# Quiz 1 - Quantum Mechanics I

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Date: Thursday 1 December 2022 Duration: 45 minutes
Credits: 20 points (10 questions) Type of evaluation: LAB

Part A. <u>Choose</u> the correct answer to each question or statement given below, and briefly justify your choice in the white space assigned to each of them. <u>Unjustified answers</u> will not count to the final grade.

# 1. (2 points) Units of the Planck constant, h

If [M], [L], and [T] represent the dimensions of mass, length, and time, respectively, what are the dimensions of the Planck constant, h?

- A.  $[M L^2 T]$
- B.  $[M L^2 T^{-3}]$
- C.  $[M L^2 T^{-2}]$
- D.  $[M L^2 T^{-1}]$

#### 2. (2 points) Black body radiation

The magnitude of the wavelength for which the maximum energy is emitted by a black body:

- A. decreases with an increase in temperature.
- B. increases with an increase in temperature.
- C. does not change with temperature.
- D. becomes infinite.

# 3. (2 points) Photoelectric effect

Two metals A and B have work functions of 4 eV and 10 eV, respectively. Which metal has a higher threshold wavelength to produce a photoelectric effect?

- A. Both metals have the same threshold wavelength.
- B. Metal A
- C. Metal B

#### 4. (1 point) Compton scattering

For which scattering angle ( $\theta$  in °) is the photon wavelength shift half the Compton wavelength of the scattered electron?

- A.  $\theta = 30^{\circ}$
- B.  $\theta = 60^{\circ}$
- C.  $\theta = 90^{\circ}$
- D.  $\theta = 180^{\circ}$

# 5. (2 points) Wavelike and pointlike nature of particles

The length scale at which the concept of a single point-like particle breaks down is:

- A. the Bohr radius.
- B. the Planck's length.
- C. the Compton wavelength.
- D. the de Broglie wavelength.

### 6. (2 points) Quantum superposition

The state of a quantum system can be described as the superposition of two states,  $|\Psi_1\rangle$  and  $|\Psi_2\rangle$ , as follows:  $|\Psi\rangle = a |\Psi_1\rangle + b |\Psi_2\rangle$ , where |b| > |a|. Upon measurement of the same property,  $|\Psi_1\rangle$  returns A, and  $|\Psi_2\rangle$  returns B, which value does  $|\Psi\rangle$  return after measurement?

- A. A
- B. *B*
- C. A or B
- D. aA + bB

#### 7. (2 points) Expectation values

In quantum mechanics, the expectation value of the position of a particle represents:

- A. the average value of the position measured in repeated experiments on the same particle.
- B. the average value of the position measured on identical particles in the same state.
- C. the only possible value of its position.
- D. the most probable value of its position.

# Part B. Provide concise answers to the following items:

### 8. (2 points) The Schrödinger equation

Write down the Schrödinger equation, and indicate what each term in it represents.

### 9. (2 points) de Broglie's proposal

Briefly explain what de Broglie's proposal consists of.

#### 10. (2 points) Wave functions

Briefly describe 3 properties of wave functions in Quantum Mechanics.