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#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#include <string>
#include <math.h>

using namespace std;

vector<vector<int>>> MMultmod(vector<vector<int>>> a, vector<vector<int>>> b,
int mod)
{
    vector<vector<int>>> result = {};
    if (a.empty() || b.empty())
    {
        return result;
    }
    if (a[0].size() != b.size())
    {
        return result;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); i++)
    {
        vector<int> temp;
        for (int j = 0; j < b[0].size(); j++)
        {
            int sum = 0;
            for (int k = 0; k < a[0].size(); k++)
            {
                sum += a[i][k] * b[k][j];
            }
            temp.push_back(((sum % 26) + 26) % 26);
        }
        result.push_back(temp);
    }
    return result;
}

int InvMod(int n, int mod)
{
    if (__gcd(n, mod) != 1)

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    {
        return 0;
    }
    int i = 1;
    while ((n * i) % mod != 1)
    {
        i++;
    }
    return i;
}

vector<vector<int>> mxIdentity(int dimension)
{
    vector<vector<int>> mxId;
    for (int i = 0; i < dimension; i++)
    {
        vector<int> temp;
        for (int j = 0; j < dimension; j++)
        {
            if (i == j)
            {
                temp.push_back(1);
            }
            else
            {
                temp.push_back(0);
            }
        }
        mxId.push_back(temp);
    }
    return mxId;
}

vector<vector<int>> GaussianInvMod(vector<vector<int>> mx, int mod)
{
    //matriks identitas untuk hasil matriks akhir
    vector<vector<int>> result = mxIdentity(mx.size());

    //error handling
    if (mx.size() != mx[0].size())

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{
    return result;
}

for (int i = 0; i < mx.size(); i++)
{
    //error handling jika elemen diagonal tidak koprima dengan 26
    if (InvMod(mx[i][i], 26) == 0)
    {
        result.clear();
        return result;
    }
    int inverse = InvMod(mx[i][i], mod);

    //mengalikan elemen diagonal dengan inverse modulonya
    // 19    3    -> dikali 11 mod 26    -> (19*11) mod 26 = 1    (3*11)
mod 26 = 7
    // 5      7
    // menjadi
    // 1      7
    // 5      7
    for (int j = 0; j < mx[i].size(); j++)
    {
        mx[i][j] = (mx[i][j] * inverse) % 26;
        result[i][j] = (result[i][j] * inverse) % 26;
    }

    //eliminasi gauss untuk baris selanjutnya
    // 1      7
    // 5      7    -> dikurangi R1 * 5
    for (int j = i + 1; j < mx.size(); j++)
    {
        int mul = mx[j][i];
        for (int k = 0; k < mx.size(); k++)
        {
            mx[j][k] = (((mx[j][k] - (mul * mx[i][k])) % 26) + 26) %
26;
            result[j][k] = (((result[j][k] - (mul * result[i][k])) %
26) + 26) % 26;
        }
    }
}

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    }

}

//hasil akhir merupakan matriks segitiga atas dengan semua elemen
diagonal bernilai 1

//mengeliminasi matriks segitiga atas
for (int i = mx.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
{
    for (int j = i - 1; j >= 0; j--)
    {
        int mul = mx[j][i];
        for (int k = mx.size() - 1; k >= 0; k--)
        {
            mx[j][k] = (((mx[j][k] - (mul * mx[i][k])) % 26) + 26) %
26;
            result[j][k] = (((result[j][k] - (mul * result[i][k])) %
26) + 26) % 26;
        }
    }
}

return result;
}

string hillCipherEnc(string pText, vector<vector<int>> key)
{
    //error handling
    if (pText.length() % key.size() != 0)
    {
        return "";
    }

    vector<vector<int>> mxPText, mxCText;
    string result = "";
    //konversi string ke matriks
    for (int i = 0; i < key.size(); i++)
    {
        vector<int> temp;
        int j = i;
        while (j < pText.size())
        {

