

Lecture 1

October 10, 2019 12:39 PM

1. What is the definition of inspiration: **"God-breathed" that indicates the authority of Scripture**
2. What was inspired: **The words of scripture (not the men/penmen)**
3. What verse indicates inspiration of scripture: **II Timothy 3:16, 17**
4. What verse indicates preservation of scripture: **Matthew 5:18**
5. What verse indicates authority of scripture: **II Peter 1:16-21**
6. What did the sufficiency of the Old Testament do: **It clearly revealed God's plan of salvation**
7. What does God-breathed words mean: **Authority**
8. What is the Protoevangelium: **Christ's claim to be the theme of the Bible (He did it 5 times)**

The Hebrew Old Testament Divisions

9. What are the three divisions of the Hebrew Old Testament: **Law, Prophets, History**
10. What are the books of the law: **Genesis, Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers, Deuteronomy**
11. What are the books of the former prophets: **Joshua, Judges, I and II Samuel, I and II Kings**
12. What are the books of the latter prophets: **Isaiah through Malachi**
13. What are the books of the major prophets: **Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ezekiel**
14. What are the books of the minor prophets: **Hosea through Malachi**
15. What is another name for Holy Writings: **Hagiographa**
16. What are the books of poetry: **Psalms, Job, Proverbs**
17. What are the books of rolls: **Song of Solomon, Ruth, Lamentations, Esther**
18. What are the books of History: **Daniel, Ezra, Nehemiah, 1 and II Chronicles**

The English Bible Divisions

19. Which language was the Old testament of the KJV translated from: **Hebrew**
20. What are the four divisions of the English Bible's Old Testament: **Law, History, Poetry, Prophets**
21. What are the books of the Law: **Genesis through Deuteronomy**
22. What are the books of History: **Joshua through Esther**
23. What are the books of Poetry: **Job through Song of Solomon**
24. What are the books of Prophets: **Isaiah through Malachi**
25. What are the books of Major Prophets: **Isaiah through Daniel**
26. What are the books of Minor Prophets: **Hosea through Malachi**
27. Which book order does the English Bible follow: **Septuagint LXX**
28. What is the date of Creation: **4000 BC**
29. What is the date of the Flood: **2500 BC**
30. What is the date of Abraham: **2000 BC**
31. What is the date of Moses: **1500 BC**

