



### LAB 3

#### VLAN - VẠCH ĐƯỜNG LIÊN VLAN - OSPF

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Nhóm học phần: 03

#### 1. Cấu hình VLAN

Xem [video hướng dẫn](#) và thực hiện các yêu cầu sau:

Sử dụng file *Lab03-01 - VLANs.pkt*, thực hiện:

- Cấu hình địa chỉ IP và mặt nạ mạng cho các PC. Đặt gateway là địa chỉ khả dụng cuối cùng của subnet.

Pc1:

Display Name	PC1
Interfaces	FastEthernet0
Gateway/DNS IPv4	
<input type="radio"/> DHCP	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Static	
Default Gateway	10.0.0.62
IPv4 Address	10.0.0.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192

PC 2:

Display Name	PC2
Interfaces	FastEthernet0
Gateway/DNS IPv4	
<input type="radio"/> DHCP	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Static	
Default Gateway	10.0.0.62
IPv4 Address	10.0.0.2
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192

PC 3:

Display Name	PC3
Interfaces	FastEthernet0
Gateway/DNS IPv4	
<input type="radio"/> DHCP	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Static	
Default Gateway	10.0.0.126
IPv4 Address	10.0.0.65
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192

PC 4:

Display Name	PC4
Interfaces	FastEthernet0
Gateway/DNS IPv4	
<input type="radio"/> DHCP	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Static	
Default Gateway	10.0.0.126
IPv4 Address	10.0.0.66
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192

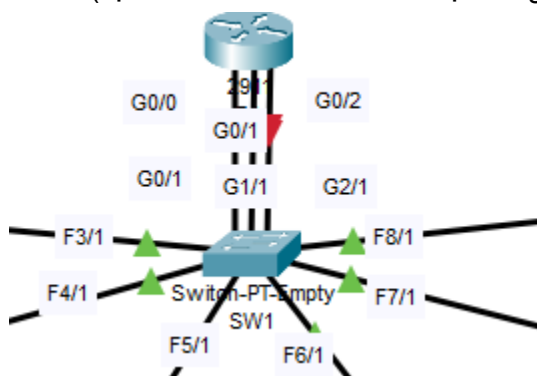
PC5:

Display Name	PC5
Interfaces	FastEthernet0
Gateway/DNS IPv4	
<input type="radio"/> DHCP	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Static	
Default Gateway	10.0.0.190
IPv4 Address	10.0.0.129
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192

PC6:

Display Name	PC6
Interfaces	FastEthernet0
Gateway/DNS IPv4	
<input type="radio"/> DHCP <input checked="" type="radio"/> Static	
Default Gateway	10.0.0.190
IPv4 Address	10.0.0.130
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192

- Tạo 3 nối kết giữa R1 và SW1. Cấu hình mỗi interface của R1 là gateway của 1 VLAN (địa chỉ IP của interface là địa chỉ gateway của subnet).



R1

```
R1(config)#int g0/0
R1(config-if)# ip address 10.0.0.62 255.255.255.192
R1(config-if)#no shutdown

R1(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0, chang

R1(config-if)#int g0/1
R1(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.126 255.255.255.192
R1(config-if)#no shutdown

R1(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, chang

R1(config-if)#int g0/2
R1(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.190 255.255.255.192
R1(config-if)#no shutdown
```

- Cấu hình VLAN cho các interface của SW1 phù hợp sơ đồ mạng, kể cả interface nối kết tới R1. Đặt tên cho các VLAN (Engineering, HR, Sales).

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa9/1
10	ENGINEERING	active	Gig0/1, Fa3/1, Fa4/1
20	HR	active	Gig1/1, Fa5/1, Fa6/1
30	SALES	active	Gig2/1, Fa7/1, Fa8/1
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	
1004	fddinet-default	active	
1005	trnet-default	active	

- Ping giữa các PC để kiểm tra nối kết (chụp hình minh họa).

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>
C:\>
C:\>ping 10.0.0.65

Pinging 10.0.0.65 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 10.0.0.65: bytes=32 time=48ms TTL=127
Reply from 10.0.0.65: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 10.0.0.65: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=127

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.65:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 48ms, Average = 19ms

C:\>ping 10.0.0.129

Pinging 10.0.0.129 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 10.0.0.129: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 10.0.0.129: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 10.0.0.129: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=127

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.129:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
```

- Hiển thị running-configuration của SW1 và R1 (chụp hình minh họa).

