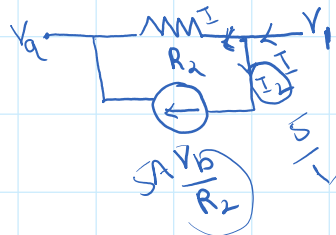
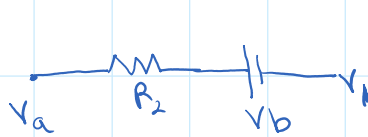
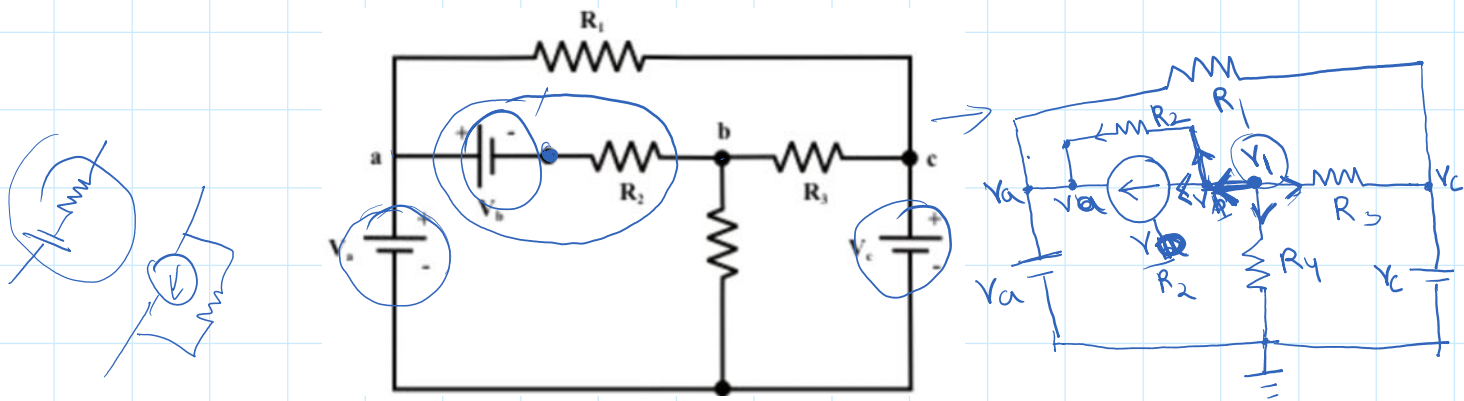
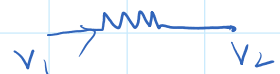


NODAL ANALYSIS

Friday, November 5, 2021 10:39 AM



$$\frac{V_1 - 0}{R_4} + \frac{V_1 - V_c}{R_3} + \frac{V_b}{R_2} + \frac{V_1 - V_a}{R_2} = 0$$

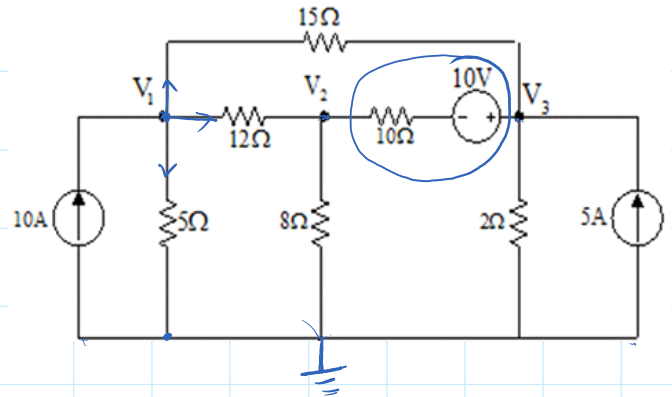
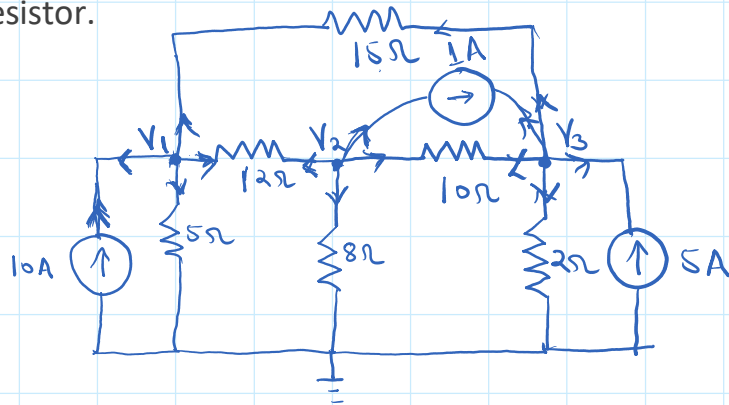


$$\begin{aligned} I &= I_1 + I_2 \\ I_2 &= \frac{V_b}{R_2} \\ I_1 &= \frac{V_1 - V_a}{R_2} \\ I &= \frac{V_b}{R_2} + \frac{V_1 - V_a}{R_2} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise1

Friday, November 5, 2021 10:40 AM

Determine the current through the 15Ω resistor.



