

The p -adic special series and p -adic upper-half plane

Arnaud Vanhaecke

Motivation

Setups

- p prime. $\mathbb{Z}_p \subset \mathbb{Q}_p \subset \mathbb{C} := \mathbb{C}_p$.
- $G = GL_2(\mathbb{Q}_p)$, $\mathbb{G}_{\mathbb{Q}_p} := \text{Gal } \mathbb{Q}_p$.
- L/\mathbb{Q}_p finite (big enough)
- $B_{\text{ur}}^+ > B_{\text{uris}}^+$ p -adic period rings.
- $P_+ := \{ \lambda = (\lambda_1, \lambda_2) \in \mathbb{N}^2 \mid \lambda_2 > \lambda_1 \geq 0 \}$.
- HT wts, e.g. $\rho = (0, 2)$.
 $w(\lambda) = \lambda_2 - \lambda_1$, $|\lambda| = \lambda_2 + \lambda_1$.

p -adic Langlands

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{2-dim L-reps} \\ \text{of } \mathbb{G}_{\mathbb{Q}_p} \end{array} \right\} \xleftrightarrow{\pi} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{adm unitary Banach} \\ \text{L-reps of } G \end{array} \right\}.$$

↓
s.t. $N \circ \pi = \text{id}$.

$$\forall \text{ Special of HT wt } \lambda \in P_+ \quad \cong \quad \pi \text{ s.t. } \pi \stackrel{\text{alg}}{\sim} \text{Sym}_{\mathbb{Z}_p}^{n(n-1)} \text{std} \otimes \det^n \otimes |\det|^{\vee} \otimes \widetilde{St}_\lambda^\infty$$

W_λ^*

St_λ^{alg}

Goal Realize functor π in the p -adic etale cohom of some space.

Generalize this to E/\mathbb{Q}_p finite.

Def For V special,

- $D_{st}(v) = Sp_L(\lambda_1) = L_{e_0} \oplus L_{e_1}$, slope $-\frac{|\lambda|}{2}$.
- $D_d^\lambda := \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \parallel \\ \end{array} \right\} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \varphi(e_0) = p^{-\frac{|\lambda|-1}{2}} e_0, \quad Ne_0 = e_1 \\ \varphi(e_1) = p^{-\frac{|\lambda|+1}{2}} e_1, \quad Ne_1 = 0 \end{array} \right.$
- $D_{dr}(v) \circ \text{Fil}_\lambda^i, \quad \lambda \in L,$
- $\text{Fil}_\lambda^i = L(e_i - \lambda e_0) \quad \text{for } -\lambda_2 + 1 \leq i \leq -\lambda_1.$

Also, $D_\infty^\lambda := \text{same } \varphi\text{-mod w/ } N=0$.

Let $V = V_\lambda^\lambda := V_{st}(D_\lambda^\lambda)$, irred of wt $w > 1$.

$T_\lambda^\lambda := \pi\pi(V_\lambda^\lambda)$ adm unitary Banach L -rep,
encoded by $\lambda \in L$.

Get a bij b/w $\lambda \in P^+(L) \longleftrightarrow$ unitary adm completion of S_{λ}^{alg} .

p-adic half-plane $H_{\mathbb{Q}_p} := \mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{Q}_p}^{1, \text{an}} \setminus \mathbb{P}^1(\mathbb{Q}_p)$ Stein curve.
 $G_{\mathbb{Q}_p} \times G$

Drinfeld's modular description (1974)

$\pi_1(H_{\mathbb{Q}_p}) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_p^\times \subset D / \mathfrak{d}_p$ non-split quat alg.

$$\lambda \quad \mathcal{O}_p^\times \hookrightarrow GL_2(L)$$

$\hookrightarrow W_p$ (resp. W_p^+) L - (resp. \mathcal{O}_p) loc sys, G -equiv.

W_p rk 2, HT wt (0,1).

$\forall \lambda \in P_+$,

$$W_\lambda^{(n)} := \text{Sym}_2^{N(\lambda)-1} W_p^{(n)} \otimes (\wedge^2 W_p^{(n)})^\lambda \quad G\text{-equiv.}$$

Let $\star \in \{\text{et}, \text{pro\acute{e}t}\}$.

$$H_{\star}^i = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in P_+} H_{\star}^i[\lambda] = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in P_+} H_{\star}^i(H_C; W_{\lambda}(n)).$$

$\mathbb{G}_{\text{a}} \times G.$

If V L-rep of \mathbb{G}_{a} , $\pi_{\star}(V) := \text{Hom}_{\mathbb{G}_{\text{a}}}^{\text{dual}}(V, H_{\star}^i)$

Thm (Wanhaecke '24)

- Let V abs irred L-rep of \mathbb{G}_{a} of $\dim \geq 2$.

$$\pi_{\text{et}}(V) = \begin{cases} \pi(V), & V \text{ special} \\ & \hookrightarrow \pi_{\lambda} \text{ if } V = V_{\lambda}^{\lambda} \\ 0, & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

- Let π adm unitary, abs irred, Banach L-rep.

$$\text{Hom}_G(\pi, H_{\text{et}}^i) \simeq \begin{cases} W(\pi), & \pi \text{ special} \\ & l = V_{\lambda}^{\lambda} \text{ if } \pi = \pi_{\lambda}^{\lambda} \\ 0, & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

Pro\acute{e}tale cohom of W_{λ}

By Scholze, $W_{\lambda} \rightsquigarrow (\mathcal{E}_{\lambda}, \nabla_{\lambda}, \text{Fil}_{\lambda}^{\circ})$.

