

### Scope and Coverage This topic will cover: Process-Oriented Information System methodologies Advantages and disadvantages of Process-Oriented methodologies The purpose and potential of the Yourdon methodology The POEM methodology

## Process-Oriented IS Methodologies Topic 7-73 Learning Outcomes - 1 By the end of this topic students will be able to: Define and explain the term process-oriented IS methodology Identify types of process-oriented IS methodologies Identify and discuss the advantages of process-oriented IS methodologies Identify and discuss the disadvantages of process-oriented IS methodologies Identify and discuss the disadvantages of process-oriented IS methodologies

# Learning Outcomes - 2 By the end of this topic students will be able to: Define and explain the term Yourdon methodology Evaluate and discuss the Yourdon methodology in the context of a business scenario Define and explain the abbreviation POEM Evaluate and discuss the POEM methodology in the context of a business scenario

### Terminology Terminology will be explained in the lecture, seminar and tutorial and you should take notes. Ask questions if there is anything that you don't understand.

### Process-Oriented IS Methodology - 1 A hard approach to information systems analysis A highly-structured, step-by-step methodology that follows strict rules and guidelines, as defined in the SDLC It focuses on the flow, use and transformation of data in an information system. It identifies and details the core processes of a system. Graphical representations such as data flow diagrams and charts are used to illustrate the data processes.

## Process-Oriented IS Methodology - 2 • QUESTION - Do the previous descriptions of a process-oriented methodology make you think of one methodology in particular? Bringing British Lackbook Control Bringing British

### Types of Process-Oriented IS Methodologies • There are several types and these include: - SSADM - Yourdon - POEM

### Application of Process-Oriented IS Methodologies • There are many areas that utilise process-oriented analysis methodologies and these include: • business information systems and sub-systems, for example: • management information systems • project management • manufacturing systems • industrial quality control systems

### Advantages of Process-Oriented IS Methodologies - 1

- It is a flexible method of analysis because it can be applied to both business and industrial systems.
- It is a thorough and efficient method of analysing organisations, information systems, industrial processes and resources.



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### Advantages of Process-Oriented IS Methodologies - 2

- It enables the detailed analysis of technical aspects of a system.
- DFDs summarise and organise detailed information about a system's boundaries, processes, and data entities efficiently and provide physical and logical views of a system.



### Advantages of Process-Oriented IS Methodologies - 3

- A flexible method of analysis because it can be applied to both business and industrial systems
- A thorough and efficient method of analysing organisations, information systems, industrial processes and resources
- Enables the detailed analysis of technical aspects of a system



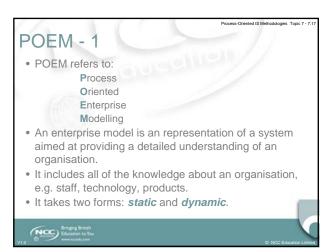
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### Disadvantages of Process-Oriented IS Methodologies - 1 Concentrates on a hard approach to systems analysis and there is little involvement of the user Neglects the human, social and organisational impacts of system. The step-by-step approach makes this methodology less flexible than other methodologies.

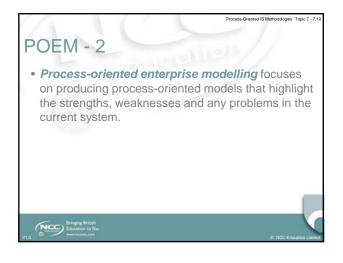
### Disadvantages of Process-Oriented IS Methodologies - 2 • Maintaining, updating, and documenting a complete set of DFDs can be time consuming. • DFDs are not always not designed with the user in mind and this can cause difficulties in communication.

## Yourdon Methodology A process-oriented, hard approach to information systems analysis A highly structured and logical method, following a step-by-step approach Uses DFDs to illustrate: what the system does what happens and when what data is used by the system Leads to well-organised systems

# Applying the Yourdon Methodology There are many areas that utilise the Yourdon analysis methodology and these include: business information systems such as: transaction processing systems payroll systems manufacturing systems industrial quality control systems house free Break.



### Static and Dynamic Modelling • A static model is a view of an organisation at a point in time and considers the aims of an organisation, its structure, its position and opportunities it has to expand. • Dynamic enterprise modelling looks at the way an organisation changes over time and is often used when an organisation is having to make a decision and needs to know how this decision will affect the whole organisation.



### POEM - 3 • Process-oriented models can be used to analyse: - business processes - business roles and responsibilities - relationships between the processes (which depend on other processes, replace other processes or are replaced by other processes) - relationships between the roles - relationships between the roles and processes

## POEM - 4 Business processes can include: data entry, validation, verification, etc. Business Roles can include project managers, administrators, technical support, etc. A diagram or set of diagrams (a Process Map Diagram) can be produced by the analyst to enable them to identify: - which processes are being performed to meet an organisation's aims - what the relationships and dependencies are within the system

## Evaluation of POEM Takes more account of human activity in the system than the Yourdon methodology Attempts to blend aspects of soft approach with hard approach Useful when analysing the knowledge-base and knowledge management within an organisation