Lecture 2

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1. Which book means Beginning: **Genesis**
2. Which book means Redemption: **Exodus**
3. Which book means Worship: **Leviticus**
4. Which book means Service: **Numbers**
5. Which book means Remembrance: **Deuteronomy**
6. How does the Bible treat the Pentateuch: **as a whole (one unit)**
7. What does the Bible consistently refer to: **the law of Moses**
8. Who did Christ say wrote the Pentateuch: **Moses**
9. What did the Jews accept: **The Mosaic authorship of the Pentateuch**
10. Who wrote Genesis: **Moses**
11. What is the emphasis of Genesis: **Beginnings**
12. Who does not have a beginning: **God**
13. Which chapter(s) states the beginning of the Universe: **Chapter 1**
14. Which chapter(s) states the beginning of the Human Race: **Chapters 1 and 2**
15. Which chapter(s) states the beginning of Human Sin: **Chapter 3**
16. Which chapter(s) states the beginning of Divine Redemption: **Chapter 3**
17. Which chapter(s) states the beginning of the nations of the earth: **Chapters 10 and 11**
18. Which chapter(s) states the beginning of the Hebrew nation: **Chapter 12**
19. Which chapter(s) states the beginning of the life of faith and consecration: **Chapter 12**
20. What does Genesis introduce: **God's plan for all the ages**
21. What does Genesis provide: **the foundation for all true history and God's revelation**
22. What does Genesis give: **a clear and authoritative understanding of origins**
23. What does Genesis call: **people to worship Him**
24. What are the two philosophical questions Genesis answers to man: **Where did everything come from? and Why am I here?**
25. Which book in the Bible is attacked the most? **Genesis**
26. Why is Genesis attacked the most? **Because of a heart problem and accountability problem**
27. Which accounts recorded in Genesis are confirmed by Jesus Christ Himself: **Creation/Marriage, The Flood, Lot's Wife, Sodom and Gomorrah, Abraham/Isaac/Jacob, Abraham's love of God, Jacob's ladder**
28. Which chapter(s) covers Creation: **chapter 1 and 2**
29. Which chapter(s) covers the Fall of Man: **chapter 3 and 4**
30. Which chapter(s) covers the Flood: **chapters 5-9**
31. Which chapter(s) covers the beginning of Nation: **chapters 10 and 11**
32. Which chapter(s) covers Abraham: **chapters 12-25**
33. Which chapter(s) covers Isaac: **chapters 26-27**
34. Which chapter(s) covers Jacob: **chapters 28-36**
35. Which chapter(s) covers Joseph: **chapters 37-50**
36. Which chapter(s) cover the history of heaven and earth: **chapters 1-2**
37. Which chapter(s) cover the history of Adam: **chapters 5 and 6**
38. Which chapter(s) cover the history of Noah: **chapters 6-9**
39. Which chapter(s) cover the history of Noah's son: **chapters 10 and 11**
40. Which chapter(s) cover the history of Shem: **chapter 11**
41. Which chapter(s) cover the history of Terah: **chapters 11-25**
42. Which chapter(s) cover the history of Ishmael: **chapter 25**
43. Which chapter(s) cover the history of Isaac: **chapters 25-35**
44. Which chapter(s) cover the history of Esau: **chapters 36-37**
45. Which chapter(s) cover the history of Jacob: **chapters 37-50**
46. How many chapter(s) cover Creation: **2**
47. How many chapter(s) cover mankind's early history: **4**
48. How many chapter(s) cover history of Jewish nation: **39**
49. How many years does chapters 1 through 11 cover: **2000 years**

50. How many years does chapters 12 through 50 cover: **300 years**
51. What was the focus of Genesis on: **Israel and God's covenant with Abraham**

Lecture 3

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1. What was created on the first day of creation: **Angels, Heaven and Earth, Water, Light, Darkness**
2. What verse starts the absolute beginning of time: **Genesis 1:1**
3. Who created time: **God**
4. What name of God means God, majority, power: **Elohim**
5. What name of God means Lord, unchanging faithfulness: **Jehovah**
6. What name of God means Most High God: **El Elyon**
7. What name of God means Almighty God, all-sufficient supply, all-powerful: **El Shaddai**
8. What word means out of nothing: **Ex Nihilo**
9. Who is always the subject of the word *created*: **God**
10. What words mean the entire universe: **heaven and earth**
11. What are the three heavens: **atmospheric, space, the abode of God**
12. What was the initial form of creation: **"without form and void"**
13. What kind of days did God create: **7, 24-hour solar days**
14. Which word means 24 hours when preceded by or divided: **Yom**
15. What was created on the second day of creation: **the firmament**
16. What word means spread thinness, visible arch of the sky: **the firmament**
17. What happened to the waters on the second day of creation: **God separated the atmospheric waters from the terrestrial waters**
18. What was created on the third of creation: **dry land and plants**
19. How did the plants reproduce: **by seeds in the plants themselves; they did not evolve**
20. What did God call the land mass: **Earth**
21. What was created on the fourth day of creation: **Sun, Moon, and Stars**
22. What is the earth not created from: **The Sun**
23. What was created on the fifth day of creation: **Fish and Fowl**
24. What does the word *tannin* mean: **large sea creature**
25. What was created on the sixth day of creation: **animals and man**
26. Who has no animal ancestry: **animals**
27. Who is the crown of creation: **man**
28. Who has special possession: **man**
29. Who is given the ability to make moral choices: **man**
30. What did man have when he was created: **a moral conscientious, abstract thinking, expression of thought, understand beauty and emotion, eternal spirit**
31. What are the 4 r's of the Image of God: **rulership, rationality, righteousness, relationship**

Lecture 4

October 10, 2019 12:43 PM

1. What did God do on the seventh day of creation: **He rested**
2. What does Sabbath mean: **rest/cease/desist**
3. Who should we keep as the priority: **God**
4. How should our faith be: **internal not external**
5. What should we not use concerning the sabbath that causes others to stumble: **liberty**
6. Who never broke the sabbath: **Christ**
7. Who rebuked unbiblical Pharisee law: **Christ**
8. What are the 5 tests concerning the Sabbath: **test of authority, love, obedience, faith in God, patience**
9. How was man created: **innocent**
10. What was man allowed to know, but not know of it or experience it: **evil**
11. What was assigned a special significance in Israel's history: **the Sabbath**
12. What were the Jews doing to the sabbath day: **adding burdens where not of the Old Testament spirit**
13. What did Christ display while dismissing Pharisaic ideas about the Sabbath: **His deity**
14. What did Christ also do on the Sabbath that displayed His deity: **He healed**
15. Where do we rest: **in Christ's redemption**
16. As gentiles, what do we not have any obligation to do: **keep the Sabbath law**
17. Why does the New Testament church meet on the first day of the week: **to remember Christ's finished work of redemption**
18. What day is not Sunday: **the Jewish Sabbath**
19. What name of God is related to the creation of the Earth: **Elohim**
20. What name of God is related to the creation of man: **Jehovah**
21. Where was the sport of man's dwelling: **The Garden of Eden**
22. What was Eden a place of: **work**
23. What is a good thing: **work**
24. Which trees did the Garden of Eden house: **the Tree of Life and the Tree of the Knowledge of Good and Evil**
25. What is the Tree of Life a symbol of: **symbol of blessings for obedience**
26. What is the Tree of Knowledge of Good and Evil a symbol of: **propitiation; a test of character**
27. What did God understand: **man's need for a help meet**
28. What was not sufficient to meet man's need: **animals**
29. How did God create woman: **from the side of man**
30. Why did Adam call his wife "Woman": **because she was taken from his side**
31. What did God introduce by creating man and woman: **a monogamous heterosexual marriage**
32. What is the first divinely established institution: **heterosexual marriage**
33. What is marriage: **the changing of one relationship in order to being a new relationship**
34. Who must a man cleave to: **his wife**

Lecture 5

October 10, 2019 12:44 PM

1. What is Satan's method: **dialogue, doubt, denial, disobedience, death**
2. What did Satan use as an instrument to tempt Eve: **the Serpent**
3. Who did Adam and Eve have a lack of trust in: **God**
4. What three areas did the temptation involve: **lust of the flesh, the lust of the eyes, and the pride of life**
5. Who was deceived and not deceived in transgression: **Eve was; Adam was not**
6. Who bears full responsibility for the original sin of mankind: **Adam**
7. How did Adam and Eve die: **spiritually (separated from God)**
8. Which verses states God's cure for sin before He discusses sin's penalty: **Genesis 3:15**
9. Which animal was condemned after sin: **the serpent**
10. Which two seeds is their enmity: **the seed of the serpent and the seed of the woman**
11. What would the woman experience in childbirth: **sorrow**
12. What happened to work for man: **it became more laboring**
13. What was the ground a reminder: **physical death**
14. What did Adam name his wife: **Eve**
15. What does Eve's name mean: **life-giver – or – hope for the living**
16. What did God sacrifice for their clothes: **an animal**
17. What is the first physical death in the Bible: **God's sacrificing an animal**
18. What did sin separate from us: **God's special presence and God's blessings**
19. Who prevented access to Adam and Eve from the Tree of Life: **a cherubim**