Prop W_{λ} is a strongly isotrivial L-open of wt $(\lambda_1, \lambda_2 - i)$.

① $\exists D_{\lambda}$ φ -mod s.t. $\mathcal{E}_{\lambda} \simeq D_{\lambda} \otimes \mathcal{O}$, $\varphi^2 = p^{1-\text{wt}}$.

② $\nabla_{\lambda} = \text{id} \otimes \text{d}$

③ $R\Gamma_{\text{et}}(H_{\text{et}}, \mathcal{E}_{\lambda}) \simeq R\Gamma_{\text{et}}(W) \simeq [G_{\tau_{1-\lambda_2}} \mathcal{E}_{\lambda}(H_{\text{et}}) \xrightarrow{\partial^{\text{wt}}} G_{\tau_{\lambda_1}} \Omega_{\mathcal{E}_{\lambda}}^1(H_{\text{et}})]$
 line bds.

Syntomic cohom $R\Gamma_{\text{syn}}[\lambda] := V_{\text{st}}(R\Gamma_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}}[\lambda]).$

Comparison: $R\Gamma_{\text{syn}}[\lambda] \simeq R\Gamma_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}}[\lambda].$

Thm $w = w(\lambda) > 1.$ Get an exact seq

$$0 \rightarrow Q_\lambda^0 \otimes_L W_\lambda \rightarrow H^1_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}}[\lambda] \rightarrow B_\lambda \otimes (S_\lambda^{\text{tors}})' \\ \rightarrow Q_\lambda^1 \otimes_L (S_\lambda^{\text{tors}})' \rightarrow 0.$$

- $B_\lambda := t^{\lambda_1} B_{\text{cris}}^+ / t^{\lambda_2},$
- $U_\lambda^i := t^{\lambda_1} (B_{\text{cris}}^+)^{\otimes^2} = w + (-1)^i \rightsquigarrow Q_\lambda^i := \frac{B_\lambda \otimes L}{U_\lambda^i \otimes_{\mathbb{Q}_p} L}$
 $\downarrow \text{w.d. } 1 \otimes p^2$
- $S_{\mathfrak{f}\lambda}^{\text{tors}} := \mathcal{C}^{\text{tors}}(\mathfrak{P}(Q_p), W_\lambda^*) / W_\lambda^* \simeq \text{Gr}_{\lambda_1} \Omega_{\mathbb{F}_\lambda}^1(H_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}}).$
 $\downarrow W_\lambda^* = \text{Sym}_L^{w(\lambda)-1} \otimes \det^N \otimes 1 \det^1$

Computation of multiplicities

Pro\acute{e}t \Rightarrow \acute{e}t

Prop $H^1_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}} \hookrightarrow H^1_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}}, \quad H^1_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}} = G\text{-bdd vectors of } H^1_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}}.$

- Cor
- $\widehat{\pi \Gamma_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}}}(\nu) = \pi \Gamma_{\text{\acute{e}t}}(\nu)$
 - $\pi \text{ fin length, } \text{Hom}_G(\pi, H^1_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}}) \simeq \text{Hom}_G((\pi^{\text{tors}})', H^1_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}}).$

Prop

- $w(\lambda) > 1 \rightarrow H^i_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}}[\lambda] = 0, \quad i \neq 1.$
- $(H^1_{\text{pro\acute{e}t}}[\lambda]/p^k)^{\text{tors}}, \quad K/\mathbb{Q}_p \text{ finite.}$

This is dual of a sm rep of fin length.

Prop (Schraen '11 + E)

In the desired cat of mods / la L-rep w/ fixed central char,

$$\mathrm{Hom}_G\left(\underbrace{(\mathrm{Irr}\pi_{\lambda}^{\lambda})'}_{P_{\lambda}^{\lambda}}[-], R\Gamma_{\mathrm{pro\acute{e}t}}[\lambda]\right) \simeq D_{\lambda}^{\lambda}.$$

Note • $\mathrm{Hom}((\pi_{\lambda}^{\lambda})', H_{\mathrm{et}}^i) = \mathrm{Hom}(P_{\lambda}^{\lambda}, H_{\mathrm{pro\acute{e}t}}^i[\lambda])$
 $\simeq \mathrm{Hom}_G(P_{\lambda}^{\lambda}, R\Gamma_{\mathrm{pro\acute{e}t}}[\lambda])$
 $\simeq \mathrm{Vst}(\mathrm{Hom}_G(P_{\lambda}^{\lambda}[-], R\Gamma_{\mathrm{pro\acute{e}t}}[\lambda]))$
 $\simeq V_{\lambda}^{\lambda}.$

• $\mathrm{Hom}(\pi', H_{\mathrm{et}}^i) \simeq \mathrm{Hom}((\pi^{\mathrm{Irr}})^i, H_{\mathrm{pro\acute{e}t}}^i)$
 $\hookrightarrow \mathrm{Hom}(S_{\lambda}^{\mathrm{Irr}}, \pi^{\mathrm{Irr}}) =: H.$

Also, • $\pi^{\mathrm{Irr}} = 0$
 $\Rightarrow H \simeq \mathrm{Hom}(B^{\lambda}, \pi^{\mathrm{Irr}}), \widehat{B}^{\lambda} = \widehat{S_{\lambda}^{\mathrm{Irr}}} / S_{\lambda}^{\mathrm{Irr}} = 0.$
• $\pi^{\mathrm{Irr}} \neq 0$
 $\Rightarrow S_{\lambda}^{\mathrm{Irr}} \hookrightarrow \pi = \pi_{\lambda}^{\lambda}.$

Thm $0 \rightarrow W_{\lambda}^{\oplus 2} \rightarrow \pi\pi_{\mathrm{pro\acute{e}t}}(V_{\lambda}^{\lambda})' \rightarrow (S_{\lambda}^{\mathrm{Irr}})' \rightarrow 0.$

(works after applying $\mathrm{Hom}_{G_{\mathrm{pro\acute{e}t}}}(V_{\lambda}^{\lambda}, -)$.)

Have $\mathrm{Ext}^1((S_{\lambda}^{\mathrm{Irr}})', W_{\lambda}) \simeq \mathrm{Hom}(Q_p^{\times}, 1)$

$$(\mathrm{Irr}\pi_{\lambda}^{\lambda})' \rightarrow (\Sigma_{\lambda}^{\lambda})' \longleftrightarrow v_p - \lambda \cdot \log$$

Prop $\pi\pi_{\mathrm{pro\acute{e}t}}(V_{\lambda}^{\lambda}) \simeq \sum_{\lambda} \oplus W_{\lambda}^*$

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$

$$\pi\pi_{\mathrm{et}}(V_{\lambda}^{\lambda}) \simeq \pi_{\lambda}^{\lambda}$$

Note $\pi(v) = \mathrm{Hom}(v, H_{\mathrm{et}}^i)', \quad v \hookrightarrow \mathrm{Hom}(\pi(v)', H_{\mathrm{et}}^i).$

The conjecture

Setup F/\mathbb{Q}_p finite.

$H^1_F := \mathbb{P}^1_{\mathbb{F}} \setminus \mathbb{P}^1(F)$, W_λ^* , $S_{\mathbb{F}}^{F\text{-latt}}$, $S_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{lalg}}$ similarly.

$$G = G_{\mathrm{fr}}(\mathbb{F}), \quad \mathcal{G}_{\mathbb{F}} = \mathrm{Gal}_{\mathbb{F}} \quad \text{as } \pi_*. \quad \text{---}$$

$\tau: F \hookrightarrow \bar{\mathbb{Q}_p}$ fixed.

Can describe certain completions of S_{λ}^{alg} in terms of $\mathcal{L} \in \mathcal{L}$.

$$\mathrm{Ext}^1(W_\lambda^*, S_{\ell_\lambda}^{\mathrm{Flan}}) \cong \mathrm{Hom}^{\mathrm{Flan}}(F^\times, L) \cong \sum_{\lambda}^{\lambda} \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{HT wt } \\ \text{with } \tau' \neq \tau \end{array} \right)$$

Thm $\lambda \neq \infty, w(\lambda) > 1.$

\sum_{ω} is a nonzero Banach L-rep of G,

with a natural abelian quotient \mathbb{H}_x^λ , s.t. $\overset{\text{alg}}{\mathbb{H}_x^\lambda} \rightarrow \overset{\text{alg}}{S^1_x}$.

$$\text{Note} \quad \cdot \quad \pi_{\text{preet}}(v_x^\lambda) \approx \sum_x \oplus W_\lambda^x \Rightarrow \pi_{\text{er}}(v_x^\lambda) = \sum_x.$$

• $T \subset G$ Schottky subgroup s.t. $H_F/T \cong E_g$, $\log q = \lambda$.

$$H^1_{\text{\'et}}(E_{g,c}, N_{\lambda}(w)) \simeq V_{\lambda} \otimes (\mathbb{1} \oplus \chi_2).$$

IS

$$H^1_{\text{\'et}}[x]^{\Gamma}.$$

$$\cdot \quad L = \text{Hom}_\Gamma(1, \pi_{\text{ét}}(\mathcal{V}_g^\lambda)') = \text{Hom}(\sum_\alpha^\lambda, \underline{\mathcal{C}(G/\Gamma, L)})$$

π_2^λ adm (i.e. $\pi^{\text{F-lan}} \subset \Pi_{\text{dense}}$)

"Conj." Every adm unitary completion of St_λ of alg of F-bar type w/ alg vectors = $\text{St}_\lambda^{\text{alg}}$ is of the form π_λ^λ .