College of Engineering, Construction and Living Sciences
Bachelor of Information Technology
IN608: Intermediate Application Development Concepts
Level 6, Credits 15

Django REST Framework, React & OpenTDB API

Assessment Overview

For this assessment, you will design, develop & deploy a quiz tournament API using Django REST Framework, React, OpenTDB API & Heroku. The main purpose of this assessment is not just to build a full-stack application, rather to demonstrate an ability to decouple the back-end from the front-end by creating two separate applications which interact with each other. Marks will be allocated for functionality & best practices such as application robustness, code elegance, documentation & git usage.

With the nation-wide lockdown over, your local pub is now able to run their weekly quiz tournament onsite. The online quiz tournament application proved to be a huge success & the pub owners ask if you want to create a public API which allows users to create their own quiz tournaments.

Assessment Table

Assessment Activity	**Weighting**	**Learning Outcomes**	**Assessment Grading Scheme**	**Completion Requirements**
Practicals	20%	1	CRA	Cumulative
Django & OpenTDB API	50%	1, 2	CRA	Cumulative
Django REST Framework, React & OpenTDB API	30%	1, 2	CRA	Cumulative

Conditions of Assessment

This assessment will need to be completed outside by Friday, 20 November 2020 at 5pm. There will be availability during the teaching sessions to discuss the requirements & progress of this assessment.

Pass Criteria

This assessment is criterion-referenced with a cumulative pass mark of 50%.

Submission Details

You must submit your program files via **GitHub Classroom**. Here is the link to the repository you will be using for your submission – https://classroom.github.com/a/sSA9csHf.

Authenticity

All parts of your submitted assessment must be completely your work and any references must be cited appropriately.

Policy on Submissions, Extensions, Resubmissions & Resits

The school's process concerning **Submissions, Extensions, Resubmissions and Resits** complies with Otago Polytechnic policies. Students can view policies on the Otago Polytechnic website located at https://www.op.ac.nz/about-us/governance-and-management/policies.

Extensions

Please familiarise yourself with the assessment due dates. If you need an extension, please contact your lecturer before the due date. If you require more than a week's extension, a medical certificate or support letter from your manager may be needed.

Resubmissions

Students may be requested to resubmit an assessment following a rework of part/s of the original assessment. Resubmissions are completed within a short time frame (usually no more than 5 working days) and usually must be completed within the timing of the course to which the assessment relates. Resubmissions will be available to students who have made a genuine attempt at the first assessment opportunity. The maximum grade awarded for resubmission will be C-.

Learning Outcomes

At the successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

1. Demonstrate sound programming by following design patterns and best practices.
2. Design and implement full-stack applications using industry relevant programming languages.

Instructions

This is a project-based assessment. Within your project you will need to implement the following:

Functionality & Robustness - Learning Outcomes 1, 2

- Dependencies are correctly managed using **Pipenv/Pipfile** & **npm/package.json**.
- Deploy both applications as one to Heroku.
  - **Resource:** Deploying a Django + React App to Heroku
- Django REST Framework application (back-end):
  - Create model classes which store the following quiz tournament data: creator, name, category, difficulty, question, correct answer & incorrect answers.
  - Dynamically fetch **all** categories from the following URL https://opentdb.com/api_category.php & store as choices in the appropriate model class.
  - For each model class:
    - Create a serializer class.
    - Create an **APIView** class or **api_view** function which reads, inserts, updates & deletes quiz tournament data. **Hint:** use the **GET**, **POST**, **PUT** & **DELETE** HTTP methods.
      - **Resource:** Django REST Framework Views
  - Quiz tournament data is persistently stored in **Heroku PostgreSQL**.
    - **Resource:** Heroku PostgreSQL
  - Unit tests cover models, views & OpenTDB API.
- React application (front-end):
  - Request quiz tournament data via **Django REST Framework** end-points using **Axios**. Data includes creator, name, category, difficulty, question, correct answer & incorrect answers.
  - Create a new quiz tournament. Display a form in a modal. Form fields include creator, name, category & difficulty. You **must** use the **select** input type for categories & difficulties.
  - Incorrect formatted form field values handled gracefully using validation error messages, for example, creator form field is blank.
  - View quiz tournaments in a table. Table data includes creator, name, category, difficulty. Paginate quiz tournament data across several pages with **Next/Previous** links.
  - Update a quiz tournament. Display a form in a modal. Form fields include creator, name, category & difficulty.
  - Delete a quiz tournament. Prompt the user for deletion.
  - View a quiz tournament's question, correct answer & incorrect answers when a quiz tournament name is clicked.
  - Visually attractive user-interface with a coherent graphical theme & style using **Reactstrap**.
    - **Resource:** Reactstrap
    - **Resource:** React Buildpack
  - Unit tests cover components.
  - End-to-end tests cover creating, updating & deleting a quiz tournament & viewing a quiz tournament's questions.

