

NOT RECOMMENDED
FOR NEW DESIGNS
SEE CA741

May 1990

Operational Amplifiers

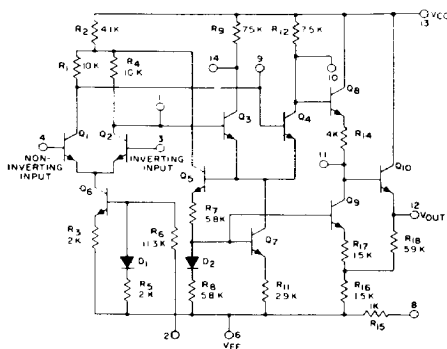
Features:

- These new types have all the desirable features and characteristics of their prototypes plus lower noise figures and improved input characteristics for offset voltage, offset current, bias current, and impedance
- All types are electrically identical within their voltage groups
- For use in telemetry, data-processing, instrumentation, and communication equipment
- Built-in temperature stability from -55°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for TO-5 style, and ceramic dual-in-line packages; 0°C to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$ for plastic dual-in-line packages

Applications:

- Narrow-band and band-pass amplifier
- Operational functions
- Feedback amplifier
- DC and video amplifier
- Multivibrator
- Oscillator
- Comparator
- Servo driver
- Scaling adder
- Balanced modulator-driver

6-VOLT TYPES	12-VOLT TYPES	PACKAGE
CA3010A	CA3015A	12-Lead TO-5 Style
CA3029A	CA3030A	14-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line (TO-116)



CA3010A, CA3015A, CA3029A, CA3030A

ABSOLUTE-MAXIMUM VOLTAGE AND CURRENT LIMITS, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Voltage or current limits shown for each terminal can be applied under the indicated voltage or other circuit conditions for other terminals

All voltages are with respect to ground (common terminal of Positive and Negative DC Supplies)

Terminal		Voltage or Current Limits		Circuit Conditions		
CA3010A	CA3029A					
		Nega- tive	Posi- tive	Terminal		Voltage
12	1	DO NOT APPLY VOLTAGE FROM AN EX- TERNAL SOURCE TO THIS TERMINAL				
				CA3010A	CA3029A	
1	2	-8 V	0 V	4 10	6 13	-8 +6
2	3	-4 V	+1 V	1 3 4 10	2 4 6 13	0 0 -6 +6
3	4	-4 V	+1 V	1 2 4 10	2 3 6 13	0 0 -6 +6
-	5	NO CONNECTION				
4	6	-10 V	0 V	1 10	2 13	0 +6
-	7	NO CONNECTION				
5	8	DO NOT APPLY VOLTAGE FROM AN EX- TERNAL SOURCE TO THIS TERMINAL				
6	9	DO NOT APPLY VOLTAGE FROM AN EX- TERNAL SOURCE TO THIS TERMINAL				
7	10	0 V	+7 V	1 4 10	2 6 13	0 -6 +6
8	11	DO NOT APPLY VOLTAGE FROM AN EX- TERNAL SOURCE TO THIS TERMINAL				
9	12	30 mA		4 10	6 13	-6 +6
				200 Ω Between Terminals 6 & 12 CA3029A, 4 & 9 (CA3010A)		
10	13	0 V	+10 V	1 4	2 6	0 -6
11	14	0 V	+7 V	1 4 10	2 6 13	0 -6 +6
CASE		Internally connected to Terminal No.4, CA3010A (Substrate) DO NOT GROUND				

