

Team



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Problem



Doctor/Researcher/Scientist



What are genes to investigate?



What are genes to investigate?



What are the patients habits?

What are genes to investigate?

Smoker?

What are the patients habits?



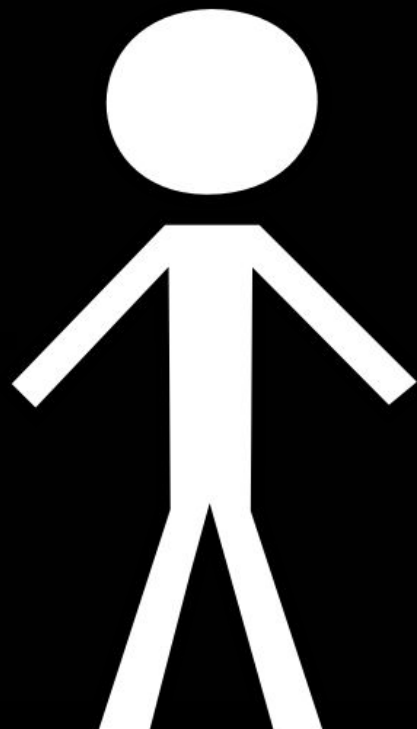
What are genes to investigate?

Smoker?

Partier?

What are the patients habits?

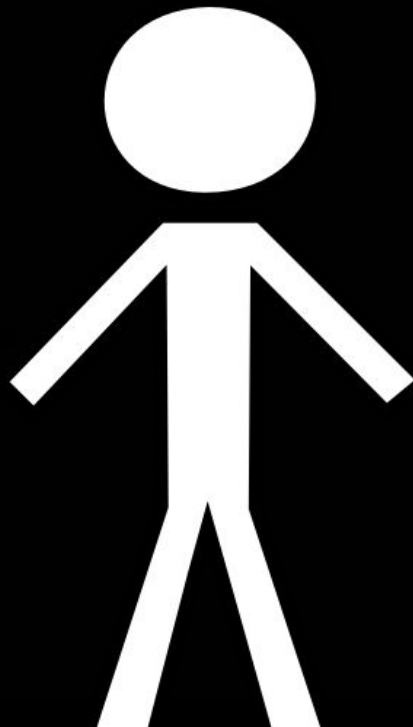




Smoker?



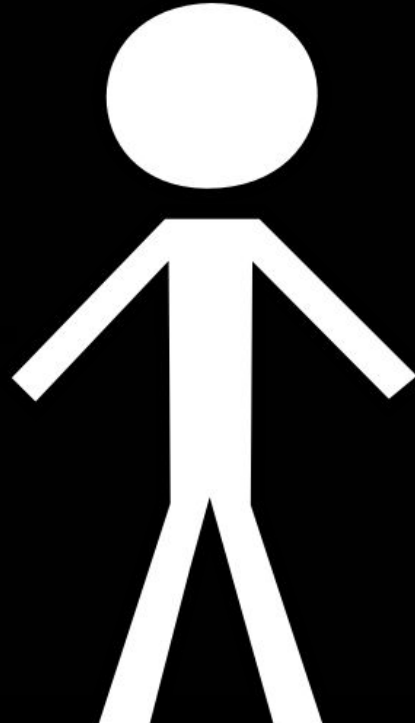
Nah



Partier?

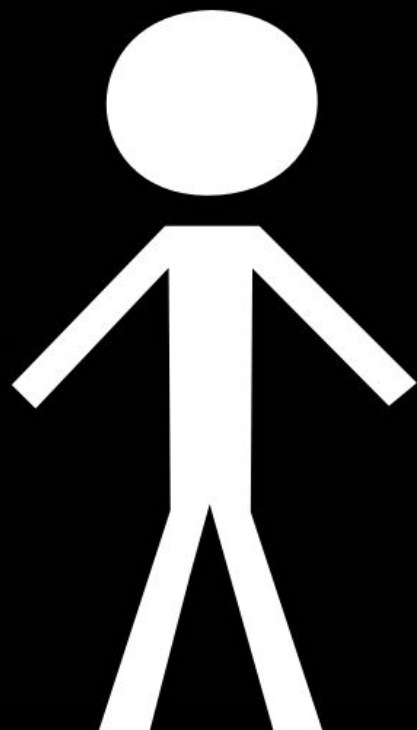


Yeah!

