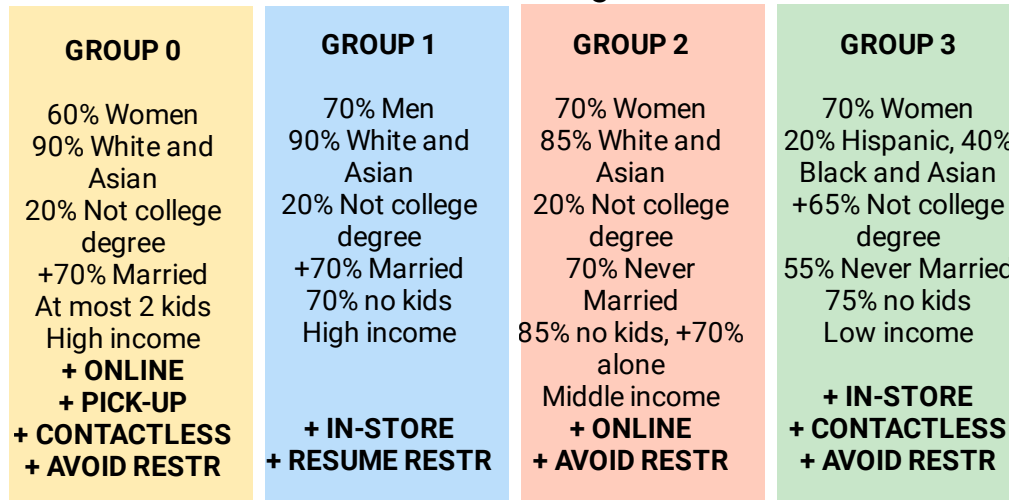


Consumer Behavior, Mobility Trends and Restaurants Context in San Francisco

Purchases, Payment, Restaurants variables across demographics

Consumer Segmentation

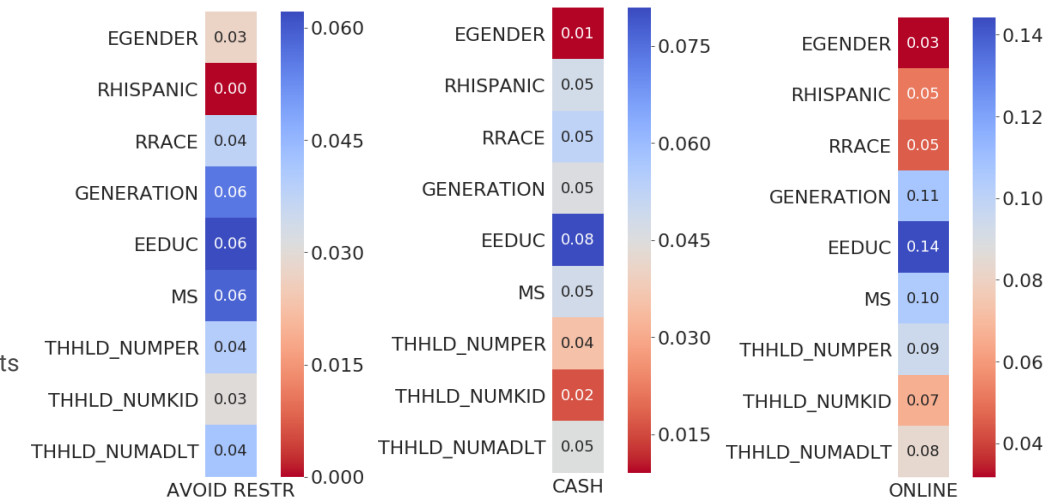


Purchases
Online
58.52 %

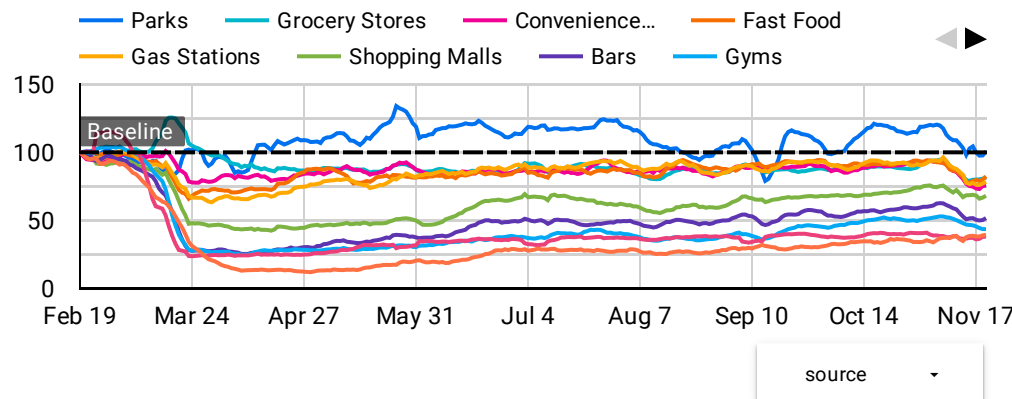
Payment
contactless
95.43 %

Restaurants
avoided restaurants
92.7 %

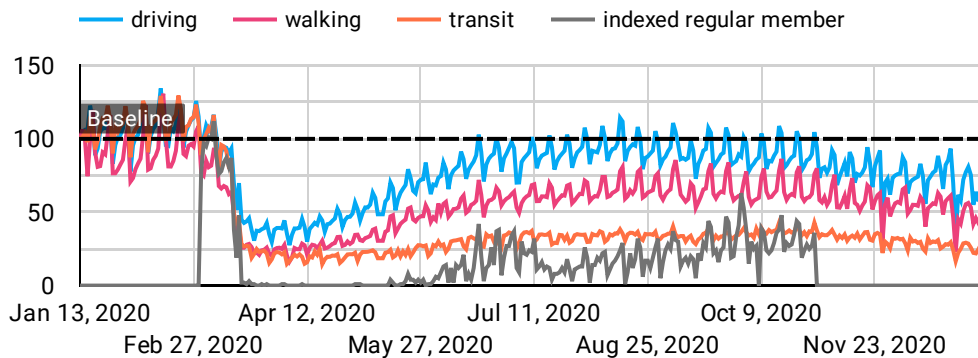
Educational attainment, marital status, generation, number of members of the household, and race are demographics more related to the adoption of protective and relaxing behavioral changes.



Mobility into different venues of the city



Mobility by type of transportation and average mobility regular member of the community



Besides **Residential**, **Parks** represent the venue with higher foot traffic, followed by **Groceries** and **Pharmacies**. The more disrupted venues are **Gyms**, **Airports**, **Offices**, and **Transit stations**.

