## INF273 – Assignment #3

Implement a Local Search, and a Simulated Annealing algorithm to solve a pickup and delivery problem with time windows.

- Work with the same six instances you used in assignment #2
- You should implement the following algorithms, run them 10 times for each instance and report six tables (one for each problem instance) in the given format
- Start with an initial solution that every call is outsourced
- You should also report the best-found solution for each instance (in the same format as it has been discussed in the class and is available on the lecture slides). For each instance, only report the best solution you get from the six different algorithm setups.
- You should use *1-reinsert, 2-exchange*, and *3-exchange* heuristics as operators.

Instance name (e.g. Call_7_Vehicle_3)				
	Average	Best objective	Improvement	Running time
	objective		(%)	in seconds
Random Search	Copy from A#2	Copy from A#2	Copy from A#2	Copy from A#2
Local Search-1-insert				
Local Search-2-exchange				
Local Search-3-exchange				
Simulated Annealing-1-insert				
Simulated Annealing-2-exchange				
Simulated Annealing-3-exchange				

## **Local search (modified for assignment #3)**

```
1: Input: initial solution (s_0),
```

2: Input: neighborhood operators: 2-exchange, 3-exchange, or 1-reinsert

3: Input: evaluation function  $f, f(s) \rightarrow$  the cost of s

**4:** BestSolution  $\Leftarrow$   $s_0$ 

**5: for** iteration = 1 to 10000

**6:**  $NewSolution \leftarrow Operator (BestSolution)$ 

7: **if** NewSolution is feasible and f(NewSolution) < f(BestSolution) then

8:  $BestSolution \leftarrow NewSolution$ 

9: end if

10: end for

## Simulated Annealing (modified for assignment #3)

```
1:
      Input: initial solution (s_0),
2:
      Input: neighborhood operators: 2-exchange, 3-exchange, or 1-reinsert
3:
      Parameters: T_f (final temperature) = 0.1
4:
      Input: evaluation function f, f(s) \rightarrow the cost of s
5:
      Incumbent \Leftarrow s_0, BestSolution \Leftarrow s_0
6:
      for w = 1 to 100
7:
             NewSolution \leftarrow Operator (Incumbent)
             \Delta E \Leftarrow f(NewSolution) - f(Incumbent)
8:
             if NewSolution is feasible and \Delta E < 0 then
9:
10:
                  Incumbent \leftarrow NewSolution
                  if f(Incumbent) < f(BestSolution) then
11:
                          BestSolution \leftarrow Incumbent
12:
13:
                  end if
             elseif NewSolution is feasible
14:
15:
                  if Rand < 0.8 then
                          Incumbent \leftarrow NewSolution
16:
17:
                  end if
18:
                  \Delta_w \leftarrow \Delta E
            end if
19:
20:
      end for
     DeltaAvg = mean (\Delta_w)
     T_0 = \frac{-\mathrm{DeltaAvg}}{\ln{(0.8)}} , \alpha = \sqrt[9900]{T_f/T_0}
23:
     T \longleftarrow T_0
24:
      for iteration = 1 to 9900
             NewSolution \leftarrow Operator(Incumbent)
25:
26:
             \Delta E \leftarrow f(NewSolution) - f(Incumbent)
27:
             if NewSolution is feasible and \Delta E < 0 then
28:
                  Incumbent \leftarrow NewSolution
29:
                  if f(Incumbent) < f(BestSolution) then
30:
                          BestSolution \leftarrow Incumbent
31:
                  end if
            elseif NewSolution is feasible and Rand 
32:
33:
                  Incumbent \leftarrow NewSolution
34:
             end if
35:
             T = \alpha * T
36:
     end for
```