

Robba site and Robba cohomology  
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Goal To develop an arithmetic p-adic cohom theory  
for rigid-analytic varieties / local fcn field  $\mathbb{F}_p((t))$ .  
(with overconvergent str. via dagger spaces).

### §1 Motivation

$p$  prime,  $F = \text{fin extn of } \mathbb{Q}_p \text{ or } \mathbb{F}_p((t))$ .

Recall: geometric realization of local Langlands & JL for  $\text{GL}_n(F)$   
(using rigid geometry).

Defn  $\mathcal{H} = \mathbb{P}_F^{n+1} - \bigcup_{\substack{Y \in \mathbb{P}_F^n \\ \text{Fractional} \\ \text{hyperplane}}} Y$  Drinfeld halfspace.

Note  $n=2$ :  $\mathcal{H} = \mathbb{P}^1 - \mathbb{P}^1(F) \leftrightarrow$  analog to  $\mathcal{H}^1 = \mathbb{P}^1(\mathbb{C}) - \mathbb{P}^1(\mathbb{R})$ .

- $\mathcal{H} \hookrightarrow \text{GL}_n(F)$  rigid-analytic space / F.

Drinfeld construction:  $(M_m)_m$  a tower of finite étale covers.

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{D}^* \\ \downarrow \\ \coprod_m \mathcal{H}_{F_m} \supset \text{GL}_n(F). \end{array}$$

where  $D$  div alg / F with inv  $1/n$ .

For  $\ell \neq p$ , set

$$\begin{aligned} H_c^{n+1}(M_\infty, \bar{\mathbb{Q}}_\ell) &:= \varprojlim_m H_{\text{ét}, c}^{n+1}(M_m, \bar{\mathbb{F}}_p, \bar{\mathbb{Q}}_\ell), \\ \text{GL}_n(F) \times D^* \times W_F &\leftarrow \text{Weil grp.} \end{aligned}$$

Thm (Harris, Harris-Taylor; Hansberger),  $\text{char } F = 0$ .

For  $\pi$  supercuspidal, rep of  $\text{GL}_n(F)$ ,

$$H_c^{n+1}(M_{\infty}, \overline{\mathbb{Q}_p})[\pi] = \underbrace{\mathcal{JL}(\pi)}_{\text{as rep of } D^\times \cong W_F} \boxtimes \underbrace{(\pi(\pi) \otimes 1 \cdot |^{\frac{1-n}{2}})}_{\text{LLC}}.$$

Q How about  $p$ -adic étale cohom?

- char = 0, Colmez - Despinescu - Nizioł ( $n=2$ ,  $F = \mathbb{Q}_p$ )  
 $p$ -adic pro-étale cohom of Drinfeld tower realizes  
classical L JL +  $p$ -adic Langlands for  $G_{\mathbb{A}^2}(\mathbb{Q}_p)$ .
- char =  $p$ ,  $p$ -adic étale cohom is very pathological.

Want Develop a  $p$ -adic cohom theory for rig var /  $\mathbb{F}_p((t))$   
s.t. cohom of  $M_\infty$  realizes classical LLC & L JL.

Main result (Shimizu, rough form)

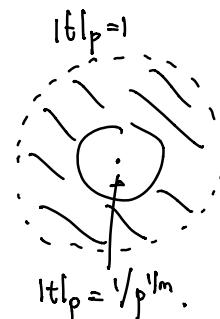
To each smooth dagger sp /  $F / \mathbb{F}_p((t))$ , fin,  
one can functorially associate a ringed site  $(X_R, \mathcal{O}^\dagger)$   
s.t. its cohom  $H^*(X_R, \mathcal{O}^\dagger)$  is a  $(\varphi, \nabla)$ -mod / Robba ring  $\mathcal{R}$ .

## §2 Robba ring $\mathcal{R}$ & geometric ideas

From now on :  $F = \mathbb{F}_p((t))$ .

Q Robba ring  $\mathcal{R} = \bigcup_{m>0} \Gamma(\mathcal{J}_{m, \mathbb{Q}_p}, \mathcal{O})$   
↑  
sheaf of rigid-analytic fns.

where  $\mathcal{J}_{m, \mathbb{Q}_p}$  = half open annulus  $|t|_p^{1/m} \leq |t|_p < 1$  over  $\mathbb{Q}_p$



$\mathcal{R}$  is equipped with  $\varphi \in \mathcal{R}$  &  $\nabla = \frac{d}{dt} \in \mathcal{R}$   
 $\varphi(t) = t^p$ . (standard  $(\varphi, \nabla)$ -action).

Why  $\mathbb{R}$ ?

Ibn (Marmora)  $\exists$  hat functor

$$D_{\text{pst}} : (\text{fin } (\varphi, \nabla)\text{-mod}/\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \left( \begin{array}{l} \text{Weil-Deligne rep's of } F \\ \text{valued in } \mathbb{Q}_p^{\text{ur}} \end{array} \right)$$

② ↑  
↓  
(sm/ $\varphi$ -cpt rig var/ $F$ )

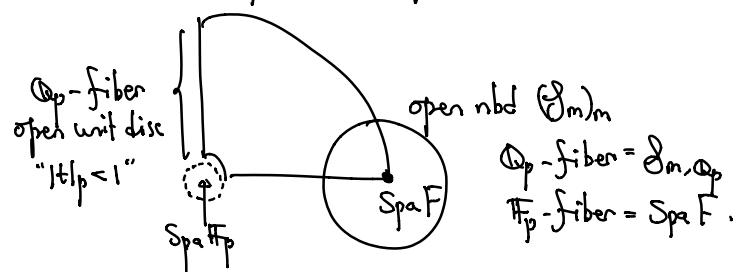
Bern Lazar-Pal: defined  $\mathbb{R}$ -valued rigid cohom

for ALGEBRAIC varieties /  $F = \mathbb{F}_p(t)$ ,

but their construction does not seem to work in analytic setup.

