



UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK TIRANA

ASSIGNMENT 2

Statistical Processing: Covid Cases

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Advanced Java

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1 Introduction

1.1 Target Application

For the second milestone of this project, we are asked to work on the same covid data, but this time using a database, that will also be used to authenticate the users. We will have two different types of users, where the regular ones will have more functionalities:

- An anonymous user will only be able to see last day data and cumulative data for countries.
- An anonymous user will also be able to filter and sort the data available.
- A regular user, by the other hand, will be able to do the same, but also make "CRUD" operations, as well as update his profile.

We will have to use an API for the registered users, for some of the functionalities above.

1.2 Note for the professor

- Please note that lines in the screenshots below are subjects to change, and that reflect the code we wrote prior to formatting.
- Please note that we have used Tomcat as application server.

2 Database

2.1 MySQL Database

MySQL server is a open-source relational database management system which is a major support for web based applications. Databases and related tables are the main component of many websites and applications as the data is stored and exchanged over the web. Even all social networking websites mainly Facebook, Twitter, and Google depends on MySQL data which are designed and optimized for such purpose. For all these reasons, MySQL server becomes the default choice for web applications.

MySQL server is used for data operations like querying, sorting, filtering, grouping, modifying and joining the tables. Before learning the commonly used queries, let us look into some of the advantages of MySQL.

Advantages of MySQL :

- Fast and high Performance database.
- Easy to use, maintain and administer.
- Easily available and maintain integrity of database.
- Provides scalability, usability and reliability.
- Low cost hardware.
- MySQL can read simple and complex queries and write operations.
- InnoDB is default and widely used storage engine.
- Provides strong indexing support.
- Provides SSL support for secured connections.
- Provides powerful data encryption and accuracy.
- Provides Cross-platform compatibility.
- Provides minimized code repetition.

2.2 Tables

We have created two tables, one for the user and one for the data to be displayed.

Indexes in Table

Table	Key	Type	UNI...	Columns
	PRIMARY	BTREE	YES	email

Index Details

Key Name:

Index Type:

Allows NULL:

Cardinality:

Comment:

User Comment:

Packed: Unique

Drop Index

Columns in table

Column	Type	Nullable	Indexes
email	varchar(70)	NO	PRIMARY
password	text	NO	
first_name	text	NO	
last_name	text	NO	
usertype	varchar(50)	NO	

Indexes in Table

Table	Key	Type	UNI...	Columns
	PRIMARY	BTREE	YES	iso_code, date

Index Details

Key Name:

Index Type:

Allows NULL:

Cardinality:

Comment:

User Comment:

Packed: Unique

Drop Index

Columns in table

Column	Type	Nullable	Indexes
iso_code	varchar(50)	NO	PRIMARY
date	varchar(50)	NO	PRIMARY
location	text	NO	
total_cases	text	NO	
new_cases	text	NO	
total_deaths	text	NO	
new_deaths	text	NO	
total_recovered	text	NO	
fully_recovered	text	NO	

3 Web Tier

3.1 Java Server Faces

JSF technology includes a set of APIs, which represent different UI components and helps in managing their states. These APIs further help in handling events on the UI components and validate user inputs through the UI components. JSF framework provides the flexibility of creating simple as well as complex applications as this technology uses the most popular Java server technologies (Servlet and Java Server Page) and does not limit a developer to a specific markup language or client device. The UI component classes bundled with JSF APIs contain logic implementation for various component functionalities and do not have any client-specific presentation logic therefore, the JSF UI components can be rendered for different client devices. Currently, JSF provides a custom renderer and Java Server Page(JSP) custom tag for rendering UI components for an HTML client.

JSF is robust Web application framework that implements an event programming model to handle different events and actions performed by the client on different UI components. To handle each event, a listener should be registered on server side. While developing a Web application, a developer has to write navigation rules inside the source code to navigate from one Web page to another. JSF provides a simple way to define navigation rules in a configuration file and display different error messages showing the real cause of errors to clients. These messages are generated while validating user inputs against some validation rule and can be displayed on the same page that contains the UI components.