```
R1(config-if)#do sh ip int br
Interface                IP-Address      OK? Method Status      Protocol
GigabitEthernet0/0      10.0.0.62       YES manual up          up
GigabitEthernet0/1      10.0.0.126      YES manual up          up
GigabitEthernet0/2      10.0.0.190      YES manual up          up
Vlan1                   unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
R1(config-if)#
```

R1

Physical
Config
CLI
Attributes

IOS Command Lin

```
!
!
!
!
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
 ip address 10.0.0.62 255.255.255.192
 duplex auto
 speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
 ip address 10.0.0.126 255.255.255.192
 duplex auto
 speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
 ip address 10.0.0.190 255.255.255.192
 duplex auto
 speed auto
!
interface Vlan1
 no ip address
 shutdown
!
ip classless
!
ip flow-export version 9
!
!
!
no cdp run
!
!
!
--More--
```

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa9/1
10	ENGINEERING	active	Gig0/1, Fa3/1, Fa4/1
20	HR	active	Gig1/1, Fa5/1, Fa6/1
30	SALES	active	Gig2/1, Fa7/1, Fa8/1
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	
1004	fddinet-default	active	
1005	trnet-default	active	

SW1

Physical   Config   **CLI**   Attributes

IOS Command Line Inter

```

spanning-tree mode pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
  switchport access vlan 10
  switchport mode access
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/1
  switchport access vlan 20
  switchport mode access
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/1
  switchport access vlan 30
  switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet3/1
  switchport access vlan 10
  switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet4/1
  switchport access vlan 10
  switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet5/1
  switchport access vlan 20
  switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet6/1
  switchport access vlan 20
  switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet7/1
  switchport access vlan 30
  switchport mode access
!
    
```

Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus

## 2. ROAS

Xem [video hướng dẫn](#) và thực hiện các yêu cầu sau:

Sử dụng file *Lab03-02 - ROAS.pkt*, thực hiện:

- Cấu hình VLAN cho các interface của các switch SW1, SW2 phù hợp với sơ đồ mạng.

```

10 VLAN0010 active Gig0/1, Gig0/2
30 VLAN0030 active Fa0/1, Fa0/2
1002 fddi-default active Fa0/3, Fa0/4
1003 token-ring-default active
1004 fddinet-default active
1005 trnet-default active
SW1(config-if)#

```

- Cấu hình nối kết giữa SW1 và SW2 hỗ trợ trunking cho các VLAN cần thiết. Cấu hình các VLAN không dùng là native VLAN. Đảm bảo là các VLAN cần thiết đều được cấu hình.

```

10 VLAN0010 active Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23
30 VLAN0030 active Gig0/2
1002 fddi-default active Fa0/1, Fa0/2
1003 token-ring-default active Fa0/3, Fa0/4
1004 fddinet-default active
1005 trnet-default active
SW1(config-if)#

```

```

Port      Mode      Encapsulation  Status        Native vlan
Gig0/1    on        802.1q         trunking      1001

Port      Vlans allowed on trunk
Gig0/1    10,30

Port      Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Gig0/1    10,30

Port      Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Gig0/1    10,30

```

- Cấu hình nối kết giữa SW2 và R1 sử dụng router on a stick (ROAS). Gán địa chỉ khả dụng cuối cùng của mỗi subnet cho các subinterface của R1.
- Kiểm tra nối kết giữa các PC bằng lệnh ping (chụp hình minh họa).

PC7

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

Command Prompt

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>
C:\>
C:\>ping 10.0.0.1

Pinging 10.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=37ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 37ms, Average = 9ms
C:\>
```

```
C:\>ping 10.0.0.65

Pinging 10.0.0.65 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 10.0.0.65: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=127
Reply from 10.0.0.65: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 10.0.0.65: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.65:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
C:\>
```

```
C:\>ping 10.0.0.129

Pinging 10.0.0.129 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 10.0.0.129: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 10.0.0.129: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 10.0.0.129: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.129:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```



- Hiển thị running-configuration của SW1 và R1 (chụp hình minh họa).

```
hostname SW1
!
!
!
!
!
no spanning-tree vlan 1-4094
spanning-tree mode pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
!
interface FastEthernet0/1
 switchport access vlan 10
 switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet0/2
 switchport access vlan 10
 switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet0/3
 switchport access vlan 30
 switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet0/4
 switchport access vlan 30
 switchport mode access
!

