人工神经网络 第三次作业 实验报告

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实验概述

本次实验使用实现的循环神经网络及其变种(GRU,LSTM),完成生成文本任务, 并进一步分析得到了几种RNN的不同性质。特别的,实现了top-p采样与cross-entrophy loss并进行相关参数的实验。

问题回答

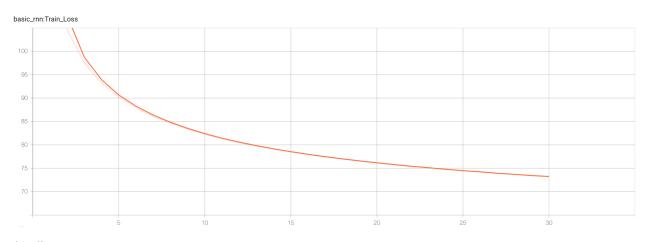
1 给出三种单层RNN的损失曲线和性能参数,并进行比较

三种RNN的损失曲线与性能参数如下所示。

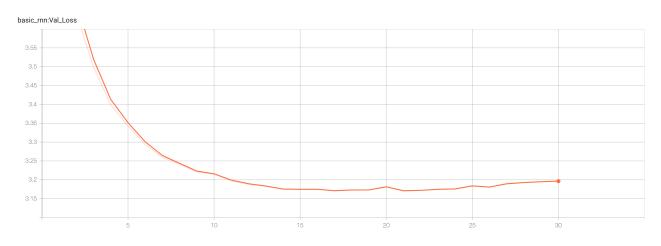
普通RNN:

min Perplexity	Foward BLEU	Backward BLEU	Harmonic BLEU
20.48	0.287	0.309	0.297

训练集Loss



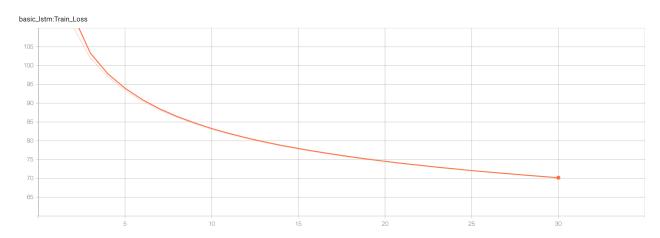
验证集Loss



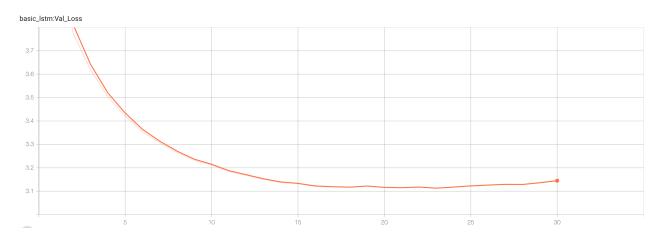
LSTM:

min Perplexity	Foward BLEU	Backward BLEU	Harmonic BLEU
19.36	0.296	0.320	0.307

训练集Loss



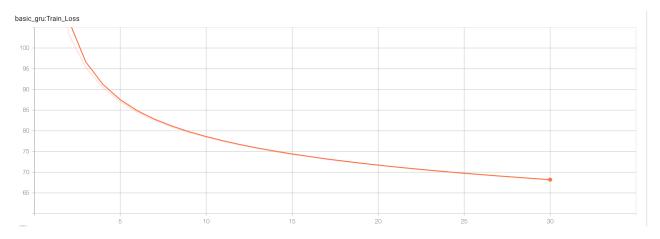
验证集Loss



GRU:

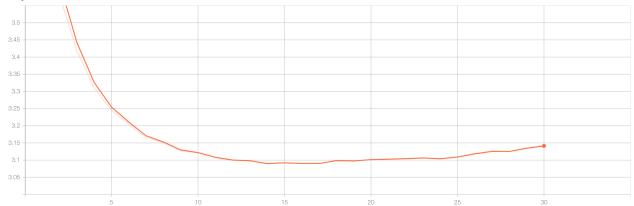
min Perplexity	Foward BLEU	Backward BLEU	Harmonic BLEU
19.12	0.306	0.323	0.315

训练集Loss



验证集Loss





可以看到如下特征:

- 性能上GRU和LSTM都优于普通RNN,相比之下GRU又优于LSTM。前两者从perplexity上,分别比普通RNN高1.36和1.12,从Forward BLEU, Backward BLEU, Harmonic BLEU上看,分别高于(0.009,0.019,0.010)和(0.019,0.022,0.018)。
- 以valid集合达到最小为标准,从收敛速度来看,普通RNN(3m18s)收敛最快,其次是GRU(6m48s),最后是LSTM(12m48s)。
- 从训练图像来看,普通RNN容易过拟合,而GRU和LSTM不容易过拟合。
- 可以看出GRU和LSTM总体来说比较相近,他们对普通的RNN都有提高,但是需要花费更多的时间,在不同的需求下,需要做出权衡。如果对时间有要求,对效率要求不是特别高,应该选择普通RNN,不然应该选择GRU或者LSTM。

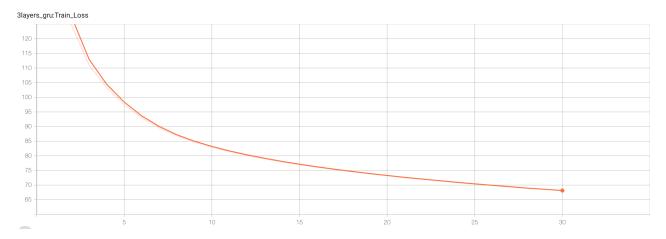
2 对性能最好的单层RNN进行多层实验并分析

对性能最好的GRU进行3层实验:

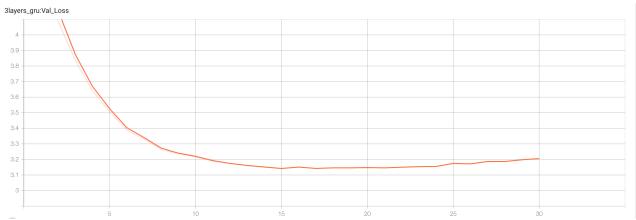
三层GRU:

min Perplexity	Foward BLEU	Backward BLEU	Harmonic BLEU
20.08	0.301	0.307	0.304

训练集Loss



验证集Loss



可以看到,三层实验下GRU的所有性能有略有下降,在进行的2层实验中结果相同(由于篇幅略去)。分析其原因,可能是因为在这样小规模的任务下,层数越多,越有可能发生过拟合。因此在本人无暇还是应该选择单层GRU。

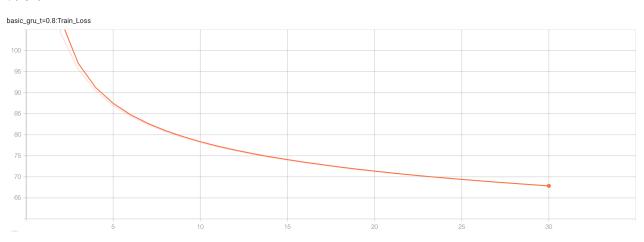
3 对上述最好模型,加入并检验topp与temperature的作用

上述的最好模型为1layer的GRU,加入实验如下。

Temperature=0.8:

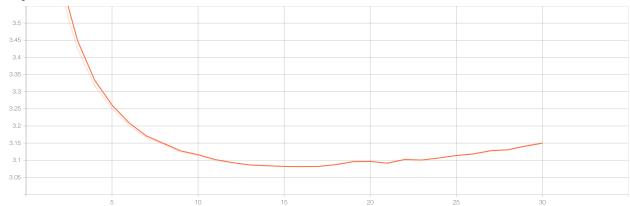
min Perplexity	Foward BLEU	Backward BLEU	Harmonic BLEU
18.87	0.284	0.305	0.294

训练集Loss



验证集Loss



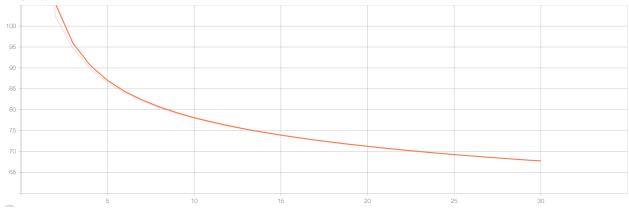


Top-p = 0.8:

min Perplexity	Foward BLEU	Backward BLEU	Harmonic BLEU
18.69	0.300	0.315	0.317

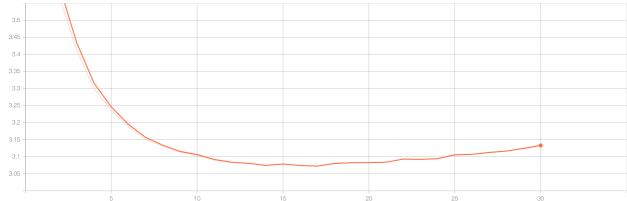
训练集Loss





验证集Loss

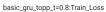
basic_gru_topp:Val_Loss

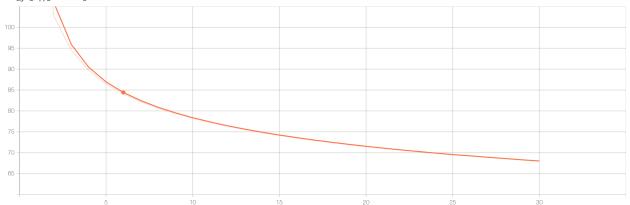


Temperature=0.8 且 Top-p = 0.8:

