A refined LC for disconnected groups Tasho Kaletha

81 Connected case

F charo, GIF conn red. vo G.

TT(G) = irred adm C-rep'n

T=God(F/F), W== Weilgp. L== W= or W=~SL=(@).

~ LG = G XT.

(A) G quasi-split.

The conjugate
$$S_{\varphi} = C_{\varphi}(\varphi, \varphi) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \varphi : L_{\varphi} \rightarrow L_{\varphi} \\ \varphi \in I_{\varphi}(\pi_{\varphi}(S_{\varphi})) \end{array} \right\} \left(\begin{array}{l} \hat{G} - C_{\varphi}(\varphi, \varphi) \\ \hat{G} - C_{\varphi}(\varphi, \varphi) \end{array} \right)$$
 where $S_{\varphi} = C_{\varphi} \wedge L_{\varphi}(\varphi, \varphi) = C_{\varphi} \wedge L_{\varphi}(\varphi) = C_{\varphi} \wedge L_$

(B) More general Setting with G quasi-Split. [3] & H'(T, G/Z(G)) ~ G_2.

(a) Assume [3] lifts to [3] + H'(T.G)

(Vogan)
$$\pi(G_{\overline{g}}) \longrightarrow \begin{cases} (\varphi, p) & \varphi \colon L_{\overline{p}} \longrightarrow L_{G} \\ \varphi \colon I_{H}(\pi_{\bullet}(S_{\overline{p}}), L_{\overline{g}}) \end{cases} / \hat{G}.$$
(Kneser-Kottwitz) $H'(\Gamma, G) \longrightarrow \pi_{\bullet}(2(\hat{G})^{\Gamma})^{*}.$

(b) Prop assumptions; use Calois gerbe.

(Langlands - Kottwitz)

$$1 \to \mathcal{V} \to \mathcal{E} \to \mathcal{I} \to \mathcal{I}$$

$$\longrightarrow H'(\Gamma, G) \hookrightarrow H'(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{Z}(G) \to G) \to H'(\Gamma, G/\mathcal{Z}(G))$$

$$131 \longmapsto \Gamma_{3}$$

(want (i) the latter is sujective

Twisted endoscopy

Grant red /F

OF-automorphism

Character of twisted character

The Try Try Try Try Try

disconnectedness: G.OGG GX(O).

Problems (1) Normalizations: (a) Choice of Io
(b) transfer.

(2) Non-cyclic comp grps

(3) Larguage.

82 Disconnected case

Assumption (i) & offine F-alg gp, G= G° reductive.

(a) GF = GF × A, A G GF in a pinned way.

Rud If Gadjoint, then (2) is automatic

(but not otherwise).

E.g. O(n) fine, (M×WG(M))tuisted also okay.
But normalizer of torus in Ste is not okay!

Classification · "Split" GNA /F split
· "forms" H'(T, Aut(GNA))

(i) G/Z(G) Aut(G NA) "inner forms".

(ii) Autpin (GMA): perverse pinning of G and 1 MA "G-split".

(iii) Z'(A, Z(G)) \rightarrow Aut (G x A) "translation forms"

z \rightarrow (g x a \rightarrow z(\alpha) g x a)

(i) & (iii) Commuted, (i) n (iii) = Z(G)/Z(G)^A = B'(A, Z(G)),

(i) · (iii) x (ii) = Aut (G x A).

Today Quasi-split + inner.

G=G*A quasi-split,

(G q-split & AGG fix pinning.)

[3] EH'(T, G/Z(G)^A) ~ G3.

Postulete L-parameter for Gz are the Same as for Gz. $9: L_F \longrightarrow {}^L G$.

Define Parametrize TTq(Gg) in terms of G, WF. Formalize har id.

Recall 9, 92: LF -> G are G3-equiv (=> G-conj.

Postulate 9,, 92: LF → G are GE-equiv ⇔ 9,, 92 are G× A^[3]-corj.

Reasonably Tel Gz(F) n TTG, (Gz) + + (A) Tel Gz(F) n TTG, (Gz) + +.

functorial property of LLC for Gz.

Ruk This indeed depends on \bar{g} only.

Conj G quasi-split: $TT_{\varphi}(G) \longrightarrow Irr(\pi_{\circ}(S_{\varphi})|_{\mathcal{Z}(G)}^{\Gamma})$ $G_{\overline{s}}: Lft \Gamma_{\overline{s}}^{\overline{s}} to \Gamma_{\overline{s}}^{\overline{s}} \in H'(\Sigma, \mathbb{Z}(G)^{k} \to G)$ $TT_{\varphi}(G_{\overline{E}}) \longrightarrow Irr(\pi_{\circ}(S_{\varphi}^{\Gamma_{\overline{s}}, +}), \Gamma_{\overline{s}}^{\overline{s}}).$

Solves: (i) Choice of Io

(ii) Interaction of components.

charie $\mathcal{E} \in \mathcal{E}_{\varphi}^{[\bar{g}^{\bar{g}}],+}$, $\mathcal{H} = \text{Cent}(\mathcal{E},\mathcal{E})^{\circ}$, \mathcal{H} quasi-split. Rule [3] normalizes transfer.

Conj Characters identies hold as in the conn case.