Geom idea Let's consider  $\text{Spa}(\mathbb{Z}_p[[t]], \mathbb{Z}_p[[t]]^\circ) - \text{Spa}(\mathbb{F}_p)$   
with  $(\varphi, t)$ -adic top.

This looks like



$\mathbb{F}_p$ -fiber = single pt  $\text{Spa } F$ .

$f_m = \text{Spa}(R_m, R_m^\circ)$ ,  $R_m^\circ = \mathbb{Z}_p[[t]] < p/t^m \rangle$ ,  $R_m = R_m^\circ[[1/t]]$ .

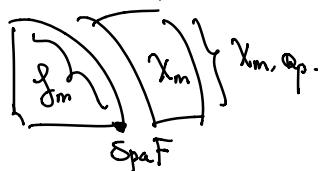
normalization:  $|p/t^m|_p \leq 1 \iff \frac{1}{p} \leq |t|^m$ ,  $|t|_p < 1$ .

Upshot (1)  $\text{Spa } F$  admits open nbd basis  $(f_m)_m$ .

(2)  $\mathcal{R} = \bigcup_m \Gamma(f_m, \mathcal{O})$

$\mathbb{Q}_p$ -fiber of  $f_m$ .

Naively



### §3 Def & properties of Robba site $(X_R, \mathcal{O}^+)$

Fix sm dagger sp  $X/F = \mathbb{F}_p((t))$ .

Def Robba site  $X_R$  is def'd as:

obj  $((\text{Spa}^+ B_m)_m, \square)$  where  $B_m$  dagger alg /  $\mathbb{R}_{\text{nr}}$ .

$$\text{s.t. } B_{m+1} = B_m \otimes_{B_m \otimes_{\mathbb{R}} \mathbb{R}_{m+1}}^{\mathbb{R}_{m+1}}.$$

&  $\square : \text{Spa}^+ \bar{B} \longrightarrow X$  mor of dagger spaces /  $F$ ,  $\bar{B} := B_m / (\mathfrak{p})$ .

Also: natural notion of morphisms + coverings  $\leadsto X_R$  site

+ sheaf of  $R$ -algebras  $\mathcal{O}^+((\text{Spa}^+ B_m)_m, \square) = \bigcup_m \Gamma((\text{Spa}^+ B_m)_{\otimes p}, \mathcal{O}^+)$ .

$\leadsto$  Get a ringed site  $(X_R, \mathcal{O}^+)$ ,  $F \langle T_1, \dots, T_n \rangle^+ \subset F \langle T_1, \dots, T_n \rangle$ .

I'm (1) Robba cohomo  $H^*(X_R, \mathcal{O}^+)$  is a  $(\varphi, \nabla)$ -mod /  $R$ .

(2) Assume  $X/F$  admits a compatible family of lifts  $X_m/R_m$ .

$$\text{Then } H^*(X_R, \mathcal{O}^+) \simeq \lim_m^* \text{Hod}_R(X_m, \otimes p / \mathfrak{f}_m, \otimes p).$$

where  $\text{Hod}_R$  = relative overconvergent de Rham cohomo.

(3) If  $\dim X = 1$  &  $\mathfrak{p}$ -cpt, then  $H^*(X_R, \mathcal{O}^+)$  is finite free /  $\mathfrak{p}$ .

$\leadsto D^{\text{perf}}(H^*(X_R, \mathcal{O}^+))$  WD-rep'n of  $F$ .

### §4 Proof ideas

(1)  $\varphi \in H^*(X_R, \mathcal{O}^+)$  comes from functoriality w.r.t.  $X/F$ ,

$\nabla : X_R^{\text{sm}} \subset X_R$  consisting of "smooth" objects.

$$\leadsto H^*(X_R, \mathcal{O}^+) = H^*(X_R^{\text{sm}}, \mathcal{O}^+)$$

imitate Katz-Oda's constr of Gauss-Manin conn.

$$0 \rightarrow \Omega_{X_R^{\text{sm}}/R}^{1,-1} \otimes dt \rightarrow \Omega_{X_R^{\text{sm}}/\mathbb{Q}_p}^{1,+} \rightarrow \Omega_{X_R^{\text{sm}}/R}^{1,+} \rightarrow 0.$$

(3) Fact  $\dim X = 1$ ,  $X \subset C$  open,  $C = (\text{alg})$  sm proj curve

s.t.  $Y = C - X \cong H(\text{open disk}/F)$  .

$$\hookrightarrow \underbrace{H^n(C_R, X_R)}_{\text{Gysin isom}} \rightarrow H^n(C_R) \rightarrow H^n(X_R) \rightarrow H^{n+1}(C_R, X_R) \rightarrow H^{n+1}(C_R) .$$

Gysin isom to reduce to  $H(\text{open disk})$ .

$C$  liftable  $\Rightarrow$  finite by (2).