

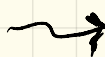
# Joins!!

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Eg: - Joins:

given relations  $r$  &  $s$

$r \bowtie_{r.A=s.B} s$



select \* <sup>proj (not important for this discussion)</sup>  
from  $r, s$   
where  $r.A = s.B$



Algos:

- \* - nested loop join
- \* - block nested loop join
- \* - indexed (block) nested loop
  - merge join
  - hash join

select \*  
from  $r$  inner join  $s$   
on  $r.A = s.B$

Example  $r$  &  $s$

- $n_r = 5,000$
- $b_r = 100$
- $n_s = 10,000$
- $b_s = 400$

# Nested loop join

$R \bowtie S$

$R$  outer relation

$S$  inner relation

Cartesian product  
 $R = \{r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4\}$   
 $S = \{s_1, s_2\}$

$R \times S =$   
 $\{ \begin{matrix} r_1 s_1 & r_2 s_1 & r_3 s_1 & r_4 s_1 \\ r_1 s_2 & r_2 s_2 & r_3 s_2 & r_4 s_2 \end{matrix} \}$

```

for each tuple  $t_r$  in  $r$  do begin
  for each tuple  $t_s$  in  $s$  do begin
    test pair  $(t_r, t_s)$  to see if they satisfy the join condition  $\theta$ 
    if they do, add  $t_r \cdot t_s$  to the result;
  end
end
end
    
```

- + easy to implement
- slow
- + useful regardless of conditions
- + no indices

Analysis:

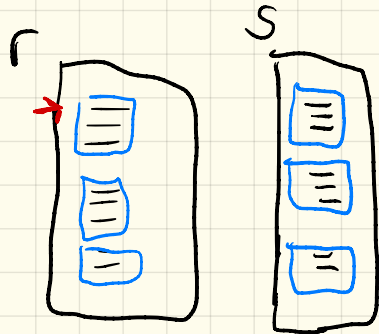
- # of tuples  $n_r * n_s$
- assume buffer size is 1 block per relation
- block transfers:

$n_r * b_s + b_r$

↑  
# of block by  
tuples from  $S$

↙ # of blocks  
by tuples from  $R$

- # of seeks



Which should be  $r$  and which should be  $s$

- $b_r + b_s$
- $b_r + n_r$