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[1]: # =====  
# 4) Hiperparametre Ayarlama (Hyperparameter Tuning)  
# Upwork Jobs (Tek CSV, Hafif Versiyon)  
# Çalışan sütunlar: ['title', 'link', 'published_date', 'is_hourly', 'hourly_low', 'hourly_high', 'budget', 'country']  
# =====
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```
import os, numpy as np, pandas as pd, tempfile  
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, GridSearchCV  
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer  
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder  
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer  
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline  
from sklearn.decomposition import TruncatedSVD  
from sklearn.metrics import (  
    accuracy_score, f1_score, classification_report,  
    r2_score, mean_absolute_error, root_mean_squared_error  
)  
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression  
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier, RandomForestRegressor
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[2]: # -----  
# Tek CSV dosyasını yükleme (birleştirme yok)  
# -----  
DATA_DIR = r"C:\Users\user\OneDrive\Desktop\Upwork_Project\data"  
CSV_FILE = "all_upwork_jobs_2024-02-07-2024-03-24.csv" # Farklı dosya kullanıyorsan burayı güncelle  
csv_path = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, CSV_FILE)  
if not os.path.isfile(csv_path):  
    raise FileNotFoundError(f"CSV not found at: {csv_path}")  
  
# CSV dosyasını oku  
df = pd.read_csv(csv_path, low_memory=False)  
print("Loaded:", df.shape, list(df.columns))
```

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Loaded: (244828, 8) ['title', 'link', 'published_date', 'is_hourly', 'hourly_low', 'hourly_high', 'budget', 'country']
```



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[3]: # -----  
# 1) Özellik Mühendisliği (Feature Engineering)  
# -----  
  
# hourly_low + hourly_high ortalamasından hourly_rate sütunu oluştur  
if {"hourly_low", "hourly_high"}.issubset(df.columns):  
    df["hourly_rate"] = (pd.to_numeric(df["hourly_low"], errors="coerce")  
                        + pd.to_numeric(df["hourly_high"], errors="coerce"))/2  
  
# is_hourly sütununu 0 / 1 formatına dönüştür (sabit mi, saatlik mi)  
def map_hourly(v):  
    s = str(v).strip().lower()  
    if s in ["1", "true", "yes", "y", "hourly", "hourly_job", "t"]: return 1  
    if s in ["0", "false", "no", "n", "fixed", "fixed_price", "f"]: return 0  
    try: return int(v)  
    except: return np.nan  
if "is_hourly" in df.columns:  
    df["is_hourly"] = df["is_hourly"].apply(map_hourly)  
  
# Sayısal sütunları dönüştür  
for c in ["budget", "hourly_rate"]:  
    if c in df.columns:  
        df[c] = pd.to_numeric(df[c], errors="coerce")
```

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[4]: # Eksik değerleri doldur, metin sütunlarını hazırla  
df["title"] = df.get("title", "").astype(str).fillna("")  
df["country"] = df.get("country", "unknown").astype(str).fillna("unknown")
```

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[5]: # -----  
# 2) Örnekleme (Sample for speed)  
# -----  
  
# Büyük veriyle GridSearch çok yavaş olabileceği için örnekleme yapılıyor  
SAMPLE_MAX = 40000 # Hızlı test için 40K satır, gerekirse artırılabilir  
df_s = df.sample(SAMPLE_MAX, random_state=42) if len(df) > SAMPLE_MAX else df.copy()  
print("Working sample:", df_s.shape)
```

Working sample: (40000, 9)

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[6]: # -----
# 3) Ön İşleme (Preprocessing)
# -----
# TF-IDF (title) + OneHot (country)
pre_sparse = ColumnTransformer(
    transformers=[
        ("txt", TfidfVectorizer(max_features=4000, ngram_range=(1,2)), "title"), # Metin özellikleri
        ("cty", OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown="ignore"), ["country"]),          # Ülke özellikleri
    ],
    remainder="drop",
    verbose_feature_names_out=False
)

# Pipeline cache (geçici dizin) - tekrar eden modelleri hızlandırır
CACHE_DIR = tempfile.mkdtemp()
print("Pipeline cache:", CACHE_DIR)
```

Pipeline cache: C:\Users\user\AppData\Local\Temp\tmpy1akzx54

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[7]: # -----
# A) Sınıflandırma (Classification): is_hourly tahmini
# -----
if "is_hourly" in df_s.columns and df_s["is_hourly"].dropna().nunique() == 2:
    dcls = df_s.dropna(subset=["is_hourly"]).copy()
    xc = dcls[["title", "country"]] # Girdi özellikleri
    yc = dcls["is_hourly"].astype(int) # Hedef: 0 veya 1

