

Revision 1.3

December 2016

See the change bars associated with the following changes to this document:

- 1) Common _DSMs supported by all NVDIMMs have been removed from this document. Please see the ACPI 6.1 Specification, the ACPI 6.2 Specification with additional _DSMs and improvements to existing _DSMs, and the UEFI 2.7 Label and BTT additions
- 2) Changes to SMART Health Info output payload as follows:
 - a. Added NVDIMM Controller temperature to the generic SMART payload to match the Alarm Trip bits already defined in the existing generic SMART payload and Get SMART Threshold alarms. Without this change there is no way to determine what the Controller temperature is.
 - b. Added 10 reserved bytes to support future additional SMART information to match the 5 reserved bits in the Validation Flags and the 5 extra bits in the Threshold Alarm Control reserved bits (in the Get SMART Threshold DSM output payload). This will allow future additions without making a mess of the existing payload data.
- 3) Get SMART Threshold DSM Changed the size of the Threshold Alarm Control to 1 byte to match the amount of space available in the SMART Health Info DSM output payload and added 1 byte of reserved to follow.
- 4) Added Extended Status returned for Get Namespace Label Size if a locked NVDIMM is encountered.



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Contents

Contents

1	Introduction	5
1.1	Document Scope	5
1.2	Related Documents	
1.3	Terminology	
2	_DSM Interface for NVDIMM ACPI0012 Root Device - Example	ε
3	_DSM Interface for NVDIMM Device (non-root) - Example	7
3.1	SMART and Health Info (Function Index 1)	9
3.2	Get SMART Threshold (Function Index 2)	
3.3	Get Block NVDIMM Flags (Function Index 3)	14
3.4	Get Namespace Label Size (Function Index 4)	
3.5	Get Namespace Label Data (Function Index 5)	16
3.6	Set Namespace Label Data (Function Index 6)	17
3.7	Get Vendor-Specific Command Effect Log Size (Function Index 7)	
3.8	Get Vendor-Specific Command Effect Log (Function Index 8)	19
3.9	Vendor-Specific Command (Function Index 9)	

Figures

No table of figures entries found.

Tables

able 1-1 – Terminology	. 5
able 4-2 SMART and Health Data Format	10
able 4-4 SMART Threshold Data Format	12
able 4-5 Get Block NVDIMM Flags - Output Format	14
able 4-6 Get Namespace Label Size – Output Format	15
able 4-7 Get Namespace Label Data – Input Format	16
able 4-8 Get Namespace Label Data – Output Format	16
able 4-9 Set Namespace Label Data – Input Format	17
able 4-10 Set Namespace Label Data – Output Format	17
able 4-11 Get Vendor Specific Command Effect Log Size – Output Format	18
able 4-12 Get Vendor Specific Command Effect Log Size – Output Format	19



Table 4-13 Command Effect Data - Format	19
Table 4-14 Vendor Specific Command – Input Format	21
Table 4-15 Vendor Specific Command – Output Format	21



1 Introduction

1.1 Document Scope

This document is targeted to writers of BIOS and OS drivers for NVDIMMs whose design adheres to the NFIT Tables in the ACPI V6.0 specification. This document specifically discusses the NVDIMM Device Specific Method (_DSM) example.

1.2 Related Documents

The related documents are ACPI Specification Version 6.0 (http://www.uefi.org/specifications) and NVDIMM Namespace Specification (http://pmem.io/documents).

1.3 Terminology

Refer to Table 1-1 for definitions of terms used in this document.

Table 1-1 - Terminology

Term	Description
NFIT	The NVDIMM Firmware Interface Table defines the ACPI 6.1 specified information created by the BIOS to inform the OS about NVDIMMs in the system.
NVDIMM	Non-volatile memory in a DIMM form factor.
NVDIMM Namespace Label	Labels, stored at a known location on NVDIMMs, which define the DIMM's contribution to NVDIMM Namespaces. This is a software mechanism; the DIMM itself just sees the labels as part of the overall data stored on the DIMM. See the ACPI 6.2 NVDIMM Label additions, the UEFI 2.7 NVDIMM Label Protocol and BTT Protocol additions to describe this in more detail.
NVDIMM Namespace	Similar to an NVMe Namespace or a Logical Unit (LUN) on a SCSI disk, this is a software mechanism for managing ranges of persistence on NVDIMMs. See the ACPI 6.2 NVDIMM Label additions, the UEFI 2.7 NVDIMM Label Protocol and BTT Protocol additions to describe this in more detail.
Persistent Memory	Byte-addressable memory that retains its contents after power loss.
SPA	System Physical Address. A physical address on the host operating system.



