

THE PRE-HISTORIC PERIOD Social Welfare work in those times centered on mutual protection and economic survival.

THE SPANISH PERIOD During the Spanish Period the Spaniards brought the teaching “to do good to others for the salvation of their souls”

1565 – Don Miguel Lopez de Legazpi established the first hospital in Cebu.

1882 – Hospicio de San Jose was founded to house the aged and the orphans.

1885 – Asilo de San Vicente de Paul, an asylum for girls was established The American Period

1899 – American introduced the new educational system, new health methods and religious freedom.

1900 – Phil. Normal School

1902 – Insular Board

1905 – American Red Cross, Philippine Chapter

1907 – La Gota de Leche

1910 – Phil. Anti – TB Society

1913 – Asociacion de Damas Filipinas

February 5, 1915 – PWB (Public Welfare Board)

January 1917 - Associated Charities of Manila

1921 – Office of Public welfare Commissioner

1922- Office of Public welfare Commissioner prepared solicitation forms

1923-1924 – Associated Charities became independent agency

1933 - Scholarship grants for professional training for Social Work Josefa Jara Martinez She worked on the Public Welfare Board and introduced the scientific approach in Social Work. Commonwealth Period

1940 – Department of Health and Public Assistance Service took over the activities that used to be performed by the Associated Charities before it had ceased to exist.

Japanese Occupation

Social Welfare activities during this period consisted mainly of giving medical care and treatment, as well as food and clothing, to the wounded soldiers, prisoners and civilians.

Prominent among volunteer organizations are Philippine Red cross, Young Women's Christian Association, and National Federation of Women's League.

The Post War Year

1946 – Bureau of Public Welfare re- opened.

1946 – UNICEF was created.

October 4, 1947 – the Bureau of Public Welfare became the Social Welfare Commission and was placed under the Office of the President.

August 1948 – PACSA was created by Pres. Quirino.

1948 – UNICEF became active in the Phil.

January 3, 1951 – SWC and PACSA was fused in only one agency which is Social Welfare Administration

The Seventies

Sept. 8, 1976 – Department of Social Welfare became the Department of Social Services and Development.

June 2, 1978 – Ministry of Social services and Development.

The Eighties

- Case Management was Launched.

Jan. 30, 1987 – MSSD became DSWD under E.O No. 123, signed by Pres. Cory Aquino

Nineties

Oct. 10 1991- R.A 7160 “Local Government Code” was passed.

R.A 4373 Social Work Law 1965

No Social Welfare Agency shall operate and be accredited unless it shall first have registered with the Social Welfare Administration which shall issue the corresponding Certificate of Registration

R.A 5416 1968

Empowers the Department to:

1. Set standards and policies to insure effective implementation of public and private social welfare programs
2. Accredite public and private institutions and organizations engaged in social welfare activity including licensing consultative services to them.
3. Coordinate government and voluntary efforts in social welfare work to avoid duplication, friction overlapping of responsibility in social services.

DSWD VISION

“a society where the poor, vulnerable and disadvantaged individuals , families, and communities are empowered for an improve quality of life”

DSWD MISSION

“to provide social protection and promote the rights and welfare of the poor, vulnerable and disadvantaged individuals, families and communities that will contribute to poverty alleviation and empowerment through DSWD policies, programs, projects and services implemented with or through local government units. NGO’s, Peoples organization, other national government agencies and other members of civil society”

SELECTED SOCIAL LEGISLATION

A. Children

PD 603 -THE CHILD AND YOUTH WELFARE CODE

RA 6972- BARANGAY TOTAL DEVELOPMENT AND PROTECTION OF CHILDREN ACT

RA 7610- SPECIAL PROTECTION OF CHILDREN AGAINST CHILD ABUSE, DISCRIMINATION AND EXPLOITATION

RA 7658- AN ACT PROHIBITING THE EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN BELOW 15 YRS. OLD

RA 8043- INTER-COUNTRY ADOPTION ACT OF 1995

RA 8044- YOUTH IN NATION BUILDING ACT EO 340 PROVIDE DAY CARE SERVICES FOR THE EMPLOYEES CHILDREN UNDER 5 YEARS OF AGE

RA 8552- DOMESTIC ADOPTION ACT OF 1998

RA 8980- ECCD RA 9231 ELIMINATION OF WORST FORM OF CHILD LABOR AND STRONGER PROTECTION FOR WORKING CHILDREN

RA 9255- ALLOWING ILLEGITIMATE CHILDREN TO USE SURNAMES OF THEIR FATHER

RA 9344- JUVINILE JUSTICE AND WELFARE ACT OF 2006

B. Women

RA 6725- STRENGTHENING THE PROHIBITION ON DISCRIMINATION AGAINST WOMEN IN RESPECT TO TERMS AND CONDITION OF EMPLOYMENT

RA 6955- MAIL BRIDE ORDER AS UNLAWFUL ACT

RA 7192- WOMEN IN NATION BUILDING ACT OF 1992

RA 7877- ANTI-SEXUAL HARASSMENT ACT OF 1995

RA 8353- ANTI-RAPE LAW OF 1997

RA 8505- RAPE VICTIMS ASSISTANCE AND PROTECTION ACT OF 1998

RA 9208- ANTI-TRAFFICKING IN PERSON'S ACT OF 2003

RA 9262- Anti-VAWC

C. OLDER PERSONS/PWD'S

BP 344- ACCESSIBILITY LAW

RA 7277- MAGNA CARTA FOR DISABLED PERSON

RA 7432- SENIOR CITIZENS ACT OF 1992

RA 7876- SENIOR CITIZENS CENTER IN ALL CITIES AND MUNICIPALITIES

RA 9257- EXPANDED SENIOR CITIZENS ACT OF 2003

D. FAMILY

EO 209- FAMILY CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

RA 8187- PATERNITY LEAVE

RA 8369- FAMILY COURTS ACT OF 1997

RA 8972 -SOLO PARENT WELFARE ACT OF 2000

E. HEALTH

RA 7875- ESTABLISHING PHILHEALTH INSURANCE CORPORATION

RA 7883 -INCENTIVES TO ACCREDIT BHW

RA 8344- PENALIZING THE REFUSAL OF HOSPITAL AND MEDICALCLINICS TO ADMINISTER APPROPRIATE
INITIAL MEDICAL TREATMENT

RA 924- AMENDMENT OF RA 7875

F. LABOR/ EMPLOYMENT

PD 442- LABOR CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

RA 7655- INCREASING MINIMUM WAGE OF HOUSE HELPERS

RA 8042- MIGRANT WORKERS BENEFITS AND INCENTIVES ACT OF 1995

RA 8282- STRENGTHENING THE SOCIAL SECURITY SYSTEM THEREBY AMENDING RA 1161

RA 8291- INCREASING THE COVERAGE AND BENEFITS OF THE GSIS

G. OTHERS

RA 7160- LOCAL GOVERNMENT CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

RA 8371- INDIGENOUS PEOPLE'S RIGHTS ACT OF 1997

RA 8425- SOCIAL REFORMS AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION ACT OF 1997

SOME GOVERNMENT AGENCIES/ORGANIZATIONS

OWWA

The agency offers both local as well as overseas programs and services for Filipino contract workers and their dependents in keeping with the provisions of the Labor Code.

National Housing Authority (NHA)

Created under Presidential Decree No. 757 in 1975. It's mandate is to develop and implement a comprehensive and integrated housing program in the country. Focused in providing housing assistance to the lower 30% of the urban population. The NHA also provides technical and other forms of assistance to local government units in implementing their urban development and social housing programs.

Public Attorney's Office (PAO)

Under the DOJ and used to be known as the Citizen's Legal Assistance Office (CLAO).

It represents, free of charge, indigent persons or the immediate members of their families, in all civil , administrative, and criminal cases where, after due investigation, and the interest of justice will be served. Some Private Social Welfare Agencies and Organizations.

Philippine Business for Social Progress (PBSP)

A private, non-profit organization established on December 16, 1970, to serve as private enterprises' implementing arm for social development. Its current priorities are indigenous peoples, small lowland farmers, small upland farmers, sustenance fisher folks, landless rural workers, and the urban poor.

SOS Children's Village

A private child caring agency founded by Dr. Hermann Gmeiner in Austria after World War II. Outside of adoption, it is the only agency which implements Alternative Parental Care formulating a purposely planned long-term care orphaned and abandoned Filipino children.

Women's Crisis Center (WCC)

This agency was established to pursue the following goals:

- Establishment of holistic feminist services for victims/ survivors of all forms of violence against women.
- Elimination of all forms of violence against women through the formation of women's communities, supporting initiatives and encouraging partnership.

-Change and transformation of existing values and attitudes that breed violence against women through the application of feminist principles.

MAJOR PROGRAMS:

- Crisis Intervention
- Feminist Counseling (face-to-face and hotline)
- medical assistance and advocacy
- legal assistance and advocacy
- temporary shelter
- survivor's support group
- education and advocacy
- training and education
- research
- documentation and publication
- consultancy services

HAVEN

a hospital-based crisis center for women survivors of a violent environment and also coordinates with NGOs all over the country in efforts to prevent and eliminate family violence.

Center for the Prevention and Treatment of Child

Sexual Abuse (CPTCSA) Established to help children, and their families, who are victims of sexual abuse. It offers them protective services, prevention and treatment services, training, research and advocacy, post-rehabilitation, educational and medical assistance, housing, legal assistance, and technical training. Tribal Development Foundation in the Philippines This agency addresses the needs of tribal communities in different parts of the country. Its services include: skills development and livelihood projects, tribal leadership training, educational assistance and adult literacy.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE SOCIAL WORK PROFESSION IN THE PHILIPPINES

Associated Charities

- mother of the social work profession in the Philippines
- First to use casework as a method of helping people.
- First to use social workers as full time and paid employees
- First to hire a trained social worker as executive secretary (Josefa Jara Martinez)
- (Josefa Jara Martinez) introduced new

CONCEPT IN CHILD WELFARE WORK at Office of Public Welfare Commissioner

- President's Action Committee on Social Amelioration (PACSA) established by Pre. Quirino
- PACSA is a community development agency to help with the problem of social unrest in the country side, 1948.
- Philippine School of Social Work was established in June 1950, offering a 1 year degree program called Master of Arts in Social Administration
- First director of PSSW is Mrs. Jara Martinez
- RA 4373, June 19, 1965

THE PHILIPPINE ASSOCIATION OF SOCIAL WORKERS –PASWI

- National organization for professional social workers in the country
- Founded on November 12, 1947
- It was incorporated on April 18, 1948 and re-incorporated with the security and exchange commission on October 18, 1988
- MAGNA CARTA FOR PUBLIC SOCIAL WORKER RA 9433, APRIL 11, 2007

The Association's objectives:

1. Promote and maintain a professional standard of social work practice
2. Strengthen the competence of members through the provision of opportunities for their continuing professional growth and development.
3. Work for the better understanding, acceptance and recognition of social work as a profession.
4. Initiate and work for social legislation in social welfare and development through effective action.
5. Expand professional activities of the association through the organization of local chapters and development of linkages with international organization devoted to human services.