interface GigabitEthernet0/0
 no ip address
 duplex auto
 speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0.10
 encapsulation dot1Q 10
 ip address 10.0.0.62 255.255.255.192
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0.20
 encapsulation dot1Q 20
 ip address 10.0.0.126 255.255.255.192
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0.30
 encapsulation dot1Q 30
 ip address 10.0.0.190 255.255.255.192
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
 no ip address
 duplex auto
 speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
 no ip address
 duplex auto
 speed auto
 shutdown
!
```

### 3. Multilayer Switching

Xem [video hướng dẫn](#) và thực hiện các yêu cầu sau:

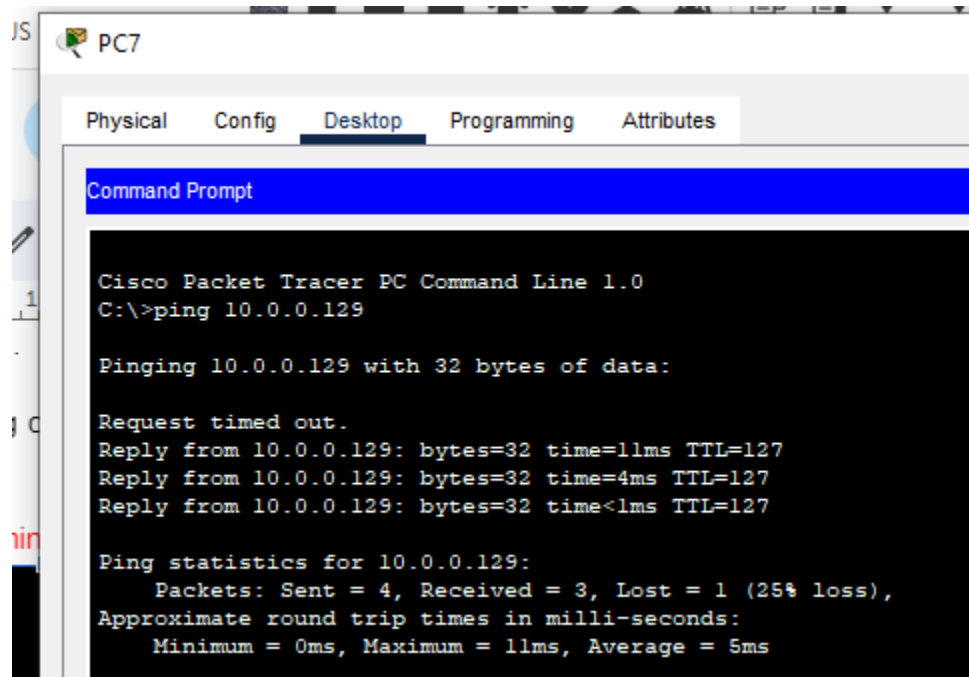
Sử dụng file *Lab03-03 - Multilayer Switching.pkt*, thực hiện:

- Cấu thiết trong sơ đồ mạng đã được cấu hình giống như Câu 2 trong bài thực hành. Trong đó các PC đã được cấu hình VLAN phù hợp, nối kết giữa SW1 và SW2 đã được trunking phù hợp. R1 và SW2 được nối kết sử dụng ROAS.

```
R1(config)#int g0/0
R1(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.194 255.255.255.252
```

Vlan1	unassigned	YES unset	administratively down	down
Vlan10	10.0.0.62	YES manual	up	up
Vlan20	10.0.0.126	YES manual	up	up
Vlan30	10.0.0.190	YES manual	up	up

- Thay thế cấu hình ROAS của nối kết R1-SW2 thành nối kết point-to-point layer 3. Cấu hình default route cho SW2 với next-hop là interface G0/0 của R1.
- Cấu hình các SVI cho mỗi VLAN trên SW2. Gán địa chỉ IP khả dụng cuối cùng của subnet cho mỗi SVI.
- Kiểm tra nối kết giữa các PC ở các VLAN bằng lệnh ping (**chụp hình minh họa**). PC7 ping PC3



- Cấu hình sao cho các PC có thể ping tới Internet (địa chỉ 1.1.1.1) (chụp hình minh họa).

PC1 ping internet :

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 1.1.1.1

Pinging 1.1.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 1.1.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=253
Reply from 1.1.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=253
Reply from 1.1.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=253

Ping statistics for 1.1.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
```

PC3 ping internet :