Lecture 6

October 10, 2019 12:45 PM

1. What name means *acquisition*: **Cain**
2. What name means *breath* or *vapor*: **Abel**
3. What way was Cain following: **the way of the works**
4. What way was Abel following: **the way of the Lord**
5. What were God's instruction for offerings: **blood and faith**
6. Who complied with God's instructions: **Abel**
7. What did Abel have: **the right offerings and the right attitude**
8. Who was a prophet: **Abel**
9. Who refused God's instructions: **Cain**
10. Who was of the "wicked one": **Cain**
11. Who's life was a constant rebuke to Cain: **Abel**
12. Who does Jude group Cain's sin with: **Balaam and Korah**
13. What is faith: **Taking God at His word**
14. What did Cain have remorse for: **the consequences of sin rather than the sin itself**
15. What did Cain accuse God of: **being too harsh**
16. What was the mark of Cain a symbol of: **Grace**
17. What was the name of the city that Cain built and named after his son: **Enoch**
18. What was the city an attempt to: **offset the curse**
19. Who was the first polygamist in the Bible: **Lamech**
20. Which son of Adam and Eve was the appointed one: **Seth**
21. What was Seth appointed to: **The Messianic Line**
22. Who were the sons of God: **The godly line of Seth**
23. Who were the daughters of men: **the ungodly line of Cain**

Lecture 7

October 10, 2019 12:46 PM

1. What are the five evidences/indications of Global flood: **Depth, Duration, Size of the Ark, Need (for an Ark), Peter's testimony**
2. What was Noah's grandfather Enoch's testimony: **walked with God and a prophet of the second coming**
3. What happened to Enoch: **God translated him to heaven**
4. What does Noah mean: **rest or comfort**
5. Who prophesied Noah's special ministry: **Lamech (Noah's father)**
6. Who died the year of the flood at age 969: **Methuselah (Noah's grandfather)**
7. Who became involved in ungodly marriages with the daughters of men: **the godly line of Seth**
8. Why was Noah selected: **he stood alone for right, he found grace, was just and perfect, walked with God**
9. What authority is there for a literary universal Flood: **a Biblical and historical**
10. Who was saved on the Ark: **Noah, his family, and the animals**
11. What did God teach Noah about animals: **the difference between clean and unclean and that clean animals were for sacrifice**
12. What was brought supernaturally by God: **animals**
13. How long were Noah and his family in the Ark: **371 days**
14. Who was devoted to God: **Noah**
15. What was God's promise: **no more universal Flood**
16. What was the purpose of the Flood: **to judge sinfulness of man and institute seasons**
17. What does God punish: **sin**
18. What does God give for consequences of sin: **warnings**
19. How does God save: **by grace**
20. Where there is faith, there is: **obedience**

Lecture 8

October 15, 2019 2:01 PM

1. What was Abraham separated from? A place of loyalty, familiarity, security
2. What are the three aspects of the promises of God? Personal, national, universal
- ★ 3. What was the seven-fold promise? Nation, blessing, great name, be a blessing, blessed Hebrews, cursed Hebrews, All blessed
4. How was Abraham obedient? Faith in his actions, Terah possibly an idol worshiper
5. How were the Israelites devoted in the land? A life of tents and altars
- ★ 6. What were the altars for? Confession (sacrifice), communion (draw near), calling on God (worship)
7. What is another name for Sichem? Shechem
- ★ 8. What is the meaning of Bethel? House of God
9. What was Egypt sometimes a picture of? The world and worldliness
10. What is the reason for famine? A test by God
11. What is a lie? Telling the truth with the intent to deceive, 1/2 truth, good motive; bad method
12. What is Pharaoh? A title
13. What does prosperity not mean? A sign of God's blessing, of being in God's perfect will
14. What is the path of least resistance? Not always the best road in life
15. Why was Pharaoh plagued? Because of Sarah
16. Who did Pharaoh rebuke? Abraham (pagan rebukes a believer)
17. What did Lot struggle with? Substance, strife, separation
18. What did Lot do? Followed his senses
- ★ 19. What does one's heart do? Follows one's eyes
20. What did Abram do? Lived by faith
21. What was the place for Abram? Canaan
22. What was the promise of God? Covenant expressed
23. What was part of the rescue of Lot? Confederation: "It came to pass...", Mesopotamia vs Dead Sea, victuals; vittles
- ★ 24. What is the verse? Genesis 14:11 "And they took all the goods of Sodom and Gomorrah, and all their victuals, and went their way"