Terminal		Voltage or Current Limits		Circuit Conditions		
CA3015A	CA3030A	Nega- tive	Posi- tive	Terminal		Voltage
12	1	DO NOT APPLY VOLTAGE FROM AN EX- TERNAL SOURCE TO THIS TERMINAL				
				CA3015A	CA3030A	
1	2	-16 V	0 V	4 10	6 13	-16 +12
2	3	-8 V	+1 V	1 3 4 10	2 4 6 13	0 0 -12 +12
3	4	-8 V	+1 V	1 2 4 10	2 3 6 13	0 0 -12 +12
-	5	NO CONNECTION				
4	6	-20 V	0 V	1 10	2 13	0 +12
-	7	NO CONNECTION				
5	8	DO NOT APPLY VOLTAGE FROM AN EX- TERNAL SOURCE TO THIS TERMINAL				
6	9	DO NOT APPLY VOLTAGE FROM AN EX- TERNAL SOURCE TO THIS TERMINAL				
7	10	0 V	+14 V	1 4 10	2 6 13	0 -12 +12
8	11	DO NOT APPLY VOLTAGE FROM AN EX- TERNAL SOURCE TO THIS TERMINAL				
9	12	30 mA		4 10	6 13	-12 +12
				400 Ω Between Terminals 6 & 12 CA3030A, 4 & 9 (CA3015A)		
10	13	0 V	+20 V	1 4	2 6	0 -12
11	14	0 V	+14 V	1 4 10	2 6 13	0 -12 +12
CASE		Internally connected to Terminal No.4, CA3015A (Substrate) DO NOT GROUND				

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OPERATIONAL
AMPLIFIERS

CA3010A CA3015A

CA3029A
CA3030A

CA3015A
CA3030A

CA3010A
CA3029A

OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE ... -55°C to $+125^\circ\text{C}$

STORAGE TEMPERATURE RANGE ... -65°C to $+200^\circ\text{C}$

-40°C to $+80^\circ\text{C}$

-65°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$

MAXIMUM SIGNAL VOLTAGE ... -8 V to +1 V

MAXIMUM DEVICE DISSIPATION ... 600 mW

-4 V to +1 V

300 mW

CA3010A, CA3015A, CA3029A, CA3030A

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Characteristics	Symbols	Special Test Conditions		Test Circuit	CA3010A CA3029A				CA3015A CA3030A			Units	Typical Characteristic Curves
		Terminal No.8 CA3029A, CA3030A, Terminal No.5 (CA3010A, CA3015A) Not Connected Unless Otherwise Specified			Fig.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		Fig.
STATIC CHARACTERISTICS:													
Input Offset Voltage	V _{IO}	V _{CC} = +6V, V _{EE} = -6V = +12V = -12V	4	-	0.9	2	-	-	1	2	mV	2	
Input Offset Current	I _{IO}	= +6V = -6V = +12V = -12V	5	-	0.3	1.5	-	-	0.5	1.6	μA	2	
Input Bias Current	I _{IB}	= +6V = -6V = +12V = -12V	5	-	2.5	4	-	-	4.7	6	μA	3	
Input Offset Voltage Sensitivity: Positive	ΔV _{IO} /ΔV _{CC}	= +6V = -6V = +12V = -12V	4	-	0.10	1	-	-	0.096	0.5	mV/V	none	
Negative	ΔV _{IO} /ΔV _{EE}	= +6V = -6V = +12V = -12V		-	0.26	1	-	-	0.156	0.5			
Device Dissipation	P _D	= +6 V = -6 V = +12V = -12V	4	-	40	-	-	-	175	-	mW	none	
		[5] shorted to [9] 8 shorted to 12		V _{CC} = +6V V _{EE} = -6V V _{CC} = +12V, V _{EE} = -12V	-	102	-	-	500	-			
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS: All tests at f = 1 kHz except BW _{OL}													
Open-Loop Differential Voltage Gain	A _{OL}	V _{CC} = +6V, V _{EE} = -6V = +12V = -12V	8	57	60	-	-	-	66	70	dB	6 & 7	
Open-Loop Bandwidth at -3 dB Point	BW _{OL}	= +6V = -6V = +12V = -12V	8	200	300	-	-	-	200	320	kHz	6 & 7	
Slew Rate	SR	V _{CC} = +6V V _{EE} = -6V = +12V = -12V R _S = 1 kΩ	none	-	3	-	-	-	7	-	V/μs	none	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	V _{CC} = +6V, V _{EE} = -6V = +12V = -12V	11	70	94	-	-	-	80	103	dB	12	
Maximum Output-Voltage Swing	V _{O(P-P)}	= +6V = -6V = +12V = -12V	8	4	6.75	-	-	-	12	14	V _{P-P}	9 & 10	
Input Impedance	Z _{IN}	= +6V = -6V = +12V = -12V	14	15	20	-	-	-	7.5	10	kΩ	13	
Output Impedance	Z _{OUT}	= +6V = -6V = +12V = -12V	15	-	160	-	-	-	85	-	Ω	16	
Common-Mode Input-Voltage Range	V _{ICR}	= +6V = -6V = +12V = -12V	11	+0.5 to -4	-	-	-	-	+0.65 to -8	-	V	none	
Noise Figure	NF	V _{CC} = +3V, V _{EE} = -3V = +6V = -6V R _S = = +9V = -9V 1 kΩ = +12V = -12V	18	-	6.3	9	-	-	6.3	9	dB	17	

LEAD TEMPERATURE (During Soldering):

At distance 1/16 \pm 1/32 inch (1.59 \pm 0.79mm)

from case for 10 seconds max.

ALL TYPES

+265°C

CA3010A, CA3015A, CA3029A, CA3030A

TYPICAL DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS AND TEST CIRCUITS

Terminal Numbers in Circles are for CA3029A, CA3030A

Italic Numbers in Square Boxes are for CA3010A, CA3015A.

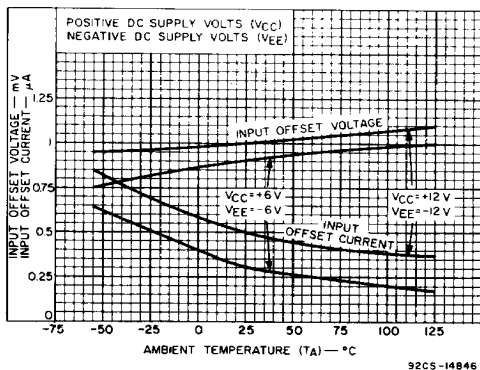


Fig. 2 — Input offset voltage and current

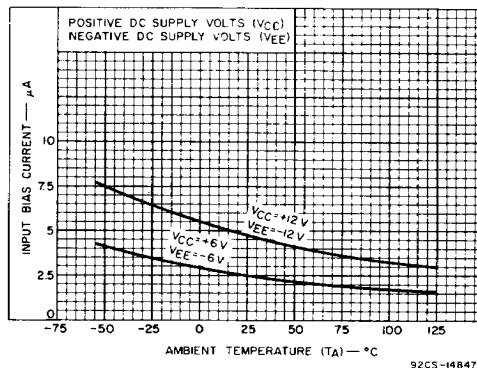


Fig. 3 — Input bias current

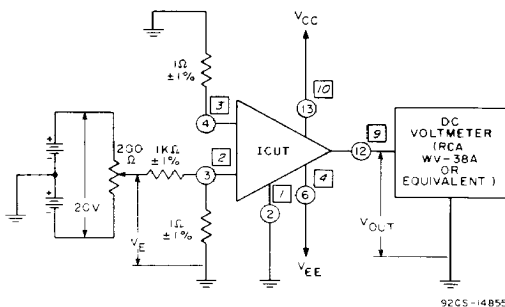


Fig. 4 — Input offset voltage, input offset voltage sensitivity, and device dissipation test circuit.

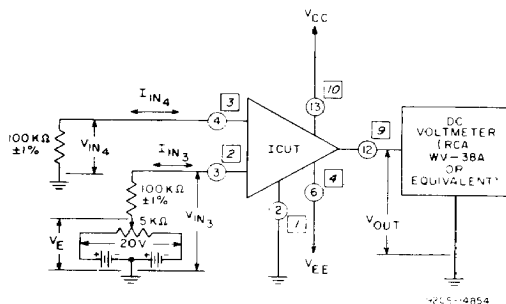


Fig. 5 — Input offset current and input bias current test circuit.

Procedure:

Input Offset Voltage

1. Adjust V_E for a DC Output Voltage (V_{OUT}) of 0 ± 0.1 volts.
2. Measure V_E and record Input Offset Voltage in millivolts as $V_E/1000$.