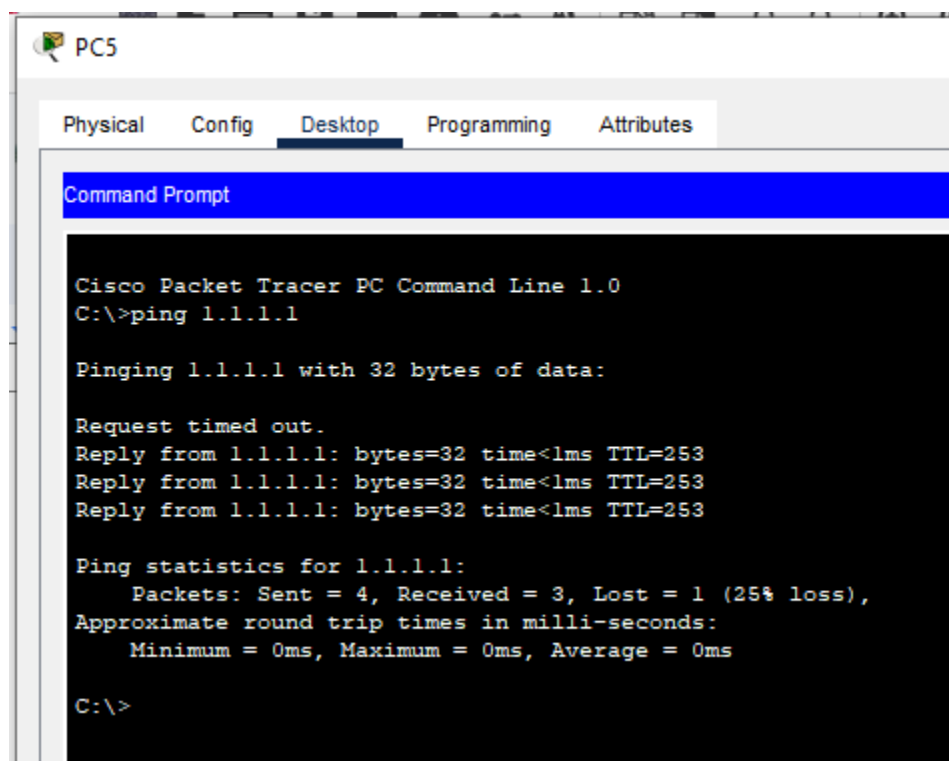
```
Pinging 1.1.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Reply from 1.1.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=253

Ping statistics for 1.1.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 1, Lost = 3 (75% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
```

PC5 ping internet



The screenshot shows a Cisco Packet Tracer interface with the 'Desktop' tab selected for PC5. A Command Prompt window is open, displaying the output of a ping command to 1.1.1.1. The output shows a 25% packet loss (1 out of 4 packets lost) and a request timeout.

```
PC5
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes
Command Prompt

Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 1.1.1.1

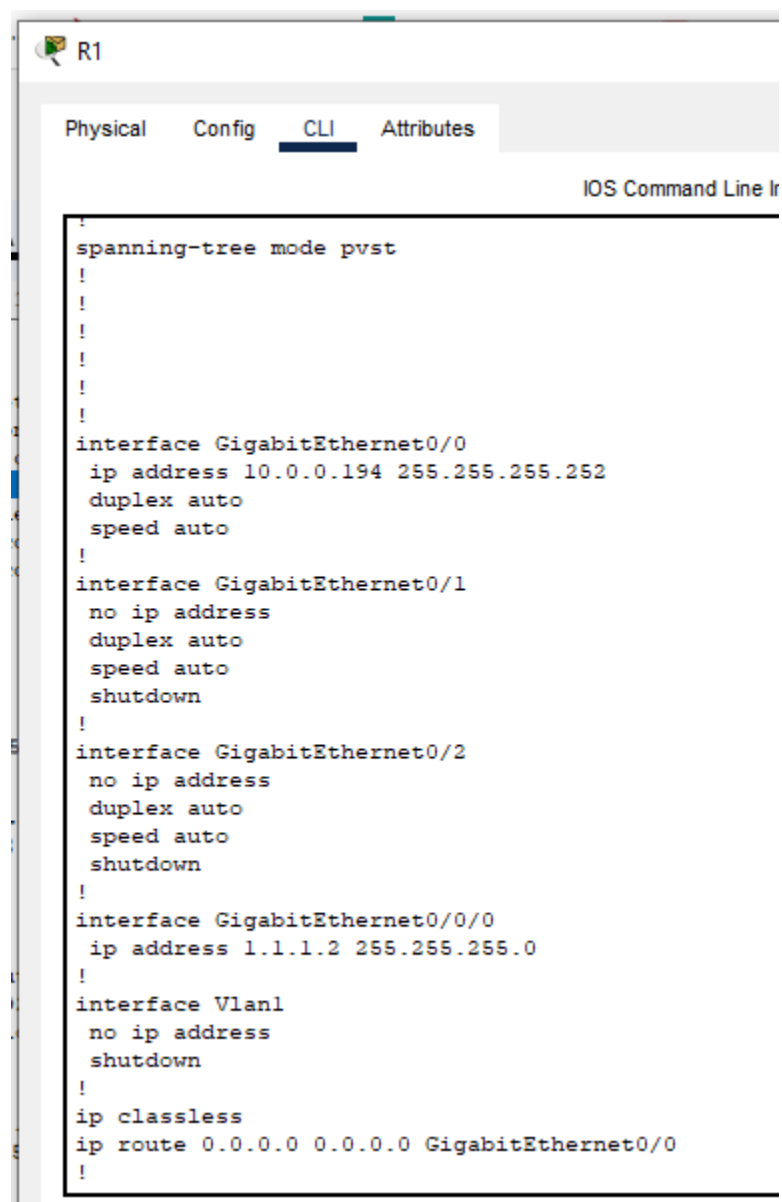
Pinging 1.1.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 1.1.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=253
Reply from 1.1.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=253
Reply from 1.1.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=253

Ping statistics for 1.1.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
```