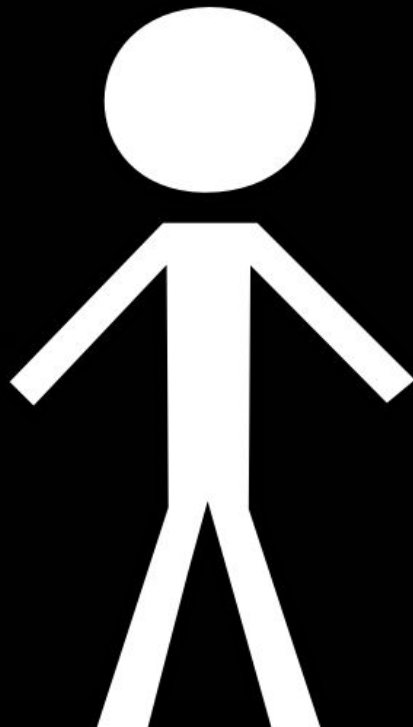


**I know know what genes
to investigate and likely
causal variants**

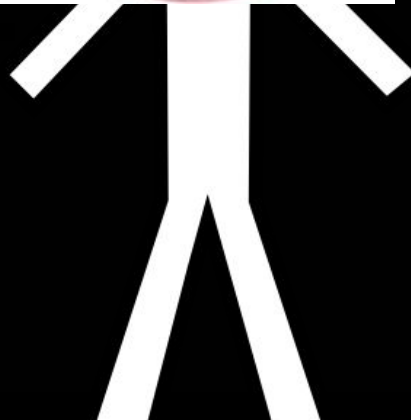




AI +



AI +



Given **some information** about
the patient can we infer
phenotypic or even **genotypic**
data

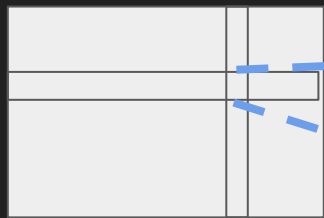
Methods

Patient or Gene grouping based on expression profile

Data

Capture critical features

TCGA GEM



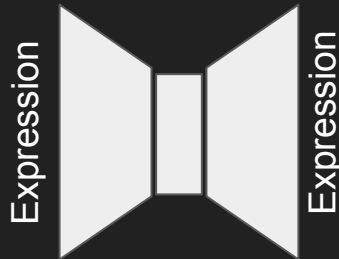
KIRP patients

KIRP related
genes



Variational autoencoder

<https://jmetzen.github.io/>



TCGA



**Genotypic
RNAseq FPKM**

(Clemson's PanTCGA Expression Data)