Input Offset Voltage Sensitivity

1. Adjust V_E for a DC Output Voltage (V_{OUT}) of 0 ± 0.1 volts.
2. Increase $|V_{CC}|$ by 1 volt and record output voltage (V_{OUT}).
3. Decrease $|V_{CC}|$ by 1 volt and record output voltage (V_{OUT}).
4. Divide the difference between V_{OUT} measured in steps 2 and 3 by the change in V_{CC} in steps 2 and 3.

$$\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{CC}} = \frac{V_{OUT}(\text{Step 2}) - V_{OUT}(\text{Step 3})}{2 \text{ volts}}$$

5. Refer the reading to the input by dividing by Open Loop Voltage Gain (A_{OL}).

$$V_{IO} \cdot V_{CC} = \frac{V_{OUT} \cdot V_{CC}}{A_{OL}}$$

6. Repeat procedures 1 through 5 for the Negative Supply (V_{EE}).
7. Device Dissipation

$$P_T = V_{CC} I_C + V_{EE} I_E$$

I_C = Direct Current into Terminal 13 or $\boxed{10}$

I_E = Direct Current out of Terminal 6 or $\boxed{4}$

Procedure:

Input Bias Current and Input Offset Current

1. Adjust V_E for $|V_{OUT}| < 0.1$ V DC.
2. Measure and record V_E and V_{IN4} .
3. Calculate the Input Bias Current using the following equation:

$$I_{I4} = \frac{V_{IN4}}{100 \text{ k}\Omega}$$

4. Calculate the Input Offset Current using the following equation:

$$I_{IO} = V_E / 100 \text{ k}\Omega$$

CA3010A, CA3015A, CA3029A, CA3030A

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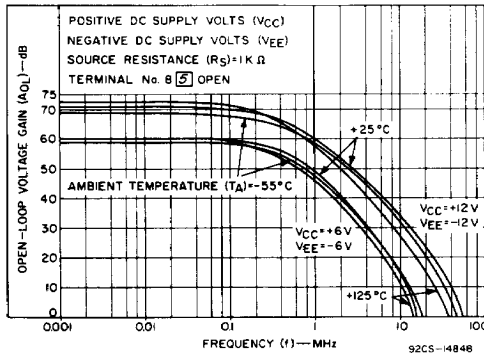


Fig. 6 — Open loop voltage gain vs. frequency for CA3015A, CA3016A

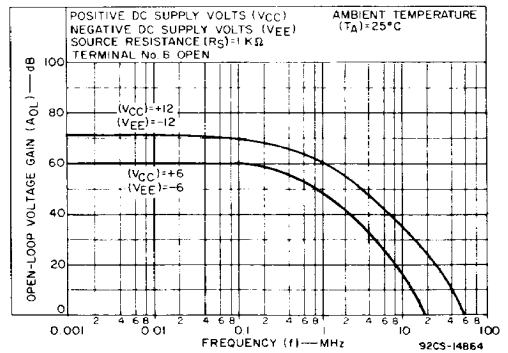


Fig. 7 — Open loop voltage gain vs. frequency for CA3029A and CA3030A.

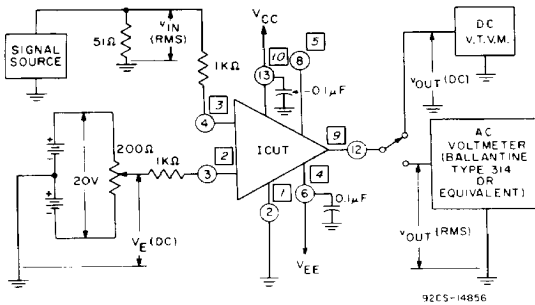


Fig. 8 — Open-loop differential voltage gain, maximum peak-to-peak output voltage, and open-loop bandwidth at -3 point test circuit.