$$\begin{aligned} 3) \quad & \frac{V_3 - 0}{2} + \frac{V_3 - V_2}{10} - 1 - 5 = 0 \\ & \frac{V_3 - V_1}{15} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{V_1 - 0}{5} + \frac{V_1 - V_2}{12} + \frac{V_1 - V_3}{15} - 10 = 0$$

$$V_1 \left[\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{15} \right] - \frac{V_2}{12} - \frac{V_3}{15} = 10 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\left(5^{-1} + 12^{-1} + 15^{-1} \right)$$

$$\frac{V_2 - 0}{8} + \frac{V_2 - V_1}{12} + \frac{V_2 - V_3}{10} + 1 = 0$$

$$-\frac{V_1}{12} + V_2 \left[\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{10} \right] - \frac{V_3}{10} = -1 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$-\frac{V_1}{15} - \frac{V_2}{10} + V_3 \left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{15} \right] = 6 \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$V_1 = 33.69 \quad V_2 = 10.38 \quad V_3 = 13.92$$

$$I_{15} = \frac{V_1 - V_3}{15} = \frac{33.69 - 13.92}{15} = 1.32 \text{ A}$$

33.69 ✓

33.88 ✓

Exercise2

Friday, November 5, 2021 10:40 AM

- Determine the current through the galvanometer "G". Also, write network equations using inspection method

$$V_1 \left[\frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{10} \right] - \frac{V_2}{30} - \frac{V_3}{10} = 10$$

$$-\frac{V_1}{30} + V_2 \left[\frac{1}{40} + \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{30} \right] - \frac{V_3}{40} = 0$$

$$\frac{V_1 - 0}{2} + \frac{V_1 - V_2}{30} + \frac{V_1 - V_3}{10} - 10 = 0$$

$$V_1 \left[\frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{10} \right] - \frac{V_2}{30} - \frac{V_3}{10} = 10 \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{30} + \frac{V_2 - 0}{100} + \frac{V_2 - V_3}{40} = 0$$

$$-\frac{V_1}{30} + V_2 \left[\frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{40} \right] - \frac{V_3}{40} = 0$$

$$-\frac{V_1}{10} - \frac{V_2}{40} + V_3 \left[\frac{1}{50} + \frac{1}{40} + \frac{1}{10} \right] = -10$$

$$\frac{V_3 - V_2}{40} + \frac{V_3 - 0}{50} + \frac{V_3 - V_1}{10} + 10 = 0$$

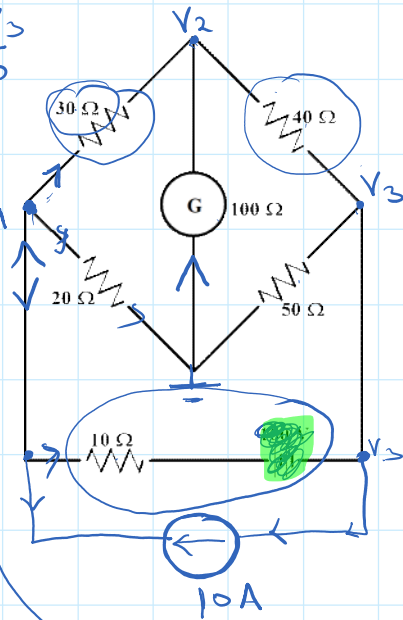
$$-\frac{V_2}{40} + V_3 \left[\frac{1}{40} + \frac{1}{50} + \frac{1}{10} \right] = -10$$

$$V_1 = 23.4$$

$$V_2 = -8.44$$

$$V_3 = -54.28$$

$$I_{100} = \frac{V_2}{100} = \frac{-8.44}{100} = -84.4 \text{ mA}$$

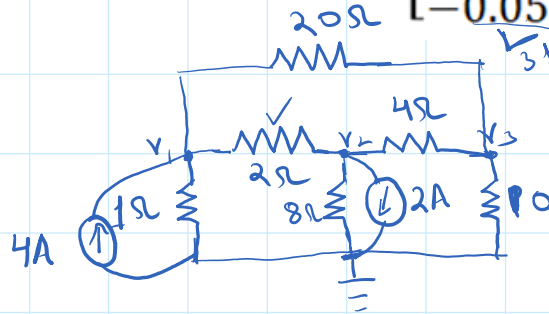


Exercise3

Tuesday, November 9, 2021

4:29 PM

Realize the network defined by node voltage equation



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1.55 & -0.5 & -0.05 \\ -0.5 & 0.875 & -0.25 \\ -0.05 & -0.25 & 0.4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ V_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{12} = \frac{1}{0.5} = 2\Omega$$

$$R_{13} = \frac{1}{0.05} = 20$$

$$G_2 = 0.875 - 0.25 - 0.5 \\ = 0.125$$

$$R_2 = \frac{1}{0.125} = 8\Omega$$

$$G_3 = 0.4 - 0.25 - 0.05 \\ = 0.1$$

$$R_3 = 10$$

$$G_1 = 1.55 - 0.5 - 0.05 \\ = 1$$

$$R_1 = \frac{1}{G_1} = 1$$

$$R_{23} = \frac{1}{0.25} = 4$$

Exercise4

Tuesday, November 9, 2021 4:30 PM

- Find the current through 40 V battery. Is the battery charging or discharging?

