

# **Stylus Emergency Fixes Review**

Security Assessment (Summary Report)

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Prepared for:

Offchain Labs

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## **About Trail of Bits**

Founded in 2012 and headquartered in New York, Trail of Bits provides technical security assessment and advisory services to some of the world's most targeted organizations. We combine high-end security research with a real-world attacker mentality to reduce risk and fortify code. With 100+ employees around the globe, we've helped secure critical software elements that support billions of end users, including Kubernetes and the Linux kernel.

We maintain an exhaustive list of publications at <a href="https://github.com/trailofbits/publications">https://github.com/trailofbits/publications</a>, with links to papers, presentations, public audit reports, and podcast appearances.

In recent years, Trail of Bits consultants have showcased cutting-edge research through presentations at CanSecWest, HCSS, Devcon, Empire Hacking, GrrCon, LangSec, NorthSec, the O'Reilly Security Conference, PyCon, REcon, Security BSides, and SummerCon.

We specialize in software testing and code review projects, supporting client organizations in the technology, defense, and finance industries, as well as government entities. Notable clients include HashiCorp, Google, Microsoft, Western Digital, and Zoom.

Trail of Bits also operates a center of excellence with regard to blockchain security. Notable projects include audits of Algorand, Bitcoin SV, Chainlink, Compound, Ethereum 2.0, MakerDAO, Matic, Uniswap, Web3, and Zcash.

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All activities undertaken by Trail of Bits in association with this project were performed in accordance with a statement of work and agreed upon project plan.

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Trail of Bits uses automated testing techniques to rapidly test the controls and security properties of software. These techniques augment our manual security review work, but each has its limitations: for example, a tool may not generate a random edge case that violates a property or may not fully complete its analysis during the allotted time. Their use is also limited by the time and resource constraints of a project.

# **Table of Contents**

About Trail of Bits	1
Notices and Remarks	2
Table of Contents	3
Project Summary	4
Project Targets	5
Executive Summary	6
Summary of Findings	7
Detailed Findings	8
<ol> <li>Importing forward_set_trap produces a failure in WASM instantiation</li> </ol>	8
A. Vulnerability Categories	10
B. Code Quality Recommendations	12
General	12
arbitrator/wasm-libraries/user-host-trait/src/lib.rs	12
C. WASM Security Measures for Stylus	13



## **Project Summary**

### **Contact Information**

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## **Project Timeline**

The significant events and milestones of the project are listed below.

Date	Event
September 6, 2024	Pre-project kickoff call
September 16, 2024	Delivery of report draft
September 16, 2024	Report readout meeting
September 20, 2024	Delivery of report draft
October 23, 2024	Delivery of final summary report

# **Project Targets**

The engagement involved a review and testing of the following targets.

## **Stylus Emergency Fixes**

Repository nitro-private (fixes)

Version 0cc80646cff240d3f86cb8d6f6e8b9c83be9266b

Type Go, Rust

Platform Arbitrum

## **Governance ArbOS 32 Actions**

Repository governance-private (PR #1)

Version 2d42f247d0cc2ab4b8eb47f49dd2b322be9f9d1f

Type Solidity

Platform Arbitrum



## **Executive Summary**

## **Engagement Overview**

Offchain Labs engaged Trail of Bits to review the security of fixes for a number of high-severity issues found after Stylus was deployed.

A team of two consultants conducted the review from September 11 to September 19, 2024, for a total of two engineer-weeks of effort. With full access to source code and documentation, we performed a manual review of the affected code and the fixes.

## **Observations and Impact**

During the engagement, we verified that the proposed fixes completely mitigate the high-severity issues found after Stylus was deployed, including an activation edge case that was found during this engagement (TOB-STYLUS-FIX-1); note that this issue was also found by Offchain Labs during a refactor of the affected code.

Additionally, we reviewed a set of governance actions to upgrade ArbOS to version 32 (L1ModuleRootArbOneAction, L1ModuleRootNovaAction, and L2ArbOS32Action) and two emergency actions that will be executed if Stylus needs to be disabled (SetInkPriceOneAction, SetWasmMaxStackDepthZeroAction).

