OOP LAB 8

- Q1) Write a JavaFX application program to do the following:
- a. Display the message "Welcome to JavaFX programming" using Label in the Scene.
- b. Set the text color of the Label to Magenta.
- c. Set the title of the Stage to "This is the first JavaFX Application".
- d. Set the width and height of the Scene to 500 and 200 respectively.
- e. Use FlowPane layout and set the hgap and vgap of the FlowPane to desired values.

The program will accept an integer from the user in a text field and display the multiplication table (up to number *10) for that number.

Solution:

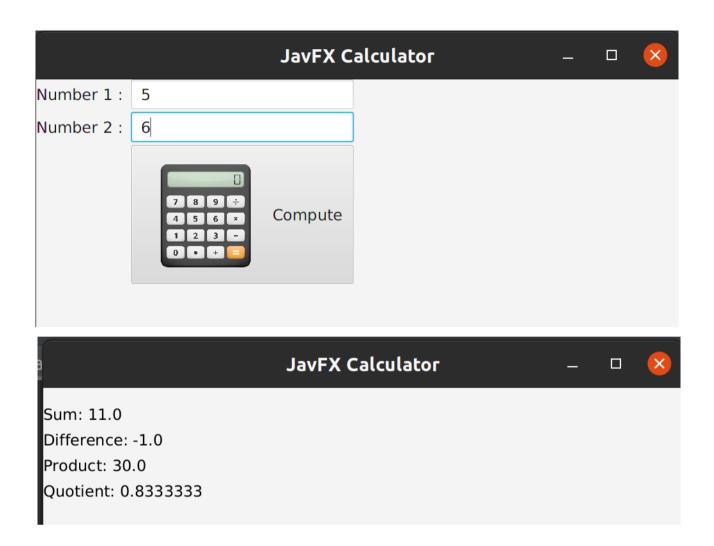
```
package com.example.demo;
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
import javafx.scene.layout.*;
import javafx.scene.*;
import javafx.scene.text.*;
import javafx.scene.paint.*;
import javafx.scene.control.*;
import javafx.geometry.*;
import javafx.event.ActionEvent;
import javafx.event.EventHandler;
public class HelloApplication extends Application {
  @Override
  public void start(Stage mainStage) {
     mainStage.setTitle("This is the first JavaFX Application");
     Label 11 = new Label("Welcome to JavaFX programming");
     l1.setFont(new Font(20));
     TextField tf = new TextField();
     tf.setText("");
     Button b1 = new Button("Display");
     FlowPane root = new FlowPane();
     root.setHgap(10);
     root.setVgap(10);
     l1.setTextFill(Color.MAGENTA);
     Scene s1 = new Scene(root, 500, 200);
```

```
root.getChildren().addAll(l1);
     root.getChildren().addAll(tf);
     root.getChildren().addAll(b1);
     root.setAlignment(Pos.CENTER);
     b1.setOnAction(new EventHandler<ActionEvent>() {
       @Override
       public void handle(ActionEvent arg0) {
          String s = tf.getText();
          for (int i = 1; i \le 10; i++) {
             Label l = new Label(s + "X" + String.valueOf(i) + " = " +
                  String.valueOf(Integer.parseInt(s) * i) + "," + "\n");
             root.getChildren().addAll(l);
       }
     });
     mainStage.setScene(s1);
    mainStage.show();
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     launch();
  }
}
                          This is the first JavaFX Application
                                       Display 7 X 1 = 7, 7 X 2 = 14, 7 X 3 = 21, 7 X 4 = 28, 7 X 5 = 35, 7 X 6 = 42, 7 X 7 = 49,
 Welcome to JavaFX programming 7
```