Documentation & Git Usage - Learning Outcome 1

- Provide the following information in the repository **README** file:
  - How do you set up the environment for development, i.e., after the repository is cloned, what do I need to start coding?
  - How to run tests.
  - How to deploy the applications.
- At least 10 feature branches excluding the **main** branch.
  - Your branches must be prefix with **feature**, for example, **feature-<name of functional requirement>**.
  - For each branch, merge your own pull request to the **main** branch.
- Commit messages must reflect the context of each functional requirement change.
  - **Resource:** Writing Good Commit Messages

Assessment 02: Django REST Framework, React & OpenTDB API Assessment Rubric

	10-9	8-7	6-5	4-0
Functionality & Robustness	Application thoroughly demonstrates functionality & robustness. Unit tests thoroughly demonstrate coverage of components, models, views & OpenTDB API. End-to-end tests thoroughly demonstrate coverage of creating, updating & deleting a quiz tournament & viewing a quiz tournament's question, correct answer & incorrect answers.	Application mostly demonstrates functionality & robustness. Unit tests thoroughly demonstrate coverage of components, models, views & OpenTDB API. End-to-end tests mostly demonstrate coverage of creating, updating & deleting a quiz tournament & viewing a quiz tournament's question, correct answer & incorrect answers.	Application demonstrates some functionality & robustness. Unit tests thoroughly demonstrate coverage of components, models, views & OpenTDB API. End-to-end tests demonstrate some coverage of creating, updating & deleting a quiz tournament & viewing a quiz tournament's question, correct answer & incorrect answers.	Application does not or does not fully demonstrate functionality & robustness. Unit tests thoroughly demonstrate coverage of components, models, views & OpenTDB API. End-to-end tests does not or does not fully demonstrate coverage of creating, updating & deleting a quiz tournament & viewing a quiz tournament's question, correct answer & incorrect answers.

Code Elegance	Application code thoroughly demonstrates code elegance on the following: • Idiomatic use of control flow, data structures & other in-built functions. • Sufficient modularity, i.e., code adheres to SOLID principles, UI split into independent, reusable pieces. • Adhere to client-server architecture. • Adhere to pycodestyle (formally PEP8) style guide. • Efficient algorithmic approach. • Handling of API response codes. • Handling of HTML entities. • Header comments explain each class & method. • In-line comments explain complex logic. • Well-designed models containing fields & behaviours. • Flexible URL design. Not coupled to the underlying code.	Application code thoroughly demonstrates code elegance on the following: • Idiomatic use of control flow, data structures & other in-built functions. • Sufficient modularity, i.e., code adheres to SOLID principles, UI split into independent, reusable pieces. • Adhere to client-server architecture. • Adhere to pycodestyle (formally PEP8) style guide. • Efficient algorithmic approach. • Handling of API response codes. • Handling of HTML entities. • Header comments explain each class & method. • In-line comments explain complex logic. • Well-designed models containing fields & behaviours. • Flexible URL design. Not coupled to the underlying code.	Application code thoroughly demonstrates code elegance on the following: • Idiomatic use of control flow, data structures & other in-built functions. • Sufficient modularity, i.e., code adheres to SOLID principles, UI split into independent, reusable pieces. • Adhere to client-server architecture. • Adhere to pycodestyle (formally PEP8) style guide. • Efficient algorithmic approach. • Handling of API response codes. • Handling of HTML entities. • Header comments explain each class & method. • In-line comments explain complex logic. • Well-designed models containing fields & behaviours. • Flexible URL design. Not coupled to the underlying code.	Application code thoroughly demonstrates code elegance on the following: • Idiomatic use of control flow, data structures & other in-built functions. • Sufficient modularity, i.e., code adheres to SOLID principles, UI split into independent, reusable pieces. • Adhere to client-server architecture. • Adhere to pycodestyle (formally PEP8) style guide. • Efficient algorithmic approach. • Handling of API response codes. • Handling of HTML entities. • Header comments explain each class & method. • In-line comments explain complex logic. • Well-designed models containing fields & behaviours. • Flexible URL design. Not coupled to the underlying code.

Documentation & Git Usage	README thoroughly describes how to set the environment for development, run tests & deploy the application. Git branches thoroughly named with convention & contain the correct code relating to the functional requirement. Git commit messages thoroughly reflect the functional requirement changes.	README mostly describes how to set the environment for development, run tests & deploy the application. Git branches mostly named with convention & contain the correct code relating to the functional requirement. Git commit messages mostly reflect the functional requirement changes.	README briefly describes how to set the environment for development, run tests & deploy the application. Some git branches named with convention & contain the correct code relating to the functional requirement. Some git commit messages reflect the functional requirement changes.	README does not or does not fully describe how to set the environment for development, run tests & deploy the application. Git branches are not or are not fully named with convention & do not or do not fully contain the correct code relating to the functional requirement. Git commit messages do not or do not fully reflect the functional requirement changes.

Assessment 02: Django REST Framework, React & OpenTDB API Marking Cover Sheet

Name:

Date:

Learner ID:

Assessor's Name:

Assessor's Signature:

Criteria	Out Of	Weighting	Final Result
Functionality & Robustness	10	45	
Code Elegance	10	45	
Documentation & Git Usage	10	10	
Final Result			/100
This assessment is worth 30% of the final mark for the Intermediate Application Development course.			

Feedback: