

BENJAMIN OWUSU BEDIAKO

Project: Predictive Analytics Capstone

Complete each section. When you are ready, save your file as a PDF document and submit it here: <https://coco.udacity.com/nanodegrees/nd008/locale/en-us/versions/1.0.0/parts/7271/project>

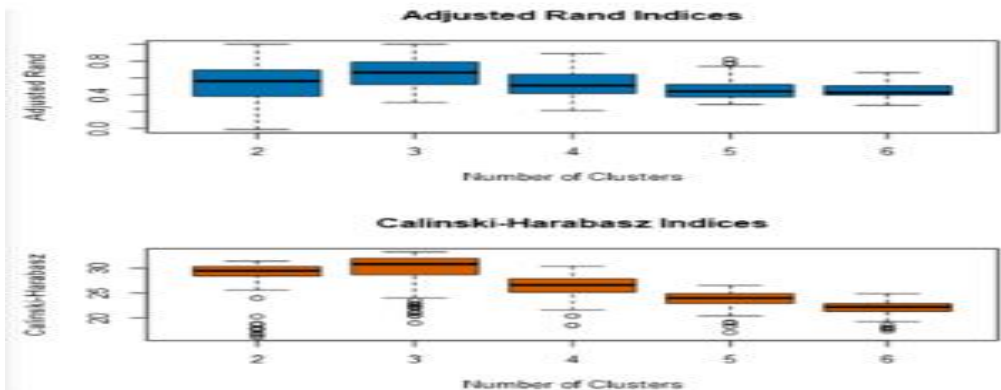
Task 1: Determine Store Formats for Existing Stores

1. What is the optimal number of store formats? How did you arrive at that number?

Answer:

K-Means Cluster Assessment Report						
Summary Statistics						
Adjusted Rand Indices:						
	2	3	4	5	6	
Minimum	-0.01155	0.3063	0.213	0.2837	0.2762	
1st Quartile	0.3814	0.5258	0.4169	0.374	0.3965	
Median	0.5619	0.6653	0.5107	0.4406	0.4256	
Mean	0.5084	0.6594	0.5471	0.4704	0.4502	
3rd Quartile	0.6942	0.7865	0.6427	0.5199	0.5067	
Maximum	1	1	0.8902	0.8207	0.6626	
Calinski-Harabasz Indices:						
	2	3	4	5	6	
Minimum	16.1	18.94	18.45	17.02	17.37	
1st Quartile	28.42	28.68	25.16	22.91	21.28	
Median	29.47	30.83	26.61	23.98	22.17	
Mean	28.24	29.58	26.34	23.7	21.95	
3rd Quartile	30.31	31.97	27.85	24.9	22.84	
Maximum	31.44	32.26	30.37	26.53	24.87	

Figure 1: K-Means Cluster Assessment Report



Looking at the above visualization, the optimal number of store formats is 3 since the adjusted rand and Calinski-Harabasz indices had the highest median number.