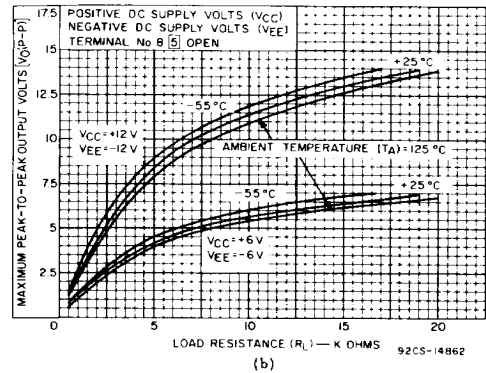
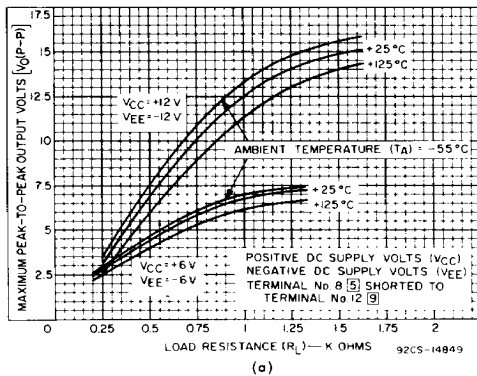


Fig. 9 — Maximum peak-to-peak output voltage vs. load resistance for CA3010A, CA3015A

CA3010A, CA3015A, CA3029A, CA3030A

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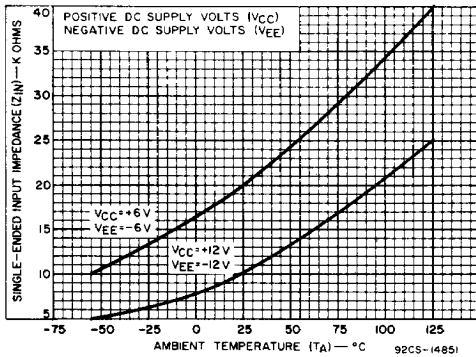


Fig. 13 — Single-ended input impedance vs. temperature.

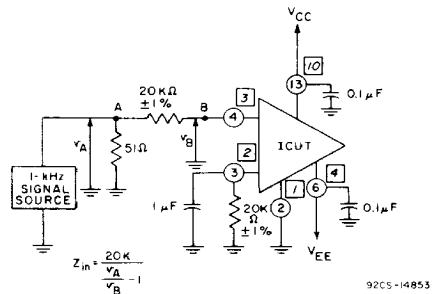


Fig. 14 — Single-ended input impedance test circuit.

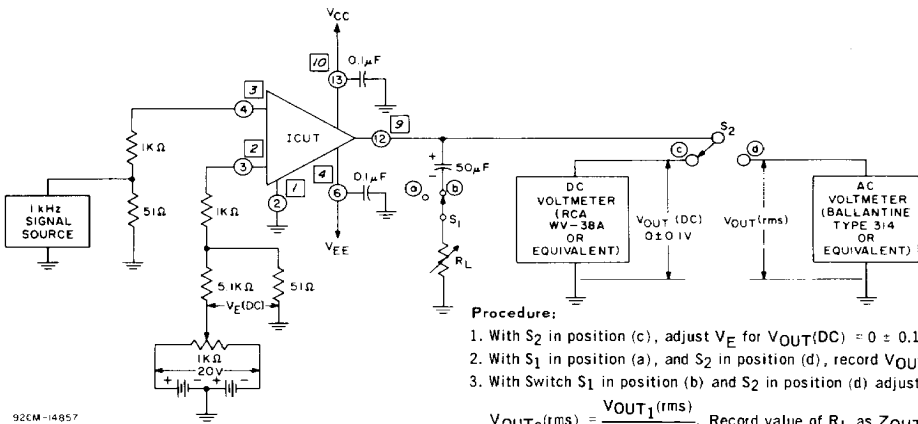


Fig. 15 — Output impedance test circuit.

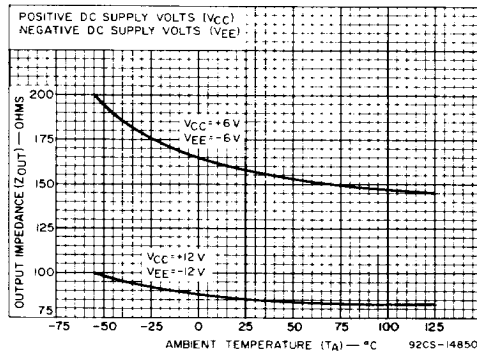


Fig. 16 — Output impedance vs. temperature.