



Challenge 3: Detect Cycle in a Directed Graph

Here's another coding challenge on directed graphs. You'll implement a cool function which detects loops!

We'll cover the following



- Problem statement
 - Input
 - Output
 - Sample input
 - Sample output
- Coding exercise

Problem statement#

The concept of loops or cycles is very common in graph theory. A cycle exists when you traverse the directed graph and come upon a vertex that has already been visited.

You have to implement the `detect_cycle` function which tells you whether or not a graph contains a cycle.

Input#

A directed graph.



Output#



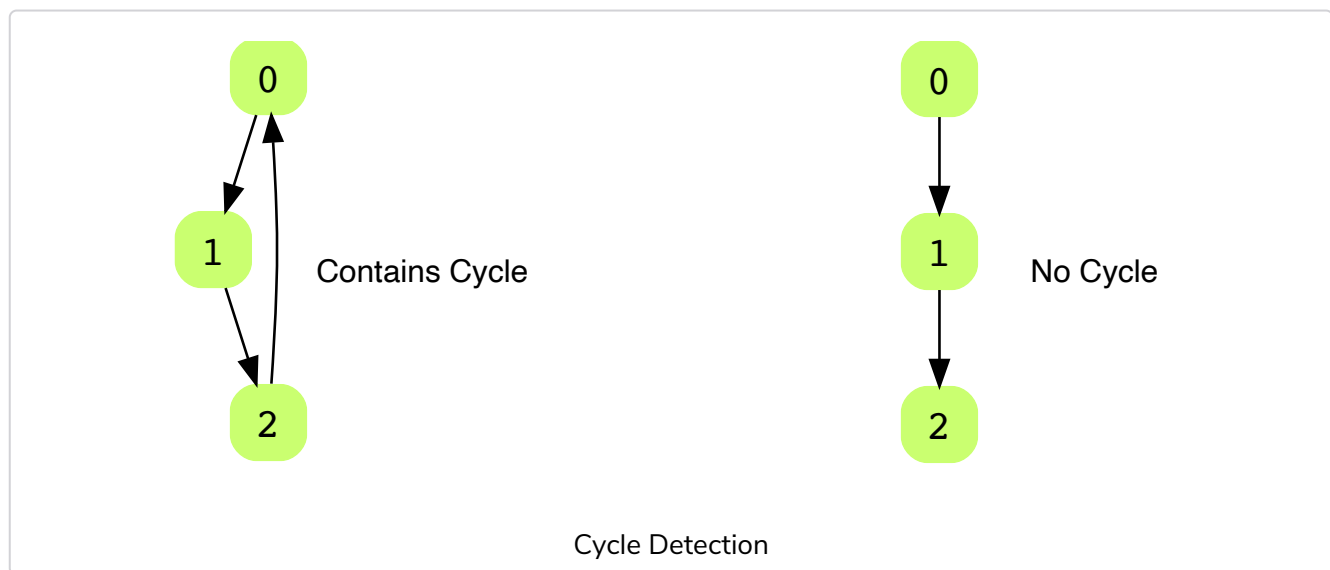
True if a cycle exists. **False** if it doesn't.

Sample input#

```
graph = {  
    0 -> 1  
    1 -> 2  
    2 -> 0  
}
```

Sample output#

True



Coding exercise#

Take a close look and design a step-by-step algorithm first before jumping on to the implementation. You can create as many helper functions as you need 🌙

Try to think iteratively and recursively. If you get stuck, you can view the solution to the solution which we will discuss in the following lesson.



Good luck!

main.py

Graph.py

Stack.py

Queue.py

LinkedList.py

Node.py

```
from Graph import Graph
from Queue import MyQueue
from Stack import MyStack
# You can check the input graph in console tab

# Create Stack => stack = MyStack()
# Functions of Stack => push(int), pop(), top(), is_empty()
# Create Queue => queue = MyQueue()
# Functions of Queue => enqueue(int), dequeue(), size(), front(), is_empty()
# class Graph => {int vertices, linkedList[] array}
# class linkedList => {Node head_node}
# class Node => {int data, Node next_element}

def detect_cycle(g):
    # Write your code here
    pass

# Create any helper functions here
```



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Solution Review: Implement Depth Fir...

Solution Review: Detect Cycle in a Dir...

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