min Perplexity	Foward BLEU	Backward BLEU	Harmonic BLEU
19.00	0.294	0.315	0.304

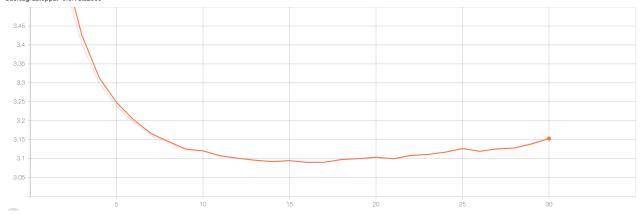
训练集Loss





验证集Loss





可以看到如下特征:

- 增加top-p与temperature都可以有效地降低perplexity,其中只加入top-p的方式降低perplexity幅度最大;
- 增加top-p和temperature可以加快收敛速率。但是增加tempoerature会让训练波动更大。其原因是让分布更加尖锐,所以可能出现过度放大现象;
- 增加top-p会增加BLEU值,而temperature会减小BLEU值,估计其原因同上,与过度尖锐化分布有 关。

4 对实验给出的句子,结合Perplexity与BLEU参数进行分析

先分析BLEU参数的作用,比较GRU temperature 与 topp的实验(**perpelxity相同,BLEU后者较** 高)。

temperature=0.8:

The large tower signs and red airplane in flight from an airfield .

A very cute group of sheep grazing on a field .

A couple of birds laying behind each other next to a bench .

Two rams while standing on a bench in one of a town .

Four giraffes standing in zebras and tall grass near a building .

The view under a dock in a mirror with a colorful walk .

A man wearing glasses stocked with a shoe sink .

The dog is standing in the dress while a bird with its nose pressed .

A group of people walking down a street waiting for herself .

A bride shot of a girl at the end of a helicopter .

Topp:

A man riding a motorcycle in front of a crowd .

A two jet plane flying over a river with a kite running down .

A group of different toilets sitting next to each other on a metal log .

Three giraffes places with people standing on the ground near a giraffe in the middle of a colored - bottle construction sniffs sitting in the decorations .

a commercial plane is in the sky and near grass .

A modern against a white and silver double decker bus traveling down to it .

A herd of sheep standing together in the zoo .

Multiple scene of people on motorcycles making the cell beside .

People huddled on a desk with a black bow something to be side .

An old trash can is in the corner next to a wall .

可以看到如下结论:

- Forward BLEU较大的语法错误较少。topp只有4、9两句有语法错误(running on错误,有重复主语),而temperature除了第二,三七句之外都有语法错误(缺少介词,宾语使用错误等)。
- Backward BIEU较大的有更多词汇的运用。 比如只看开始词, temperature只有A与the或者数字,而topp有construction, multiple, people出现。
- 总体而言 Harmonic BLEU更大,效果更好。可以看到后者的句子更有意义。

然后分析Perplexity参数的作用:取GRU和添加了topp的GRU的结果比较(topp如上)。

单层GRU:

```
A man 's with a man are sitting on a bench.

A young boy wearing a paddle hanging from a silver walkway.

Bathroom sink is open toilet by side mirror.

The giraffe is getting ready to reach fence around the ocean.

This is a bus parked next to a trailer of a sailboat.

A room that has a sink in it with a pan of flowers.

A woman is laying on the back of a busy street.

A large airplane has parked in front of the mirror street.

A photo of photograph taken a bicycle on a runway.

The parked is flowing the dispenser of a bus stop.
```

可以看到,相比于添加了topp的GRU,单层GRU生成的句子更加简单,语法错误较多,阅读流畅性也很低,句子意义更不明确。

经过比对,最好效果的网络为top-p=0.8的GRU单层网络。

5 给出最好实验的参数与测试结果

综上所示,最好的参数为**单层添加top-p参数为0.8的GRU网络**,将epoch调整至30,其他参数都使用默认参数。其最终测试结果为:

min Perplexity	Foward BLEU	Backward BLEU	Harmonic BLEU
18.69	0.300	0.315	0.317

在实验中还尝试调整了learning_rate与word_embedding的大小,均没有得到更好的结果。因此最后选择的参数如上。