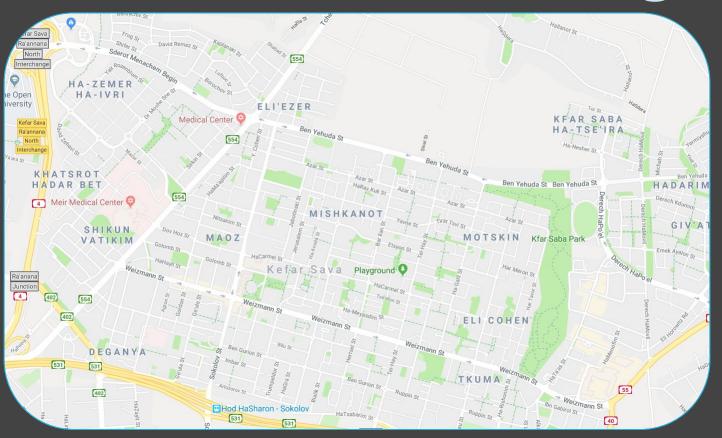
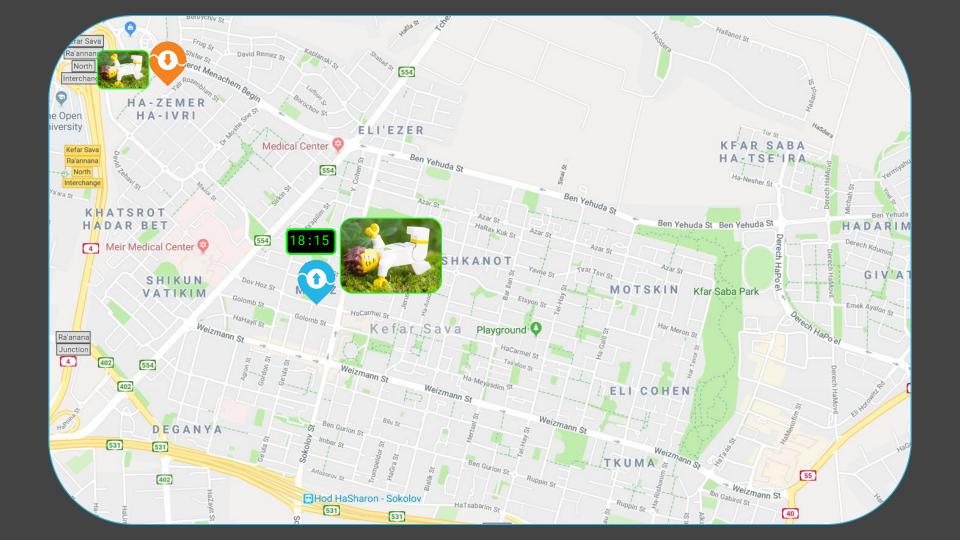
Sequence Alignment for Ride Sharing

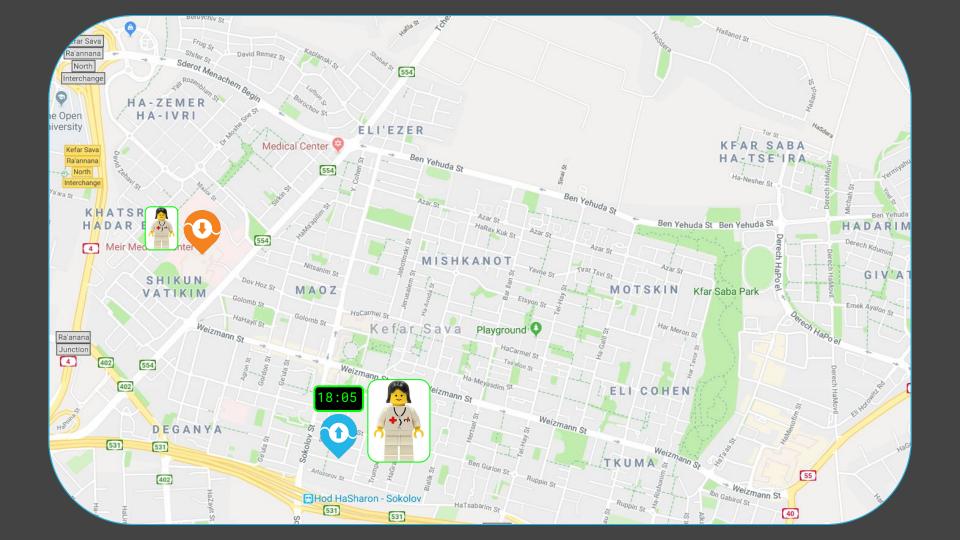
Dalya Gartzman



PART I - Ride Sharing







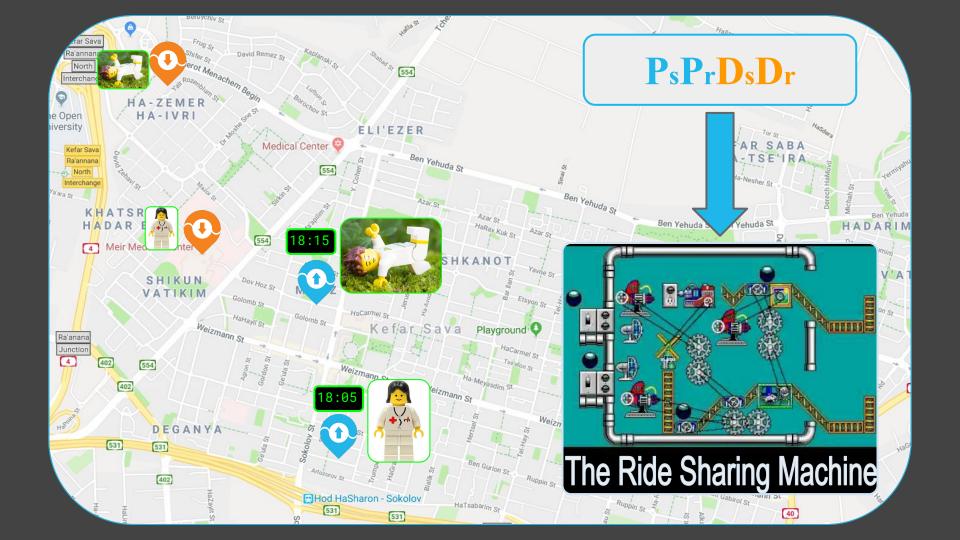


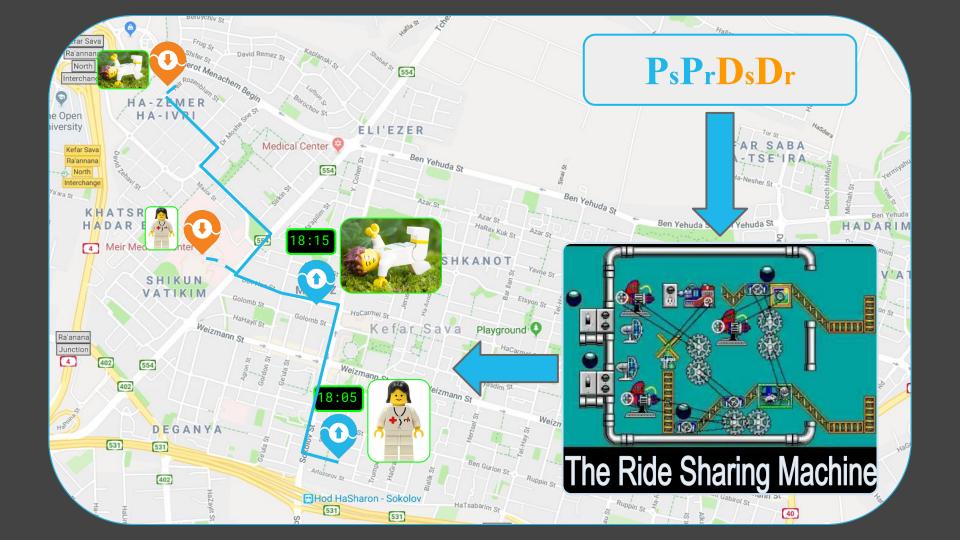
Question #1:

What is the best way to perform a given sequence of events?

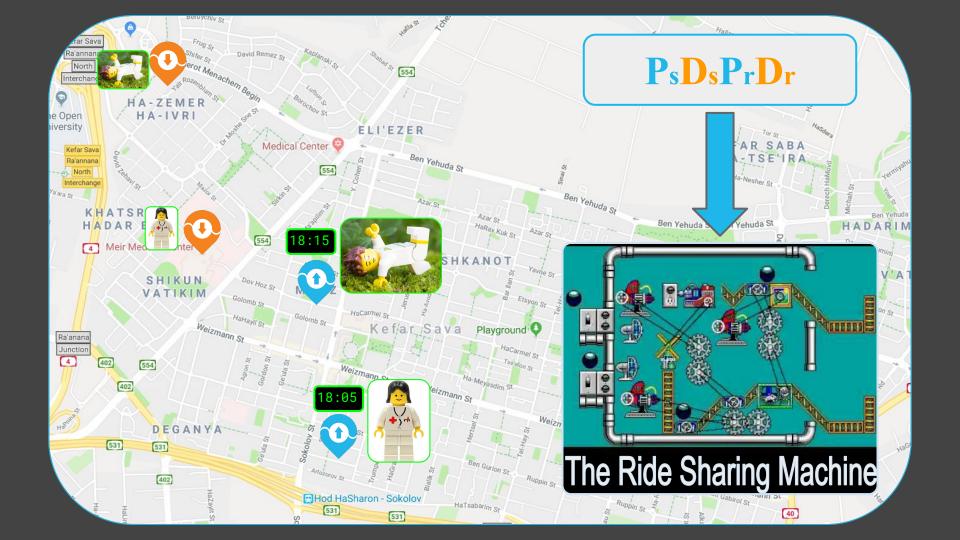


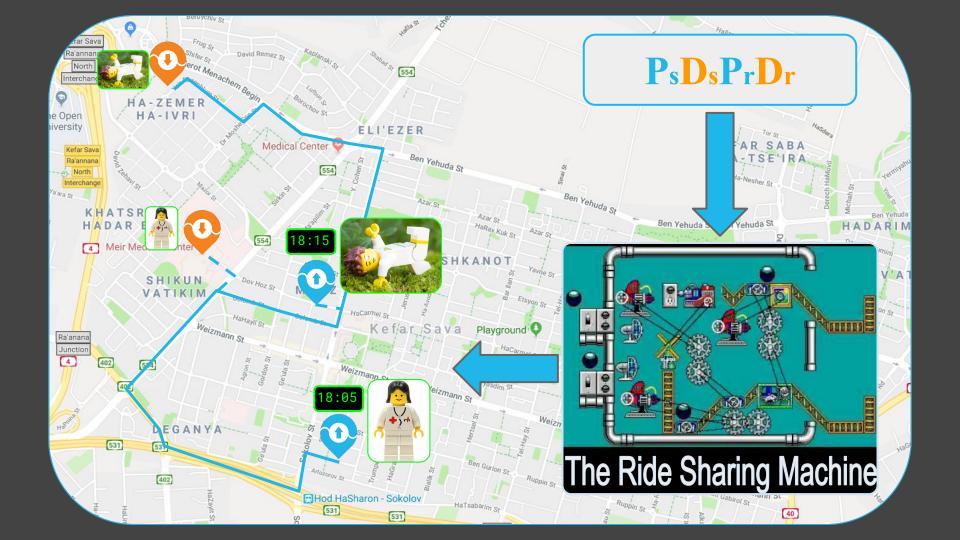


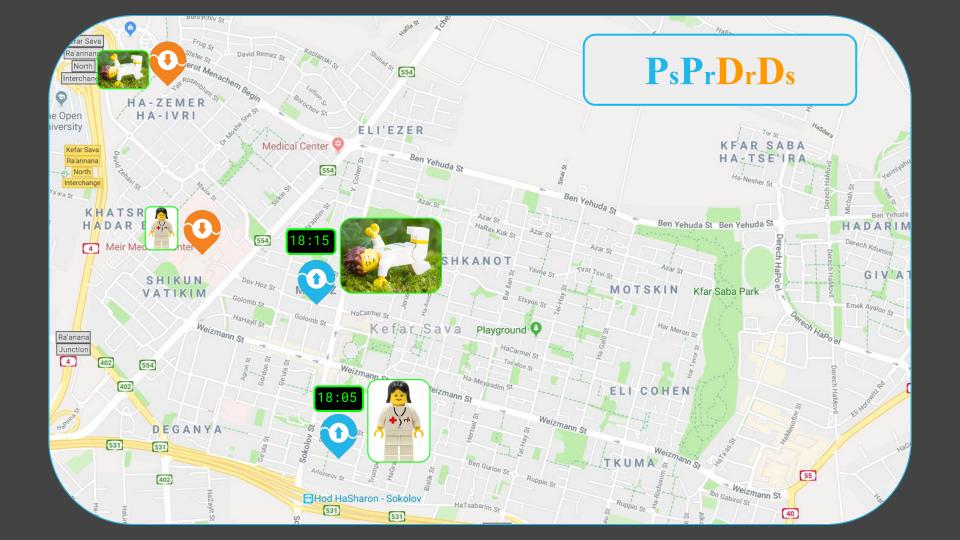


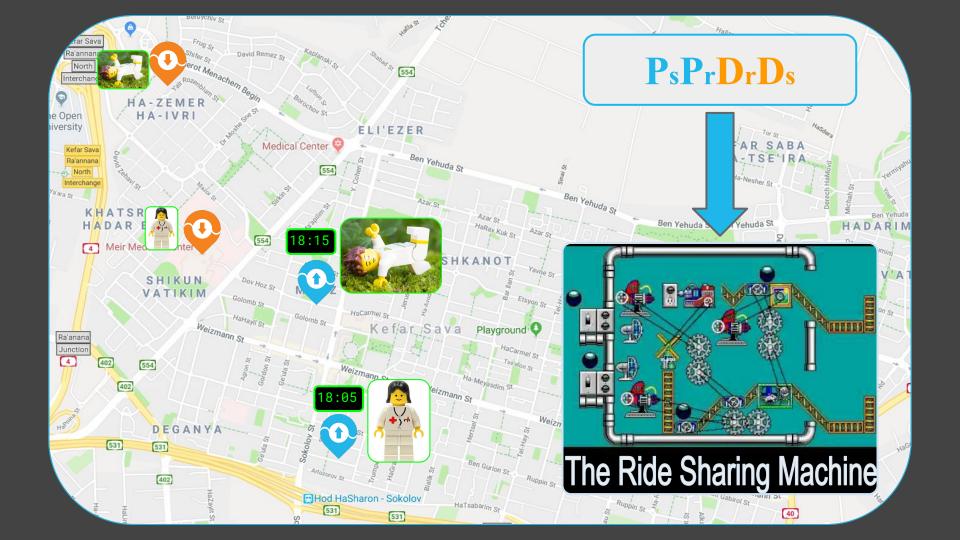












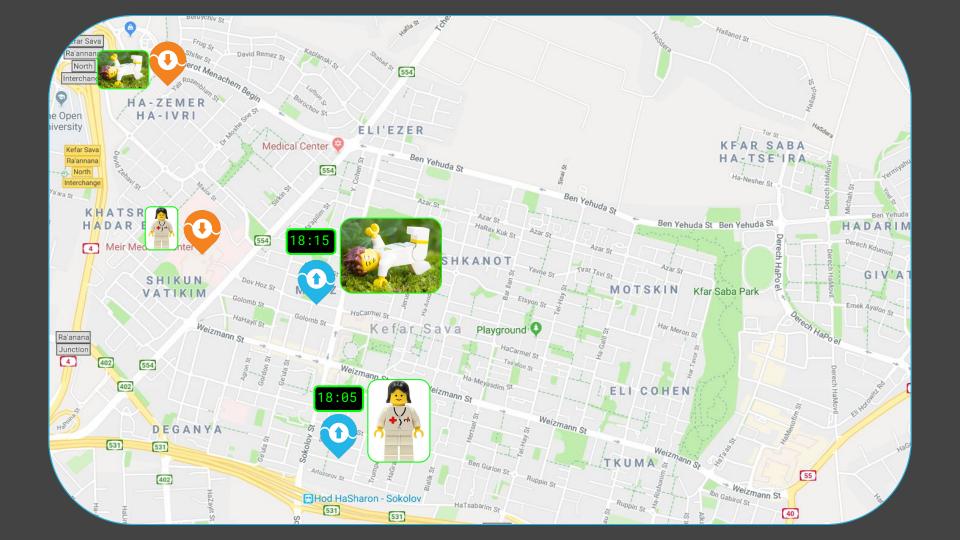


Question #1:

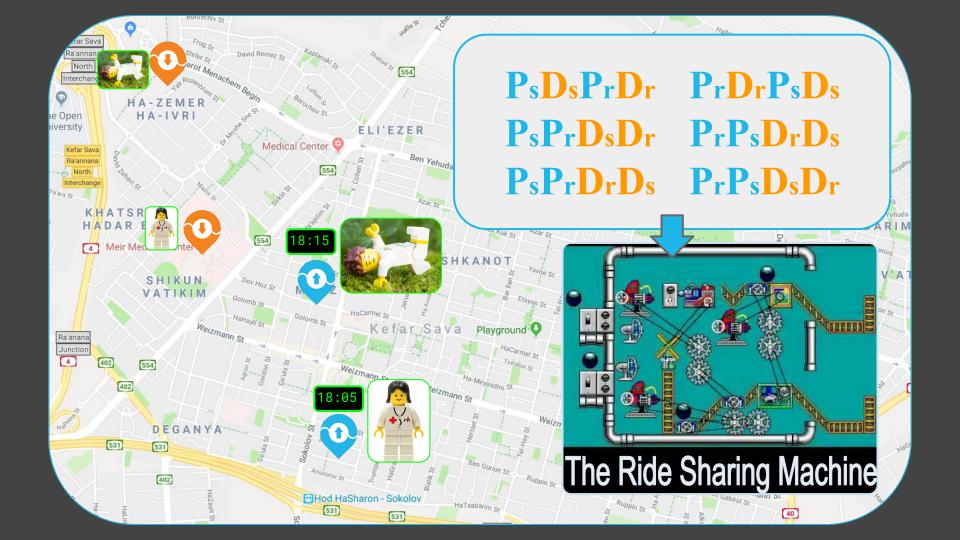
What is the best way to perform a given sequence of events?

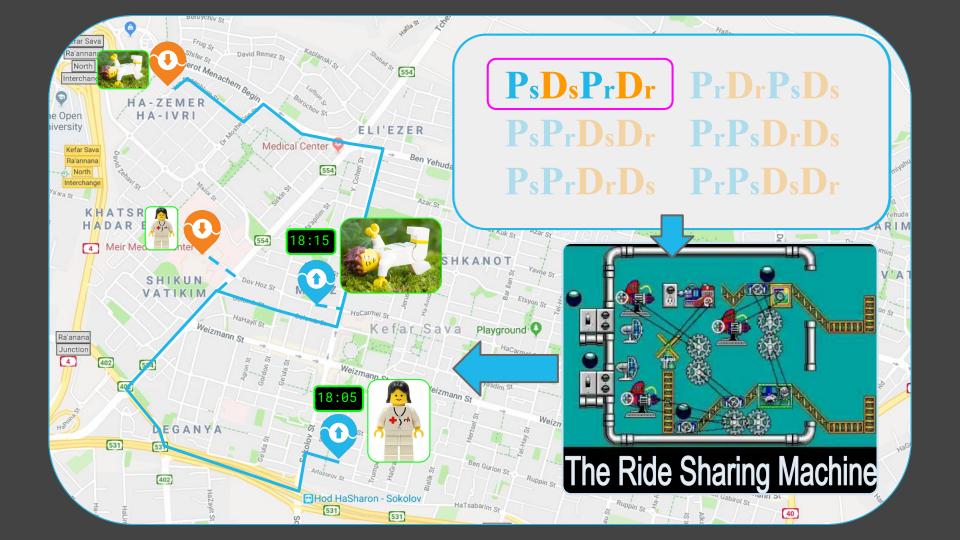
Question #2:

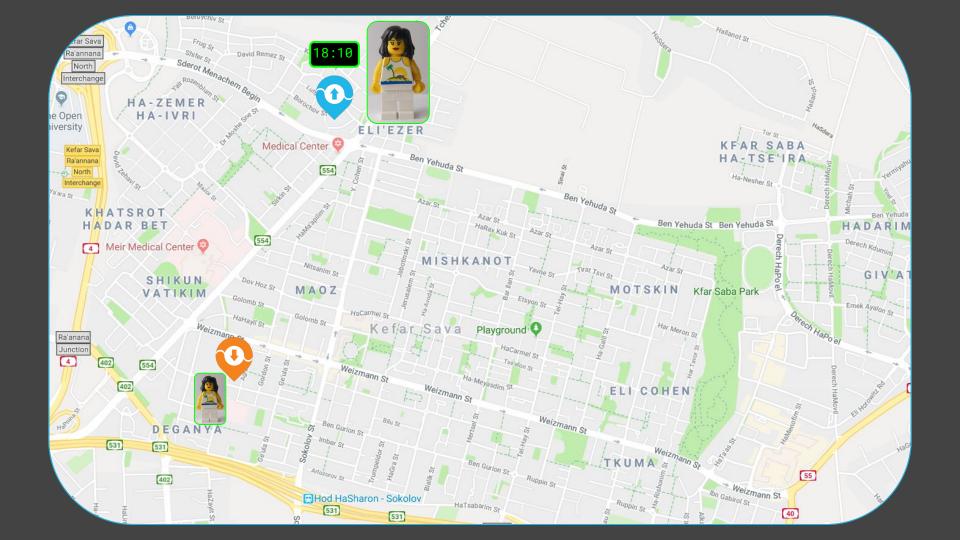
What is the best permutation to perform a given set of events?





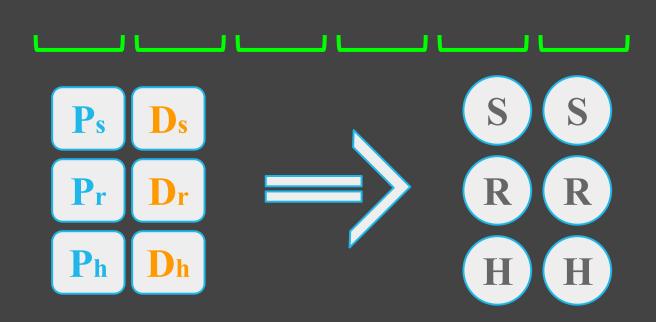


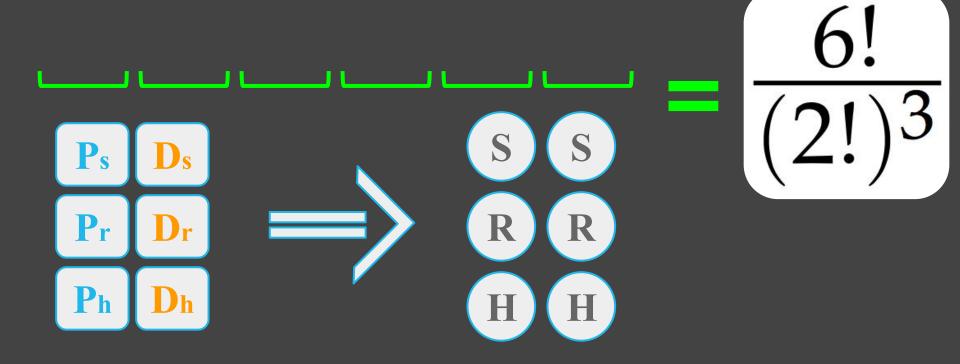










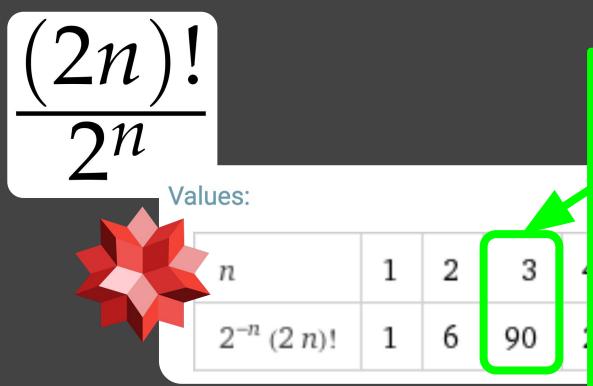


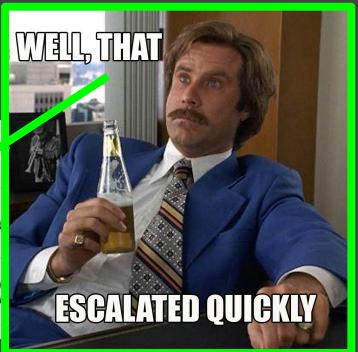
 $\frac{(2n)!}{2^n}$

 $\frac{(2n)!}{2^n}$

Values:

n	1	2	3	4	5
$2^{-n} (2 n)!$	1	6	90	2520	113400





PART I - Conclusion



Question #3:

Given a set of events, how can we scale down the number of permutations?

PART II - Sequence Alignment

PART II - Sequence Alignment

Motivation

	Forward Primer	
		
Ph. edulis	ACTTCTCAGGCTAGTAAATTGGATTAGCAGAGAGCTCAAATAAAT	60
Ph. aureosulcata	ACTTCTCAGGCTAGTAAATTGGGTTAGCAGAGAGCTCAAATAAAT	60
Ph. praecox	ACTTCTCAGGCTAGTAAATTGGGTTAGCAGAGAGCTCAAATAAAT	60
Ph. heteroclada	ACTTCTCAGGCTAGTAAATTGGGTTAGCAGAGAGCTCAAATAAAT	60

Ph. edulis	CCATATATATATATATATATATATATATATATATAT	112
Ph. aureosulcata	CCATATCAACAT TATATATATATATAT GAAAATGGTATGGT	105
Ph. praecox	CCATATATATATATATATATATATATATATATATATATA	120
Ph. heteroclada	CCATATCAACAT TATATA AATGGTATGGTATTC	93
	***** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Ph. edulis	CTGGGAGTACGTACTCCCACCTCTCAT	139
Ph. aureosulcata	CTGGGAGTACTCCCACCTCTCAT	132
Ph. praecox	CTGGGAGTACGTACTCCCACCTCTCAT	147
Ph. heteroclada	CTGGGAGTACGTACTCCCACCTCTCAT	120

	—	
	Reverse Primer	

In The Wild

Sequence1 -TCAGGA-TGAAC-G-

Sequence2 ATCACGA-TGAACC--

Sequence3 -TCACGATTGAACCGC

Sequence4 ATCACGAATGAATCC-

In The Wild

```
Sequence1 -TCAGGA-TGAAC-G-
Sequence2 ATCACGA-TGAACC--
Sequence3 -TCAGGATTGAACCGC
Sequence4 ATCACGAATGAATCC-
```

In The Wild

Sequence1 - TCAGGA-TGAAC-G-Sequence2 ATCACGA-TGAACC--Sequence3 - TCAGGATTGAACCGC Sequence4 ATCACGAATGAATCC-

In **OUR** Wild

```
Sequence1 Ph Ps Dh - - Ds
```

Sequence2 Ph - Dh Pr Dr -

In OUR Wild

Sequence1 Ph Ps Dh - Ds

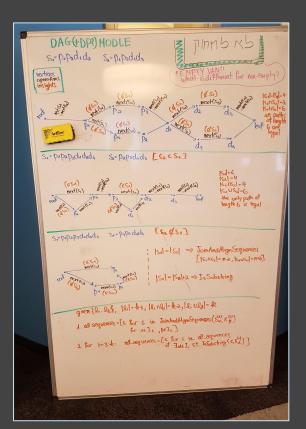
Sequence2 Ph - Dh Pr Dr -

In OUR Wild

Sequence1 Ph Ps Dh - Ds
Sequence2 Ph - Dh Pr Dr -

PART II - Conclusion





PART III - Sequence Alignment for Ride Sharing

The Ride Sharing Problem

We are given:

▷ A set of *n* pairs of pickup and dropoff $T = \{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in [n]}$

Our Goal:

Find the set of all possible permutations of *T*

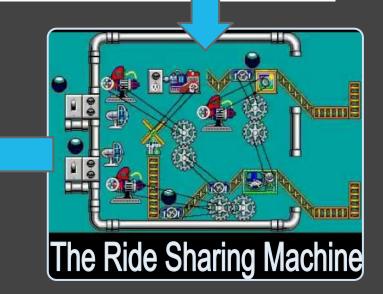
The Ride Sharing Problem

We are given:

▷ A set of *n* pairs of pickup and dropoff $T = \{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in [n]}$

Our Goal:

Find the set of all possible permutations of *T*



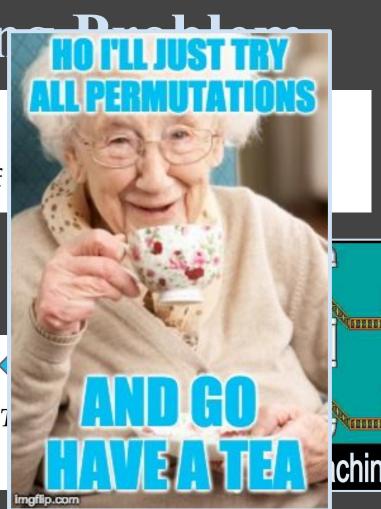
The Ride Sharin

We are given:

A set of *n* pairs of pickup and dropoff

Our Goal:

Find the set of all possible permutations of 7



Question #3:

Given a set of events, how can we scale down the number of permutations?

