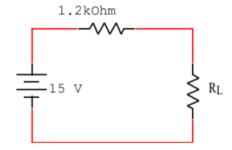
Cálculos



Cálculo de la potencia

$$P_{Rl} = \frac{{V_{Rl}}^2}{R_L} = \frac{\left(V\left(\frac{R_L}{R_1 + R_L}\right)\right)^2}{R_L}$$

Cálculo de la potencia para $R_L=220\Omega$

$$P = \frac{\left(15\left(\frac{220}{1200 + 220}\right)\right)^2}{220}$$

$$P = 0.0245 [W]$$

Cálculo de la potencia para $R_L=470\Omega$

$$P = \frac{\left(15\left(\frac{470}{1200 + 470}\right)\right)^2}{470}$$

$$P = 0.0379 [W]$$

Cálculo de la potencia para $R_L=680\Omega$

$$P = \frac{\left(15\left(\frac{680}{1200 + 680}\right)\right)^2}{680}$$

$$P=0{,}0433\,[W]$$

Cálculo de la potencia para $R_L=820\Omega$

$$P = \frac{\left(15\left(\frac{820}{1200 + 820}\right)\right)^2}{820}$$

$$P = 0.0452 [W]$$

Cálculo de la potencia para $R_L=1000\Omega$

$$P = \frac{\left(15\left(\frac{1000}{1200 + 1000}\right)\right)^2}{1000}$$

$$P = 0.0465 [W]$$

Cálculo de la potencia para $R_L=1500\Omega$

$$P = \frac{\left(15\left(\frac{1500}{1200 + 1500}\right)\right)^2}{1500}$$

$$P = 0.0463 [W]$$

Cálculo de la potencia para $R_L=1800\Omega$

$$P = \frac{\left(15\left(\frac{1800}{1200 + 1800}\right)\right)^2}{1800}$$

$$P = 0.045 [W]$$

Cálculo de la potencia para $R_L=2200\Omega$

$$P = \frac{\left(15\left(\frac{2200}{1200 + 2200}\right)\right)^2}{2200}$$

$$P = 0.0428 [W]$$

Cálculo de la potencia para $R_L=3900\Omega$

$$P = \frac{\left(15\left(\frac{3900}{1200 + 3900}\right)\right)^2}{3900}$$

$$P=0{,}0337\,[W]$$

Cálculo de la potencia para $R_L=4700\Omega$

$$P = \frac{\left(15\left(\frac{4700}{1200 + 4700}\right)\right)^2}{4700}$$

$$P = 0.0304 [W]$$