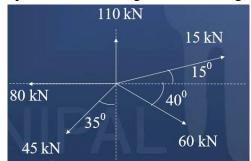
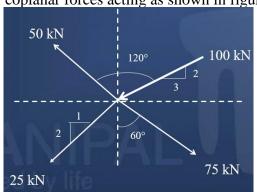
1. Obtain the resultant of the concurrent coplanar forces acting as shown in figure.



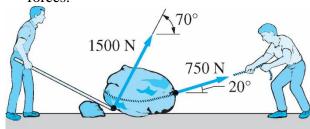
Ans: $R = 59.46 \text{ kN}; \theta = 40.29^{\circ}$

2. Obtain the resultant of the concurrent coplanar forces acting as shown in figure



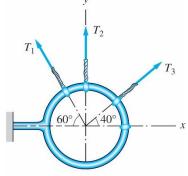
Ans: $R = 119.14 \text{ kN}; \theta = 51.44^{\circ}$

3. Determine the magnitude and direction of the force that is equivalent to the two applied forces.



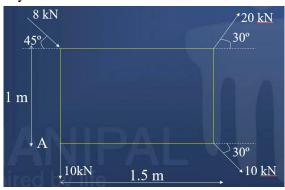
Ans: R = 2063.67N; $\theta = 53.83^{\circ}$

4. The magnitude of the three forces applied to the eye bolt are T_1 =550 N, T_2 =200 N and T_3 =750 N. Replace these forces with a single equivalent force R_a



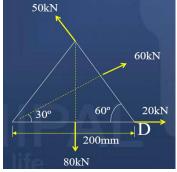
Ans: $R = 1196.5 \text{ N}; \theta = 75.5^{\circ}$

5. Find the resultant of non-concurrent force system and locate it w.r.to 'A'.



Ans: R = 33.38 kN; $\theta = 18.62^{\circ}$; M = 15.477 kN.m (Clockwise); d = 0.464 m

6. An equilateral triangle of sides 200mm is acted upon by 4 forces as shown in the figure. Determine magnitude and direction of the resultant and its position from point 'D'.



Ans: R = 47.43 kN; $\theta = 8.11^{\circ}$; M = 2000 kN.mm (Anticlockwise); d = 42.16 mm