We are given:

 \triangleright A set of n pairs of pickup and dropoff $T = \{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in [n]}$

Our Goal:

Find the set of all possible permutations of *T*

We are given:

- \triangleright A set of n pairs of pickup and dropoff $T = \{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in [n]}$
- ightharpoonup For each subset of n-1 pairs $\left(T^{(j)}=\{p_i,d_i\}_{i\in[n],i\neq j}\right)$ we are given a subset of all possible permutaions $S^{(j)}=\left\{s_k^{(j)}\right\}_{k\in K^{(j)}}$

Our Goal:

Find the set of all possible permutations of T that agree with all $\{S^{(j)}\}_{j\in[n]}$.

We are given:

- \triangleright A set of n pairs of pickup and dropoff $T = \{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in [n]}$
- ⊳ For each subset of n-1 pairs $T^{(j)} = \{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in [n], i \neq j}$ we are given a subset of all possible permutaions $S^{(j)} = \{s_k^{(j)}\}_{i \in V^{(j)}}$

Our Goal:

Find the set of all possil

Induction Assumption

Induction Step

$$\{a_i, d_i\}_{i \in [n]}$$

$$i \in [n].i \neq i$$

we are given a subset of all possible permutaions $S^{(j)} = \left\{ s_k^{(j)} \right\}$

ns
$$S^{(j)} = \left\{ s_k^{(j)} \right\}_{k \in K^{(j)}}$$

Our Goal:

Find the set of all possible permutations of *T* that agree with all

$$\left\{S^{(j)}\right\}_{j\in[n]}$$

We are given:

- \triangleright A set of *n* pai
- ⊳ For each subsequent
 we are given



 $k \in K^{(j)}$

Our Goal:

Find the set of all possible permutations of T that agree with all $\{S^{(j)}\}_{j\in[n]}$

Question #4:

How can we break down the induction step?

We are given:

 \triangleright A set of *n* pairs of pickup and dropoff $T = \{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in [n]}$

We are given:

- ▷ A set of *n* pairs of pickup and dropoff $T = \{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in [n]}$
- Down Two subsets of n 1 pairs: $I_1 = \{2, ..., n\}$, $I_2 = \{1, 3, ..., n\}$

$$|I_1 \cap I_2| = n - 2$$
$$|I_1 \cup I_2| = n$$

We are given:

- ▷ A set of *n* pairs of pickup and dropoff $T = \{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in [n]}$
- \triangleright Two subsets of *n* − 1 pairs: $I_1 = \{2, ..., n\}$, $I_2 = \{1, 3, ..., n\}$
- \triangleright One permutation from each subset: $\sigma_1 = \sigma\left(\{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in I_1}\right)$, $\sigma_2 = \sigma\left(\{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in I_2}\right)$

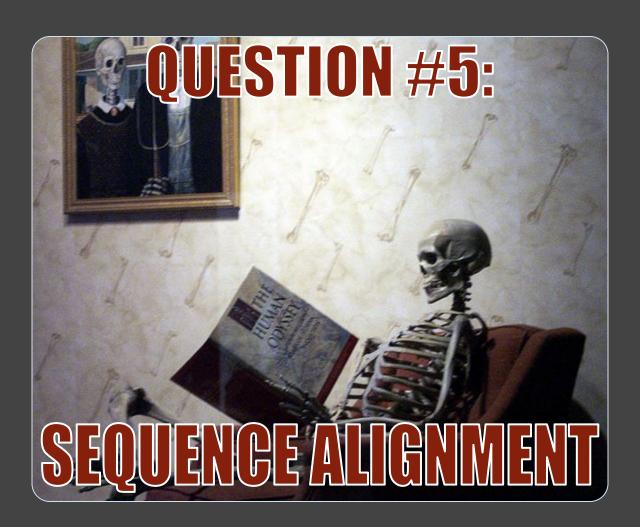
We are given:

- ▷ A set of *n* pairs of pickup and dropoff $T = \{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in [n]}$
- \triangleright Two subsets of *n* − 1 pairs: $I_1 = \{2, ..., n\}$, $I_2 = \{1, 3, ..., n\}$
- \triangleright One permutation from each subset: $\sigma_1 = \sigma\left(\{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in I_1}\right)$, $\sigma_2 = \sigma\left(\{p_i, d_i\}_{i \in I_2}\right)$

Our Goal: Find the set of all possible permutations of T that agree with both σ_1 and σ_2 .

Question #5:

How can we find all permutations that agree with two sub-permutations?



Example: Induction Sub-Step

$$\mathbf{T} = \{\mathbf{Pr}, \mathbf{Ps}, \mathbf{Ph}, \mathbf{Dh}, \mathbf{Dr}, \mathbf{Ds}\}$$

$$\sigma_{hs} = P_h P_s D_h D_s$$

$$\sigma_{hr} = P_h D_h P_r D_r$$

Example: Induction Sub-Step

$$\mathbf{T} = \{\mathbf{Pr}, \mathbf{Ps}, \mathbf{Ph}, \mathbf{Dh}, \mathbf{Dr}, \mathbf{Ds}\}$$

$$\sigma_{hs} = P_h P_s D_h D_s$$

$$\sigma_{hr} = P_h D_h P_r D_r$$

Reminder:

Sequence1 Ph Ps Dh - - Ds

Sequence2 Ph - Dh Pr Dr -

$$\sigma_{hs} = P_h P_s D_h D_s$$

$$\sigma_{hr} = P_h D_h P_r D_r$$

mutual subsequence

$$\sigma_{hs} = P_h P_s D_h D_s$$

$$\sigma_{hr} = P_h D_h P_r D_r$$

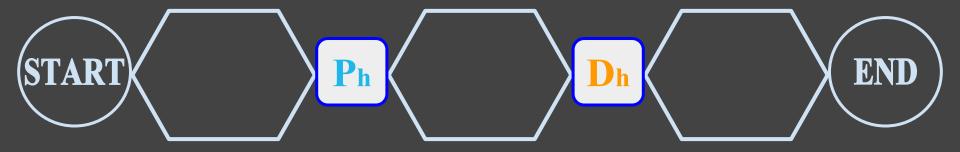
mutual subsequence

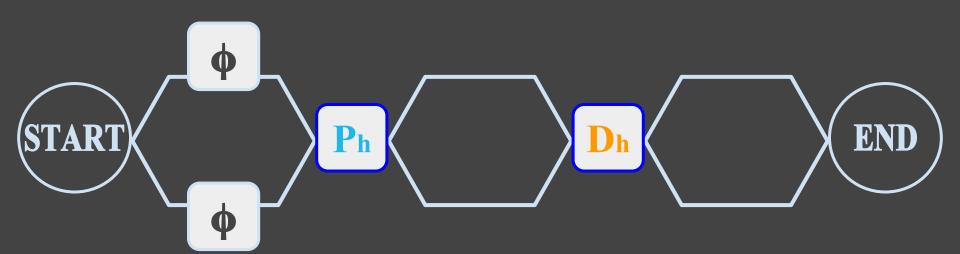


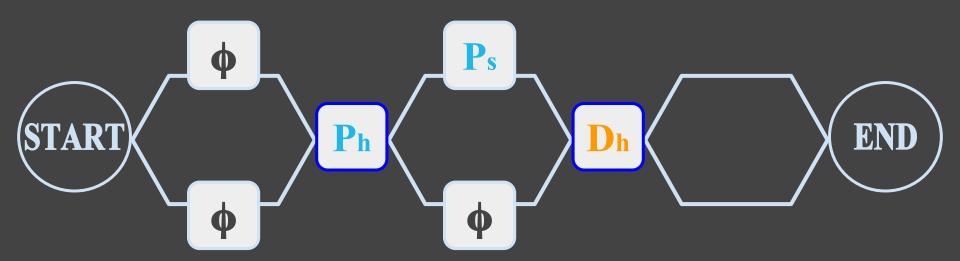
Ph

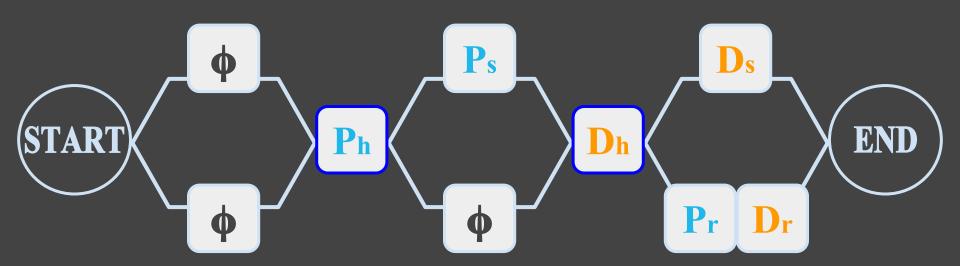
Dh

END





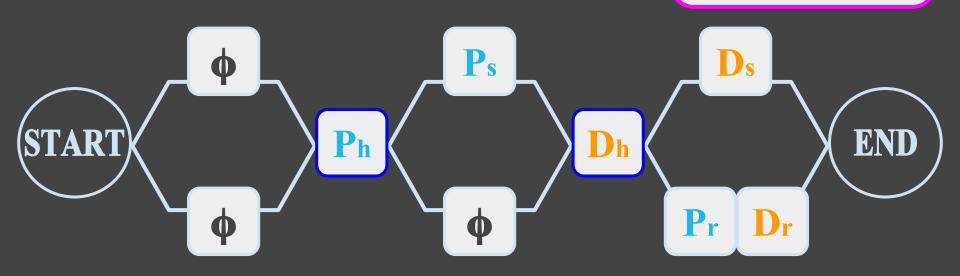




$$\sigma_{hs} = P_h P_s D_h D_s$$

$$\sigma_{hr} = P_h D_h P_r D_r$$

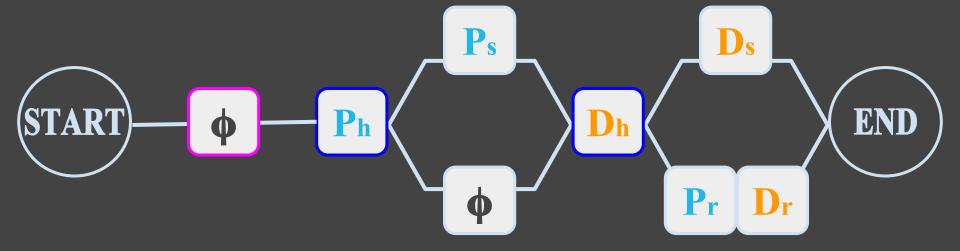
aligned insertions



$$\sigma_{hs} = P_h P_s D_h D_s$$

$$\sigma_{hr} = P_h D_h P_r D_r$$

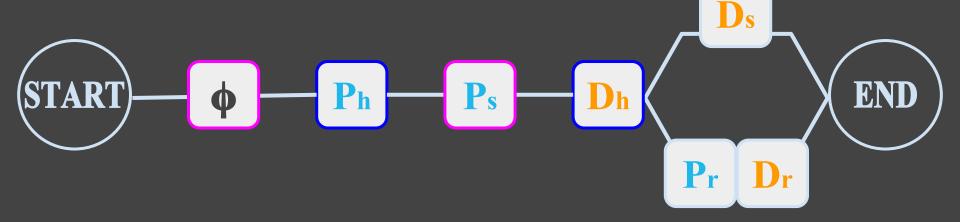
aligned insertions



$$\sigma_{hs} = P_h P_s D_h D_s$$

$$\sigma_{hr} = P_h D_h P_r D_r$$

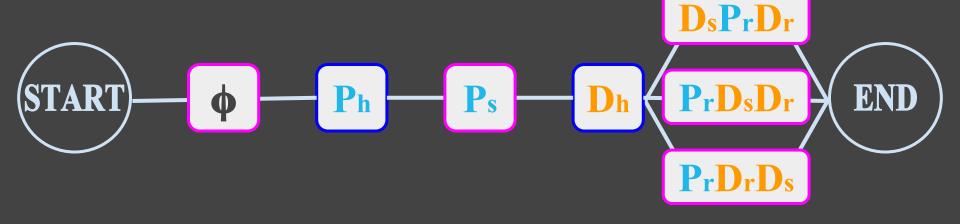
aligned insertions



$$\sigma_{hs} = P_h P_s D_h D_s$$

$$\sigma_{hr} = P_h D_h P_r D_r$$

aligned insertions



 $\sigma_{hs} = P_h P_s D_h D_s$

 $\sigma_{hr} = P_h D_h P_r D_r$

Induction sub-step result:

Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr

Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr

Ph Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds

```
Ph Ps Dh Ds
Ps Ds Ph Dh
```

```
hr Ph Dh Pr Dr Ph Pr Dh Dr
```

hs Ps Dh Ds
Ps Ds Ph Dh

Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr
Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr
Ph Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds

hr Ph Dh Pr Dr Ph Pr Dh Dr

Induction Sub-Step

hs Ps Dh Ds
Ps Ds Ph Dh

hr Ph Dh Pr Dr Ph Pr Dh Dr

Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr Ph Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr Ph Ps Pr Dh Dr Ds Ph Pr Ps Dh Dr Ds

hs Ph Ps Dh Ds Ps Ds Ph Dh

hr Ph Dh Pr Dr Ph Pr Dh Dr

Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr Ph Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr Ph Ps Pr Dh Dr Ds Ph Pr Ps Dh Dr Ds Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr

Ph Ps Dh Ds
Ps Ds Ph Dh

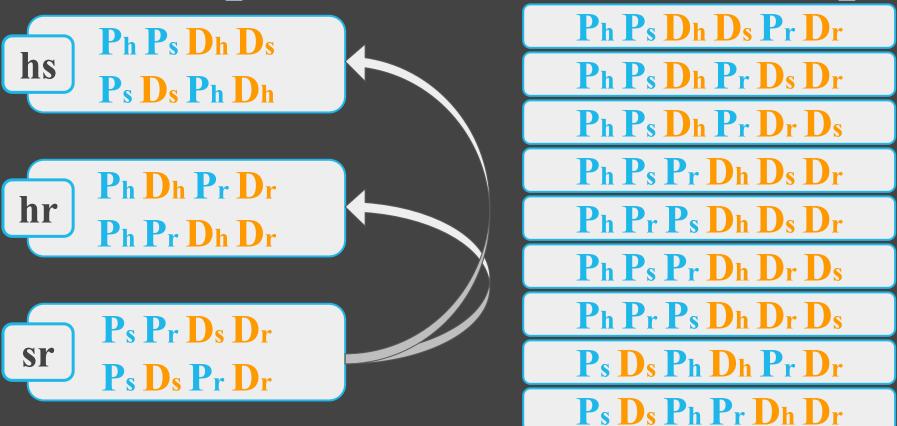
hr Ph Dh Pr Dr Ph Pr Dh Dr

Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr Ph Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr Ph Ps Pr Dh Dr Ds Ph Pr Ps Dh Dr Ds Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr Ps Ds Ph Pr Dh Dr

hs Ph Ps Dh Ds
Ps Ds Ph Dh

hr Ph Dh Pr Dr Ph Pr Dh Dr

Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr Ph Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr Ph Ps Pr Dh Dr Ds Ph Pr Ps Dh Dr Ds Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr Ps Ds Ph Pr Dh Dr