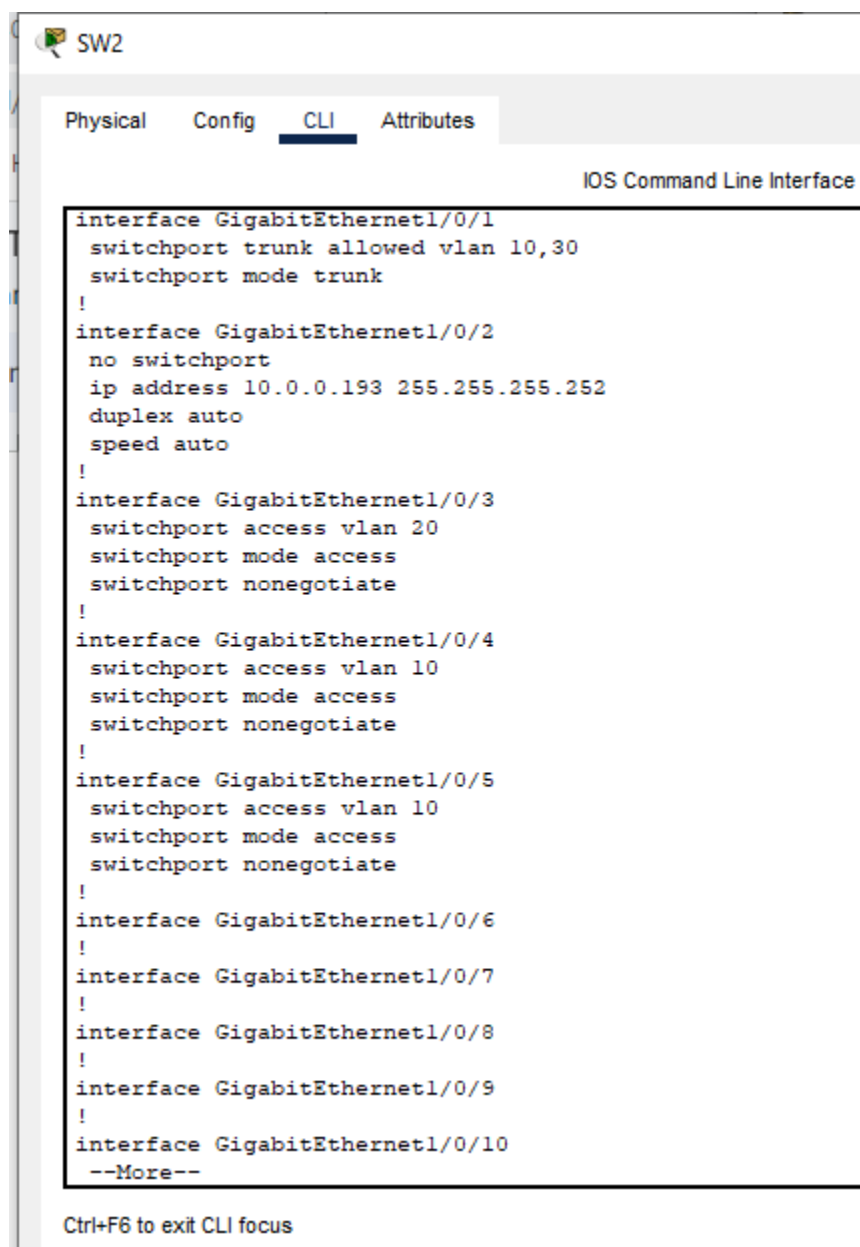
- Hiển thị running-configuration SW2 và R1 (chụp hình minh họa).  
R1:



The screenshot shows a network configuration window for a device labeled 'R1'. The window has four tabs: 'Physical', 'Config', 'CLI', and 'Attributes'. The 'CLI' tab is selected and highlighted. The title bar of the CLI window reads 'IOS Command Line Interface'. The CLI window contains a list of configuration commands, each preceded by an exclamation mark (!) indicating a new configuration mode or command entry. The commands are as follows:

```
!
spanning-tree mode pvst
!
!
!
!
!
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
 ip address 10.0.0.194 255.255.255.252
 duplex auto
 speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
 no ip address
 duplex auto
 speed auto
 shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
 no ip address
 duplex auto
 speed auto
 shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
 ip address 1.1.1.2 255.255.255.0
!
interface Vlan1
 no ip address
 shutdown
!
ip classless
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 GigabitEthernet0/0
!
```

