RWorkSheet#4B

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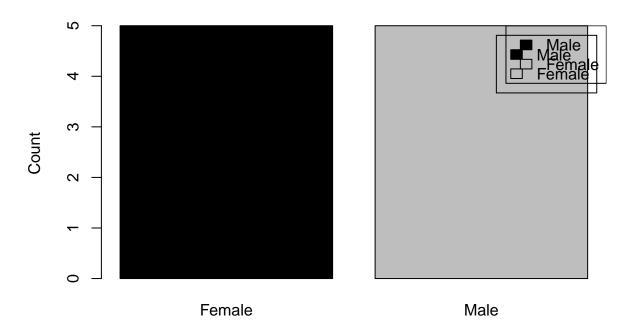
2023-11-24

```
vectorA \leftarrow c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
matrixA <- matrix(0, nrow = 5, ncol = 5)</pre>
for (i in 1:5) {
  for (j in 1:5) {
    matrixA[i, j] <- abs(vectorA[i] - vectorA[j])</pre>
  }
}
{\tt matrixA}
        [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
## [1,]
                1
                      2
## [2,]
           1
                 0
                      1
                           2
## [3,]
                      0
## [4,]
           3
                 2
                      1
                           0
                                 1
## [5,]
n <- 5 # The number of rows
for (i in 1:n) {
  for (j in 1:i) {
    cat("*")
  cat("\n")
}
## *
## **
## ***
input_number <- as.numeric(readline("Enter a number to start the Fibonacci sequence: "))</pre>
## Enter a number to start the Fibonacci sequence:
assume number <- 0
a <- 0
b <- 1
repeat {
  if (a > 500) {
    break
```

```
if (a >= assume_number) {
   cat(a, " ")
 temp <- a + b
 a <- b
 b <- temp
## 0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89 144 233 377
cat("\n")
table <- read.table(file = 'shoesize.csv', header = TRUE, sep = ',')
table
##
     Shoe.Size Height Gender
## 1
          6.5
                66.0
                          F
## 2
           9.0
                68.0
## 3
           8.5
                64.5
                          F
## 4
                         F
          8.5
                65.0
## 5
          10.5
                70.0
                         Μ
## 6
          7.0
                64.0
                        F
## 7
          9.5
                70.0
                         F
                         F
## 8
          9.0
                71.0
## 9
          13.0
                72.0
                         Μ
## 10
          7.5
                64.0
                         F
## 11
          10.5
                74.5
                         M
## 12
          8.5
                67.0
                         F
## 13
          12.0
                71.0
                        M
## 14
          10.5
                71.0
                77.0
## 15
          13.0
                          Μ
## 16
          11.5
                72.0
                          Μ
                          F
## 17
          8.5
                59.0
## 18
          5.0
                62.0
                         F
## 19
          10.0
                72.0
                         М
## 20
          6.5
                66.0
                          F
## 21
          7.5
                64.0
                         F
## 22
          8.5
                67.0
                         Μ
## 23
          10.5
                73.0
                          Μ
## 24
          8.5
                          F
                69.0
## 25
          10.5
                72.0
                         Μ
## 26
          11.0
                70.0
                         Μ
## 27
          9.0
                69.0
                          Μ
## 28
          13.0
                79.0
head(table, n = 6)
    Shoe.Size Height Gender
## 1
         6.5
               66.0
                         F
## 2
          9.0
                68.0
                         F
## 3
         8.5
               64.5
                         F
## 4
         8.5
               65.0
## 5
        10.5
               70.0
                         Μ
```

```
7.0 64.0
## 6
male_subset <- subset(table, Gender == "M")</pre>
female_subset <- subset(table, Gender == "F")</pre>
male_count <- nrow(male_subset)</pre>
female_count <- nrow(female_subset)</pre>
cat("Number of Male observations:", male_count, "\n")
## Number of Male observations: 14
cat("Number of Female observations:", female_count, "\n")
## Number of Female observations: 14
#Number of Male observations: 14
#Number of Female observations: 14
data <- data.frame(</pre>
 Respondents = 1:10,
  Sex = c("Male", "Female", "Female", "Male", "Female", "Female", "Female", "Male"),
  Fathers_Occupation = c(1, 2, 3, 3, 1, 2, 2, 3, 1, 3),
  Person_at_Home = c(5, 7, 3, 8, 6, 4, 4, 2, 11, 6),
 Siblings_at_school = c(2, 3, 0, 5, 2, 3, 1, 2, 6, 2),
 Types_of_houses = c("Wood", "Concrete", "Concrete", "Wood", "Semi-Concrete", "Semi-Concrete", "Wood",
gender_counts <- table(data$Sex)</pre>
bar_colors <- c("black", "gray")</pre>
barplot(gender counts, main="Number of Males and Females", xlab="Sex", ylab="Count", col=bar colors,
        legend.text=c("Male", "Female"), beside=TRUE)
legend("topright", legend=c("Male", "Female"), fill=bar_colors)
```