There are different Web application frameworks that implement one or more of MVC design pattern. JSF is based on MVC2 pattern and this pattern is based on component type development. In this pattern, the developers have to concentrate only on their respective component introduces separate layers, such as model view and controller and helps the developer to concentrate on a single type of component by making a Web application easy to maintain. The different categories of components, such as model view, and controller are created for different functionalities, such as use of Text Field, Dialog Box Simple Label and Color Chooser and can be used separately

3.2 Our Implementation of the Web Application

```

@WebServlet(name = "analysis", urlPatterns = {"/analysis"})
public class analyzer extends HttpServlet {

    /**
     * Processes requests for both HTTP <code>GET</code> and <code>POST</code>
     * methods.
     *
     * @param request servlet request
     * @param response servlet response
     * @throws ServletException if a servlet-specific error occurs
     * @throws IOException if an I/O error occurs
     */
    protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {

        try {
            RequestDispatcher requestDispatcher = request.getRequestDispatcher("analysis_tables.jsp");
            HttpSession session = request.getSession(false);
            String SQL = "";
            Connection c = database.getConnection();
            Statement stat = c.createStatement();
            ArrayList<String[]> data = new ArrayList<>();
            if (session == null) {
                SQL = "select DISTINCT iso_code,location,total_cases,new_cases,total_deaths,new_deaths from data where date="
                    + "" + database.getDate() + """;
                ResultSet rs = stat.executeQuery(SQL);

                while (rs.next()) {
                    String[] r = new String[6];
                    r[0] = rs.getString(1);
                    r[1] = rs.getString(2);
                    r[2] = rs.getString(3);
                    r[3] = rs.getString(4);
                    r[4] = rs.getString(5);
                    r[5] = rs.getString(6);
                    data.add(r);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        ResultSet rs = stat.executeQuery(SQL);

        while (rs.next()) {
            String[] r = new String[6];
            r[0] = rs.getString(1);
            r[1] = rs.getString(2);
            r[2] = rs.getString(3);
            r[3] = rs.getString(4);
            r[4] = rs.getString(5);
            r[5] = rs.getString(6);
            data.add(r);
        }
        request.setAttribute("email", "0");
        request.setAttribute("password", "0");
    } else {
        SQL = "select DISTINCT iso_code,location,total_cases,new_cases,total_deaths,new_deaths from data";
        ResultSet rs = stat.executeQuery(SQL);
        while (rs.next()) {
            String[] r = new String[6];
            r[0] = rs.getString(1);
            r[1] = rs.getString(2);
            r[2] = rs.getString(3);
            r[3] = rs.getString(4);
            r[4] = rs.getString(5);
            r[5] = rs.getString(6);
            data.add(r);
        }
        request.setAttribute("email", session.getAttribute("currentUser"));
        request.setAttribute("password", session.getAttribute("password"));
    }

    request.setAttribute("r", data);
    c.close();
    requestDispatcher.forward(request, response);
} catch (Exception e) {
    database.ERROR = e.getMessage();
    response.sendRedirect("/err");
}
}