    # Veriyi eğitim (%80) ve test (%20) olarak ayır
    xc_train, xc_test, yc_train, yc_test = train_test_split(
        xc, yc, test_size=0.2, random_state=42, stratify=yc
    )
    print("\n[A] CLS Train:", xc_train.shape, "Test:", xc_test.shape)

    # --- Logistic Regression modeli için hiperparametre ayarı ---
    pipe_log = Pipeline(steps=[
        ("pre", pre_sparse),
        ("clf", LogisticRegression(max_iter=800, solver="liblinear"))
    ], memory=CACHE_DIR)

    # C (regularization strength) için grid araması
    grid_log = GridSearchCV(
        pipe_log,
        param_grid={"clf__C": [0.5, 1.0, 2.0]}, # Küçük grid (hızlı)
        scoring="f1",
        cv=3, n_jobs=-1, verbose=1
    )
    grid_log.fit(xc_train, yc_train)
    print("Best LOG params:", grid_log.best_params_, " best F1:", grid_log.best_score_)
```

[A] CLS Train: (32000, 2) Test: (8000, 2)


```
[A] CLS Train: (32000, 2) Test: (8000, 2)
Fitting 3 folds for each of 3 candidates, totalling 9 fits
Best LOG params: {'clf__C': 0.5} best F1: 0.7227389165193155
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[8]: # --- Random Forest modeli için hiperparametre ayarı ---
# RandomForest, sparse veriyle çalışmadığı için TruncatedSVD ile boyut indirgeme yapılır
pipe_rf = Pipeline(steps=[
    ("pre", pre_sparse),
    ("svd", TruncatedSVD(n_components=150, random_state=42)), # Boyut indirgeme (daha hafif)
    ("clf", RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42, n_jobs=-1))
], memory=CACHE_DIR)

param_rf = {
    "clf__n_estimators": [200, 300], # Ağaç sayısı
    "clf__max_depth": [None, 25] # Maksimum derinlik
}

grid_rf = GridSearchCV(
    pipe_rf, param_grid=param_rf, scoring="f1", cv=3, n_jobs=-1, verbose=1
)

grid_rf.fit(Xc_train, yc_train)
print("Best RF params:", grid_rf.best_params_, " best F1:", grid_rf.best_score_)
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Fitting 3 folds for each of 4 candidates, totalling 12 fits
Best RF params: {'clf__max_depth': None, 'clf__n_estimators': 300} best F1: 0.7140229564901711
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[9]: if "is_hourly" in df_s.columns and df_s["is_hourly"].dropna().nunique() == 2:

    # --- En iyi modelleri test kümesinde değerlendir ---
    for name, model in [("LogReg", grid_log.best_estimator_), ("RF", grid_rf.best_estimator_)]:
        pred = model.predict(Xc_test)
        acc = accuracy_score(yc_test, pred)
        f1 = f1_score(yc_test, pred)
        print(f"\n[name={name}] ACC={acc:.4f} F1={f1:.4f}")
        print(classification_report(yc_test, pred, digits=3))

    else:
        print("\n[A] Classification skipped: 'is_hourly' not binary/available.")
```

```
[name=LogReg] ACC=0.6498 F1=0.7226
      precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.616     0.458     0.525     3384
     1       0.665     0.791     0.723     4616

 accuracy                   0.650         8000
 macro avg       0.641     0.624     0.624         8000
 weighted avg    0.644     0.650     0.639         8000
```

```
[name=RF] ACC=0.6440 F1=0.7201
      precision    recall  f1-score   support
```

```

[name=LogReg] ACC=0.6498 F1=0.7226
      precision    recall  f1-score   support

         0         0.616    0.458    0.525     3384
         1         0.665    0.791    0.723     4616

 accuracy          0.641
macro avg          0.641    0.624    0.624     8000
weighted avg       0.644    0.650    0.639     8000

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[name=RF] ACC=0.6440 F1=0.7201
      precision    recall  f1-score   support

         0         0.610    0.440    0.511     3384
         1         0.659    0.794    0.720     4616