Lecture 9

October 17, 2019 2:22 PM

1. What is another part of the rescue of Lot? Consecration of Abram
2. Who has the title of the human king-priest of Salem (Jerusalem)? Melchizedek
3. What does Melchizedek mean? King of Righteousness, King of Salem (peace)
4. Who was Melchizedek? Priest of the Most High God (El Elyon)
- ★ 5. What did Abraham do at Hebron? Make an unconditional covenant
6. What is the gospel message? 15:6 Justification by faith
- ★ 7. What were the promises of God? A seed forever, a land forever, a Messiah
- ★ 8. Where was this promised land? Near the Nile to the Euphrates
9. What was wrong in the situation with Hagar? Problem of impatience
10. How was the covenant confirmed? Abram's name change
- ★ 11. What does Abram mean? Exalted father
- ★ 12. What did Abram's name change to? Abraham = father of many nations
- ★ 13. What does El Shaddai? Almighty God, All Sufficient

Lecture 10

October 22, 2019 2:12 PM

- ★ 1. What does Genesis 18:19 refer to? Abraham will command his household in the way of the Lord
- 2. What were the enemies of Israel? Moabites (Moab = From the Father), Ammonites (Men-Ammi = Son of my People)
- 3. What were the Moabites? Carnal enemies
- 4. What were the Ammonites? Religious enemies
- 5. What does son of my people mean? Mom and dad from the same family (incest)
- 6. What did Ammon do? Worshiped Moloch
- 7. What does Abimelech mean? My father is king, a title not a name
- 8. What did God's grace do? Protects Sarah, enriches Abraham
- ★ 9. What does the birth of Isaac mean? Laughter
- ★ 10. How old was Abraham and Sarah? Abraham 100, Sarah 90
- ★ 11. What does Ishmael mean? God hears
- 12. What does Ishmael do? Mocks Isaac
- 13. What happened to Ishmael? He is cut off from his household
- ★ 14. What is Moriah? Mount Calvary of the N.T.
- 15. Did Abraham pass the test? Yes
- ★ 16. When did Sarah die? At age 127
- ★ 17. Who was Isaac's bride? Rebekah
- 18. What does Genesis 24:64 refer to? She lighted off the camel
- ★ 19. When did Abraham die? Age 175
- 20. What did Abraham do before he died? Married Keturah, had 6 sons
- 21. How many sons did Ishmael have? 12 sons, The Arab nations, died at age 137

Lecture 11

October 24, 2019 2:03 PM

1. What were the births of Jacob and Esau? Warfare in the womb
- ★ 2. What does Jacob mean? Supplanter/trickster/heal-catcher
- ★ 3. What does Esau mean? Hairy (aka Edom = "red")
- ★ 4. What does primogeniture mean? First born/first son
5. Where did the Messiah come from? From Israelites not from Edomites
6. Who is more prominent? The younger is more prominent
- ★ 7. How did the birthright get transferred? It was sold, not stolen
- ★ 8. How did Esau act? Carnal, blame-shifter
- ★ 9. How did Jacob act? Spiritual, plain/even tempered
10. What is a tabernacle? A portable dwelling
11. What did Isaac do in Beersheba? The LORD appeared
- ★ 12. What happened in Beersheba? Esau had ungodly marriages (polygamy), the blessing was stolen by Jacob
13. Who did Jacob lie to? God and man
14. What is a birthright? Related to the spiritual
15. What is the blessing? Related to the financial areas, inheritance
- ★ 16. Where was Jacob sent? Bethel Haran (Genesis 28)
- ★ 17. What did Isaac command? "No Canaanite wife!"
- ★ 18. What did Isaac finally understand? Jacob is God's man
19. What happened to Jacob? He had a ladder dream (all men had access to God)
20. What did Jacob do? Jacob shows devotion
- ★ 21. What does Bethel mean? House of God