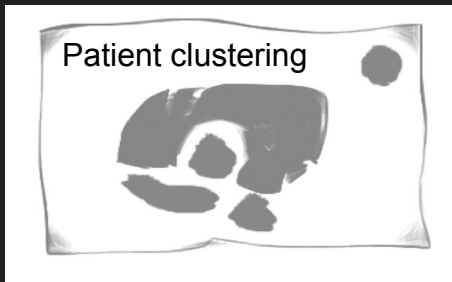
**Phenotypic
Clinical
observations**

Patient or Gene grouping based on expression profile

Expected clustering

Label by phenotype

t-SNE dimensional reduction



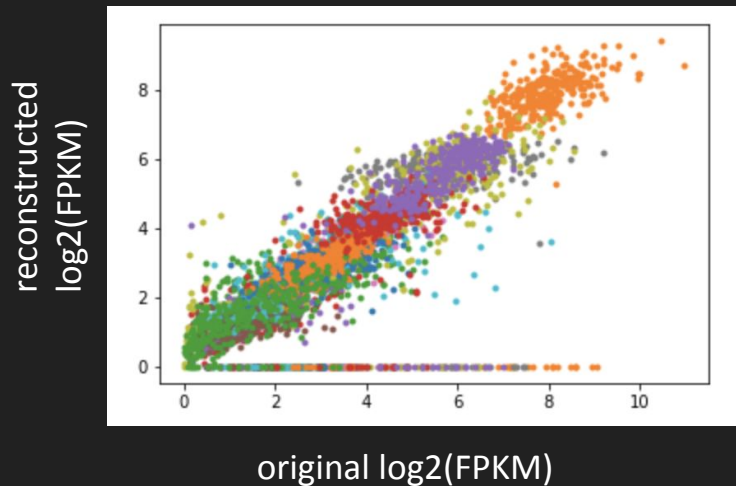
?



Results

Reconstruct gene expression using autoencoder

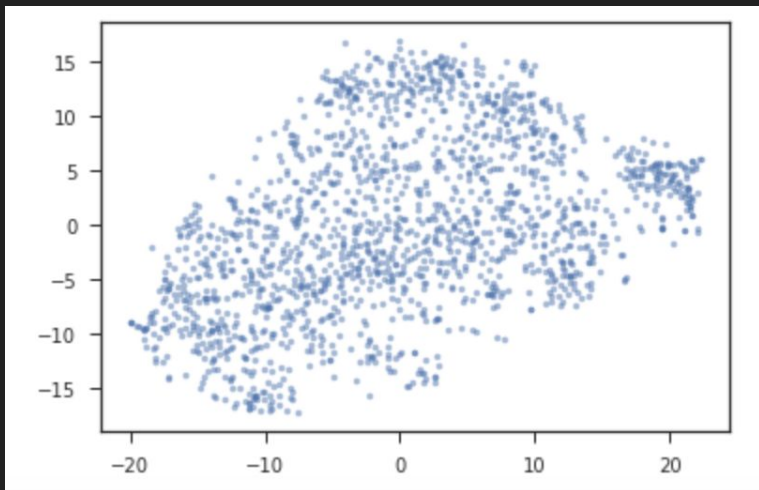
Correlation between the original and reconstructed gene expression



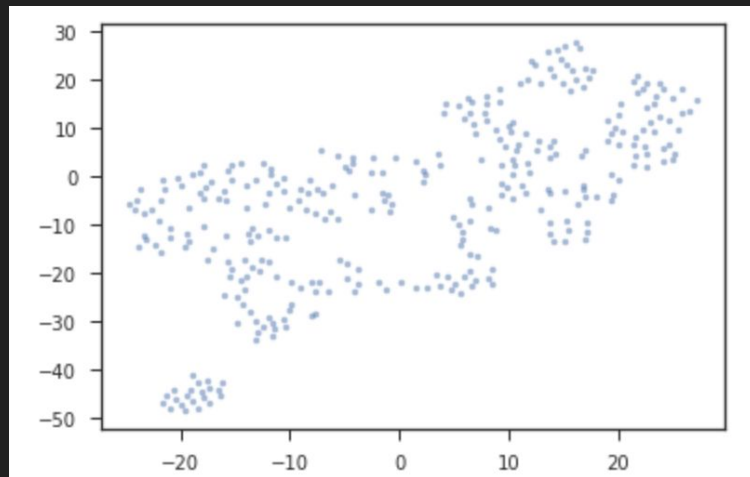
The variational autoencoder reconstructs fairly faithfully gene expression values from the latent space

Clustering results (Realty)

