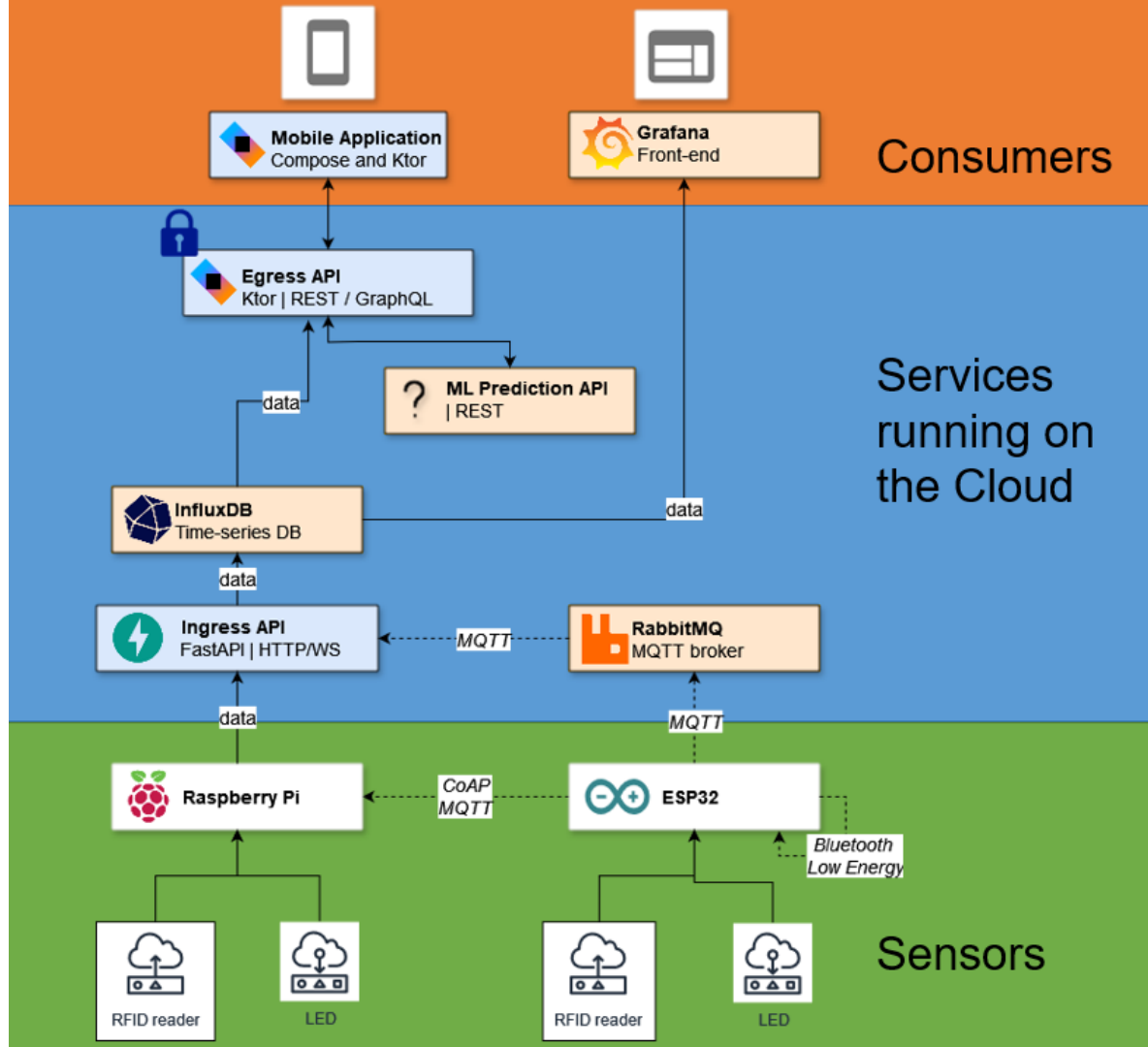
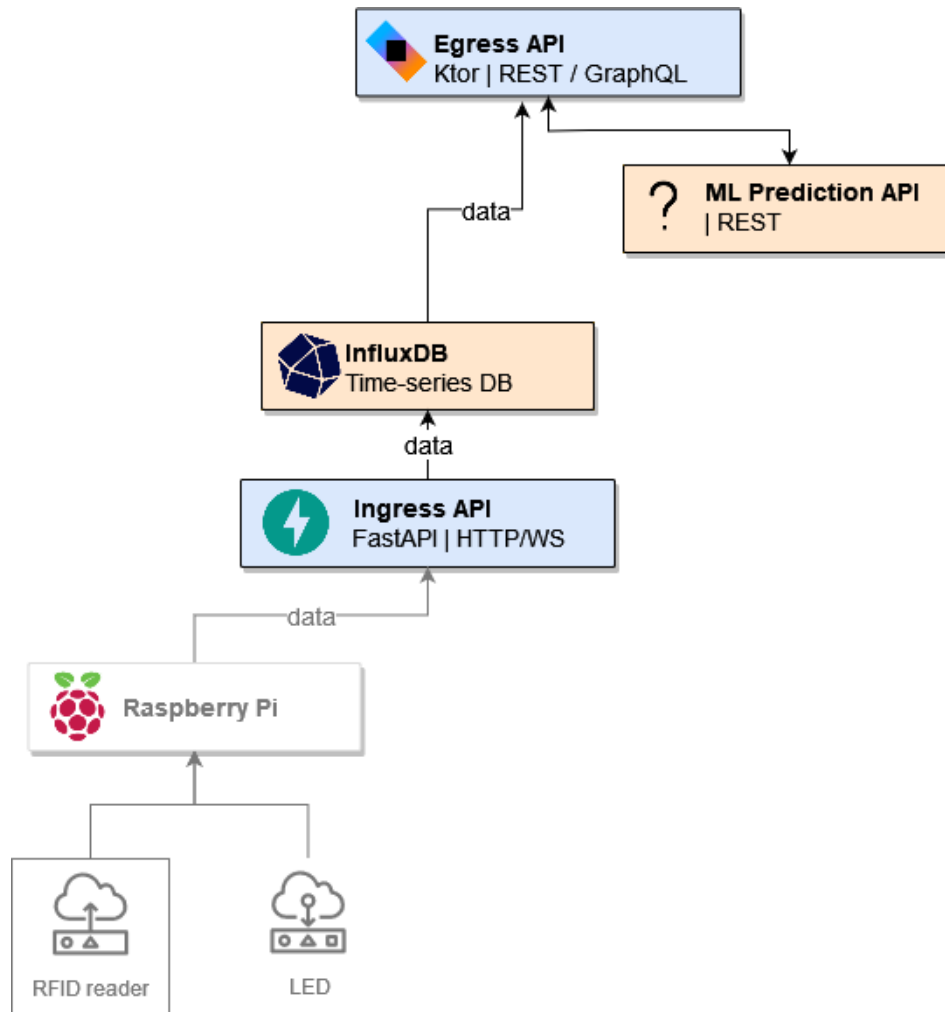