SW2:



The screenshot shows a network management interface for a switch labeled 'SW2'. At the top, there are four tabs: 'Physical', 'Config', 'CLI', and 'Attributes'. The 'CLI' tab is selected and highlighted with a blue underline. Below the tabs, the text 'IOS Command Line Interface' is displayed. The main area contains a list of configuration commands for various interfaces. The commands are as follows:

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1
  switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,30
  switchport mode trunk
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/2
  no switchport
  ip address 10.0.0.193 255.255.255.252
  duplex auto
  speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/3
  switchport access vlan 20
  switchport mode access
  switchport nonegotiate
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/4
  switchport access vlan 10
  switchport mode access
  switchport nonegotiate
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/5
  switchport access vlan 10
  switchport mode access
  switchport nonegotiate
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/6
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/7
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/8
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/9
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/10
--More--
```

At the bottom of the interface, the text 'Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus' is displayed.

```

interface Vlan1
  no ip address
  shutdown
!
interface Vlan10
  mac-address 0060.5c04.5a01
  ip address 10.0.0.62 255.255.255.192
!
interface Vlan20
  mac-address 0060.5c04.5a02
  ip address 10.0.0.126 255.255.255.192
!
interface Vlan30
  mac-address 0060.5c04.5a03
  ip address 10.0.0.190 255.255.255.192
!
ip classless
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.0.0.194
!
ip flow-export version 9
!
!
!

```

#### 4. Vạch đường động sử dụng giao thức OSPF

Xem [video hướng dẫn](#) (tới phút 13) và thực hiện các yêu cầu sau:

Sử dụng file *Lab03-04 - OSPF Part 1.pkt*, thực hiện:

- Cấu hình hostname và địa chỉ IP cho mỗi thiết bị trong sơ đồ mạng. Bật các interface của các router lên. (Không cần cấu hình router ISPR1)
- Cấu hình 1 loopback interface trên mỗi router (1.1.1.1/32 cho R1, 2.2.2.2/32 cho R2, v.v.)

```

R1(config)#do sh ip int br
Interface                IP-Address      OK? Method Status      Protocol
GigabitEthernet0/0       10.0.12.1       YES manual up          up
FastEthernet1/0          10.0.13.1       YES manual up          up
FastEthernet2/0          unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
GigabitEthernet3/0       203.0.113.1     YES manual up          up
Loopback0                 1.1.1.1         YES manual up          up

R2(config)#do sh ip int br
Interface                IP-Address      OK? Method Status      Protocol
GigabitEthernet0/0       10.0.12.2       YES manual up          up
FastEthernet1/0          10.0.24.1       YES manual up          up
FastEthernet2/0          unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
Loopback0                 2.2.2.2         YES manual up          up

R3(config)#do sh ip int br
Interface                IP-Address      OK? Method Status      Protocol
GigabitEthernet0/0       unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
FastEthernet1/0          10.0.13.2       YES manual up          up
FastEthernet2/0          10.0.34.1       YES manual up          up
Loopback0                 3.3.3.3         YES manual up          up

```

```
R4(config)#do sh ip int br
Interface IP-Address OK? Method Status Protocol
GigabitEthernet0/0 192.168.4.254 YES manual up up
FastEthernet1/0 10.0.24.2 YES manual up up
FastEthernet2/0 10.0.34.2 YES manual up up
Loopback0 4.4.4.4 YES manual up up
```

- Cấu hình OSPF trên mỗi router:
  - Bật OSPF trên mỗi interface (bao gồm cả loopback interface), không cần cấu hình OSPF cho nối kết từ R1 đến ISPR1.
  - Cấu hình passive interface phù hợp (bao gồm cả loopback interface)
- Cấu hình R1 là (ASBR Autonomous System Boundary Router) để quảng bá default route tới các router khác.

