RWorksheet_Labanero-3.R

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```
#Number 1:
#A.
LETTERS
## [1] "A" "B" "C" "D" "E" "F" "G" "H" "I" "J" "K" "L" "M" "N" "O" "P" "Q" "R" "S" "T" "U" "V" "W" "X"
letters
## [1] "a" "b" "c" "d" "e" "f" "g" "h" "i" "j" "k" "l" "m" "n" "o" "p" "q" "r" "s" "t" "u" "v" "w" "x"
first_11_letters <- LETTERS[1:11]</pre>
first_11_letters
## [1] "A" "B" "C" "D" "E" "F" "G" "H" "I" "J" "K"
odd_numbers \leftarrow seq(1, 26, by = 2)
odd_letters <- LETTERS[odd_numbers]</pre>
odd_letters
## [1] "A" "C" "E" "G" "I" "K" "M" "O" "Q" "S" "U" "W" "Y"
vowels <- LETTERS[LETTERS %in% c("A", "E", "I", "O", "U")]</pre>
## [1] "A" "E" "I" "O" "U"
#D.
last_5_low <- tail(letters, 5)</pre>
last_5_low
## [1] "v" "w" "x" "y" "z"
#E.
letters15to24 <- letters[15:24]</pre>
letters15to24
## [1] "o" "p" "q" "r" "s" "t" "u" "v" "w" "x"
#Number 2:
#A. The result is that city is a vector with specified city.
city <- c("Tuguegarao City", "Manila", "Iloilo City", "Tacloban", "Samal Island", "Davao City")</pre>
city
                                                                                                      "Davao
## [1] "Tuguegarao City" "Manila"
                                             "Iloilo City"
                                                                "Tacloban"
                                                                                   "Samal Island"
```

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#B. The result is that temp is a vector with specified temperatures
temp \leftarrow c(42, 39, 34, 34, 30, 27)
temp
## [1] 42 39 34 34 30 27
#C. The result is now a data frame which it combines the city and temp
data <- data.frame(City = city, Temperature = temp)</pre>
data
##
                City Temperature
## 1 Tuguegarao City
## 2
              Manila
                               39
## 3
        Iloilo City
                               34
## 4
                               34
            Tacloban
        Samal Island
## 5
                               30
                               27
## 6
          Davao City
#D. The column names now changed to City and Temperature
names(data) <- c("City", "Temperature")</pre>
names (data)
## [1] "City"
                      "Temperature"
#Number 3:
#E The result the str() function will display the structure of datafram "data"
str(data)
## 'data.frame':
                    6 obs. of 2 variables:
               : chr "Tuguegarao City" "Manila" "Iloilo City" "Tacloban" ...
## $ Temperature: num 42 39 34 34 30 27
#F it will retrieve the content of row 3 and row 4
data[3,]
            City Temperature
## 3 Iloilo City
data[4,]
         City Temperature
## 4 Tacloban
#G The result will Display that City with the highest and lowest temperature
max_temp_city <- data[data$Temperature == max(data$Temperature), "City"]</pre>
min_temp_city <- data[data$Temperature == min(data$Temperature), "City"]</pre>
max_temp_city
## [1] "Tuguegarao City"
min_temp_city
## [1] "Davao City"
# USING MATRIX
#Number 2:
\#row = 2
dab \leftarrowmatrix(c(5,6,7,4,3,2,1,2,3,7,8,9),nrow = 2)
        [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
##
```

```
5 7 3 1 3
## [1,]
## [2,]
      6
           4
                2
\#row = 3 and column = 2
matrix(data = c(3,4,5,6,7,8),3,2)
    [,1] [,2]
## [1,]
      3 6
## [2,]
        4
            7
## [3,]
      5
matrix (data)
##
    [,1]
## [1,] character,6
## [2,] numeric,6
#creating a diagonal matrix where value will always be 1
diag(1,nrow=6,ncol=5)
      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
## [1,]
        1
            0
                0
                    0
## [2,]
        0
            1
                0
                    0
                        0
## [3,]
      0
           0 1
              0 1 0
## [4,]
      0
           0
      0
               0
                       1
## [5,]
           0
          0
                0 0
## [6,]
      0
diag(6)
## [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
## [1,] 1
           0
                0
                    0
                        0
## [2,]
      0
                0
                    0
                        0
                            0
            1
## [3,]
      0
               1
                      0
                            0
## [4,]
      0
           0
                      0 0
               0 1
      0
## [5,]
           0
                0
                    0
                       1 0
## [6,]
                0 0
                            1
#Number 2:
matrix(c(1:8, 11:14), nrow = 3, ncol = 4)
      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
      1 4 7
## [1,]
## [2,]
      2 5 8
                   13
## [3,]
      3 6 11
                   14
#RESULT:[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
#[1,] 1 4 7 12
#[2,] 2 5
             8 13
#[3,] 3 6 11 14
matrix(c(1:8, 11:14), nrow = 3, ncol = 4) * 2
## [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## [1,]
      2
           8 14
## [2,]
      4
           10
               16
                    26
## [3,]
      6
           12
               22
```

