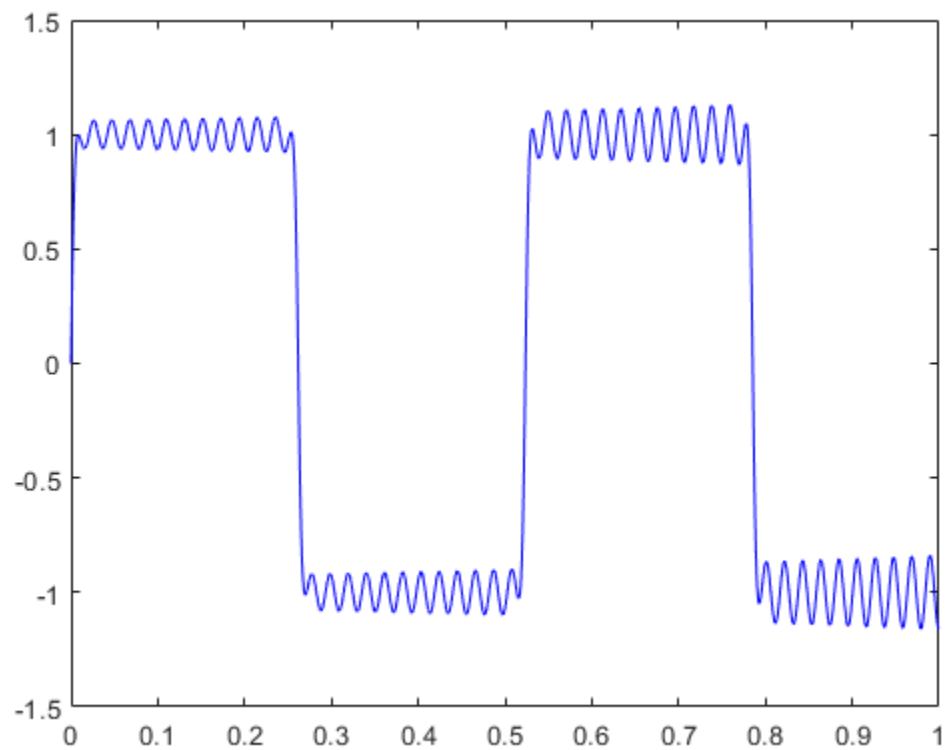

Table of Contents

a)	1
b)	1
c)	6

a)

```
clear all;  
format long g;
```

```
x = [0+10^-12:1/2000:1-10^-12];  
%x = [-10:1/2000:10];  
plot(x, fun(x), 'b');
```



b)