The governance actions will upgrade ArbOS to version 32 and set the new module root hash on both Nova and ArbOne; additionally, they will revert any changes made by either of the emergency actions, effectively re-enabling Stylus if either of the emergency actions was executed; otherwise (i.e., if the emergency actions were not executed), they will simply upgrade the ArbOS version and the module root.

All the aforementioned action contracts are correct; additionally, we verified that the correct module root hash.

0x184884e1eb9fefdc158f6c8ac912bb183bf3cf83f0090317e0bc4ac5860baa39, is being employed in all the actions and confirmed that it is the root hash generated by the reviewed Nitro changes.

## Recommendations

Perform an ArbOS upgrade with the reviewed actions, either as an emergency or nonemergency measure, depending on whether the issues are actively exploitable and whether it is likely that the issues will be identified by third parties.



# **Summary of Findings**

The table below summarizes the findings of the review, including type and severity details.

ID	Title	Туре	Severity
1	Importing forward_set_trap produces a failure in WASM initialization	Data Validation	High

## **Detailed Findings**

# 1. Importing forward\_\_set\_trap produces a failure in WASM instantiation Severity: High Difficulty: Low Type: Data Validation Finding ID: TOB-STYLUS-FIX-1 Target: forward\_stub.wat

### **Description**

Users can deploy a specially crafted Stylus program that will cause ArbOS to panic after the activation checks are passed.

Users can access a variety of imports to call in their Stylus programs. These are included in the forward\_stub.wat file:

```
;; allows user_host to request a trap
(global $trap (mut i32) (i32.const 0))
(func $check unreachable)
(func (export "forward__set_trap") unreachable)
;; user linkage
(func (export "vm_hooks__read_args") (param i32) unreachable)
(func (export "vm_hooks__write_result") (param i32 i32) unreachable)
...
```

Figure 1.1: Part of the forward\_stub.wat file

The imports available to users from the vm\_hooks module are properly documented and seem to work correctly, but there is an additional import available called forward\_\_set\_trap. Using this import will produce a valid Stylus program that will correctly pass the activation checks.

However, the imports defined for <u>WASM instantiation</u> are only the ones from the vm\_hooks module.

```
define_imports!(
    "vm_hooks" => host {
        read_args, write_result, exit_early,
            storage_load_bytes32, storage_cache_bytes32, storage_flush_cache,
        transient_load_bytes32, transient_store_bytes32,
            call_contract, delegate_call_contract, static_call_contract, create1,
        create2, read_return_data, return_data_size,
            emit_log,
```

```
account_balance, account_code, account_codehash, account_code_size,
    evm_gas_left, evm_ink_left,
    block_basefee, chainid, block_coinbase, block_gas_limit, block_number,

block_timestamp,
    contract_address,
    math_div, math_mod, math_pow, math_add_mod, math_mul_mod,
    msg_reentrant, msg_sender, msg_value,
    tx_gas_price, tx_ink_price, tx_origin,
    pay_for_memory_grow,
    native_keccak256,
    },
);
...
let instance = Instance::new(&mut store, &module, &imports)?;
```

Figure 1.2: WASM instantiation in ArbOS using the Wasmer API

Trying to activate a Stylus program that imports forward\_set\_trap will produce a panic in the ArbOS code:

```
thread '<unnamed>' panicked at stylus/src/util.rs:19:5:
encountered fatal wasm: init failed

Caused by:
    Error while importing "forward"."set_trap": unknown import. Expected
Function(FunctionType { params: [], results: [] })

Location:
    stylus/src/native.rs:207:24
```

Figure 1.3: Part of the panic error when trying to activate a Stylus program that imports forward\_set\_trap

Note that this issue was independently discovered by the Offchain Labs team as well as by Trail of Bits, during this review.

#### **Exploit Scenario**

Eve deploys a specially crafted Stylus program that imports forward\_\_set\_trap, meaning that it will halt the chain once it is activated.

#### Recommendations

Short term, remove the forward\_set\_trap export from forward\_stub.wat.