Number of Males and Females

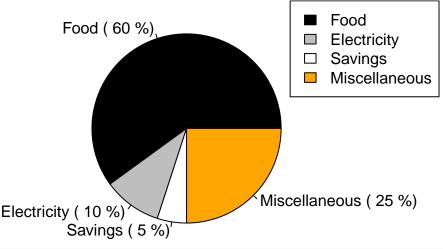


Sex

```
expenses <- c(Food = 60, Electricity = 10, Savings = 5, Miscellaneous = 25)
pie(expenses, labels = paste(names(expenses), "(", round((expenses/sum(expenses))*100), "%)"),
        col = c("black", "gray", "white", "orange"),
        main = "Monthly Expenses of Dela Cruz Family")

legend("topright", legend = names(expenses), fill = c("black", "gray", "white", "orange"))</pre>
```

Monthly Expenses of Dela Cruz Family

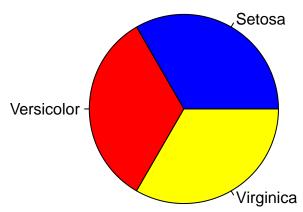


```
data(iris)
str(iris)
```

'data.frame': 150 obs. of 5 variables:

pie(table(iris\$Species), labels = c("Setosa", "Versicolor", "Virginica"), col = c("blue", "red", "yello")

Species Distribution



```
setosa_data <- iris[iris$Species == "setosa", ]
versicolor_data <- iris[iris$Species == "versicolor", ]
virginica_data <- iris[iris$Species == "virginica", ]
head(setosa_data, 6)</pre>
```

##		Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
##	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
##	2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
##	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
##	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
##	5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
##	6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa

head(versicolor_data, 6)

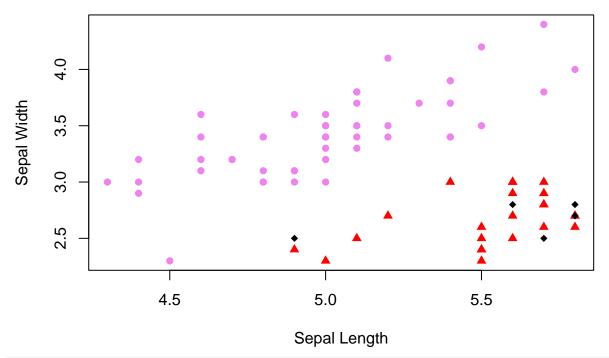
##		Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
##	51	7.0	3.2	4.7	1.4	versicolor
##	52	6.4	3.2	4.5	1.5	versicolor
##	53	6.9	3.1	4.9	1.5	versicolor
##	54	5.5	2.3	4.0	1.3	versicolor
##	55	6.5	2.8	4.6	1.5	versicolor
##	56	5.7	2.8	4.5	1.3	versicolor

head(virginica_data, 6)

```
Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width
                                                              Species
                6.3
                                           6.0
## 101
                             3.3
                                                        2.5 virginica
                5.8
## 102
                             2.7
                                           5.1
                                                        1.9 virginica
## 103
                7.1
                             3.0
                                           5.9
                                                        2.1 virginica
                6.3
                             2.9
                                           5.6
## 104
                                                        1.8 virginica
## 105
                6.5
                             3.0
                                           5.8
                                                        2.2 virginica
## 106
                 7.6
                             3.0
                                           6.6
                                                        2.1 virginica
```

```
plot(x = iris$Sepal.Length[iris$Species == "setosa"], y = iris$Sepal.Width[iris$Species == "setosa"], p
points(x = iris$Sepal.Length[iris$Species == "versicolor"], y = iris$Sepal.Width[iris$Species == "versi
points(x = iris$Sepal.Length[iris$Species == "virginica"], y = iris$Sepal.Width[iris$Species == "virginica"]
```

Iris Dataset



#The scatterplot shows that, in comparison to the versicolor and virginica species, the setosa species #Can't Find RWorksheet 4B in Drive anymore thats why i cant finish my 4B