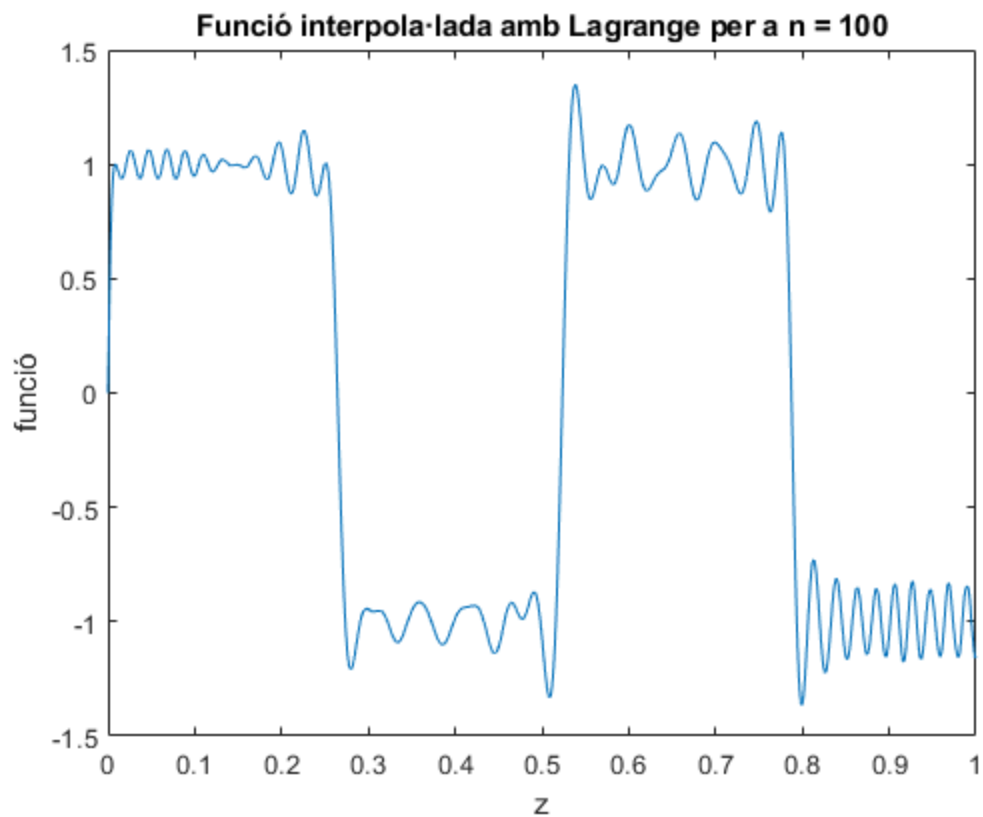
Vector z on avaluem els punts

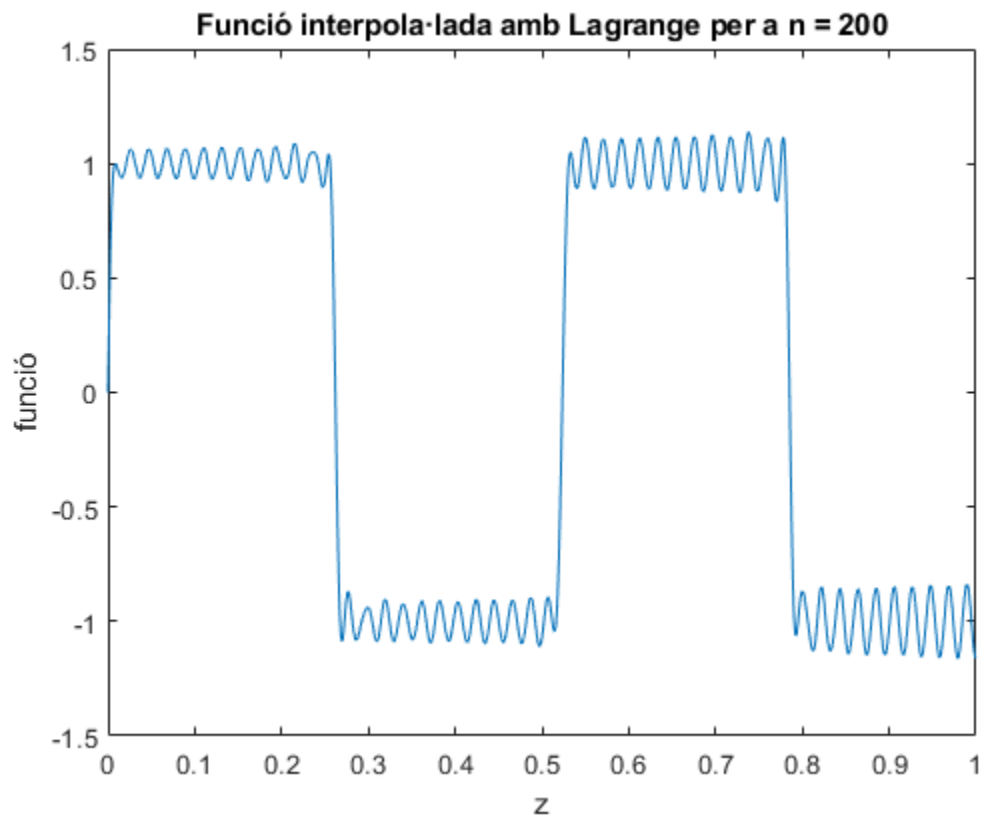
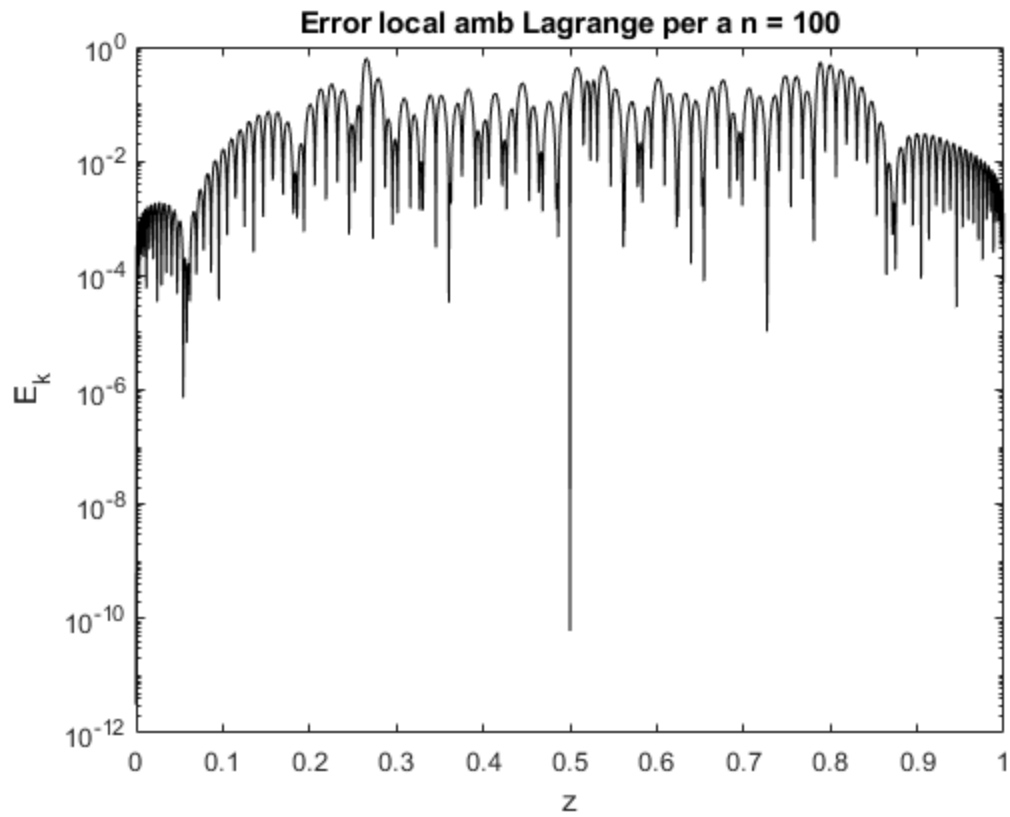
```
z = [0+10^-12:1/2000:1-10^-12];
```