Examples

hs

Ph Ps Dh Ds
Ps Ds Ph Dh

Ph Dh Pr Dr
Ph Pr Dh Dr

Ps Pr Ds Dr
Ps Ds Pr Dr









etion Step

Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr

Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr

Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds

Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr

Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr

Ps Pr Dh Dr Ds

Pr Ps Dh Dr Ds

Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr

Ds Ph Pr Dh Dr



hr Ph Dh Pr Dr Ph Pr Dh Dr



Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr

Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr

Ph Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds

Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr

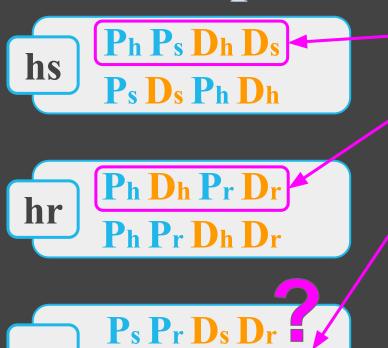
Ph Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr

Ph Ps Pr Dh Dr Ds

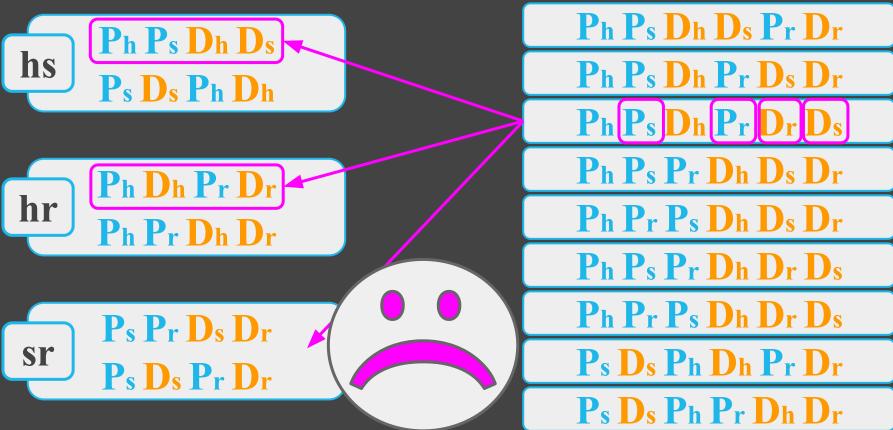
Ph Pr Ps Dh Dr Ds

Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr

Ps Ds Ph Pr Dh Dr



Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr Ph Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr Ph Ps Pr Dh Dr Ds Ph Pr Ps Dh Dr Ds Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr Ps Ds Ph Pr Dh Dr



Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr Ph Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr Ph Ps Pr Dh Dr Ds Ph Pr Ps Dh Dr Ds Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr Ps Ds Ph Pr Dh Dr

Ps Pr Ds Dr
Ps Ds Pr Dr

Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr Ph Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr Ph Ps Pr Dh Dr Ds Ph Pr Ps Dh Dr Ds Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr Ps Ds Ph Pr Dh Dr

Sr Ps Pr Ds Dr
Ps Ds Pr Dr

Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr Ph Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr Ph Ps Pr Dh Dr Ds Ph Pr Ps Dh Dr Ds Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr Ps Ds Ph Pr Dh Dr

Sr Ps Pr Ds Dr
Ps Ds Pr Dr

Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Dr Ds Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr Ph Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr Ph Ps Pr Dh Dr Ds Ph Pr Ps Dh Dr Ds Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr Ps Ds Ph Pr Dh Dr

Ps Pr Ds Dr
Ps Ds Pr Dr

Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr

Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr

Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr

Ph Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr

Sr Ps Pr Ds Dr
Ps Ds Pr Dr

Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr

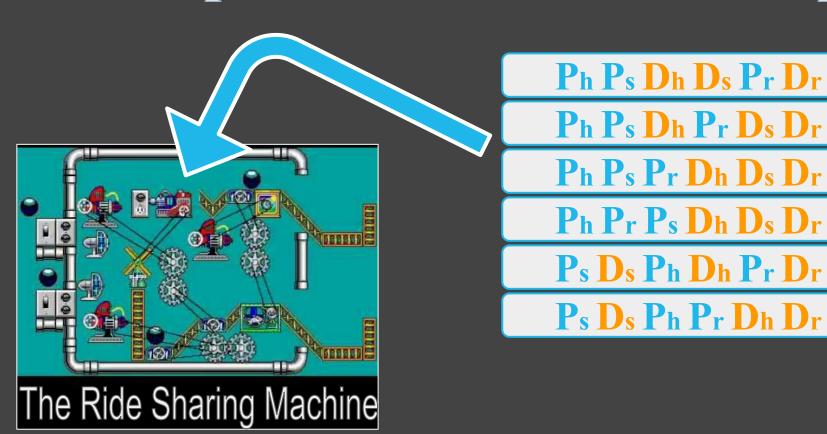
Ps Ds Ph Pr Dh Dr

hs Ph Ps Dh Ds
Ps Ds Ph Dh

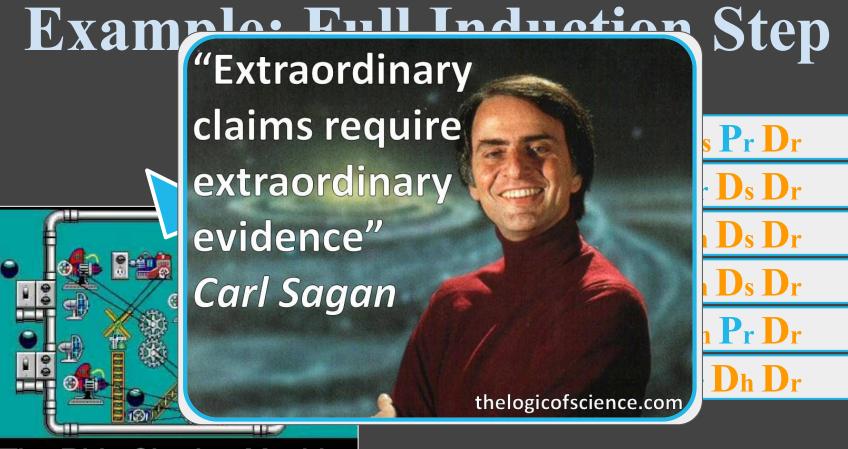
hr Ph Dh Pr Dr Ph Pr Dh Dr

Ps Pr Ds Dr
Ps Ds Pr Dr

Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr Ph Pr Ps Dh Ds Dr Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr Ps Ds Ph Pr Dh Dr