2. How many stores fall into each store format?

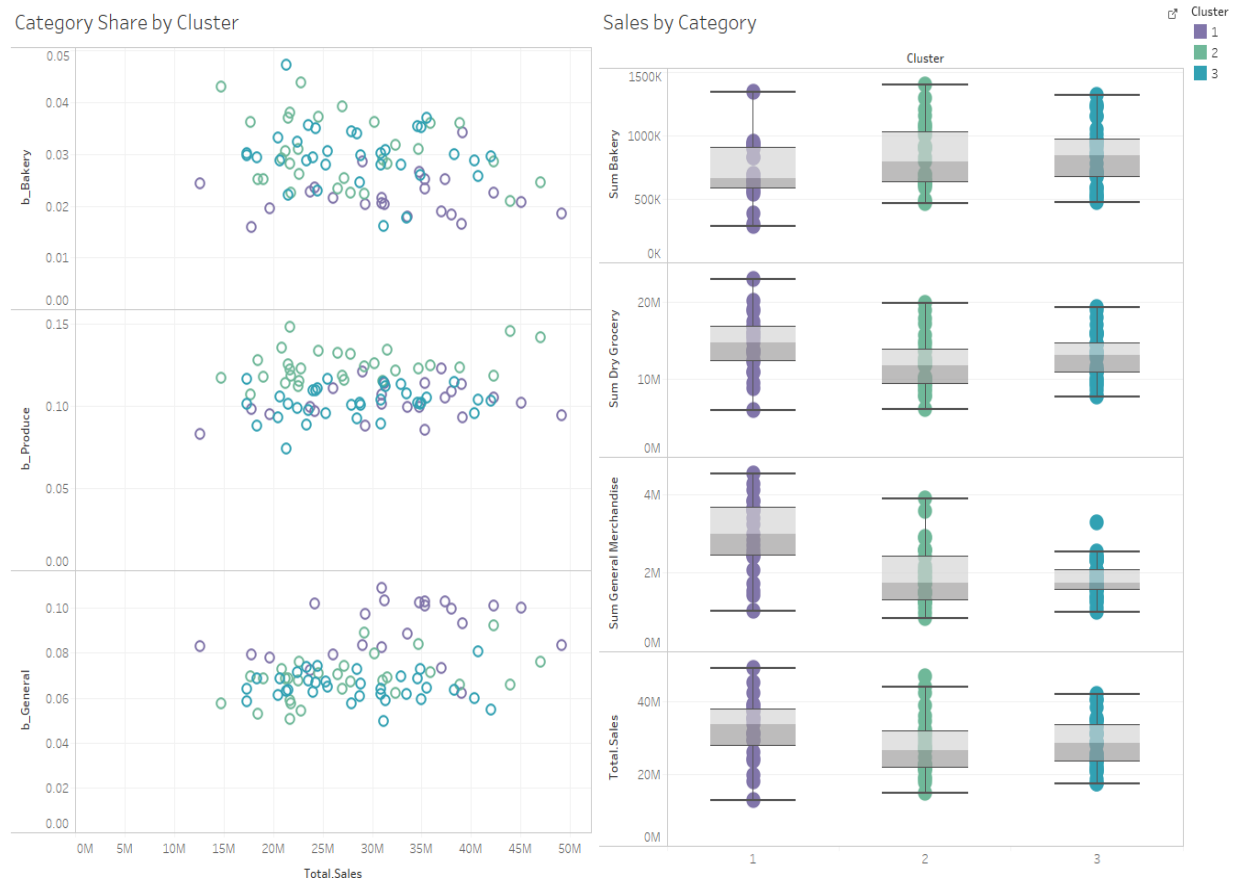
Answer:

3 records displayed, 2 fields, 1167 bytes		
Table Profile		
2 of 2 Fields Cell Viewer		
Record #	Count	Store_Cluster
1	23	1
2	29	2
3	33	3

The above visualization indicates that the Stores_Cluster 1, 2 and 3 have Store_count of 23, 29 and 33 respectively.

- Based on the results of the clustering model, what is one way that the clusters differ from one another?

Answer:

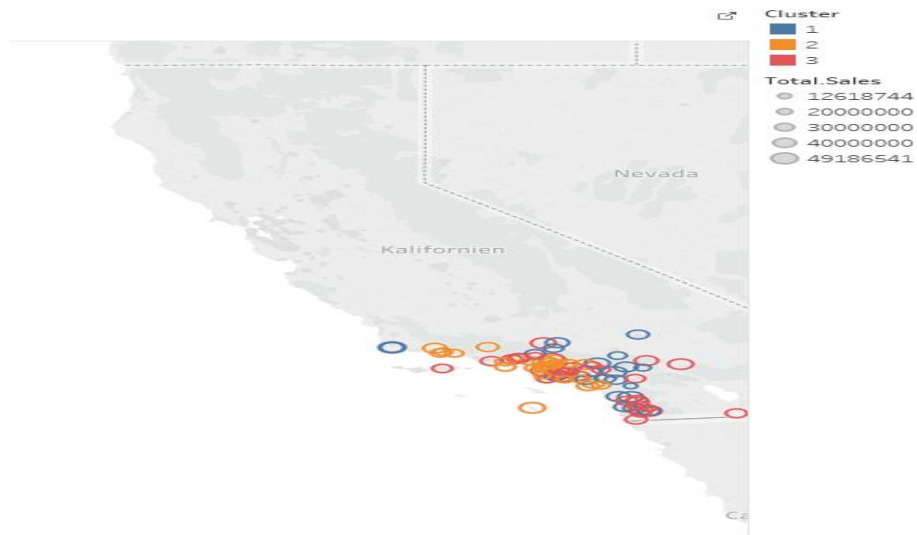


Based on the visualization, cluster_3 shows the highest sales on bakery with \$1,243,333 while cluster_1 and cluster_2 with sales of \$914,460 and \$1,153,011 respectively. Again, cluster_1 gains the highest sales on Dry Grocery with \$22,920,868 where as cluster_2 and cluster_3 had sales of \$19,906,353 and \$19,352,651 respectively. Furthermore, cluster_1 gains the highest sales on General Merchandise with \$4,091,857 while cluster_2 and cluster_3 had sales of \$3,571,912 and \$2,297,763. Therefore it can be asserted that cluster_1 had the total highest sales of products than the cluster_2 and cluster_3.

