

$$1.3 \quad a) \quad Y = \sqrt{X}$$

$$X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$$

$$Y \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$$

XY - максимум (горизонт)

$$X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda) \Rightarrow E(X) = \frac{1}{\lambda} = 7 \quad \lambda = \frac{1}{7}$$

$$f_X(x) = f_Y(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x} = \frac{1}{7} \cdot e^{-x/7} \quad x > 0$$

$$F_X(x) = F_Y(x) = 1 - e^{-x\lambda} = 1 - e^{-x/7}$$

б) $Z = \max(X, Y) \rightarrow$ определить максимум случайных

$$X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda) \Rightarrow F_Z(z) = (1 - e^{-z\lambda})^2$$

$$Y \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$$

$$1.2 \quad a) \quad Y = \sqrt{X}$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

$$F_Y(y) = P(Y < x) = P(\sqrt{x} < x) = P(x < x^2) = F_X(x^2) = 1 - e^{-\lambda x^2}$$

$$f_Y(y) = (F_Y(x))' = (1 - e^{-\lambda x^2})' = 2\lambda x e^{-\lambda x^2}, \quad x > 0$$

$$\delta) \quad g(x) = \frac{1}{\lambda} \ln x = g'(y) = e^y \quad (e^y)' = \lambda e^{\lambda y}$$

$$f_Y(y) = \lambda e^{-\lambda y} \lambda e^{\lambda y} = \lambda^2 x (y - e^{\lambda y}) \quad y \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$1.1.a \quad Y = 2X - 1$$

$$X \quad -2 \quad -1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2$$

$$f_X(x) \quad 0.1 \quad 0.2 \quad 0.3 \quad 0.3 \quad 0.1$$

$$g(x) = 2x - 1 \quad -5 \quad -3 \quad -1 \quad 1 \quad 3$$

$$f_X(x) \quad 0.1 \quad 0.2 \quad 0.3 \quad 0.3 \quad 0.1$$

$$P(Y = -5) = P(2x - 1 = -5) = P(X = -2) = 0.1$$

$$P(Y = -3) = P(X = -1) = 0.2$$

$$P(Y = -1) = P(X = 0) = 0.3$$

$$P(Y = 1) = P(X = 1) = 0.3$$

$$P(Y = 3) = P(X = 2) = 0.1$$

$$b) \quad Y = X^2 + 1$$

$$X \quad -2 \quad -1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2$$

$$g(x) \quad 5 \quad 2 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 5$$

$$f_X(x) \quad 0.1 \quad 0.2 \quad 0.3 \quad 0.3 \quad 0.1$$

$$P(Y = 5) = (P(X = -2) + P(X = 2)) = 0.1 + 0.1 = 0.2$$

$$P(Y = 2) = P(X = -1) = 0.2 + 0.3 = 0.5$$

$$P(Y = 1) = P(X = 0) = 0.3$$

тархалым
хугацаа

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$$7.4 \quad f_x(x) = \frac{1}{\pi(1+x^2)}$$

$$a) \quad y = 1/x$$

$$F_x(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x f_x(x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^x \frac{1}{\pi(1+x^2)} dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^x \frac{1}{\pi(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^x d(\operatorname{arctg} x) = \frac{1}{\pi} (\operatorname{arctg} x + \frac{\pi}{2})$$

$$F_y(y) = P(y < x) = P(1/x < x) = 1 - F_x\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$F_y(y) = \frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{\pi} (\operatorname{arctg} 1/x + \pi/2) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{\pi} \operatorname{arctg} 1/x,$$

$$b) \quad y = \operatorname{arctg} x$$

$$F_y(y) = \frac{1}{\pi(1+\operatorname{tg}^2 y)} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 y}$$