Lab 5 Egress – Part1: REST vs GraphQL

Cloud and mobile applications



Lab5

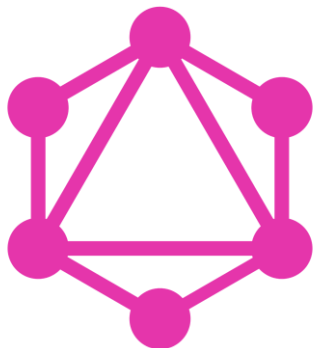


Goals

1. Compose GraphQL queries to get specific data
2. Construct a GraphQL Schema in the GraphQL Schema Definition Language
3. Implement REST and GraphQL APIs
4. Illustrate the differences between REST and GraphQL
5. Interact with a third-party external API
6. Write asynchronous code (coroutines)

GraphQL

- Developed by Facebook
- Web APIs
- Structured queries
 - Returns structured responses
- Only select data that is needed
- Schema Definition Language (SDL)



{ REST }

@Home: GraphQL: Browser-based IDE for GraphQL querying

The screenshot displays the @Home GraphQL IDE interface. On the left is a schema explorer with a tree view containing 'Root', 'Fields', and various query types like 'allFilms', 'film', 'allPeople', 'person', and 'allPlanets'. Each type lists its fields and their types. A search bar at the top of the explorer contains 'K'. The main area is a query editor with a line-numbered GraphQL query:


```
1 {
2   person(id: "cGVvcGxlOjE=") {
3     name
4     birthYear
5     filmConnection {
6       films {
7         title
8       }
9     }
10    vehicleConnection {
11      vehicles {
12        name
13      }
14    }
15  }
16 }
17
18
```

 To the right of the editor is a JSON viewer showing the query result:

```
{
  "data": {
    "person": {
      "name": "Luke Skywalker",
      "birthYear": "19BBY",
      "filmConnection": {
        "films": [
          { "title": "A New Hope" },
          { "title": "The Empire Strikes Back" },
          { "title": "Return of the Jedi" },
          { "title": "Revenge of the Sith" }
        ]
      },
      "vehicleConnection": {
        "vehicles": [
          { "name": "Snowspeeder" },
          { "name": "Imperial Speeder Bike" }
        ]
      }
    }
  }
}
```

 The interface includes a sidebar with icons for document, undo, redo, search, and settings. At the bottom left is the Ghent University logo.

@Home: Get familiar with Kotlin

- Kotlin tutorial
- [understanding coroutines]  Needed for Task6
- Install IntelliJ IDEA
- Ktor documentation
 - Server framework
 - Routing
 - Call object
- Datetime
- Serialization

In Lab: Tutorial

- Application Structure
 - Two modules:
 - REST
 - GraphQL
- Testing
 - Provided in `egress/src/test/kotlin/ApplicationTest.kt`

In Lab: Task 1: Implementing REST

- Implement four endpoints in REST
 - counts
 - ids
 - sources
 - attendance
- Only files that need to be adjusted are in :
`egress/src/main/kotlin/server/modules/rest`
- Look at comments for expected format of return value!
- Queries are available in `kotlin/server/modules/Queries.kt`

In Lab: Task 2: Implementing GraphQL

- Implement same endpoints as Task2 in GraphQL with QueryService
 - counts
 - ids
 - sources
 - attendance
- Only folder that contains files that needs to be filled in:
`egress/src/main/kotlin/server/modules/graphql/`
- Look at comments for expected format of return value!
- Queries are available in `kotlin/server/modules/Queries.kt`

In Lab: Task 3: Deploy Egress API to Cloud

- Add egress-api (online learning platform) to your existing microservice-oriented architecture
- Access egress service (locally) via port 8087
- Make sure you add your credentials in `egress/helm/values.yaml` and `egress/src/main/resources/influx2.properties`
 - Don't change values that are set up to point to environment variables

`http://egress.<username>.cloudandmobile.ilabt.imec.be`

NOTE: During 2nd practical session, **we will check egress in the cloud**, and REST and GraphQL endpoints should be implemented and deployed.

