

Understanding Peptide Therapy

A Patient's Guide to Therapeutic Peptides

What Are Peptides?

Peptides are short chains of amino acids - the building blocks of proteins. Your body naturally produces thousands of peptides that act as signaling molecules, telling your cells what to do. Peptide therapy uses synthetic versions of these natural compounds to support healing, optimize hormones, and improve overall health.

Think of peptides as keys that fit specific locks (receptors) on your cells. When the right key turns the right lock, it triggers a specific biological response - like telling your body to heal faster, produce more growth hormone, or reduce inflammation.

How Does Peptide Therapy Work?

Unlike traditional medications that may have broad effects throughout the body, peptides are highly targeted. They bind to specific receptors on specific cell types, triggering precise responses. This targeted approach often results in fewer side effects compared to conventional drugs.

Most therapeutic peptides are administered via subcutaneous injection (a small needle just under the skin), though some are available as oral capsules, nasal sprays, or topical creams. Your healthcare provider will determine the best route for your specific treatment.

Common Types of Peptide Therapy

Growth Hormone Peptides

These peptides stimulate your body's natural production of growth hormone, supporting muscle growth, fat loss, improved sleep, and faster recovery. Examples include CJC-1295/Ipamorelin and Sermorelin.

Healing & Regenerative Peptides

BPC-157 and TB-500 are among the most popular healing peptides. They accelerate tissue repair, reduce inflammation, and support recovery from injuries, surgeries, and chronic conditions.

Weight Management Peptides

GLP-1 receptor agonists like Semaglutide and Tirzepatide help regulate appetite, blood sugar, and metabolism. These are among the most well-studied peptides with strong clinical evidence.

Immune Support Peptides

Thymosin Alpha-1 and other immune peptides help modulate the immune system, supporting the body's natural defense mechanisms. These are used for chronic infections, autoimmune conditions, and general immune optimization.

Cognitive & Neuroprotective Peptides

Peptides like Semax and Selank support brain health, cognitive function, and mood. They may enhance memory, focus, and mental clarity while providing neuroprotective benefits.

What to Expect During Treatment

Getting Started

- Your provider will review your medical history and order baseline labs
- You'll receive training on proper injection technique (if applicable)
- Most peptides are started at a low dose and gradually increased
- Results typically begin within 2-4 weeks, with full effects at 3-6 months

During Treatment

- Follow your prescribed dosing schedule consistently
- Store peptides according to instructions (most require refrigeration)
- Keep a log of your symptoms, energy levels, and any side effects
- Attend all follow-up appointments and complete recommended lab work
- Stay hydrated and maintain a healthy diet to optimize results

Common Side Effects

- Injection site reactions: mild redness, swelling, or bruising (very common)
- Nausea: especially with GLP-1 peptides, usually improves with time
- Headache or fatigue: typically mild and temporary
- Water retention: may occur with growth hormone peptides initially

When to Contact Your Provider

- Severe or persistent injection site reactions
- Signs of allergic reaction (hives, difficulty breathing, swelling)
- Persistent nausea, vomiting, or abdominal pain
- Unusual swelling in hands, feet, or face
- Changes in vision or severe headaches
- Any symptom that concerns you

Storage & Handling

- Reconstituted peptides: Store in refrigerator (36-46 degrees F / 2-8 degrees C)
- Unreconstituted peptides: Can be stored at room temperature or refrigerated
- Never freeze reconstituted peptides
- Protect from direct sunlight and heat
- Use within the timeframe specified by your provider (typically 4-6 weeks after reconstitution)
- Always check for discoloration or particles before use

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