

# Homework 4 - Quantum Mechanics I

NAME/S: \_\_\_\_\_ SCORE: \_\_\_\_\_

**Deadline:** Thursday 2nd March 2023 by 10:00am (submission only on paper)

**Credits:** 20 points  $\rightarrow$  20 credits      **Number of problems:** 4

**Type of evaluation:** Formative Evaluation

- This homework consists of problems related to the formalism of quantum mechanics.
- You may submit this assignment either individually or in pairs. If you work in pairs, only 1 copy is needed. Submitted assignments should have maximum two authors.
- Please solve the following problems and highlight the answers.

## 1. (7 points) Quantum mechanical operators

- (a) Show that projection operators are idempotent, i.e., that  $\hat{P}^2 = \hat{P}$ .
- (b) Calculate the eigenvalues of the Hermitian matrix:  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & i \\ -i & 2 \end{pmatrix}$
- (c) The raising and lowering operators for the quantum harmonic oscillator satisfy the following:  $\hat{a}_+|n\rangle = \sqrt{n+1}|n+1\rangle$ ,  $\hat{a}_-|n\rangle = \sqrt{n}|n-1\rangle$  for energy eigenstates  $|n\rangle$  with energy  $E_n$ . Calculate the first-order shift in the  $n = 2$  energy level due to the perturbation:  $\Delta H = V(\hat{a}_- + \hat{a}_+)^2$ , where  $V$  is constant.
- (d) Show that the position and momentum operators are hermitian. Using these results, construct the hermitian conjugate of the raising ladder operator that we used to study the quantum harmonic oscillator,  $\hat{a}_+ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\hbar m\omega}}(-i\hat{p} + m\omega x)$ .

## 2. (6 points) Mathematical formalism of quantum mechanics

- (a) Consider the orthonormal states  $|1\rangle$ ,  $|2\rangle$ , and  $|3\rangle$ . For which value of  $x$  are the following states,  $|\Psi_1\rangle = 5|1\rangle - 3|2\rangle + 2|3\rangle$  and  $|\Psi_2\rangle = |1\rangle - 5|2\rangle + x|3\rangle$ , orthogonal?
- (b) Assuming that  $\gamma \in \mathbb{R}$  (but not necessarily positive), for what range of  $\gamma$  is the function  $f(x) = x^{\gamma-1}$  in Hilbert space, on the interval  $(0, 1)$ ? What about  $x f(x)$  and  $\frac{d}{dx}f(x)$ ?
- (c) Let  $|n\rangle$  be the normalised n-th energy eigenstate of the 1D harmonic oscillator. We know that  $\hat{H}|n\rangle = \hbar\omega(n + \frac{1}{2})|n\rangle$ . If  $|\psi\rangle$  is a normalised ensemble state that can be expressed as a linear combination of the eigenstates as follows:  $|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}|1\rangle - \frac{2}{\sqrt{14}}|2\rangle + \frac{3}{\sqrt{14}}|3\rangle$ , what is the expectation value of the energy operator in this ensemble state?

### 3. (3 points) Hamiltonian, eigenvalues and eigenvectors

Consider a quantum system in a state,  $|\Psi\rangle$ :

$$\Psi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \begin{bmatrix} i \\ -i \\ i \end{bmatrix}$$

The Hamiltonian is represented by the matrix shown below:

$$\hat{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Determine the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $\hat{H}$ . What do the eigenvalues represent?
- (b) Which eigenvalue of  $\hat{H}$  is most likely to emerge from a measurement?
- (c) Find  $\langle H \rangle$ ,  $\langle H^2 \rangle$ , and  $\sigma_H$ .

### 4. (4 points) Dirac notation: brackets and dual basis

Consider a 3D vector space spanned by an orthonormal basis  $|1\rangle$ ,  $|2\rangle$ ,  $|3\rangle$ . In this basis, let the  $|\Psi_0\rangle$  and  $|\Psi_1\rangle$  kets be:

$$|\Psi_0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |1\rangle + \frac{i}{2} |2\rangle + \frac{1}{2} |3\rangle$$

$$|\Psi_1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} |1\rangle + \frac{i}{\sqrt{3}} |3\rangle$$

- (a) Are these kets normalised? If not, normalise them.
- (b) Write  $\langle\Psi_0|$  and  $\langle\Psi_1|$  in terms of the dual basis  $\langle 1|$ ,  $\langle 2|$ ,  $\langle 3|$ .
- (c) Find  $\langle\Psi_0|\Psi_1\rangle$  and  $\langle\Psi_1|\Psi_0\rangle$ , and confirm that  $\langle\Psi_1|\Psi_0\rangle = \langle\Psi_0|\Psi_1\rangle^*$ .
- (d) Find all the matrix elements of the operators  $\hat{M}_{01} = |\Psi_0\rangle\langle\Psi_1|$ ,  $\hat{M}_{00} = |\Psi_0\rangle\langle\Psi_0|$ , and  $\hat{M}_{11} = |\Psi_1\rangle\langle\Psi_1|$  in this basis, and construct their respective matrices, are they hermitian?