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21. Construct a C program to implement the best fit algorithm of memory management.

Aim:

To implement the Best Fit memory allocation algorithm in C, which allocates memory blocks to processes such that the block with the smallest size sufficient for the process is selected.

Algorithm:

- 1. **Input:** Sizes of memory blocks and processes.
- 2. **Sort:** Go through each process and find the smallest memory block that fits.
- 3. Allocation:
 - o If a suitable block is found, allocate it to the process and update the memory block size.
 - o If no suitable block is found, mark the process as unallocated.
- 4. **Output:** Display allocation details for each process.

Procedure:

- 1. Define the sizes of memory blocks and processes.
- 2. Iterate over each process.
- 3. For each process, check all memory blocks to find the smallest block that fits.
- 4. Allocate the block, and update its size or mark the process as unallocated.
- 5. Display the allocation results.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include #include inits.h>

int main() {
   int blockCount, processCount;

// Input number of memory blocks and processes
   printf("Enter the number of memory blocks: ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &blockCount);
printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
scanf("%d", &processCount);
int blocks[blockCount], processes[processCount];
int allocation[processCount];
printf("Enter sizes of memory blocks: ");
for (int i = 0; i < blockCount; i++) scanf("%d", &blocks[i]);
printf("Enter sizes of processes: ");
for (int i = 0; i < processCount; i++) scanf("%d", &processes[i]);
for (int i = 0; i < processCount; i++) allocation[i] = -1;
for (int i = 0; i < processCount; i++) {
  int bestIdx = -1, bestFit = INT_MAX;
  for (int j = 0; j < blockCount; j++) {
    if (blocks[j] >= processes[i] && blocks[j] < bestFit) {
       bestFit = blocks[j];
       bestIdx = j;
     }
```

```
if (bestIdx != -1) {
       allocation[i] = bestIdx;
       blocks[bestIdx] -= processes[i];
     }
  }
  printf("\nProcess No.\tProcess Size\tBlock No.\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < processCount; i++) {
     printf("%d\t\t\%d\t\t", i + 1, processes[i]);
    if (allocation[i] != -1)
       printf("%d\n", allocation[i] + 1);
    else
       printf("Not Allocated\n");
  }
  return 0;
}
```

Result:

The program successfully implements the Best Fit algorithm. It allocates memory blocks to processes optimally, minimizing wastage by selecting the smallest block that fits each process.

Output:

