

Multivariable (φ, Γ) -mod and local-global compatibility

Yongquan Hu

(Joint w/ Breuil, Herzog, Morra, Schreer)

§ Introduction

Mod p Langlands: K/\mathbb{Q}_p finite

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{mod } p \text{ Galois rep} \\ \bar{\rho}: G_K \rightarrow GL_n(\bar{\mathbb{F}}_p) \end{array} \right\} \xleftrightarrow{?} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{adm sm rep} \\ \text{of } GL_n(K), \bar{\mathbb{F}}_p \end{array} \right\}.$$

Known case $n=1, n=2$ & $K = \mathbb{Q}_p$ (Breuil, Colmez, Emerton, etc.)

Other cases: unknown (even for $K = \mathbb{Q}_p$).

When $n=2$: has complete classification of RHS.

Two main results in $GL_2(\mathbb{Q}_p)$ case:

(i) Colmez (05): exact functor

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \{ \text{Gal rep} \} & \longrightarrow & \{ \text{rep of } GL_2(\mathbb{Q}_p) \} \\ \text{Fontaine} \swarrow & & \searrow \text{Colmez} \\ \{ \text{étale } (\varphi, \Gamma) \text{-mod } / \bar{\mathbb{F}}_p((T)) \} & & \end{array}$$

For rep of $GL_2(\mathbb{Q}_p)$:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbb{Z}_p - \{0\} & \mathbb{Z}_p \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbb{F}[\mathbb{Z}_p] = \mathbb{F}[T] \text{ for } \mathbb{F} = \bar{\mathbb{F}}_p.$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbb{Z}_p^\times & \mathbb{Z}_p^\times \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbb{Z}_p^\times = \mathbb{Z}_p^\times \times p^{\mathbb{N}}, \quad T = \mathbb{Z}_p^\times.$$

p mimic of φ -action.

when K/\mathbb{Q}_p unramified.

(ii) Emerton's local-global compatibility:

$$\bar{\rho} \longleftrightarrow \pi(\bar{\rho}) \text{ rep of } GL_2(\mathbb{Q}_p)$$

Let $F: G_{\mathbb{Q}} \rightarrow GL_2(\mathbb{F})$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{Hom}_{G_{\mathbb{Q}}}(\bar{F}, \varinjlim_{U_p \subset GL_2(\mathbb{Q}_p)} H^1(X_{U_p, p} \times \bar{\mathbb{Q}}, \mathbb{F})) \cong \pi(\bar{F}|_{G_{\mathbb{Q}_p}})^{(0, 1)}.$$

\mathcal{G}
 $G_{\mathbb{Q}} \times GL_2(\mathbb{Q}_p)$

Upgrade: modular curve \hookrightarrow Shimura curve

Start with $\bar{\rho}: G_K \rightarrow GL_2(\mathbb{F})$.

Choose F/\mathbb{Q} tot real, s.t. $F_v \cong K$ for some v|p.

$$\hookrightarrow \bar{F}: G_F \rightarrow GL_2(\mathbb{F})$$

$$\text{s.t. } \bar{\rho} = \bar{F}|_{G_{F_v} = G_K}.$$

\hookrightarrow Construct $\pi(\bar{\rho})$ adm sm rep of $GL_2(K)$.

Goal Study $\pi(\bar{\rho})$.

Question Does $\pi(\bar{\rho})$ only depends on $\bar{\rho}$ locally?

(i.e. not on F or \bar{F} , globally).

Today: Generalize Colmez's functor (exact)

$$D_A: \{\text{adm sm rep of } GL_2(K)\} \longrightarrow \{\text{étale multivar } (\mathfrak{q}, \mathcal{O}_K^\times)\text{-mod } / A\}$$

$$\pi(\bar{\rho}) \longmapsto D_A(\pi(\bar{\rho}))$$

Thm (BHHMS)

- (i) Can explicitly compute $D_A(\pi(\bar{\rho}))$
 \Rightarrow it only depends on $\bar{\rho}$.

(2) Construct another functor

$$D_A^{\otimes} : (\bar{p} : G_K \rightarrow \text{Gal}(\bar{F})) \longmapsto \text{some \'etale } (\varphi, \mathcal{O}_K^\times)\text{-mod } / A.$$

$$(3) D_A(\pi(\bar{p})) = D_A^{\otimes}(\bar{p}).$$

$(\varphi, \mathcal{O}_K^\times)$ -mod over ring A

K/\mathbb{Q}_p unram of deg f. $q = p^f$.

$\Rightarrow \mathbb{F}[[\mathcal{O}_K]] = \text{power series ring of } f \text{ variables.}$

* Ring A

Roughly $A \hookrightarrow \mathbb{F}((T))$ ($\mathbb{F}[\mathbb{Z}_p] = \mathbb{F}[T]$).

Define $y_\sigma := \sum_{\lambda \in \mathbb{F}_p^\times} \sigma(\lambda)^{-1} [\tilde{\lambda}]$, $\sigma : \mathbb{F}_p \hookrightarrow \mathbb{F}$.
 (Teichmuller)

Then φ -action \longleftrightarrow p -action

by formula $\varphi(y_\sigma) = y_{\sigma \circ \varphi^{-1}}^p$.

Construct A as

$$A = (\mathbb{F}[[y_\sigma]_{\forall \sigma}][(\frac{1}{y_\sigma})_{\forall \sigma}])^\wedge \subset \varphi, \mathcal{O}_K^\times.$$

Completion w.r.t. (y_σ, σ) -adic top.

Def $(\varphi, \mathcal{O}_K^\times)$ -mod $/ A \ni M$, fin proj A-mod

w/ semi-linear comm $(\varphi, \mathcal{O}_K^\times)$ -actions.

Called \'etale if $M \otimes_{A, \varphi} A \xrightarrow{\sim} M$.

Rank If $M = \text{f.g. } A\text{-mod w/ semi-linear } \mathcal{O}_K^\times\text{-action}$,

then M is free / A.

* Functor D_A

$$D_A : \{ \text{adm sm reps of } GL_2(k) \} \xrightarrow{\psi} \{ \text{ét } (\varphi, \mathcal{O}_K^\times) \text{-mod } / A \}$$

$$\pi \xrightarrow{\quad} \left(A \otimes_{\mathbb{F}[[\begin{pmatrix} 1 & \varphi_K \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}]}} \pi^\vee \right)^{\wedge}_{M_{I_i} \text{-adic top}}$$

$$\pi^\vee = \text{Hom}_{\mathbb{F}}(\pi, \mathbb{F}).$$

($M_{I_i} = \text{max ideal of } \mathbb{F}[[I_i]]$.)

$$\text{Let } I_i = \text{pro-p Iwahori subgroup} = \begin{pmatrix} 1+p\mathcal{O}_K & \mathcal{O}_K \\ p\mathcal{O}_K & 1+p\mathcal{O}_K \end{pmatrix}$$

Issue (if we do not use I_i) $\mathcal{O}_K \longleftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \mathcal{O}_K \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

$$\cdot \pi \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \mathcal{O}_K \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \infty - \text{dim} 1$$

$$\cdot \pi^\vee \text{ is not f.g. mod over } \mathbb{F}[[\begin{pmatrix} 1 & \mathcal{O}_K \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}]].$$

Thm (BHHMS)

$\pi \mapsto D_A(\pi)$ is exact.

Rmk In general, don't know if $\text{rk}_A D_A(\pi) < \infty$.

We do know $D_A(\pi(\bar{p}))$ is of fin rk /A as an étale $(\varphi, \mathcal{O}_K^\times)$ -mod.

Colmez's constrn For $GL_2(\mathbb{Q}_p)$, $D_{\mathbb{F}((T))}(\pi(\bar{p})) = D(\bar{p}')$.

* Structure of $D_A(\pi(\bar{p}))$?

Relation to classical $(\varphi, \mathbb{Z}_p^\times)$ -mod / $\mathbb{F}((T))$:

$\text{tr}: \mathcal{O}_K \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_p$ \mathbb{Z}_p -linear

$$\hookrightarrow \mathbb{F}[[\mathcal{O}_K][[\frac{1}{y_p}]]] \longrightarrow \mathbb{F}[\mathbb{Z}_p] = \mathbb{F}[T][\frac{1}{T}]$$

\swarrow \searrow

$$\mathbb{F}((T))$$

$\hookrightarrow A \longrightarrow F(T) \otimes_{\varphi} \mathbb{Z}_{\bar{p}}^{\times}$.

again $p \leftrightarrow \varphi, \mathbb{Z}_{\bar{p}}^{\times} \hookrightarrow \mathbb{Q}_K^{\times}$.

On the other hand,

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \pi \mapsto D_A(\pi) & \longrightarrow & D_A(\pi) \otimes_A F(T) \quad (\varphi, \mathbb{Z}_{\bar{p}}^{\times})\text{-mod} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{Fontaine} \\ \textcircled{?} & & \text{Gal rep} \end{array}$$

Thm (BHHMS) $\pi = \pi(\bar{p})$, \bar{p} 2-dim semisimple.

$$\text{Then } D_A(\pi(\bar{p})) \otimes_A F(T) \xleftarrow[\sim]{\text{Fontaine}} \text{ind}_{G_K}^{\otimes G_{\bar{p}}} \bar{p}.$$

Tensor induction $H < G, [G:H] = d, \rho \in \text{Rep}(H)$.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Define } \text{ind}_H^G \rho &= \bigoplus_{g \in G/H} (g \otimes_H \rho) \quad \dim = d \cdot \dim \rho \\ \text{ind}_H^{\otimes G} \rho &= \bigotimes_{g \in G/H} (g \otimes_H \rho) \quad \dim = (\dim \rho)^d. \end{aligned}$$

Cor $\text{rank}_A D_A(\pi(\bar{p})) = 2^f$.

Let $\sigma_0 : \mathbb{F}_{\bar{p}} \hookrightarrow F, \sigma_i = \sigma_0 \circ \varphi^i$.

$(\varphi, \mathbb{Z}_{\bar{p}}^{\times})\text{-mod}$ assoc to $\text{ind}_{G_K}^{\otimes G_{\bar{p}}} \bar{p}$ is $D_{\sigma_0}(\bar{p}) \otimes_{F(T)} \dots \otimes D_{\sigma_f}(\bar{p})$.

$$\begin{array}{c} \swarrow \quad \swarrow \quad \swarrow \\ \text{Thm } D_A(\pi(\bar{p})) = \bigoplus_{\substack{A, (\varphi^f, \mathbb{Q}_K^{\times})}} D_{A, \sigma_0}(\bar{p}) \otimes_A \dots \otimes_A D_{A, \sigma_f}(\bar{p}) \end{array}$$

Can lift $D_{A, \sigma_0}(\bar{p})$ to $D_{\sigma_0}(\bar{p})$, a $(\varphi^f, \mathbb{Z}_{\bar{p}}^{\times})\text{-mod}$

& $D_{A, \sigma_0}(\bar{p}) \longleftrightarrow$ Lubin-Tate $(\varphi, \mathbb{Q}_K^{\times})\text{-mod}, F(T_K)$.

(K_{∞}/K LT ext'n w/ Gal grp \mathbb{Q}_K^{\times})