2 _DSM Interface for NVDIMM ACPI0012 Root Device -Example

All Root ACPI0012 scoped _DSMs are now found in the following specifications and have been removed from this document, which will now only document the NVDIMM example _DSMs.

Please see:

ACPI Specification V6.1 – Initial NVDIMM additions, Common ARS, Clear Uncorrectable Error _DSMs ACPI Specification V6.2 – See proposed updates to 6.1 _DSMs, addition of NVDIMM Label API UEFI Specification V2.7 – See proposed additions of NVDIMM Label and NVDIMM BTT Protocols



3 _DSM Interface for NVDIMM Device (non-root) - Example

Platforms that have the _DSM interface implemented, as outlined in this section, can support a NVDIMM region with Region Format Interface Code (RFIC) of 0x0201.

Note that the _DSM methods defined in this section are required to be implemented under NVDIMM devices that are child devices of NVDIMM objects associated with _HID of ACPI0012 in ACPI name space hierarchy.

Arg0 - UUID (set to 4309AC30-0D11-11E4-9191-0800200C9A66)

Arg1 - Revision ID (set to 1)

Arg2 – Function Index

- 0 Query command implemented per ACPI Specification
- 1 SMART and Health Info
- 2 Get SMART Threshold
- 3 Get Block NVDIMM Flags
- 4 Get Namespace Label Size
- 5 Get Namespace Label Data
- 6 Set Namespace Label Data
- 7 Get Vendor-Specific Command Effect Log Size
- 8 Get Vendor-Specific Command Effect Log
- 9 Vendor-Specific Command

Arg3 – A package containing parameters for the function specified by the *UUID*, *Revision ID*, and *Function Index*. The layout of the package for each command along with the corresponding output are illustrated in the respective *Function Index* description sections. For DSM functions that take an input argument, Arg3 is a package containing a Buffer, list of bytes, value. The output of all functions in the DSM is a Buffer, list of bytes, value.



Implementation Note: This section adopts the following conventions for the _DSM function return status codes. This status can always be utilized for the status of each _DSM function, whether the specific status value is defined in the output buffer or not:

Bytes[1-0]

- 0 Success
- 1 Failure Function Not Supported
- 2 Failure Non-Existing Memory Device
- 3 Failure Invalid Input Parameters
- 4 Failure HW Error
- 5 Failure Retry Suggested
- 6 Failure Unknown Reason
- 7 Vendor Specific Error (details in Extended Status Field)
- 8-FFFFh Reserved

Bytes[3-2] Extended Status Field (Vendor defined)



3.1 SMART and Health Info (Function Index 1)

This command requests the leaf node device to return Smart and Health information for the requested device. Note that the Smart data defined here does not follow standardized T10/T13 SCSI and SATA SMART payload definitions. The payload returned here is specific to the FIC 0x0301 and 0x0201 NVDIMM devices and may require translation to utilize with existing standardized SMART applications.

Function Input

None

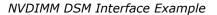
Function Output

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description
Status	2	0	Defined above
Extended Status	2	2	Extended Status Field (Vendor Defined)
Smart and Health Data	128	4	Output formatted as shown in Table 3-1.



Table 3-1 SMART and Health Data Format

Bytes	Description				
03-00	Validation Flags – if the corresponding validation flag is not set in this field, it is indication to software that the corresponding field is not valid and must not be interpreted.				
	Bit[0] – if set to 1, indicates that Health Status field is valid				
	Bit[1] – if set to 1, indicates that Spare Blocks field is valid				
	Bit[2] – if set to 1, indicates that Percentage Used field is valid				
	Bit[3] – if set to 1, indicates that Current NVDIMM Media Temperature field is valid				
	Bit[4] – if set to 1, indicates that Current NVDIMM Controller Temperature field is valid				
	Bits[8:5] – Reserved				
	Bit[9] – if set to 1, indicates that Alarm Trips field is valid				
	Bit[<u>10</u>] – if set to 1, indicates that Last Shutdown Status field is valid				
	Bit[11] – if set to 1, indicates that Size of Vendor-specific Data field is valid. If this field is not valid, the software will ignore the vendor-specific data fields.				
	Bits[31: <u>12</u>] – Reserved				
07-04	Reserved				
08	Health Status (HS): Overall health summary				
	Bit[0] – if set to 1, indicates Non-Critical condition, maintenance required but no data loss detected				
	Bit[1] – if set to 1, indicates Critical condition, features or performance degraded due to failures but no data loss detected				
	Bit[2] – if set to 1, indicates fatal condition, data loss is detected or is imminent				
	Bits[7:3] - Reserved				
<u>09</u>	Spare Blocks: Remaining Spare Capacity as % of factory configured space				
	Valid range 0 to 100.				
<u>10</u>	Percentage Used: Device life span as percentage, 100 = the warranted life span of the device has been reached				





<u>11</u>	Alarm Trips: Bits to signify if values have tripped their respective alarm thresholds
	Bit[0] - Spare Blocks Trip - If set then the spare block value has reached the pre-
	programmed threshold limit
	Bit[1] – NVDIMM Media Temperature Trip - If set then the NVDIMM Media
	temperature value has reached the pre-programmed threshold limit
	Bit[2] – NVDIMM Controller Temperature Trip - If set then the NVDIMM Controller
	temperature value has reached the pre-programmed threshold limit
	Bits[7:3] - Reserved
1 <u>3</u> - <u>12</u>	Current NVDIMM Media Temperature: Current temperature of the NVDIMM Media
	Bits[14:0] - Temperature in 1/16 th Celsius resolution.
	Bit[15] – Sign bit for temperature (1 = negative, 0 = positive)
<u>15-14</u>	Current NVDIMM Controller Temperature: Current temperature of the NVDIMM
	Controller
	Bits[14:0] - Temperature in 1/16 th Celsius resolution.
	Bit[15] – Sign bit for temperature (1 = negative, 0 = positive)
<u>30-16</u>	Reserved
<u>31</u>	Last Shutdown Status: status of last shutdown
	0 – Clean shutdown
	1 - 0FFh — Not Clean Shutdown, indicates that there was either a platform or memory
	device-related failure occurred when saving data targeted for this memory device.
<u>35-32</u>	Size of Vendor-specific Data. If set to 0, indicates that there is no vendor specific data
	that follows. Otherwise, indicates size of the Vendor-specific data that follows.
127- <u>36</u>	Vendor-specific Data



3.2 Get SMART Threshold (Function Index 2)

This command requests the leaf node device to return Smart Threshold values that have been programmed by the platform for the requested device.

Function Input

None

Function Output

The following tables outline the expected output payload for this command.

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description
Status	2	0	Defined above
Extended Status	2	2	Extended Status Field (Vendor Defined)
Smart Threshold Data	8	4	Output formatted as shown in Table 3-2.

Table 3-2 SMART Threshold Data Format

Bytes	Description
0	Threshold Alarm Control – If a bit is set to 1, the specific alarm is enabled and the corresponding Alarm Trip bit in the SMART Health Status output payload will be set when a specific threshold outlined below has been reached. Bit[0] - Spare Block Threshold Alarm Valid Bit[1] – NVDIMM Media Temperature Threshold Alarm Valid Bit[2] – NVDIMM Controller Temperature Threshold Alarm Valid Bits[7:3] - Reserved
1	Reserved
2	Spare Block Threshold: Remaining Spare Capacity as % of factory configured space. Valid range 0 to 100.



	If the <i>Spare Block Threshold Alarm Valid</i> bit is enabled and when the space block capacity goes below this threshold, the <i>Spare Blocks Trip</i> bit will be set in the SMART and Health Data structure defined in Table 3-1.
4-3	NVDIMM Media Temperature Threshold
	Bits[14:0] – Temperature in 1/16 th Celsius resolution.
	Bit[15] – Sign bit for temperature (1 = negative, 0 = positive)
	If the NVDIMM Media Temperature Threshold Alarm Valid bit is enabled and when the NVDIMM Media temperature goes above this value, the NVDIMM Media Temperature Trip bit will be set in the SMART and Health Data structure defined in
	Table 3-1.
6-5	NVDIMM Controller Temperature Threshold
	Bits[14:0] - Temperature in 1/16 th Celsius resolution.
	Bit[15] - Sign bit for temperature (1 = negative, 0 = positive)
	If the NVDIMM Controller Temperature Threshold Alarm Valid bit is enabled and when the NVDIMM Controller temperature goes above this value, the NVDIMM Controller Temperature Trip bit will be set in the SMART and Health Data structure defined in
	Table 3-1.
7	Reserved



3.3 Get Block NVDIMM Flags (Function Index 3)

This function that is only applicable if block mode is enabled in the NVDIMM (i.e., the Number of Block Control Windows field set is set to a non-zero value in the NVDIMM Control Region Structure). Used by the NVDIMM to report specific features or alternative sequences that need to be implemented by SW drivers.

Function Input

None

Function Output

Table 3-3 Get Block NVDIMM Flags - Output Format

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description	
Status	2	0	Defined above	
Extended Status	2	2	Extended Status Field (Vendor Defined)	
NVDIMM Flags	4	4	Byte[0] Bit[0] – Block Data Window Invalidation Required – If this bit is set to 1, indicates that the NVDIMM requires the driver to flush previous data from cache lines that will be moved through the Block Data Window, before reusing the Block Data Window for read. If set to '0', flushing of previous data from cachelines that will be moved through the Block Data Window are handled by the platform or VMM. Typical usage of this flag is in a virtualized environment. Bit[1] – Command Register in Block Control Window Latch – If this bit is set to 1, indicates that after a write to the Command Register in Block Control Windows, the NVDIMM requires the software to read the same Command Register to ensure that the command is latched before reading contents from Block Data Window. If this bit is set to 0, software is allowed to read the contents of the Block Data Window immediately after writing to the Command Register of Block Control Window. Bits[7:2] – Reserved Note: If this command is not implemented, then the software should assume bit[0] and bit[1] are clear. Bytes[3-1] – Reserved	



3.4 Get Namespace Label Size (Function Index 4)

This command requests the leaf node device to return the size of the Namespace Label storage area for the requested device.

Function Input

None

Function Output

The following tables outline the expected output payload for this command. See **updated/new additions & clarifications** below for this existing LSM.

Table 3-4 Get Namespace Label Size – Output Format

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description
Status	2	0	Defined in Table 9-270.
Extended Status	2	2	Bit[0] – Extended Success Status - Locked Persistent Memory Region – The PMEM Region is currently in a locked state. This DSM is expected to continue to report a valid namespace label size, returns status success (0) and reports this extended status if the persistent memory region of the NVDIMMs are in a state that requires one or more security keys to be applied before the region is accessible.
Size of Namespace Label Area	4	4	Size returned in bytes
Max Namespace Label Data Length	4	8	In bytes, Maximum size of the namespace label data length supported by the platform in Get/Set Namespace Label Data functions



3.5 Get Namespace Label Data (Function Index 5)

This command requests the leaf node device to return Namespace Label storage area data based on the requested buffer offset and length for the requested device.

Function Input

The following tables outline the expected input payload for this command.

Table 3-5 Get Namespace Label Data – Input Format

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description
Offset	4	0	In bytes Indicates the offset in the namespace label
			data area, to which the namespace label data is to be read from the target NVDIMM
Length	4	4	In bytes

Function Output

Table 3-6 Get Namespace Label Data - Output Format

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description
Status	2	0	Defined aboved 3 – Invalid Input Parameters - Offset + Length is > size of Namespace Label Data Area (Max Namespace Label Data Length from GetNamespaceLabelDataSize LSM) - Length is > maximum amount of data the OSPM can transfer in a single request
Extended Status	2	2	Extended Status Field (Vendor Defined)
Namespace Label Data	Varies	4	The size of the output is equal to input's <i>Length</i> if <i>Status</i> is Success; otherwise, the contents of rest of the output buffer are not valid.



3.6 Set Namespace Label Data (Function Index 6)

This command requests the leaf node device to update Namespace Label Data area data based on the requested buffer offset and length for the requested device.

Function Input

The following tables outline the expected input payload for this command.

Table 3-7 Set Namespace Label Data – Input Format

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description
Offset	4	0	In bytes Indicates the offset in the namespace label data area, to which the <i>Namespace Label Data</i> is to be written to the target NVDIMM
Length	4	4	In bytes
Namespace Label Data	Varies	8	Namespace label data. Size of the namespace label data is as indicated by <i>Length</i> field above.

Function Output

Table 3-8 Set Namespace Label Data – Output Format

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description
Status	2	0	Defined above
			3 – Invalid Input Parameters - Offset + Length is > size of Namespace Label Data Area (Max Namespace Label Data Length from GetNamespaceLabelDataSize LSM) - Length is > maximum amount of data the OSPM can transfer in a single request
Extended Status	2	2	Extended Status Field (Vendor Defined)



3.7 Get Vendor-Specific Command Effect Log Size (Function Index 7)

This command requests the leaf node device to return the Command Effect Log size for the requested device.

Function Input

None

Function Output

Table 3-9 Get Vendor Specific Command Effect Log Size - Output Format

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description
Status	2	0	Defined above
Extended Status	2	2	Extended Status Field (Vendor Defined)
Max Command Effect Log Data Length	4	8	In bytes, Maximum size of the Vendor-specific command effect log data buffer supported by the platform



3.8 Get Vendor-Specific Command Effect Log (Function Index 8)

This command requests the leaf node device to return the Command Effect Log associated with the requested device. If the OpCode is not in the Command Effect log, OSPM may block the Vendor-Specific calls for that OpCode.

Function Input

None

Function Output

Table 3-10 Get Vendor Specific Command Effect Log Size - Output Format

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description
Status	2	0	Defined above
Extended Status	2	2	Extended Status Field (Vendor Defined)
OpCode Count	2	4	Number of OpCode command effect logs returned
Reserved	2	6	
Command Effect Data	Varies	8	The command effect data for each OpCode. The Fields in Table 3-11 are repeated <i>OpCode Count</i> times.

Table 3-11 Command Effect Data - Format

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description
OpCode	4	0	OpCode representing a Vendor-specific command
OpCode Command Effect	4	4	Bit[0] – No Effects (NE) If set to 1, execution of this OpCode does not change DIMM state. If this bit is set, all the following bits should be clear. Bit[1] – Security State Change (SSC) If set to 1, execution of this Opcode results in immediate security state change of the NVDIMM. Bit[2] – DIMM Configuration Change after Reboot (DCC)



If set to 1, execution of this Opcode results in change to the configuration of the NVDIMM or data contained within persistent memory regions of the NVDIMM. The change does not take effect until the system reboots.

Bit[3] – Immediate DIMM Configuration Change (IDCC)

If set to 1, execution of this Opcode results in immediate change to the configuration of the NVDIMM or data contained within persistent memory regions of the NVDIMM.

Bit[4] - Quiesce All IO (QIO)

If set to 1, execution of this Opcode may disrupt on-going operations of the memory region covered by this NVDIMM. The outstanding IO operations corresponding to this NVDIMM must be quiesced before executing this command; otherwise, undefined system behavior will result.

Bit[5] - Immediate DIMM Data Change (IDDC)

If set to 1, execution of this Opcode results in immediate change to the data written to the NVDIMM.

Bit[6] – Test Mode (TM)

If set to 1, execution of this Opcode activates a test feature that may disrupt on-going operations. This may result in errors or error recovery operations.

Bit[7] - Debug Mode (DM)

If set to 1, execution of this Opcode activates a debug feature that is non-disruptive, but may alter performance characteristics of the NVDIMM.

Bits[31:8] – Reserved



3.9 Vendor-Specific Command (Function Index 9)

This command requests the leaf node device to execute the vendor specific command contained in the input payload for the requested device.

Function Input

The following tables outline the expected input payload for this command.

Table 3-12 Vendor Specific Command – Input Format

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description
OpCode	4	0	Vendor-specific command OpCode
OpCode Parameters Data Length	4	4	In bytes Length of OpCode parameters data
OpCode Parameters Data	Varies	8	Vendor-specific command input data

Function Output

Table 3-13 Vendor Specific Command – Output Format

Field	Byte Length	Byte Offset	Description
Status	2	0	Defined above
Extended Status	2	2	Extended Status Field (Vendor Defined)
Output Data Length	4	4	In bytes. If Status is not Success, output data length returned is 0.
Output Data	Varies	8	The <i>Output Data</i> is valid only when the <i>Output Data Length</i> is non-zero.