Lecture 12

October 29, 2019 2:19 PM

1. How many more years did Jacob work for Rachel? Seven
2. What does "images" mean? Teraphim (guarantee inheritance)
3. What does Mizpah mean? Watchtower
- ★ 4. What does Penial mean? Face of God
5. Who is Jacob wrestling with? A Christophany (the Lord)
6. How did Jacob convert? From self-dependant to God-dependant
- ★ 7. What does Jacob's name change to? Israel = "Prince with God", "persists with God" (in prayer)
8. Who did Jacob meet? Esau
9. What happened when they met? Gifts were given, relationship restored (to some degree), they part company
10. What happened when Jacob went to Shechem? He was in heathen territory, Dinah is defiled, breach of separation (cost her dearly)
11. What is the lesson of Shechem? God is not pleased with our deception of the wicked in the name of, or practice of, religion
12. What did Jacob do at Bethel? He eliminates idolatry/amulets/remnants of the old life
13. Who did Rachel give birth to? Benjamin
- ★ 14. What does Son of sorrow mean? Benoni
- ★ 15. What does Son of my right hand mean? Benjamin
16. Where did Jacob go next? Bethlehem
17. What did Reuben do? Committed incest with Bilhah, this sin is remembered
18. What happened to Reuben? He was forgiven, lost his birthright to Joseph's sons
19. What happened when Jacob went to Hebron? Isaac died at age 180

Lecture 13

October 31, 2019 2:01 PM

1. Who were the enemies of God and Israel? Esau's descendants
2. Who were judged in Obadiah? Edomites
3. Who was the enemy of Israel and was in the first battle after Exodus? Amalek
- ★ 4. How many people were in Egypt? 70 go in and 2-3 million come out 430 years later
5. What did Joseph receive? Ornamented tunic
6. What did the Ornamented tunic represent? A sign of authority, a sign of Father's love
- ★ 7. What prophetic dreams did Joseph have? Sheaves bow down, sun, moon, stars bow down
8. Where is Shechem? 50 miles north of Hebron
9. What happened to Jacob when went to Shechem? He was captured by his brother, Partially defended by Reuben (spare and sell)
10. What did Joseph ultimately gain from this? Providence of God to Egypt, net profit of \$1.28 per brother
11. What was the sin of Judah? He had incest with Tamar, He confesses and repents
12. What was one of the twin's name? Pharez
- ★ 13. What lineage did Jesus come from? A lineage of incest and adultery
14. Should a child die for the sins of his biological father? No
- ★ 15. What were the tests of Joseph in Egypt? Test of character (Potiphar's wife), test of patience (butler/baker), test of his God (interpret dreams), test of humility "it's not in me"
- ★ 16. Joseph is exalted to what? 2nd in command, given name of Zaphnathpaaneah ("Giver of Bread")
17. Who was given to Joseph a wife? Asenath ("She belongs to Neith") [but not for long]
18. What does Manasseh mean? Forget
19. What does Ephraim mean? fruitful
20. What does Joseph do? Confronts his brothers "Bring Benjamin!", Joseph prepares a feast, Joseph demands Ben stay, Judah offers himself, Joseph reveals himself