- Please provide a Tableau visualization (saved as a Tableau Public file) that shows the location of the stores, uses color to show cluster, and size to show total sales.

Answer:

https://public.tableau.com/profile/benjamin.bediako#!/vizhome/Task1_42/Clustervizualization?publish=yes



Task 2: Formats for New Stores

1. What methodology did you use to predict the best store format for the new stores? Why did you choose that methodology? (Remember to Use a 20% validation sample with Random Seed = 3 to test differences in models.)

Answer:

In predicting the best store format for the new stores, the model comparison report exhibits both the fit and error measures; and the confusion matrices of Boosted, decision tree and Forest models. Under the fit and error measures, all the Boosted, decision tree and forest models had the same accuracy number but looking at the F1 value, the Boosted model had the highest. Therefore the Boosted model is chosen.

5 records displayed, 2 fields, 3515 bytes					
Table Report Profile					
1 of 1 Fields Records 1 to 5					
Record	Layout				
1	Model Comparison Report				
2	Fit and error measures				
	Model	Accuracy	F1	Accuracy_1	Accuracy_2
	Task2_Boosted	0.8235	0.8543	0.8000	0.8667
	Task2_Decision_Tree	0.8235	0.8251	0.7500	0.8000
	Task2_Forest	0.8235	0.8251	0.7500	0.8000
	<p>Model: model names in the current comparison.</p> <p>Accuracy: overall accuracy, number of correct predictions of all classes divided by total sample number.</p> <p>Accuracy_[class name]: accuracy of Class [class name], number of samples that are correctly predicted to be Class [class name] divided by number of samples predicted to be Class [class name]</p> <p>AUC: area under the ROC curve, only available for two-class classification.</p> <p>F1: F1 score, precision * recall / (precision + recall)</p>				
3	Confusion matrix of Task2_Boosted				
		Actual_1	Actual_2	Actual_3	
	Predicted_1	4	0	1	
	Predicted_2	0	4	2	
	Predicted_3	0	0	6	
4	Confusion matrix of Task2_Decision_Tree				
		Actual_1	Actual_2	Actual_3	
	Predicted_1	3	0	1	
	Predicted_2	0	4	1	
	Predicted_3	1	0	7	
5	Confusion matrix of Task2_Forest				
		Actual_1	Actual_2	Actual_3	
	Predicted_1	3	0	1	
	Predicted_2	0	4	1	
	Predicted_3	1	0	7	

2. What format do each of the 10 new stores fall into? Please fill in the table below.

Store Number	Segment
S0086	1
S0087	2
S0088	3
S0089	2
S0090	2
S0091	1
S0092	2
S0093	1
S0094	2
S0095	2

Task 3: Predicting Produce Sales

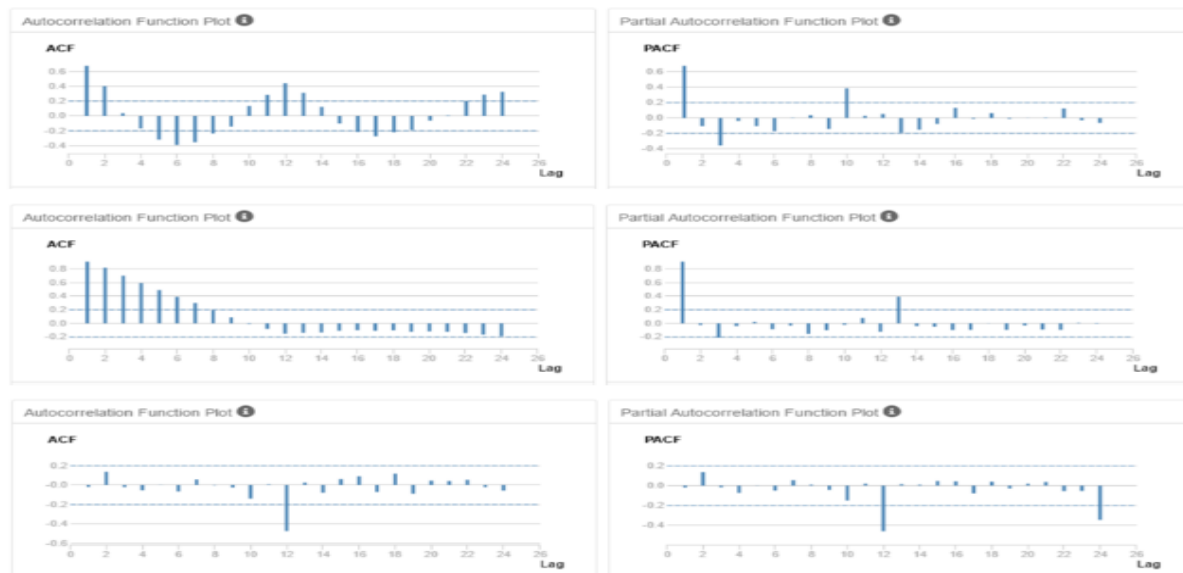
1. What type of ETS or ARIMA model did you use for each forecast? Use ETS (a, m, n) or ARIMA (ar, i, ma) notation. How did you come to that decision?

Answer:

The ETS (M, N, M) without dampening, the seasonal plot is multiplicative that shows an increased periodic fluctuations. There should not be an effect on trend plot and remainder plot is multiplicative since it has irregularities.



The seasonal difference of ARIMA (0, 1, 2) (0, 1, 0) lagging at 2.



When comparing the ARIMA model and ETS model, the EST model had the best or higher accuracy. With a holdout sample of 6 months.

ETS (m, n, m)

In-sample error measures:						
ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
-12901.2479844	1020596.9042405	807324.9676799	-0.2121517	3.5437387	0.4506721	0.1507788

ARIMA (m, n, m)

In-sample error measures:

ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
170664.054315	1429296.2983494	951432.2560696	0.6151859	4.2023854	0.531117	-0.0260961

According to the above visualizations, the RMSE and the MASE of ETS had the lowest values (1020596.9042405 and 0.4506721 respectively) when compared to ARIMA (RMSE and MASE with 1429296.2983494 and 0.531117 respectively). But looking at the visualizations below:

EST

ARIMA

Information criteria:

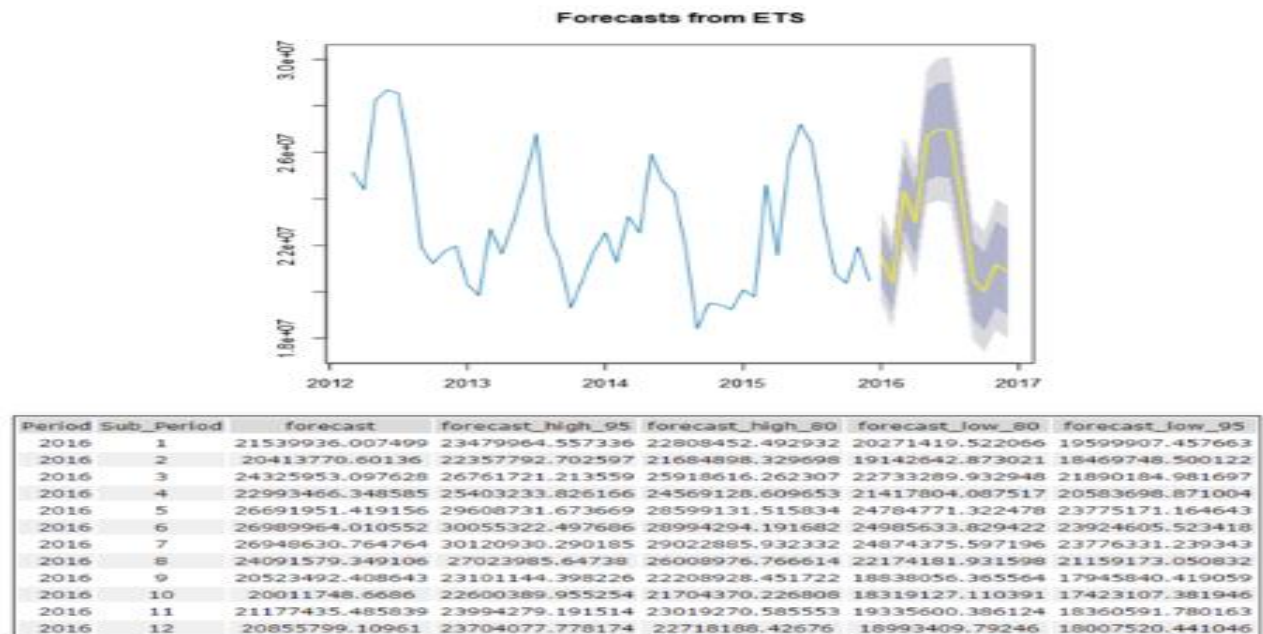
AIC	AICc	BIC
1283.1197	1303.1197	1308.4529

Information Criteria:

AIC	AICc	BIC
858.7774	859.8209	862.665

It can be asserts that the ETS has the highest value (128.3.1197) for AIC than the ARIMA of AIC with 858.7774.

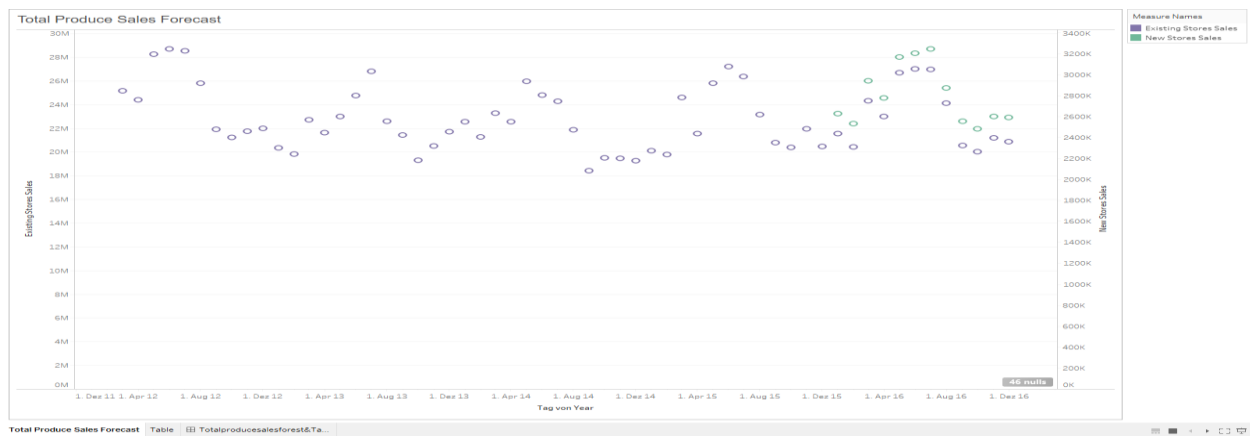
Below is the forecast from ETS with a confidence level interval of 80% and 90%.



- Please provide a Tableau Dashboard (saved as a Tableau Public file) that includes a table and a plot of the three monthly forecasts; one for existing, one for new, and one for all stores. Please name the tab in the Tableau file "Task 3".

Answer:

https://public.tableau.com/profile/benjamin.bediako#!/vizhome/Task3_73/Dashboard1



Table

Year of Year	Month of Year	Existing Stores Sales	New Stores Sales
2013	Oktober	20'489'773	
	November	20'489'773	
	Dezember	21'715'707	
2014	Januar	22'544'458	
	Februar	21'262'413	
	März	23'247'169	
	April	22'541'988	
	Mai	25'943'047	
	Juni	24'782'178	
	Juli	24'263'118	
	August	21'879'989	
	September	18'407'264	
	Oktober	19'497'572	
	November	19'444'753	
	Dezember	19'240'385	
2015	Januar	20'088'529	
	Februar	19'772'333	
	März	24'608'407	
	April	21'559'729	
	Mai	25'792'075	
	Juni	27'212'464	
	Juli	26'338'477	
	August	23'130'627	
	September	20'774'416	
	Oktober	20'359'981	
	November	21'936'907	
	Dezember	20'462'899	
2016	Januar	21'539'936	2'626'198
	Februar	20'413'771	2'529'186
	März	24'325'953	2'940'264
	April	22'993'466	2'774'135
	Mai	26'691'951	3'165'320
	Juni	26'989'964	3'203'286
	Juli	26'948'631	3'244'464
	August	24'091'579	2'871'488
	September	20'523'492	2'552'418
	Oktober	20'011'749	2'482'837
	November	21'177'435	2'597'780
	Dezember	20'855'799	2'591'815

Before you submit

Please check your answers against the requirements of the project dictated by the rubric. Reviewers will use this rubric to grade your project.