Kolmogorov Forward Equation and its Application In Proving Dupire's Formula

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TODO

Key words: Kolmogorov forward equation, local volatility, Dupire's formula

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Kolmogorov Forward Equation
- 2.1. Background
- 2.2. Kolmogorov Forward Equation (KFE)

THEOREM 1 (Kolmogorov Forward Equation). The transition probability density p(t,y|s,x) defined for s < t as $P_{x,s}(X_t \in dy) = p(t,y|s,x)dy$ satisfies the partial differential equation, for every fixed $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$:

$$\frac{\partial p(t, y|s, x)}{\partial t} = \mathcal{A}_t^* p(t, y|s, x), \ (t, y) \in (s, \infty) \times \mathbb{R}^n$$
$$\lim_{t \to s} p(t, y|s, x) dy = \delta(y - x)$$

where $\delta_x(\cdot)$ is the Dirac delta function.

Proof. TODO

- 2.3. Notes on KFE
- 3. Dupire's Formula: An Application of KFE
- 3.1. Introduction to Local Volatility
- 3.2. Dupire's Formula