Lecture 14

November 5, 2019 1:29 PM

1. What happened when Jacob went to Egypt? Reunion in Goshen, prosperity in famine
- ★ 2. What did Jacob do? Jacob blesses Ephraim instead of Manasseh, Jacob blesses 12 sons; dies age 147
3. Where was Jacob buried? At Machpelah
- ★ 4. When did Joseph die? At age 110

Introduction to Exodus

- ★ 5. What does Exodus mean? Exit, departure
- ★ 6. What are key chapters? 12 Exodus, 20 giving the Law (10 Comm.)
- ★ 7. What is the key verse? Exodus 3:8 "And I am come down to deliver them out of the hand of the Egyptians,"
- ★ 8. What is the theme of Exodus? Redemption (Israel is **delivered**)
- ★ 9. Where was Israel? In Egypt 1-12
- ★ 10. Where was Israel? In the wilderness 13-18
- ★ 11. Where was Israel? Sinai 19-40
12. How long was it from Jacob's arrival in Egypt to the Exodus (exit)? 430 years
- ★ 13. Who was the Pharaoh of Exodus 1? Oppression under Thutmose I (kill males)
14. Who was the Pharaoh's daughter? Princess Hatshepsut
15. Where was Moses? In Pharaoh's court
- ★ 16. Who provided the most severe oppression? Thutmose III
- ★ 17. What was Pharaoh was Exodus under? Amenhotep II

Lecture 15

November 7, 2019 2:02 PM

- ★ 1. What were the plots to kill the children? Midwives ordered to kill, Shiprah and Puah do not kill, all ordered to kill males in the Nile
- 2. What was the preparation of Moses? His birth and childhood
- ★ 3. Who was Moses' dad/Levite? Amram
- ★ 4. Who was Moses' mom? Jochebed
- 5. Who was Moses nursed by? Jochebed
- 6. Where did Moses run to? Midian
- 7. When did Moses kill an Egyptian? At age 40
- ★ 8. Who does Moses marry? Zipporah (one of Abraham and Keturah's descendants)
- ★ 9. Who was Moses' father-in-law? Jethro (aka Reuel)
- ★ 10. What does Reuel mean? Friend of God
- 11. What happened afterward? God remembered his covenant to the Israelites

Lecture 16

November 14, 2019 2:03 PM

Exodus continued

1. What were the Excuses of Moses? Who should I say sent me?, "I AM hath sent me", "The Eternal Self-Existent One"
- ★ 2. What is John 8:24? "I said therefore unto you, that ye shall die in your sins: for if ye believe not that I am he, ye shall die in your sins."
- ★ 3. What is John 8:58? "Jesus said unto them, Verily, verily, I say unto you, Before Abraham was, I am."
- ★ 4. What does Exodus 4:11 state? Against abortion and euthanasia
5. What can God do? He has the ability to meet any emergency, of any deficiency you think you have to fulfill His call for your life
- ★ 6. What was Moses' fifth excuse? "send someone else", the most serious excuse - insubordination
7. What is necessary? Complete obedience, remember the sign of the Abrahamic covenant
8. What do Moses and Aron do? Gather the people
9. What did Pharaoh do? Harden his heart
10. What was the first appeal of Moses? Antagonism of Pharaoh, afflictions increase, complaints of the people, prayer of Moses
11. What is the Lesson? When problems arise, our first response, not our last resort, should be to go to the Lord
12. What are the ten plagues?
 - ★ 1. Turning water into blood
 - ★ 2. Frogs
 - ★ 3. Lice
 - ★ 4. Flies
 - ★ 5. Murrain (disease) upon the livestock
 - ★ 6. Boils
 - ★ 7. Hail
 - ★ 8. Locusts
 - ★ 9. Darkness
 - ★ 10. Death of the firstborn