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        if (isupper(pText[j]))
        {
            temp.push_back(int(pText[j] - 65));
            j += key.size();
        }
        else if (islower(pText[j]))
        {
            temp.push_back(int(pText[j] - 97));
            j += key.size();
        }
        else
        {
            j++;
        }
    }
    mxPText.push_back(temp);
}

//perkalian key dengan matriks plain teks mod 26
mxCText = MMultmod(key, mxPText, 26);

//konversi matriks cipher teks ke string
for (int i = 0; i < mxCText[0].size(); i++)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < mxCText.size(); j++)
    {
        result += (char) (mxCText[j][i] + 97);
    }
}
return result;
}

string hillCipherDec(string cText, vector<vector<int>> key)
{
    //error handling
    if (cText.length() % key.size() != 0)
    {
        return "";
    }
}

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vector<vector<int>> mxPText, mxCText, invKey;
string result = "";
//konversi string ke matriks
for (int i = 0; i < key.size(); i++)
{
    vector<int> temp;
    int j = i;
    while (j < cText.size())
    {
        if (isupper(cText[j]))
        {
            temp.push_back(int(cText[j] - 65));
            j += key.size();
        }
        else if (islower(cText[j]))
        {
            temp.push_back(int(cText[j] - 97));
            j += key.size();
        }
        else
        {
            j++;
        }
    }
    mxCText.push_back(temp);
}

//mencari inverse key dengan metode eliminasi gauss
invKey = GaussianInvMod(key, 26);

//perkalian inverse key dengan cipher text
mxPText = MMultmod(invKey, mxCText, 26);

//konversi matriks ke string
for (int i = 0; i < mxPText[0].size(); i++)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < mxPText.size(); j++)
    {
        result += (char) (mxPText[j][i] + 97);
    }
}

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    }
    return result;
}

vector<vector<int>> hillCipherKey(string pText, string cText)
{
    vector<vector<int>> mxPText, mxCText, mxPTextInv, keyResult;
    int keyLen = floor(sqrt(pText.length()));

    //konversi string ke matriks
    for (int i = 0; i < keyLen; i++)
    {
        vector<int> tempP;
        int j = i;
        while (j < keyLen * keyLen)
        {
            if (isupper(pText[j]))
            {
                tempP.push_back(int(pText[j] - 65));
                j += keyLen;
            }
            else if (islower(cText[j]))
            {
                tempP.push_back(int(pText[j] - 97));
                j += keyLen;
            }
            else
            {
                j++;
            }
        }
        mxPText.push_back(tempP);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < keyLen; i++)
    {
        vector<int> tempC;
        int j = i;
        while (j < keyLen * keyLen)
        {
            if (isupper(pText[j]))

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        {
            tempC.push_back(int(cText[j] - 65));
            j += keyLen;
        }
        else if (islower(cText[j]))
        {
            tempC.push_back(int(cText[j] - 97));
            j += keyLen;
        }
        else
        {
            j++;
        }
    }
    mxCText.push_back(tempC);
}

//mencari inverse matriks plain teks
mxPTextInv = GaussianInvMod(mxPText, 26);

//mencari key dengan mengalikan matriks cipher dengan matriks inverse
plain mod 26
keyResult = MMultmod(mxCText, mxPTextInv, 26);
return keyResult;
}

void outputMatrix(vector<vector<int>> mx)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < mx[0].size(); i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < mx.size(); j++)
        {
            cout << mx[i][j] << " ";
        }
        cout << '\n';
    }
}

int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
{

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```
string plain = "KRIPTO", cipher;  
vector<vector<int>> key = {{3, 2}, {2, 7}}, invKey, someKey;  
cout << "Plain Text\t: " << plain << '\n';  
cout << "Key :\n";  
outputMatrix(key);  
cipher = hillCipherEnc(plain, key);  
cout << "Cipher Text\t: " << cipher << '\n';  
invKey = GaussianInvMod(key, 26);  
cout << "Inverse Key :\n";  
outputMatrix(invKey);  
cout << "Plain\t: breathtaking\nCipher\t: rupotentosup\n";  
someKey = hillCipherKey("breathtaking", "rupotentosup");  
outputMatrix(someKey);  
return 0;  
}
```