

MINOR PROJECT

Project Name:

Machine Learning June Minor Project

Project Description:

Problem statement: Create a classification model to predict the gender (male or female) based on different acoustic parameters

Context: This database was created to identify a voice as male or female, based upon acoustic properties of the voice and speech. The dataset consists of 3,168 recorded voice samples, collected from male and female speakers. The voice samples are pre-processed by acoustic analysis in R using the seewave and tuneR packages, with an analyzed frequency range of 0hz-280hz (human vocal range).

Column Description:

- meanfreq: mean frequency (in kHz)
- sd: standard deviation of frequency
- median: median frequency (in kHz)
- Q25: first quantile (in kHz)
- Q75: third quantile (in kHz)
- IQR: interquantile range (in kHz)
- skew: skewness (see note in specprop description)
- kurt: kurtosis (see note in specprop description)
- sp.ent: spectral entropy
- sfm: spectral flatness
- mode: mode frequency
- centroid: frequency centroid (see specprop)
- peakf: peak frequency (frequency with highest energy)

- meanfun: average of fundamental frequency measured across acoustic signal
- minfun: minimum fundamental frequency measured across acoustic signal
- maxfun: maximum fundamental frequency measured across acoustic signal
- meandom: average of dominant frequency measured across acoustic signal
- mindom: minimum of dominant frequency measured across acoustic signal
- maxdom: maximum of dominant frequency measured across acoustic signal
- dfrange: range of dominant frequency measured across acoustic signal
- modindx: modulation index. Calculated as the accumulated absolute difference between adjacent measurements of fundamental frequencies divided by the frequency range
- label: male or female

Dataset:

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1OqjMamx5LuejWLbQXJOvwCXu5nAZr96/view?usp=sharing>

Steps to consider:

- 1) Remove/handle null values (if any)
- 2) Depict percentage distribution of label on a pie chart
- 3) Considering all the features as independent feature and label as dependent feature, split the dataset training and testing data with test size=20%
- 4) Apply the following classifier models on training dataset and generate predictions for the test dataset
 - a. Decision Tree Classifier
 - b. Random Forest Classifier
 - c. KNN Classifier
 - d. Logistic Regression
 - e. SVM Classifier
- 5) Also generate confusion_matrix and classification report for each model generated in Q4.
- 6) Report the model with the best accuracy.