

POGIL Worksheet — Loops in Java

Part A — Concept Exploration

Q1. A loop is used to:

- A) Avoid using methods
- B) Repeat actions while a condition is true
- C) Store multiple values
- D) Stop a program immediately

Q2. The keyword `while` checks the condition:

- A) Before entering the loop
- B) After executing the loop body
- C) Randomly during execution
- D) Only once

Q3. The `do...while` loop differs from `while` because it:

- A) Never runs the body
- B) Runs the body at least once
- C) Has no condition
- D) Is used only with arrays

Q4. What will the following code print?

```
int i = 0;
while (i < 3) {
    System.out.print(i + " ");
    i++;
}
```

Q5. Which loop is best when you know exactly how many times to repeat?

- A) `while`
- B) `for`
- C) `do...while`
- D) Infinite loop

Q6. In this code, what happens?

```
int x = 5;
while (x > 0) {
    System.out.println(x);
}
```

Q7. What does `break` do inside a loop?

- A) Ends the loop immediately
- B) Skips to the next iteration
- C) Restarts the loop
- D) Does nothing

Q8. What does `continue` do inside a loop? A) Ends the loop immediately B) Skips the rest of the loop body for this iteration C) Restarts the program D) Jumps to another loop **Answer: B**

Q9. In a `for` loop header, which part runs only once?

- A) Condition
- B) Initialization
- C) Update
- D) All run every time

Part B — Short Coding Practice

C1. Write a `while` loop that prints the numbers 1 to 5.

C2. Write a `for` loop that prints even numbers from 2 to 10.

C3. Use a `do...while` loop to print “Hello” three times.

C5. Using a `for` loop, compute the sum of numbers from 1 to 10 and print the result.