```

```

@WebServlet(name = "userpanel", urlPatterns = {"/dashboard"})
public class profile extends HttpServlet {

    /**
     * Processes requests for both HTTP <code>GET</code> and <code>POST</code>
     * methods.
     *
     * @param request servlet request
     * @param response servlet response
     * @throws ServletException if a servlet-specific error occurs
     * @throws IOException if an I/O error occurs
     */
    protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        try {
            HttpSession session = request.getSession(false);
            if (session == null) {
                response.sendRedirect("/#login");
            } else if (session.getAttribute("currentUser") == null) {
                response.sendRedirect("/#login");
            } else {
                String email = session.getAttribute("currentUser").toString();
                Connection c = database.getConnection();
                Statement stat = c.createStatement();
                String SQL = "SELECT * FROM users WHERE email = '" + email + "'";
                System.out.println(SQL);
                ResultSet rs = stat.executeQuery(SQL);
                String[] data = new String[4];
                while (rs.next()) {
                    data[0] = rs.getString(1);
                    data[1] = rs.getString(2);
                    data[2] = rs.getString(3);
                    data[3] = rs.getString(4);
                }
                RequestDispatcher requestDispatcher = request.getRequestDispatcher("dashboard.jsp");
                request.setAttribute("userData", data);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    /**
     * HttpSession session = request.getSession(false);
     * if (session == null) {
     *     response.sendRedirect("/#login");
     * } else if (session.getAttribute("currentUser") == null) {
     *     response.sendRedirect("/#login");
     * } else {
     *     String email = session.getAttribute("currentUser").toString();
     *     Connection c = database.getConnection();
     *     Statement stat = c.createStatement();
     *     String SQL = "SELECT * FROM users WHERE email = '" + email + "'";
     *     System.out.println(SQL);
     *     ResultSet rs = stat.executeQuery(SQL);
     *     String[] data = new String[4];
     *     while (rs.next()) {
     *         data[0] = rs.getString(1);
     *         data[1] = rs.getString(2);
     *         data[2] = rs.getString(3);
     *         data[3] = rs.getString(4);
     *     }
     *     RequestDispatcher requestDispatcher = request.getRequestDispatcher("dashboard.jsp");
     *     request.setAttribute("userData", data);
     *     requestDispatcher.forward(request, response);
     * }
     * catch (Exception e) {
     *     database.ERROR = e.getMessage();
     *     response.sendRedirect("/err");
     * }
     */
}

```



```

protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
    throws ServletException, IOException {
    try {
        HttpSession session = request.getSession(false);
        // No documentation found.
    } else if (session.getAttribute("currentUser") == null) {
        response.sendRedirect("/login");
    } else {
        Connection c = database.getConnection();
        Statement stat = c.createStatement();
        String SQL = "select distinct location, iso_code from data";
        System.out.println(SQL);
        ResultSet rs = stat.executeQuery(SQL);
        ArrayList<String> d = new ArrayList<String>();
        ArrayList<String> d1 = new ArrayList<String>();
        while (rs.next()) {
            String[] data = new String[2];
            data[0] = rs.getString(2);
            data[1] = rs.getString(3);
            d.add(data);
        }
        String SQL1 = "select iso_code,data,location,new_cases,new_deaths from data";
        rs = stat.executeQuery(SQL1);
        while (rs.next()) {
            String[] data = new String[5];
            data[0] = rs.getString(1);
            data[1] = rs.getString(2);
            data[2] = rs.getString(3);
            data[3] = rs.getString(4);
            data[4] = rs.getString(5);
            d1.add(data);
        }
        c.close();
        RequestDispatcher requestDispatcher = request.getRequestDispatcher("Covid_Data.jsp");
        request.setAttribute("countries", d);
        request.setAttribute("covid_data", d1);
    }
}

```

```

    }
    String SQL1 = "select iso_code,data,location,new_cases,new_deaths from data";
    rs = stat.executeQuery(SQL1);
    while (rs.next()) {
        String[] data = new String[5];
        data[0] = rs.getString(1);
        data[1] = rs.getString(2);
        data[2] = rs.getString(3);
        data[3] = rs.getString(4);
        data[4] = rs.getString(5);
        d1.add(data);
    }
    c.close();
    RequestDispatcher requestDispatcher = request.getRequestDispatcher("Covid_Data.jsp");
    request.setAttribute("countries", d);
    request.setAttribute("covid_data", d1);
    requestDispatcher.forward(request, response);
}
} catch (Exception e) {
    database.ERROR = e.getLocalizedMessage();
    response.sendRedirect("/err");
}
}

```

```

@WebServlet(name = "error", urlPatterns = {"/err"})
public class notFound extends HttpServlet {

    /**
     * Processes requests for both HTTP <code>GET</code> and <code>POST</code>
     * methods.
     *
     * @param request servlet request
     * @param response servlet response
     * @throws ServletException if a servlet-specific notFound occurs
     * @throws IOException if an I/O notFound occurs
     */
    protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        RequestDispatcher requestDispatcher = request.getRequestDispatcher("error.jsp");
        requestDispatcher.forward(request, response);
    }
}

```

4 API

4.1 Rest API

A REST API (also known as RESTful API) is an application programming interface (API or web API) that conforms to the constraints of REST architectural style and allows for interaction with RESTful web services. REST stands for representational state transfer and was created by computer scientist Roy Fielding.

The resources are acted upon by using a set of simple, well-defined operations. Also, the resources have to be decoupled from their representation so that clients can access the content in various formats, such as HTML, XML, plain text, PDF, JPEG, JSON, and others.

The clients and servers exchange representations of resources by using a standardized interface and protocol. Typically HTTP is the most used protocol, but REST does not mandate it.

Metadata about the resource is made available and used to control caching, detect transmission errors, negotiate the appropriate representation format, and perform authentication or access control.

And most importantly, every interaction with the server must be stateless.

All these principles help RESTful applications to be simple, lightweight, and fast.

4.2 API implementation

As required, we have used the API to return cumulative covid data for the countries, but only to be used by the registered user.

```
@WebServlet(name = "/getdata", urlPatterns = {"/getdata"})
public class api_get_data extends HttpServlet {

    /**
     * Processes requests for both HTTP GET/POST and PUT/DELETE
     * methods.
     */
    @Override request servlet request
    @Override response servlet response
    @Override ServletException if a servlet-specific error occurs
    @Override IOException if an I/O error occurs
    protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {

        try {
            response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
            PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();

            String email = request.getHeader("email");
            String password = request.getHeader("password");
            if (email.isBlank() && !email.isEmpty()) {
                if (!password.isBlank() && !password.isEmpty()) {
                    boolean flag = isAuthenticated(email, password);
                    if (flag) {
                        JSONObject jo = new JSONObject();
                        if (request.getParameterMap().containsKey("continent")) {
                            String cont = request.getParameter("continent");
                            JSONArray al = getContinent(cont);
                            out.println(al.toJSONString());
                        } else if (request.getParameterMap().containsKey("list")) {
                            String list = request.getParameter("list");
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        } catch (Exception e) {
            out.println(e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}
```

```
        out.print(a1.toJSONString());
    } else if (request.getParameterMap().containsKey("list")) {
        String list = request.getParameter("list");
        JSONArray a1 = getList(list);
        out.print(a1.toJSONString());
    } else {
        JSONArray a = getAllCommulative();
        out.print(a.toJSONString());
    }

    // out.print(jo.toJSONString());
} else {
    out.print(
        "unauthorized : " + flag);
}

} else {
    out.print("Password Is Not Provided");
}
} else {
    out.print("Email Is Not Provided");
}

} catch (Exception e) {
    response.getWriter().write(e.getMessage());
}
}

private JSONArray getList(String list) {
    try {
        JSONArray res = new JSONArray();
        if (list != null && !list.isEmpty()) {
            for (String g : list.split(",")) {
                JSONObject o = (JSONObject) getContinent(g).get(0);
                System.out.println(o.toJSONString());
                res.add(o);
            }
        }
        return res;
