Table :Effects of partisan identification and racial identity on attitudes toward universal healthcare

|  | Independent subsample | Republican subsample | Democrat subsample |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Racial ID | 0.038 | -0.096 | 0.031 |
|  | [-0.160, 0.235] | [-0.185, -0.006] | [-0.071, 0.133] |
| Age | 0.138 | -0.368 | -0.086 |
|  | [-0.100, 0.376] | [-0.471, -0.265] | [-0.186, 0.013] |
| Education | -0.108 | 0.041 | 0.146 |
|  | [-0.341, 0.125] | [-0.075, 0.157] | [0.027, 0.266] |
| Income | -0.245 | 0.017 | -0.212 |
|  | [-0.487, -0.002] | [-0.095, 0.129] | [-0.327, -0.097] |
| Female | -0.255 | -0.027 | -0.010 |
|  | [-0.474, -0.036] | [-0.128, 0.075] | [-0.113, 0.093] |
| Racial resentment | -0.443 | -0.216 | -0.312 |
|  | [-0.660, -0.226] | [-0.318, -0.114] | [-0.416, -0.208] |
| Constant | 0.160 | 0.062 | 0.096 |
|  | [-0.060, 0.380] | [-0.031, 0.155] | [-0.005, 0.197] |
| N | 83 | 354 | 309 |
| Adj. R^2 | 0.17 | 0.27 | 0.14 |
| RMSE | 0.94 | 0.89 | 0.91 |
| Data source: 2020 American National Election Pilot Study. | | | |
| Point estimates reflect coefficients from a weighted least squares regression. | | | |
| 95-percent confidence intervals in brackets. | | | |
| Self-identified White respondents only. | | | |