

School of Computing and Information Systems
The University of Melbourne
COMP90049 Knowledge Technologies (Semester 1, 2017)
Workshop exercises: Week 10

1. A **confusion matrix** is an indication of the performance of a classifier over a set of test data, by counting the various output instances:

		Actual			
		<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>
Classified	<i>a</i>	10	2	3	1
	<i>b</i>	2	5	3	1
	<i>c</i>	1	3	7	1
	<i>d</i>	3	0	3	5

- (a) Calculate the classification **accuracy** of the system.
- (b) Calculate the **precision**, **recall**, **F-score** (where $\beta = 1$), **sensitivity**, and **specificity** for class *d*. (Why can't we do this for the whole system? How can we consider the whole system?)
2. How is **holdout** evaluation (like in the Project 2 data) different to **cross-validation** evaluation?
3. For the following dataset:

<i>ID</i>	<i>Outl</i>	<i>Temp</i>	<i>Humi</i>	<i>Wind</i>	PLAY
TRAINING INSTANCES					
A	s	h	h	F	N
B	s	h	h	T	N
C	o	h	h	F	Y
D	r	m	h	F	Y
E	r	c	n	F	Y
F	r	c	n	T	N
TEST INSTANCES					
G	o	c	n	T	?
H	s	m	h	F	?

Classify the test instances using a Decision Tree:

- (a) Using the Gini Index as a splitting criterion
- (b) Using the Information Gain as a splitting criterion