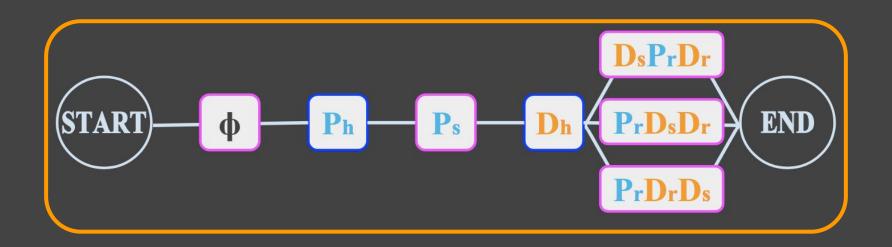
The Ride Sharing Machine



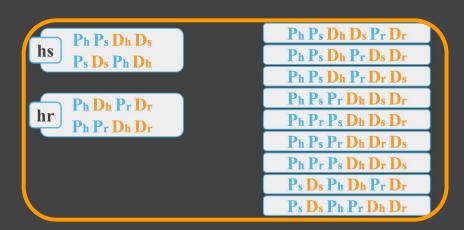
n = number of people

k = number of permutations in the previous induction step

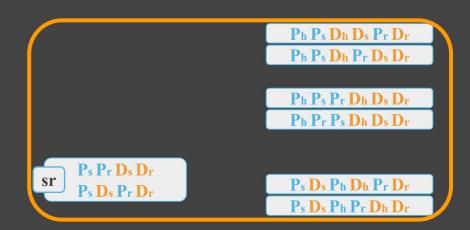
1. Induction sub-step (Sequence Alignment): O(n)



2. Construction: O(k²)
(worst case, k=|Si| for all i)



3. Filtering: O(n·k³)
(naive ~(n-2)·k·k² comparissons)



- 1. Induction sub-step: O(n)
- 2. Construction: O(k²)
- 3. Filtering: O(n·k³)

- 1. Induction sub-step: O(n)
- 2. Construction: O(k²)
- 3. Filtering: O(n·k³)

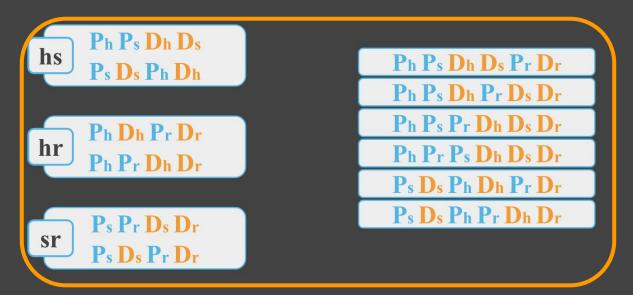
=> Full Induction Step: O(n²k³)

```
hs Ph Ps Dh Ds
Ps Ds Ph Dh

Ph Ps Dh Ds Pr Dr
Ph Ps Dh Pr Ds Dr
Ph Ps Pr Dh Ds Dr
Ph Pr Dh Dr
Ph Pr Dh Dr

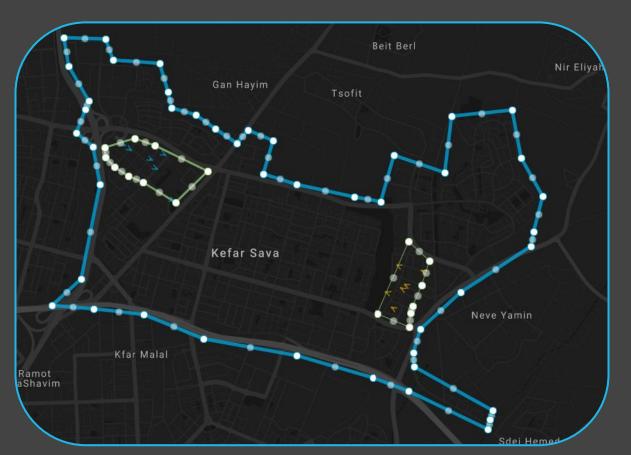
Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr
Ps Ds Ph Dh Pr Dr
Ps Ds Ph Pr Dh Dr
```

=> Full Induction Step: O(n²k³)

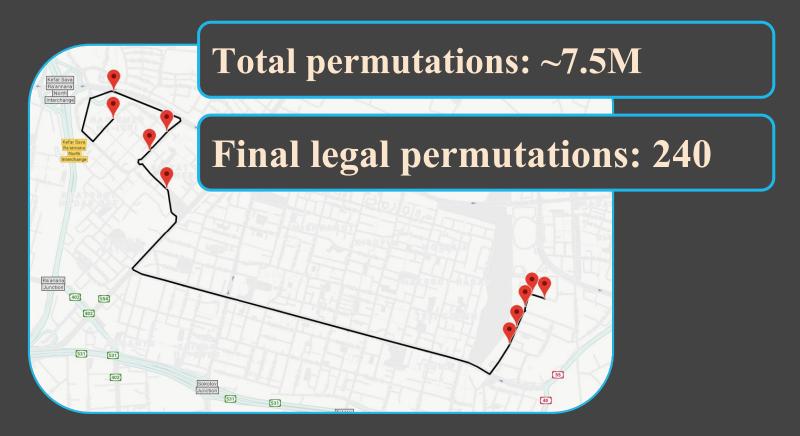


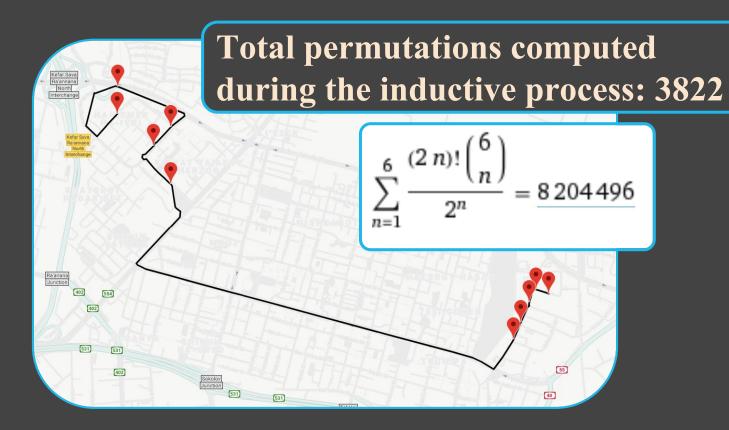
=> Full Induction Step: O(n²k³)

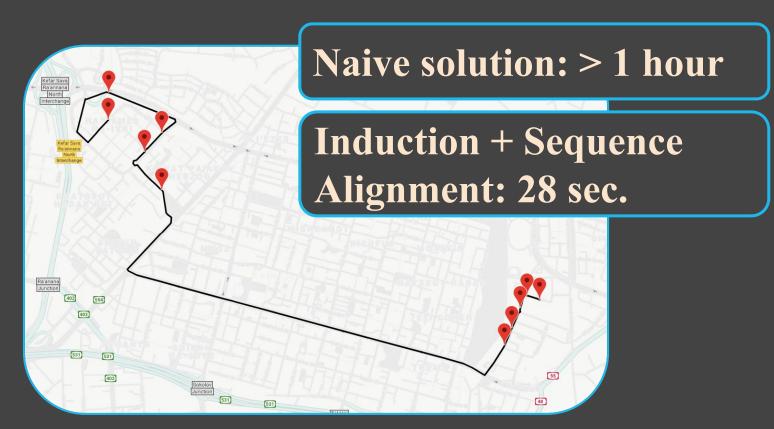
Maximal number of sequences: O(k²)











Take Home Message



Thank you:) Questions?

DalyaG@gmail.com OVIO