Q2) Write a JavaFX application program that obtains two floating point numbers in two text fields from the user and displays the sum, product, difference and quotient of these numbers using Canvas on clicking compute button with a calculator image placed on it. Solution:

```
package com.example.demo;
import javafx.scene.text.Font;
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.scene.*;
import javafx.scene.layout.*;
import javafx.scene.control.*;
import javafx.scene.canvas.*;
import javafx.scene.paint.*;
import javafx.scene.image.*;
import javafx.scene.text.*;
import javafx.geometry.*;
import javafx.event.ActionEvent;
import javafx.event.EventHandler;
public class HelloApplication extends Application{
  @Override
  public void start(Stage mainStage){
    mainStage.setTitle("JavFX Calculator");
    GridPane gridRoot = new GridPane();
    Label 11 = new Label("Number 1 : ");
    Label 12 = new Label("Number 2 : ");
    l1.setFont(new Font("Arial", 24));
    12.setFont(new Font("Arial", 24));
    TextField tf1 = new TextField();
    TextField tf2 = new TextField();
    tf1.setFont(new Font("Arial", 24));
    tf2.setFont(new Font("Arial", 24));
    Text t = new Text();
    ImageView img = new
ImageView("https://th.bing.com/th/id/R.eee772e2bfa4f53491444d04b8025701?
rik=54%2bXZZUsCVOHOw&riu=http%3a%2f%2fcompass1.org%2fwp-
content%2fuploads
%2f2015%2f06%2fCalculator_clipped_rev_1.png&ehk=eLrINktsGfBSDYdkf
RTl%2bJJtQ4ke59G7OyqQ6j8C9fY%3d&risl=&pid=ImgRaw&r=0");
    img.setFitHeight(200);
    img.setFitWidth(200);
    Button cmp = new Button("Compute", img);
    cmp.setFont(new Font("Arial", 24));
     Scene s = new Scene(gridRoot, 1000, 1000);
    gridRoot.addRow(0,l1,tf1);
```

```
gridRoot.addRow(1,l2,tf2);
     gridRoot.add(cmp,1,2);
     gridRoot.add(t,1,4);
    gridRoot.setHgap(5);
     gridRoot.setVgap(5);
    cmp.setOnAction(new EventHandler <ActionEvent>(){
       @Override
       public void handle(ActionEvent arg0){
          gridRoot.getChildren().clear();
          String s1 = tf1.getText();
          String s2 = tf2.getText();
         GraphicsContext gc;
         Canvas myCanvas = new Canvas(500, 500);
          gc = myCanvas.getGraphicsContext2D();
         gc.setFont(new Font("Arial", 24));
         gc.fillText("Sum: " +
              String.valueOf(Float.parseFloat(s1)+Float.parseFloat(s2)), 0,
20);
         gc.fillText("Difference: " + String.valueOf(Float.parseFloat(s1)-
              Float.parseFloat(s2)), 0, 60);
         gc.fillText("Product: " +
              String.valueOf(Float.parseFloat(s1)*Float.parseFloat(s2)), 0,
100);
         gc.fillText("Quotient: " +
              String.valueOf(Float.parseFloat(s1)/Float.parseFloat(s2)), 0,
140);
         gridRoot.add(myCanvas,0,6);
       }
     });
    mainStage.setScene(s);
    mainStage.show();
  public static void main(String[] args){
     launch(args);
  }
}
```



Q3) Write a JavaFX program to display a window as shown below. Use TextField for UserName and PasswordField for Password input. On click of "Sign in" Button the message "Welcome UserName" should be displayed in a Text Control. Use GridPane layout for the application. Solution:

package com.example.demo;

```
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
import javafx.scene.*;
import javafx.scene.layout.*;
import javafx.scene.control.*;
import javafx.scene.text.*;
import javafx.event.ActionEvent;
import javafx.event.EventHandler;
public class HelloApplication extends Application{
    @Override
```

```
public void start(Stage mainStage){
     mainStage.setTitle("JavaFX Welcome");
     GridPane grid = new GridPane();
     Label 11 = new Label("Welcome");
     Label 12 = new Label("Username");
     Label 13 = new Label("Password");
     Text t1 = new Text();
     l1.setFont(new Font(20));
     l2.setFont(new Font(15));
    13.setFont(new Font(15));
     t1.setFont(new Font(15));
     TextField tf = new TextField();
     tf.setText("");
     PasswordField pf = new PasswordField();
     Button b1 = new Button("Sign In");
     grid.add(l1,1,0);
//grid.addRow(0,l1);
     grid.addRow(1,l2,tf);
     grid.addRow(2,l3,pf);
     grid.add(b1,2,3);
     grid.add(t1,1,3);
     grid.setVgap(5);
     grid.setHgap(5);
     b1.setOnAction(new EventHandler <ActionEvent>(){
       @Override
       public void handle(ActionEvent arg0){
          String s = tf.getText();
         if(s.length()!=0)
            t1.setText("Welcome "+s);
       }
     });
     Scene s1 = new Scene(grid, 350, 150);
     mainStage.setScene(s1);
     mainStage.show();}
  public static void main(String[] args){
     launch(args);
  }
}
```

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			JavaFX Welc	ome		×
	Welcome					
Username	Chandrakanth					
Password	•••••					
	Welcome Chandrakanth	Sign In				