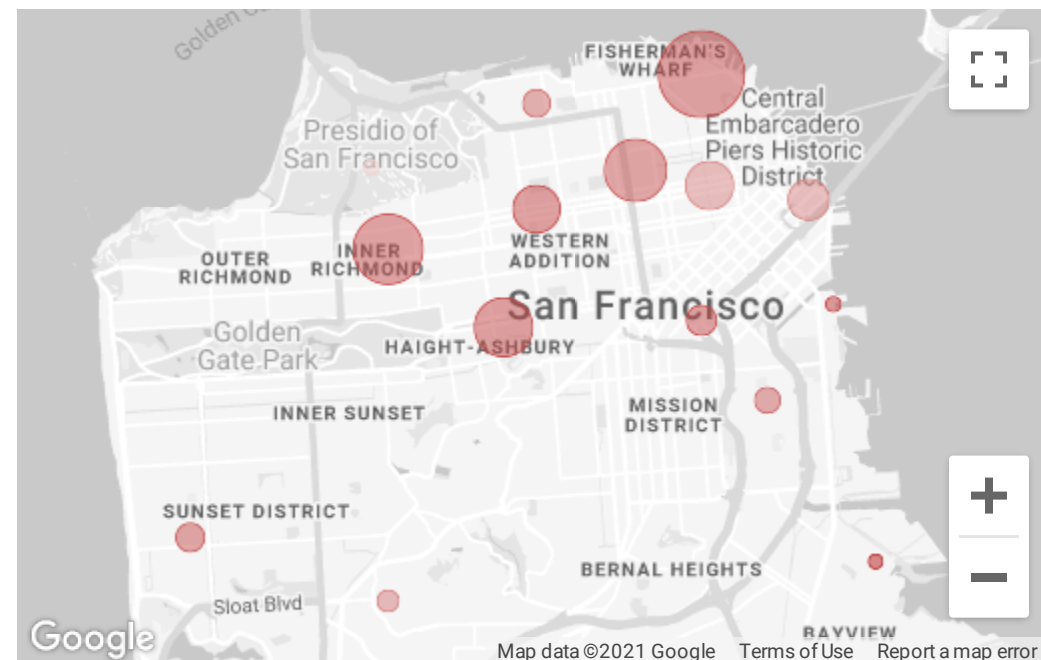
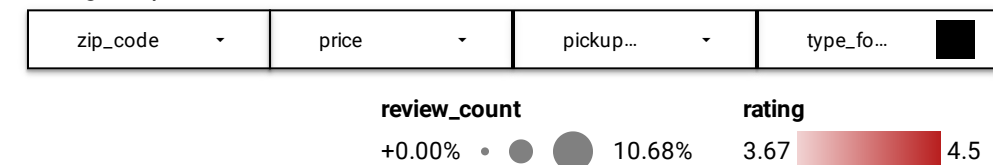
People doing more online purchases are also using more contactless payment methods and avoided eating at restaurants.

North Beach, Nob Hill, Chinatown, Financial District, Richmond and Ashbury areas concentrate more reviews from users.

The neighborhoods with higher average ranking are **Pacific Heights**, **Sunset District**, **Downtown**, **South of Market**.

Restaurants by zip code: Price, Rating, Popularity, Transactional methods and Type of food

Distance to residential, commercial, and industrial areas, the density of residential areas and distance to parks play a crucial role in how Restaurants are facing the pandemic.



Consumer Behavior, Mobility Trends and Restaurants Context in Miami

Purchases, Payment, Restaurants variables across demographics

Consumer Segmentation

GROUP 0

75% Women
+35% Hispanic, 14% Black
43% Not college degree
45% Never married, divorced and separated
70% no kids
65% below \$75k

+ ONLINE
+ CASH
+ AVOID RESTR

GROUP 1

60% Women
30% Hispanic, 11% Black
50% Not college degree
+55% Married
70% no kids
55% below \$75k

+ IN-STORE
+ RESUME RESTR

GROUP 2

70% Men
30% Hispanic, 11% Black
30% Not college degree
+70% Married
66% no kids
28% below \$75k

+ ONLINE
+ PICK-UP
+ CONTACTLESS
+ AVOID RESTR

Purchases

Online
54.18 %

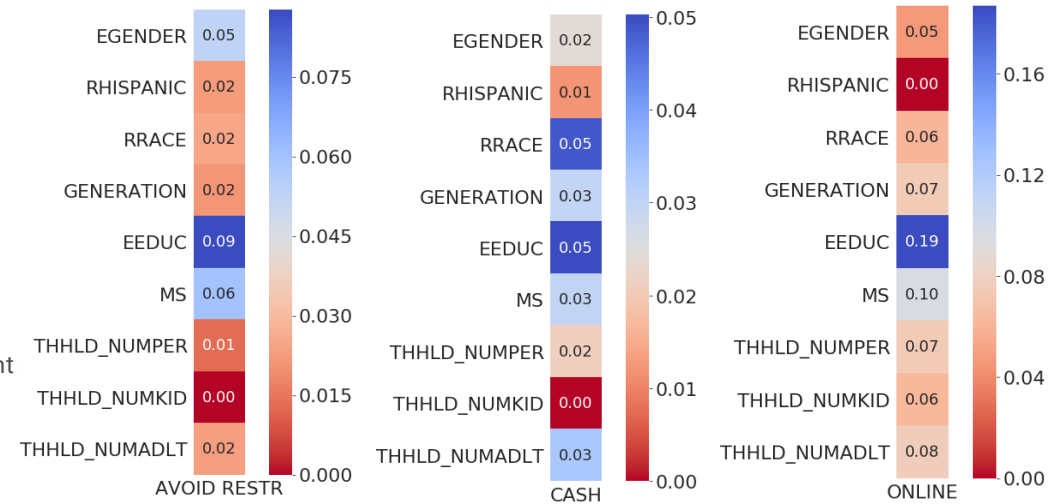
Payment

contactless
92.35 %

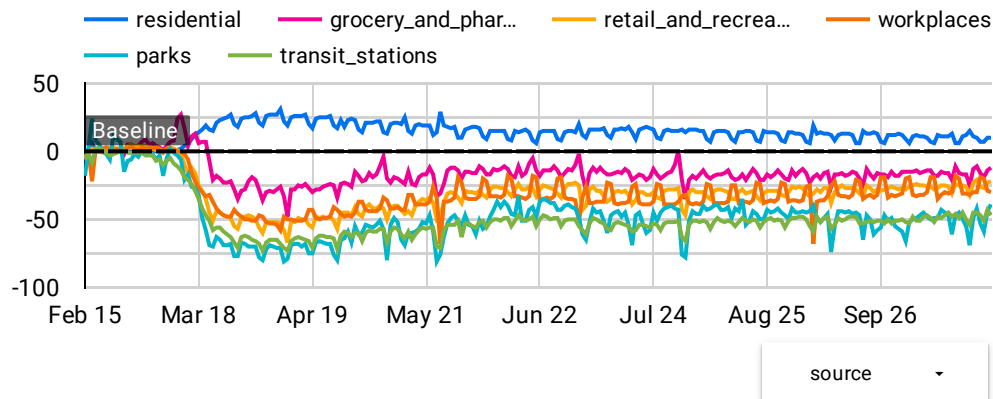
Restaurants

avoided restaurant
88.63 %

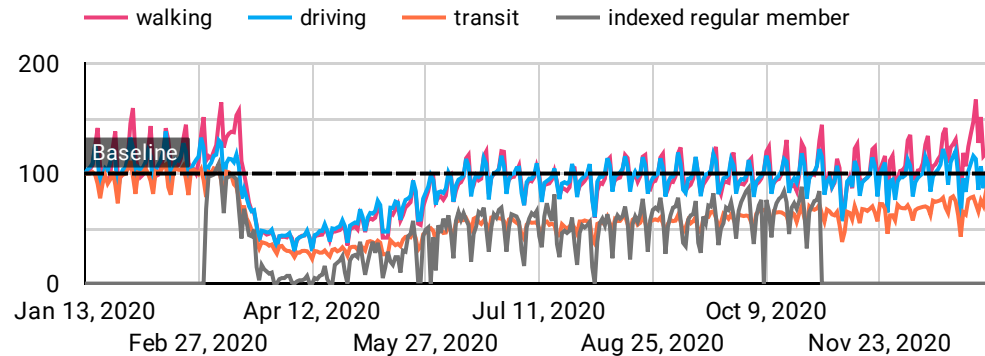
Educational attainment, race, race and number of members of the household are demographics more related to the adoption of protective and relaxing behavioral changes.



Mobility into different venues of the city



Mobility by type of transportation and average mobility regular member of the community



Besides **Residential**, **Groceries and Pharmacies** represent the venue with higher foot traffic, followed by The more disrupted venues are **Parks**, **Retail**, and **Transit stations**.

People doing more purchases online are also avoiding more eating at restaurants.

More in-store purchases are related to resume eating at restaurants.

More than 55% of businesses in zip codes around the airport are offering delivery exclusively.

Some medium-highly dense zones turned 100% to delivery could benefit from pick-up

Restaurants by zip code: Price, Rating, Popularity, Transactional methods and Type of food

Distance to the International Airport, to residential, and commercial, areas and the density of residential areas play a crucial role in how Restaurants are facing the pandemic.

