.Element at top
- 6.peek
- 7.Exit

=====

Enter Choice ---> 1

Enter an element to push into the array --> 12

=====

Menu

- 1.push
- 2.pop
- 3.Check if empty
- 4.Check if full
- 5.Element at top
- 6.peek
- 7.Exit

=====

Enter Choice ---> 2

Element popped is 12

=====

Menu

- 1.push
- 2.pop
- 3.Check if empty
- 4.Check if full
- 5.Element at top
- 6.peek
- 7.Exit

=====

Enter Choice ---> 5

The Element at top is -41

=====

Menu

- 1.push
- 2.pop
- 3.Check if empty
- 4.Check if full
- 5.Element at top
- 6.peek

7.Exit

=====

Enter Choice ---> 6

Enter the value of the index--> 2

The 2th element in the stack is 32

=====

Menu

1.push

2.pop

3.Check if empty

4.Check if full

5.Element at top

6.peek

7.Exit

=====

Enter Choice ---> 2

Element popped is -41

=====

Menu

1.push

2.pop

3.Check if empty

4.Check if full

5.Element at top

6.peek

7.Exit

=====

Enter Choice ---> 2

Element popped is 32

=====

Menu

1.push

2.pop

3.Check if empty

4.Check if full

5.Element at top

6.peek

7.Exit

=====

Enter Choice ---> 7

Exiting!!!!!!!!!!