Lecture 17

November 19, 2019 2:17 PM

1. What purpose did the plagues serve? Freedom for Israel, Punishment of Egypt, demonstrates the foolishness of idolatry and that the LORD is God
2. What do these plagues teach? God delivers His people, God judges sin, God wants all to know Him and His power
3. Who did God show His power to? Egypt, Israel, the world
- ★ 4. What is Exodus 12 about? The Passover
- ★ 5. What verse to add? John 1:29
6. What is unleavened bread? Remove leaven, I Corinthians 5:7 - purge lives of wickedness
- ★ 7. What is the account? God passes through the land, Firstborn dies if no blood applied
- ★ 8. What was the sacrifice like? Male lamb, 1st year, no blemish, tested, killed, blood applied, Eat with shoes on; ready to travel
9. When was the initial Exodus? 1446/1445 BC - I Kings 6:1
10. What is the memorial of the firstborn? 1st born son sanctified (belongs to God), redeemed, 1st born animal sacrificed, to remember deliverance is of the LORD

Lecture 18

November 21, 2019 2:04 PM

1. Which direction did they not go? The way of the Philistines
- ★ 2. How were they lead? Pillar of cloud by day, Pillar of fire by night
3. What did they remember? Joseph's bones
- ★ 4. Did they take the shortest journey? No
- ★ 5. What were the five aspects of deliverance? The plan, the pursuit, the promise, the performance
6. What does the song say? Celebrate God's mighty deeds, claim God's strength, confidence in God
- ★ 7. What happened in the Wilderness of Shur? Murmur at Marah = bitter, Jehovah Rophe = The LORD heals, elim = palms (trees)
- ★ 8. What happened in the Wilderness of Sin? Manna = "What is it?", Omer = 2 quarts, Exodus 16:4 - the love of God
- ★ 9. What were the trials of Rephidim? The trials of water, the trials of war, the trials of work
10. What are the meanings of these words in the trials of water? Massah = temptation, meribah = dispute/anger
- ★ 11. Where did the water come from? Life-giving water from the once-smitten rock
- ★ 12. What was the trial of War? Israel's 1st battle was with Amalek
13. What did Aaron and Hur do for Moses? Held his arms up
- ★ 14. What does Jehovah-Nissi mean? The LORD our Banner

Lecture 19

November 26, 2019 2:02 PM

- ★ 1. Who were the sons of Moses in the trials of work? Gershom = A stranger here, Eliezer = My God is help
- 2. What were the three categories of the Law? Moral, Civil, Ceremonial
- ★ 3. What was the Moral law? The 10 commandments
- ★ 4. What was the Civil Law? Social guidelines for Theocracy
- ★ 5. What was the Ceremonial Law? Religious/sacrificial, priestly guidelines
- 6. What does God do before He institutes Law? He reminds us of His grace (Exodus 19)
- ★ 7. What does a peculiar treasure mean? Precious and belonging to one person
- ★ 8. What does God want for Israel? He wants them to be a nation distinctively different from other nations
- 9. What were the 10 commandments? Duties to God, duties to man
- 10. (p.30) What were the duties to God? Worship God...
 - ★ 1. Exclusively
 - ★ 2. Correctly
 - ★ 3. Sincerely
 - ★ 4. Regularly
 - ★ 5. (duties to man) The Law of... Respect
 - ★ 6. Preservation
 - ★ 7. Purity
 - ★ 8. Honesty
 - ★ 9. Truthfulness
 - ★ 10. Selflessness
- 11. What does God choose to do? Use His people, dwell with His people
- 12. What was the mercy seat of God? God's throne, Shekinah glory
- 13. What was in the Ark of the Covenant? Manna, Aaron's rod, Law
- 14. What was in the courtyard of the Tabernacle? Brazen Altar, Laver
- 15. What was in the Holy Place of the Tabernacle? Table of Shewbread (12 pieces), Lampstand, Altar of incense
- 16. What was in the Holy of Holies? Ark of the Covenant
- 17. Who was in the consecration of Aaron's Family? Nadab, Abihu, Eleazer, Ithamar
- 18. What were the High Priest's functions? Intercession, atonement, sacrifice