```
R1#show ip protocols

Routing Protocol is "ospf 1"
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Router ID 1.1.1.1
  It is an autonomous system boundary router
  Redistributing External Routes from,
  Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa
  Maximum path: 4
  Routing for Networks:
    10.0.12.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
    10.0.13.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
    1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 area 0
  Passive Interface(s):
    Loopback0
  Routing Information Sources:
    Gateway         Distance      Last Update
    1.1.1.1          110          00:04:24
    2.2.2.2          110          00:07:52
    3.3.3.3          110          00:07:48
    4.4.4.4          110          00:10:32
  Distance: (default is 110)
  --More--
```

- Hiển thị routing table của các router (chụp hình minh họa).  
Do show ip route  
R1:

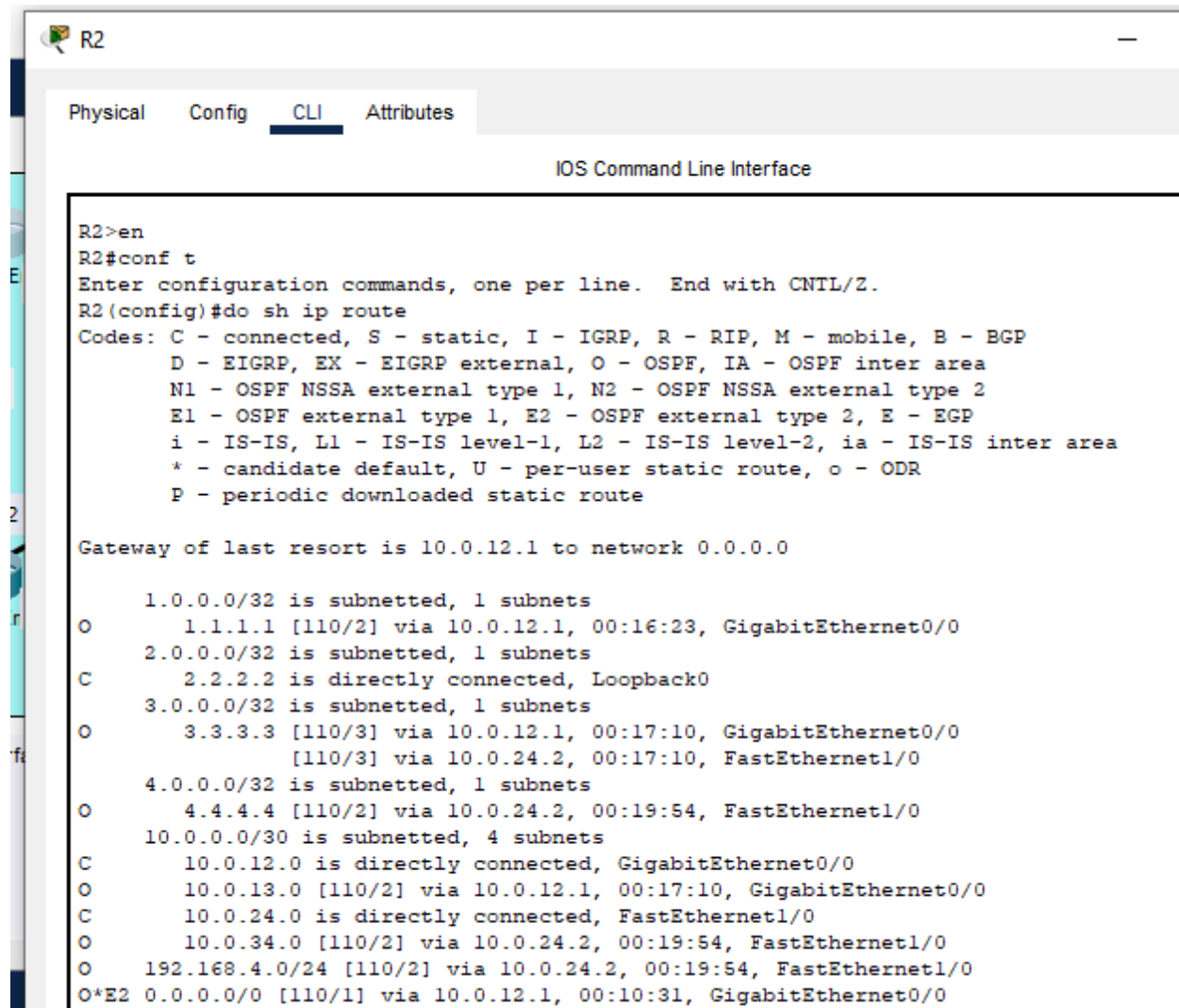


```
R1(config)#do sh ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
        D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
        N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
        E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
        i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
        * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
        P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 203.0.113.2 to network 0.0.0.0

    1.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C      1.1.1.1 is directly connected, Loopback0
    2.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O      2.2.2.2 [110/2] via 10.0.12.2, 00:16:31, GigabitEthernet0/0
    3.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O      3.3.3.3 [110/2] via 10.0.13.2, 00:16:31, FastEthernet1/0
    4.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O      4.4.4.4 [110/3] via 10.0.12.2, 00:16:31, GigabitEthernet0/0
        [110/3] via 10.0.13.2, 00:16:31, FastEthernet1/0
    10.0.0.0/30 is subnetted, 4 subnets
C      10.0.12.0 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
C      10.0.13.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet1/0
--More--
```

R2