Gene cluster

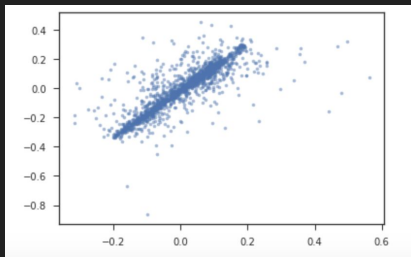
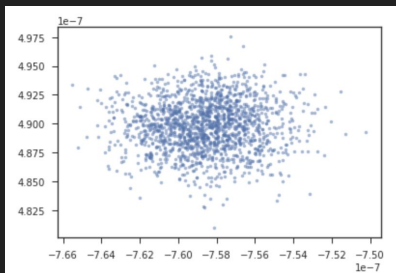
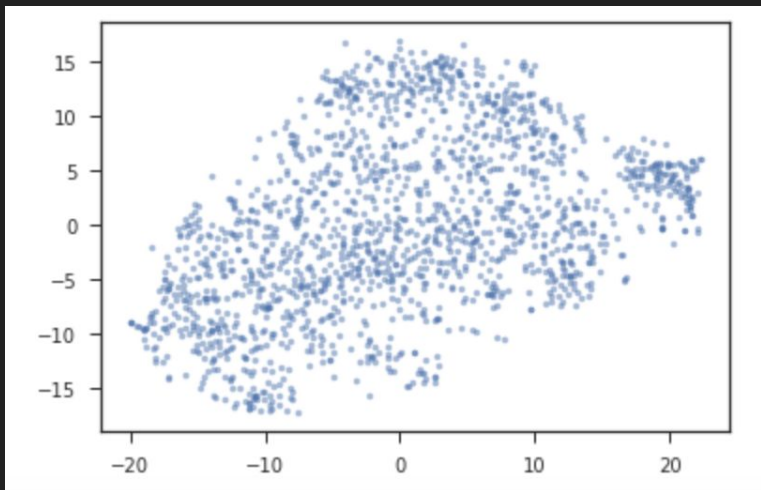


Patient cluster

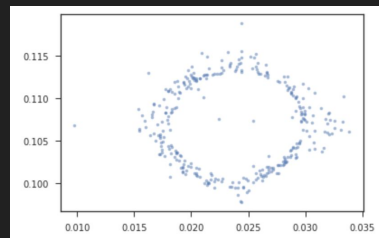
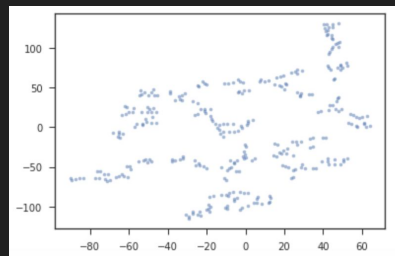
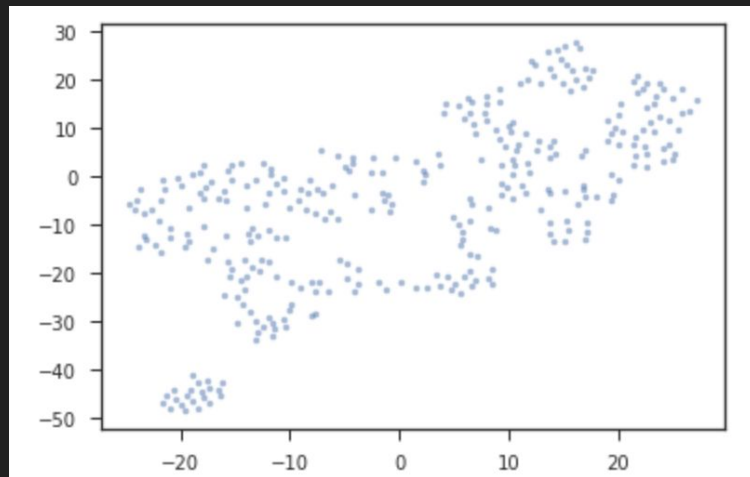


Clustering results (Realty)

Gene cluster



Patient cluster



Insights

VAE and t-SNE clustering

VAE

- Great with “-omic” data where we often lack truth/labels (unsupervised learning method for capturing meaningful features of the data)
- Latent encoding provides discoverable data structure
- Structure not always present in latent vector. Additional tuning required
- Random sampling approach requires more care with Cost function definition

t-SNE

Powerful method for embedding high-dimensional data in a low-dimensional space of two or three dimensions

- Efficient visualization of multi-dimensional space
- Very sensitive to certain parameters, e.g. perplexity, which is related to the number of nearest neighbors of other methods
- Requires careful evaluation and tuning