 accuracy          0.644
macro avg          0.634    0.617    0.616     8000
weighted avg       0.638    0.644    0.632     8000

```



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[10]: # -----
# B) Regresyon (Fixed Jobs): 'budget' tahmini
# -----
reg_fixed_done = False
if {"is_hourly", "budget"}.issubset(df_s.columns):
    dregF = df_s[(df_s["is_hourly"]==0) & (df_s["budget"].notna())].copy()
    if len(dregF) >= 200:
        XrF = dregF[["title", "country"]]
        yrF = dregF["budget"].astype(float)

        XrF_train, XrF_test, yrF_train, yrF_test = train_test_split(
            XrF, yrF, test_size=0.2, random_state=42
        )
        print(f"\n[B] REG Fixed Rows={len(dregF)} Train:{XrF_train.shape} Test:{XrF_test.shape}")

        # Pipeline: TF-IDF + OneHot + SVD + RandomForestRegressor
        pipe_rfr = Pipeline(steps=[
            ("pre", pre_sparse),
            ("svd", TruncatedSVD(n_components=150, random_state=42)),
            ("reg", RandomForestRegressor(random_state=42, n_jobs=-1))
        ], memory=CACHE_DIR)

        # Hiperparametre aralığı (n_estimators ve max_depth)
        grid_rfr = GridSearchCV(
            pipe_rfr,
            param_grid={"reg__n_estimators": [200, 300], "reg__max_depth": [None, 25]},
            scoring="neg_root_mean_squared_error", # Hedef: RMSE'yi minimize etmek
            cv=3, n_jobs=-1, verbose=1
        )
        grid_rfr.fit(XrF_train, yrF_train)

        # En iyi modelin performansını test setinde ölç
        best_regF = grid_rfr.best_estimator_
        predF = best_regF.predict(XrF_test)
        r2F = r2_score(yrF_test, predF)
        maeF = mean_absolute_error(yrF_test, predF)
        rmseF = root_mean_squared_error(yrF_test, predF)
        print("Best RFReg (Fixed) params:", grid_rfr.best_params_,
              " | Test -> R2={:.4f} MAE={:.2f} RMSE={:.2f}".format(r2F, maeF, rmseF))
        reg_fixed_done = True

if not reg_fixed_done:
    print("\n[B] Regression (Fixed) skipped: need many rows with is_hourly==0 and budget numeric.")
```

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[B] REG Fixed Rows=16920 Train:(13536, 2) Test:(3384, 2)
Fitting 3 folds for each of 4 candidates, totalling 12 fits
Best RFReg (Fixed) params: {'reg__max_depth': None, 'reg__n_estimators': 300} | Test -> R2=-1.1926 MAE=1597.68 RMSE=13704.81
```



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[11]: # -----
# C) Regresyon (Hourly Jobs): 'hourly_rate' tahmini
# -----
reg_hourly_done = False
if {"is_hourly", "hourly_rate"}.issubset(df_s.columns):
    dregH = df_s[(df_s["is_hourly"]==1) & (df_s["hourly_rate"].notna())].copy()
    if len(dregH) >= 200:
        XrH = dregH[["title", "country"]]
        yrH = dregH["hourly_rate"].astype(float)

        XrH_train, XrH_test, yrH_train, yrH_test = train_test_split(
            XrH, yrH, test_size=0.2, random_state=42
        )
        print(f"\n[C] REG Hourly Rows={len(dregH)} Train:{XrH_train.shape} Test:{XrH_test.shape}")

        pipe_rfrH = Pipeline(steps=[
            ("pre", pre_sparse),
            ("svd", TruncatedSVD(n_components=150, random_state=42)),
            ("reg", RandomForestRegressor(random_state=42, n_jobs=-1))
        ], memory=CACHE_DIR)

        grid_rfrH = GridSearchCV(
            pipe_rfrH,
            param_grid={"reg_n_estimators": [200, 300], "reg_max_depth": [None, 25]},
            scoring="neg_root_mean_squared_error",
            cv=3, n_jobs=-1, verbose=1
        )
        grid_rfrH.fit(XrH_train, yrH_train)

        best_regH = grid_rfrH.best_estimator_
        predH = best_regH.predict(XrH_test)
        r2H = r2_score(yrH_test, predH)
        maeH = mean_absolute_error(yrH_test, predH)
        rmseH = root_mean_squared_error(yrH_test, predH)
        print("Best RFReg (Hourly) params:", grid_rfrH.best_params_,
              " | Test -> R2={:.4f} MAE={:.2f} RMSE={:.2f}".format(r2H, maeH, rmseH))
        reg_hourly_done = True

if not reg_hourly_done:
    print("\n[C] Regression (Hourly) skipped: need rows with is_hourly==1 and hourly_rate numeric.")
```

```
[C] REG Hourly Rows=16159 Train:(12927, 2) Test:(3232, 2)
Fitting 3 folds for each of 4 candidates, totalling 12 fits
Best RFReg (Hourly) params: {'reg_max_depth': 25, 'reg_n_estimators': 300} | Test -> R2=-0.0278 MAE=16.42 RMSE=30.08
```

```
[12]: print("\n Hiperparametre ayarlama başarıyla tamamlandı.")
```

Hiperparametre ayarlama başarıyla tamamlandı.