```

R2>en
R2#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R2(config)#do sh ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 10.0.12.1 to network 0.0.0.0

    1.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O      1.1.1.1 [110/2] via 10.0.12.1, 00:16:23, GigabitEthernet0/0
    2.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C      2.2.2.2 is directly connected, Loopback0
    3.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O      3.3.3.3 [110/3] via 10.0.12.1, 00:17:10, GigabitEthernet0/0
       [110/3] via 10.0.24.2, 00:17:10, FastEthernet1/0
    4.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O      4.4.4.4 [110/2] via 10.0.24.2, 00:19:54, FastEthernet1/0
   10.0.0.0/30 is subnetted, 4 subnets
C      10.0.12.0 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
O      10.0.13.0 [110/2] via 10.0.12.1, 00:17:10, GigabitEthernet0/0
C      10.0.24.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet1/0
O      10.0.34.0 [110/2] via 10.0.24.2, 00:19:54, FastEthernet1/0
O     192.168.4.0/24 [110/2] via 10.0.24.2, 00:19:54, FastEthernet1/0
O*E2 0.0.0.0/0 [110/1] via 10.0.12.1, 00:10:31, GigabitEthernet0/0
  
```

R3

```

R3(config)#do show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
        D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
        N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
        E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
        i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
        * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
        P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 10.0.13.1 to network 0.0.0.0

    1.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O       1.1.1.1 [110/2] via 10.0.13.1, 00:17:55, FastEthernet1/0
    2.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O       2.2.2.2 [110/3] via 10.0.13.1, 00:18:42, FastEthernet1/0
        [110/3] via 10.0.34.2, 00:18:42, FastEthernet2/0
    3.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C       3.3.3.3 is directly connected, Loopback0
    4.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O       4.4.4.4 [110/2] via 10.0.34.2, 00:27:35, FastEthernet2/0
   10.0.0.0/30 is subnetted, 4 subnets
O       10.0.12.0 [110/2] via 10.0.13.1, 00:18:42, FastEthernet1/0
C       10.0.13.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet1/0
O       10.0.24.0 [110/2] via 10.0.34.2, 00:21:21, FastEthernet2/0
C       10.0.34.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet2/0
O      192.168.4.0/24 [110/2] via 10.0.34.2, 00:27:35, FastEthernet2/0
O*E2 0.0.0.0/0 [110/1] via 10.0.13.1, 00:12:03, FastEthernet1/0

```

R4

```
R4>en
R4#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R4(config)#do show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 10.0.24.1 to network 0.0.0.0

    1.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O      1.1.1.1 [110/3] via 10.0.24.1, 00:19:43, FastEthernet1/0
        [110/3] via 10.0.34.1, 00:19:43, FastEthernet2/0
    2.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O      2.2.2.2 [110/2] via 10.0.24.1, 00:22:48, FastEthernet1/0
    3.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O      3.3.3.3 [110/2] via 10.0.34.1, 00:27:54, FastEthernet2/0
    4.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C      4.4.4.4 is directly connected, Loopback0
    10.0.0.0/30 is subnetted, 4 subnets
O      10.0.12.0 [110/2] via 10.0.24.1, 00:20:30, FastEthernet1/0
O      10.0.13.0 [110/2] via 10.0.34.1, 00:20:30, FastEthernet2/0
C      10.0.24.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet1/0
C      10.0.34.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet2/0
C      192.168.4.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
O*E2 0.0.0.0/0 [110/1] via 10.0.24.1, 00:13:51, FastEthernet1/0
        [110/1] via 10.0.34.1, 00:13:51, FastEthernet2/0
```

##### 5. Vạch đường động sử dụng giao thức EIGRP (Không bắt buộc)

Xem [video hướng dẫn](#) và thực hiện các yêu cầu sau:

Sử dụng file *Lab03-05 - EIGRP Configuration.pkt*, thực hiện:

- Cấu hình hostname và địa chỉ IP cho mỗi thiết bị trong sơ đồ mạng. Bật các interface của các router lên.
- Cấu hình 1 loopback interface trên mỗi router (1.1.1.1/32 cho R1, 2.2.2.2/32 cho R2, v.v.)
- Cấu hình EIGRP trên mỗi router:
  - Tắt chức năng auto-summary
  - Bật EIGRP trên mỗi interface (bao gồm cả loopback interface)
  - Cấu hình passive interface phù hợp (bao gồm cả loopback interface)
- **KHÔNG CẦN** cấu hình R1 hỗ trợ unequal-cost load-balancing khi gửi dữ liệu tới địa chỉ 192.168.4.0/24
- Hiển thị routing table của các router (**chụp hình minh họa**).

--- Hết ---