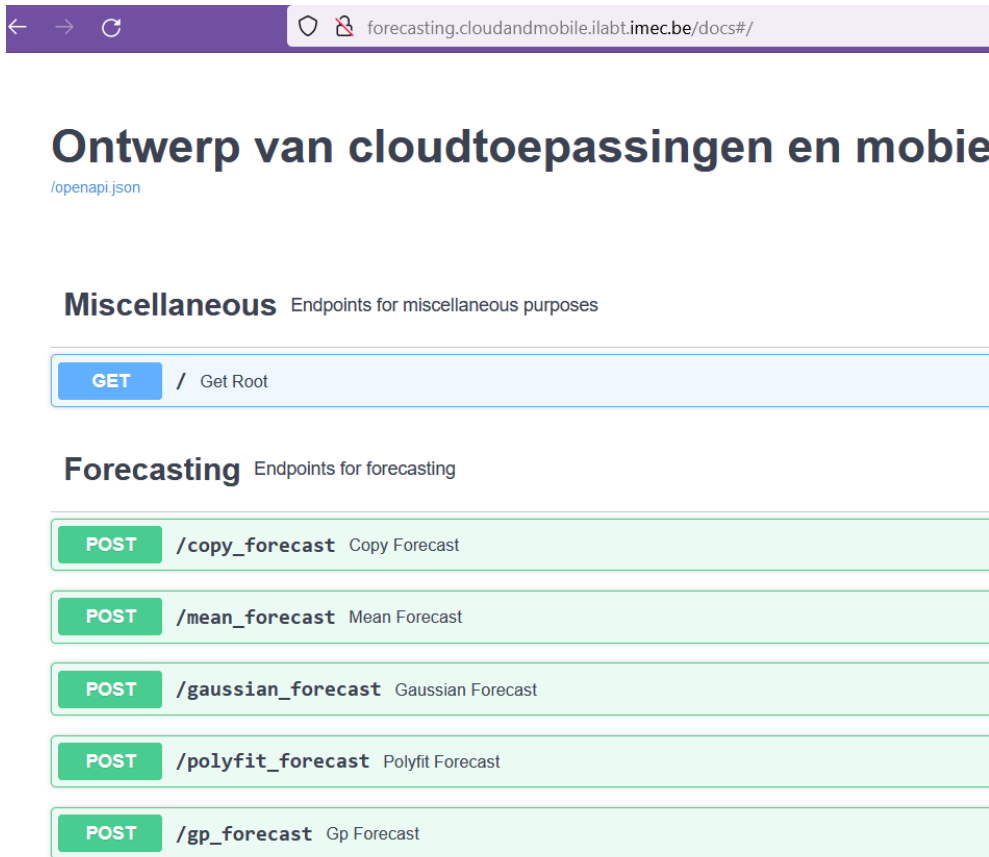
In Lab: Optional Task 4: Differences GraphQL vs REST

- Do not start with this task unless you have done all required tasks!
- Differences between GraphQL and REST
 - Timing
 - Response length
- Implement a separate client script
 - Executes queries on the same endpoint(s)
 - Check responses time-wise and length-wise
- Compare with your expectations and explain in report

In Lab: Task 5: Obtaining forecasts

- Communicate with ML service that forecasts future behavior based on sensor data (count) from past
- GET from forecasting API to get predictions
- Only files that need to be adjusted are:

```
egress/src/main/kotlin/services/forecasting/Model.kt
```
- **NOTE:** Tasks 5, 6, and 7 all have to be implemented before testing!



The screenshot shows a web browser with the address bar displaying `forecasting.cloudandmobile.ilabt.imec.be/docs#/`. The page title is "Ontwerp van cloudtoepassingen en mobiel" with a subtitle `/openapi.json`. The page content is organized into sections: "Miscellaneous" (Endpoints for miscellaneous purposes) and "Forecasting" (Endpoints for forecasting). Under "Forecasting", there are five listed endpoints, each with a "POST" method and a description:

- GET** / Get Root
- POST** /copy_forecast Copy Forecast
- POST** /mean_forecast Mean Forecast
- POST** /gaussian_forecast Gaussian Forecast
- POST** /polyfit_forecast Polyfit Forecast
- POST** /gp_forecast Gp Forecast

In Lab: Task 6: Scheduling and caching forecasts

- If you only communicate with forecasting service when client asks, response time will be poor
- Forecasting job system to create new predictions over time and append to ServiceCache
- Uses Model.predict() from previous task
- Kotlin coroutines documentation is useful!
- Only files that need to be adjusted are:

```
egress/src/main/kotlin/services/forecasting/ServiceSyncJob.kt
```

In Lab: Task 7: GETting forecasts

- REST endpoint
- Expose forecast data to outside world
- Get data from ServiceCache (Task6)
- Only files that need to be adjusted are:

```
egress/src/main/kotlin/server/modules/rest/Forecast.kt
```

- Test tasks 5, 6, and 7 after all are implemented

Material to submit

- Preparation part at home: due **Thursday 27 March at 10:00**
 - Checklist on Ufora
- No report due until after Part2 finished. Part2 adds security to egress
- In total, Lab5 will take 3 weeks.
- During 2nd practical for this lab, we will check that tasks 1, 2, and 3 are completed
 - REST and GraphQL endpoints should be implemented and deployed to cloud

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