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#REsult is value is multiplied by 2:
# [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
#[1,] 2 8 14 24
#[2,] 4 10 16 26
#[3,] 6 12 22 28
#C: REsult content of row to = 2 5 8 13
matrix_data <- matrix(c(1:8, 11:14), nrow = 3, ncol = 4)</pre>
matrix_data[2, ]
## [1] 2 5 8 13
matrix_data <- matrix(c(1:8, 11:14), nrow = 3, ncol = 4)</pre>
matrix_data[1:2, 3:4]
      [,1] [,2]
##
## [1,] 7 12
## [2,]
       8 13
#OUTPUT: [,1] [,2]
     # [1,] 7 12
     # [2,] 8 13
#E
matrix_data \leftarrow matrix(c(1:8, 11:14), nrow = 3, ncol = 4)
matrix_data[3, 2:3]
## [1] 6 11
#OUTPUT: 6 11
matrix_data \leftarrow matrix(c(1:8, 11:14), nrow = 3, ncol = 4)
matrix_data[, 4]
## [1] 12 13 14
#OUTPUT: 12 13 14
#G
matrix_data \leftarrow matrix(c(1:8, 11:14), nrow = 3, ncol = 4)
matrix_data
     [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
##
## [1,] 1 4 7 12
        2
            5 8 13
## [2,]
       3 6 11
## [3,]
#OUTPUT: [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
    # [1,] 1 4 7 12
    # [2,] 2 5 8 13
           3 6 11 14
    # [3,]
rownames(matrix_data) <- c("isa", "dalawa", "tatlo")</pre>
rownames(matrix_data)
## [1] "isa" "dalawa" "tatlo"
#OUTPUT: "isa" "dalawa" "tatlo"
colnames(matrix_data) <- c("uno", "dos", "tres", "quatro")</pre>
colnames(matrix_data)
## [1] "uno"
             "dos"
                       "tres" "quatro"
```

```
#OUTPUT: "uno" "dos" "tres" "quatro"
\#H
library(dplyr)
matrix_data \leftarrow matrix(c(1:8, 11:14), nrow = 3, ncol = 4)
new_matrix <- matrix_data %>% t() %>% as.vector() %>% matrix(ncol = 2)
#USING ARRAYS
#Number 3: # B: result array has 3 dimensions: 2 rows, 4 columns, and 2 "layers" (depth). So, it is a t
# Given numeric values
values \leftarrow c(1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 3, 4, 5, 1)
matrix_data <- matrix(rep(values, each = 2), nrow = 2)</pre>
array_data <- array(matrix_data, dim = c(2, 4, 2))</pre>
rownames(array_data) <- c("a", "b")</pre>
colnames(array_data) <- c("A", "B", "C", "D")</pre>
# Assign names to the dimensions
dimnames(array_data) <- list(</pre>
 "1st-Dimensional Array" = rownames(array_data),
  "2nd-Dimensional Array" = colnames(array_data),
 "3rd-Dimensional Array" = NULL
print(array_data)
## , , 1
##
##
                         2nd-Dimensional Array
## 1st-Dimensional Array A B C D
##
                        a 1 2 3 6
##
                        b 1 2 3 6
##
## , , 2
##
                         2nd-Dimensional Array
## 1st-Dimensional Array A B C D
                        a 7 8 9 0
##
                        b 7 8 9 0
##
```