    } catch (Exception e) {
        return null;
    }
}

private JSONArray getContinent(String cont) {
    try {
        JSONArray res = new JSONArray();
        String SQL = "select iso_code,location, sum(new_cases) as cases,sum(new_deaths) as deaths, sum(fully_vaccinated) as vaccinated from data group by iso_code,location ";
        System.out.println(SQL);
        Connection c = database.getConnection();
        ResultSet rs = c.createStatement().executeQuery(SQL);
        while (rs.next()) {
            JSONObject o = new JSONObject();
            o.put("iso", rs.getString(1));
            o.put("location", rs.getString(2));
            o.put("cases", rs.getString(3));
            o.put("deaths", rs.getString(4));
            o.put("vaccinated", rs.getString(5));
            res.add(o);
        }
        c.close();
        return res;
    } catch (Exception e) {
        return null;
    }
}
```

```
private JSONArray getList(String list) {
    try {
        JSONArray res = new JSONArray();
        String[] l = list.split(",");
        Set<String> s = new HashSet<>();
        for (String g : l) {
            s.add(g);
        }
        for (String g : s) {
            JSONObject o = (JSONObject) getContinent(g).get(0);
            System.out.println(o.toJSONString());
            res.add(o);
        }
        return res;
    } catch (Exception e) {
        return null;
    }
}

private JSONArray getContinent(String cont) {
    try {
        JSONArray res = new JSONArray();
        String SQL = "select iso_code,location, sum(new_cases) as cases,sum(new_deaths) as deaths, sum(fully_vaccinated) as vaccinated from data group by iso_code,location ";
        System.out.println(SQL);
        Connection c = database.getConnection();
        ResultSet rs = c.createStatement().executeQuery(SQL);
        while (rs.next()) {
            JSONObject o = new JSONObject();
            o.put("iso", rs.getString(1));
            o.put("location", rs.getString(2));
            o.put("cases", rs.getString(3));
            o.put("deaths", rs.getString(4));
            o.put("vaccinated", rs.getString(5));
            res.add(o);
        }
        c.close();
        return res;
    } catch (Exception e) {
        return null;
    }
}
```

```
private JSONArray getAllCommulative() {
    try {
        JSONArray res = new JSONArray();
        String SQL = "select iso_code, location, sum(new_cases) as cases, sum(new_deaths) as deaths, sum(fully_vaccinated) as vaccinated from data group by iso_code, location";
        Connection c = database.getConnection();
        ResultSet rs = c.createStatement().executeQuery(SQL);
        while (rs.next()) {
            JSONObject o = new JSONObject();
            o.put("iso", rs.getString(1));
            o.put("location", rs.getString(2));
            o.put("cases", rs.getString(3));
            o.put("deaths", rs.getString(4));
            o.put("vaccinated", rs.getString(5));
            res.add(o);
        }
        c.close();
        return res;
    } catch (Exception e) {
        return null;
    }
}

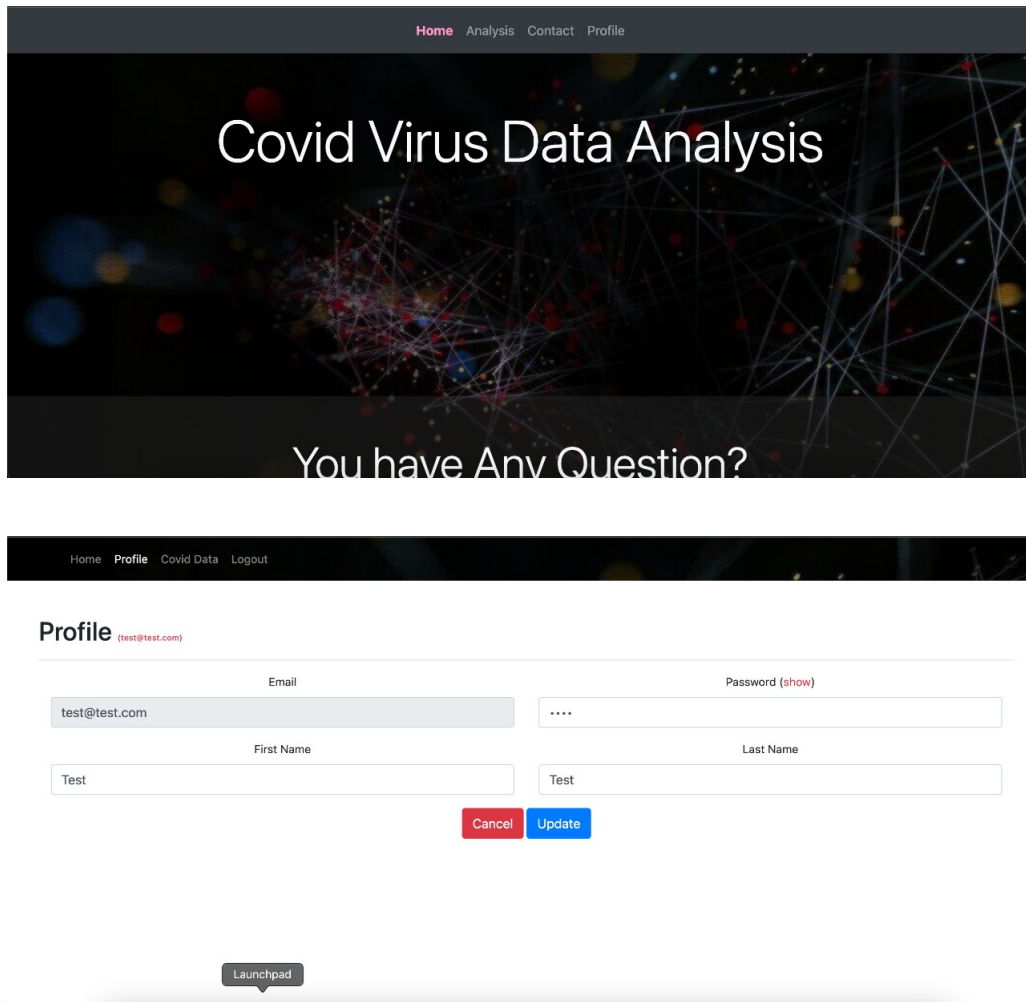
private boolean isAuthenticated(String email, String password) {
    try {
        Connection c = database.getConnection();
        Statement stat = c.createStatement();
        String SQL = "SELECT * FROM users where email = '%s' and password = '%s'".formatted(email, password);

        ResultSet rs = stat.executeQuery(SQL);

        boolean valid = false;
        if (rs.next()) {
            valid = true;
        }
        c.close();
        return valid;
    }
}
```

