## **ASSIGNMENT-2** NAME: D. Guna vardhan REG-NO: 192372041 SUBJECT: Python CODE: CSA0898

1. Converting roman numbers to integers?

```
Output
main.py
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                                                                         Run
 1 roman = "MCMXCIV"
                                                                                  1994
 2 roman_values = {'I': 1, 'V': 5, 'X': 10, 'L': 50, 'C': 100, 'D': 500,
                                                                                  === Code Execution Successful ===
 4 \text{ total} = 0
 5 prev_value = 0
   for char in reversed(roman):
8
        value = roman_values[char]
        if value < prev_value:</pre>
9 -
10
            total -= value
            total += value
13
       prev_value = value
14
15 print(total)
16
```

2. write a function to find the longest common prefix string of an array of strings. if there is no common prefix, return an empty string.

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                                                                             Output
main.py
                                                                            f1
1 def longest_common_prefix(strs):
       if not strs:
                                                                           === Code Execution Successful ===
3
5
       prefix = strs[0]
       for s in strs[1:]:
6
           while not s.startswith(prefix):
               prefix = prefix[:-1]
8
9
               if not prefix:
10
       return prefix
12
13
14 strings = ["flower", "flow", "flight"]
15
   print(longest_common_prefix(strings))
16
```

3. Given the root of a binary tree and an integer of target sum return true if the tree has a root to leaf such that adding up all the values?

```
15
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main.py
                                                                        Run
                                                                               True
       def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
           self.val = val
                                                                                 === Code Execution Successful ===
           self.left = left
4
           self.right = right
6
7 def has_path_sum(root, target_sum):
8
       if not root:
           return False
9
10
       if not root.left and not root.right:
           return root.val == target_sum
       return (has_path_sum(root.left, target_sum - root.val) or
               has_path_sum(root.right, target_sum - root.val))
16 root = TreeNode(5,
           TreeNode(4,
18
               TreeNode(11, TreeNode(7), TreeNode(2))
19
20
           TreeNode(8, TreeNode(13), TreeNode(4))
21
22 target_sum = 22
23 print(has_path_sum(root, target_sum))
```

4. binary tree traversal?

```
main.py
                                               1. ×
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                                                                       Run
                                                                                  Output
 1 class TreeNode:
                                                                                In-order: [4, 2, 5, 1, 3]
       def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
                                                                                Pre-order: [1, 2, 4, 5, 3]
            self.val = val
                                                                                Post-order: [4, 5, 2, 3, 1]
           self.left = left
 4
                                                                                === Code Execution Successful ===
           self.right = right
   root = TreeNode(1,
           TreeNode(2, TreeNode(4), TreeNode(5)),
 8
           TreeNode(3)
   stack, result = [], []
    current = root
12 while stack or current:
13
       while current:
14
           stack.append(current)
15
           current = current.left
16
       current = stack.pop()
       result.append(current.val)
       current = current.right
20 print("In-order:", result)
21
22 stack, result = [root], []
23 while stack:
24
        current = stack.pop()
```

## 5. bit reversing?

```
main.py
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                                                                      Run
                                                                                 Output
 1 class TreeNode:
                                                                               In-order: [4, 2, 5, 1, 3]
       def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
                                                                               Pre-order: [1, 2, 4, 5, 3]
           self.val = val
                                                                               Post-order: [4, 5, 2, 3, 1]
4
           self.left = left
                                                                               === Code Execution Successful ===
           self.right = right
6 root = TreeNode(1,
           TreeNode(2, TreeNode(4), TreeNode(5)),
           TreeNode(3)
9
10 stack, result = [], []
11 current = root
12 while stack or current:
       while current:
           stack.append(current)
           current = current.left
16
      current = stack.pop()
      result.append(current.val)
      current = current.right
19
20 print("In-order:", result)
21
22 stack, result = [root], []
23 while stack:
       current = stack.pop()
```

6. convert sorted array to binary search tree given an integer array nums where the element are sorted in ascending order .convert it to a height-balanced.

```
15
                                                 -;ó:-
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                                                                              Output
main.py
 1 class TreeNode:
                                                                            In-order traversal of the BST: [-10, -3, 0, 5, 9]
       def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
           self.val = val
                                                                            === Code Execution Successful ===
           self.left = left
          self.right = right
6 def sorted_array_to_bst(nums):
      if not nums:
       mid = len(nums) // 2
       root = TreeNode(nums[mid])
       root.left = sorted_array_to_bst(nums[:mid])
       root.right = sorted_array_to_bst(nums[mid+1:])
14
15
       return root
16 nums = [-10, -3, 0, 5, 9]
  root = sorted_array_to_bst(nums)
19 current = root
20 while stack or current:
21
       while current:
22
          stack.append(current)
23
           current = current.left
       current = stack.pop()
```

## 7. Given a binary tree, determine if it is heighted-balanced?

```
## Best from Run Options Window Help

class TreeNode:
    def __init (self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
        self.val = val
        self.val = val
```

8. climbing stairs, you are climbing a stair case it takes n steps to reach the top each time you can either climb 1 or 2 steps in how may distinct ways can you climb to the top?

9. best time to buy and see stock, you are given an array prices e=where prices[i] is the price of a given stock on the ith day. you want to make your profit by choosing a single day in the futher to see stocks if you cannot archieve any profit, return 0

```
∝ Share
                                                                     Run
                                                                               Output
main.py
1 prices = [7, 1, 5, 3, 6, 4]
                                                                              Maximum profit: 5
2 min_price = float('inf')
3 max_profit = 0
                                                                              === Code Execution Successful ===
4 for price in prices:
       if price < min_price:</pre>
6
           min_price = price
       profit = price - min_price
       if profit > max_profit:
8
9
           max_profit = profit
10
11 print("Maximum profit:", max_profit)
12
```

10. Given two binary strings a and b return their sum as a binary string