Long term, consider creating a complete specification of the allowed WASM properties enforced during WASM activation and include additional test cases.

# A. Vulnerability Categories

The following tables describe the vulnerability categories, severity levels, and difficulty levels used in this document.

Vulnerability Categories	
Category	Description
Access Controls	Insufficient authorization or assessment of rights
Auditing and Logging	Insufficient auditing of actions or logging of problems
Authentication	Improper identification of users
Configuration	Misconfigured servers, devices, or software components
Cryptography	A breach of system confidentiality or integrity
Data Exposure	Exposure of sensitive information
Data Validation	Improper reliance on the structure or values of data
Denial of Service	A system failure with an availability impact
Error Reporting	Insecure or insufficient reporting of error conditions
Patching	Use of an outdated software package or library
Session Management	Improper identification of authenticated users
Testing	Insufficient test methodology or test coverage
Timing	Race conditions or other order-of-operations flaws
Undefined Behavior	Undefined behavior triggered within the system

Severity Levels	
Severity	Description
Informational	The issue does not pose an immediate risk but is relevant to security best practices.
Undetermined	The extent of the risk was not determined during this engagement.
Low	The risk is small or is not one the client has indicated is important.
Medium	User information is at risk; exploitation could pose reputational, legal, or moderate financial risks.
High	The flaw could affect numerous users and have serious reputational, legal, or financial implications.

Difficulty Levels	
Difficulty	Description
Undetermined	The difficulty of exploitation was not determined during this engagement.
Low	The flaw is well known; public tools for its exploitation exist or can be scripted.
Medium	An attacker must write an exploit or will need in-depth knowledge of the system.
High	An attacker must have privileged access to the system, may need to know complex technical details, or must discover other weaknesses to exploit this issue.

# **B. Code Quality Recommendations**

The following recommendations are not associated with specific vulnerabilities. However, they enhance code readability and may prevent the introduction of vulnerabilities in the future.

#### General

• Consider using the must\_use Rust hint in functions such as flush\_storage\_cache to mitigate the possibility that the caller will ignore the return value.

## arbitrator/wasm-libraries/user-host-trait/src/lib.rs

- Consider expanding the documentation of each function in the file to include the
  minimum and maximum value of ink and gas that needs to be charged for every
  call. Additionally, clearly note whether an internal function handles the
  computational cost of each operation. This will help to prevent computational costs
  from being undercharged or overcharged.
- Related to the previous recommendation, add unit tests to cover average and corner cases in the ink/gas usage for each function.

## C. WASM Security Measures for Stylus

This appendix lists the current security measures and constraints checked during WASM activation. These checks guarantee that WASM activation produces Stylus programs that are secure and execute correctly.

## **Imports**

WASM imports have the following constraints:

- In general, only the function imports available in the forward\_stub.wat file are available to use.
- Only function imports are valid. WASM programs importing other entities such as tables or memories will immediately fail validation.
- The use of imports with valid names but incorrect signatures will immediately fail validation.
- Any use of imports with the reserved prefix stylus\_ will immediately fail validation.

However, we must note the following:

- Imports can be duplicated as long as they are consistent and the number of duplicates is not directly limited.
- Imports can have special characters such as the null character (\00).

## **Exports**

In general, users are free to export any function they need. However, there are number of constraints:

- The user\_entrypoint export must be available, and it should have a specific signature.
- Export names cannot shadow any import names, either the raw name (e.g., pay\_for\_memory) or the full canonical name (e.g., module\_\_pay\_for\_memory).
- Any use of exports with the reserved prefix stylus\_ will immediately fail validation.
- Some special global exports will be added to support ink metering (e.g., stylus\_ink\_left). These exports are correctly added at the end of the global index space and cannot be accessed by users directly.
- Exports can have special characters such as the null character (\00).



## **Additional Internal Functions**

A number of internal functions are added into WASM programs during activation. These functions should never be used directly by the user. Fortunately, calling them is not possible since user WASM programs are validated to make sure the function indices are correct, so adding more internal functions is safe as long as they are added at the end of the function index space.