5 UI

We have done an user friendly UI for our application, using HTML, CSS and Javascript. The screenshots below demonstrate that:



Home Profile Covid Data Logout

Data Validation

Show entries New

Search:

ISO Code	Country Name	Action
IND	India	Delete Update
BHS	Bahamas	Delete Update
AZE	Azerbaijan	Delete Update
AUT	Austria	Delete Update
AUS	Australia	Delete Update
ABW	Aruba	Delete Update

Home Profile Covid Data Logout

Showing 1 to 10 of 17 entries Previous 1 2 Next New Record

Show entries Search:

ISO Code	Date	Location	Cases	Deaths	Action
IND	02/04/2022	India			Delete Update
BHS	3/16/2020	Bahamas	1	0	Delete Update
BHS	3/17/2020	Bahamas	0	0	Delete Update
BHS	3/18/2020	Bahamas	0	0	Delete Update
BHS	3/19/2020	Bahamas	2	0	Delete Update
BHS	3/20/2020	Bahamas	0	0	Delete Update
BHS	3/21/2020	Bahamas	1	0	Delete Update

Home Analysis Contact Profile

Covid 19 Data

Show entries Search:

Country	Region	Total Cases	New Cases	Total Death	New Death
%s	%s		%s		%s
ABW	Aruba	20982	521	181	0
ABW	Aruba	27891	499	182	0
ABW	Aruba	6068	26	52	1
ABW	Aruba	28601	710	182	0
ABW	Aruba	6154	86	52	0
ABW	Aruba	29176	575	182	0
ABW	Aruba	6228	74	52	0

6 Conclusion

All in all, we have been able to fulfill all the requirements of the Milestone2 of the Advanced Java Assignment. We have been able to authenticate the user using a MySQL database. We have been able to implement the API to return the cumulative covid data, by also using the database. We have also implemented an user friendly UI. We have worked together by using Git and GitHub, and also provided you the GitHub repository.

7 References

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3. GeeksforGeeks. (2019). MySQL — Common MySQL Queries. [online] Available at: <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/mysql-common-mysql-queries/>.