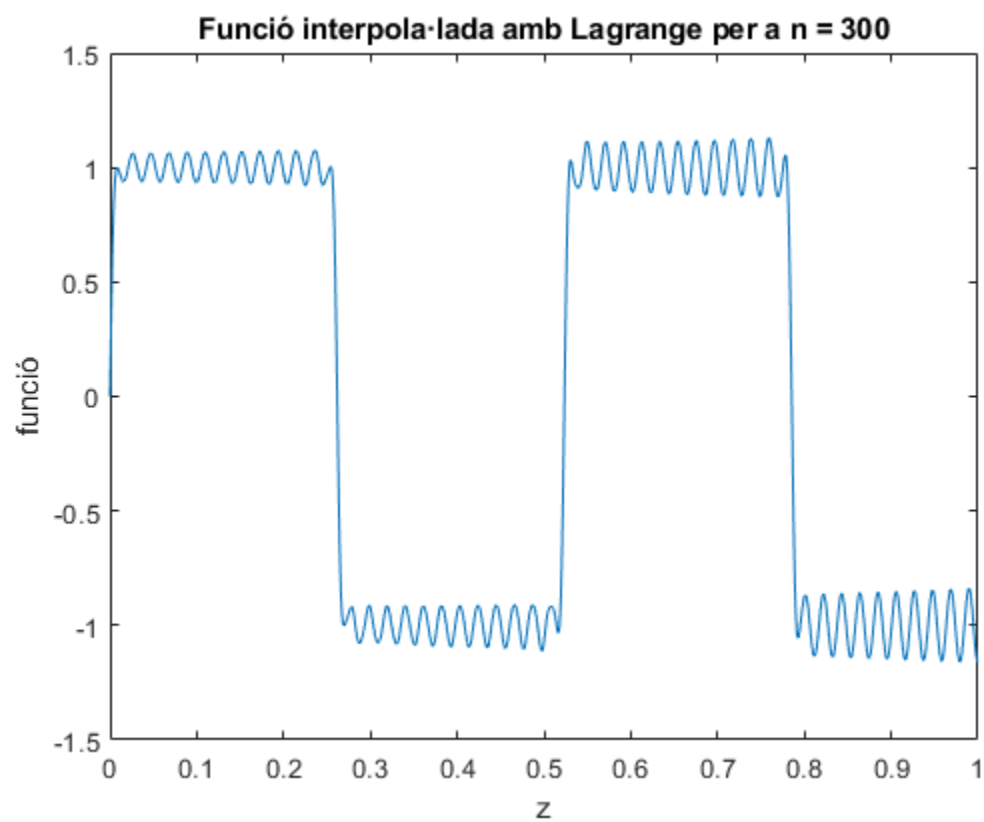
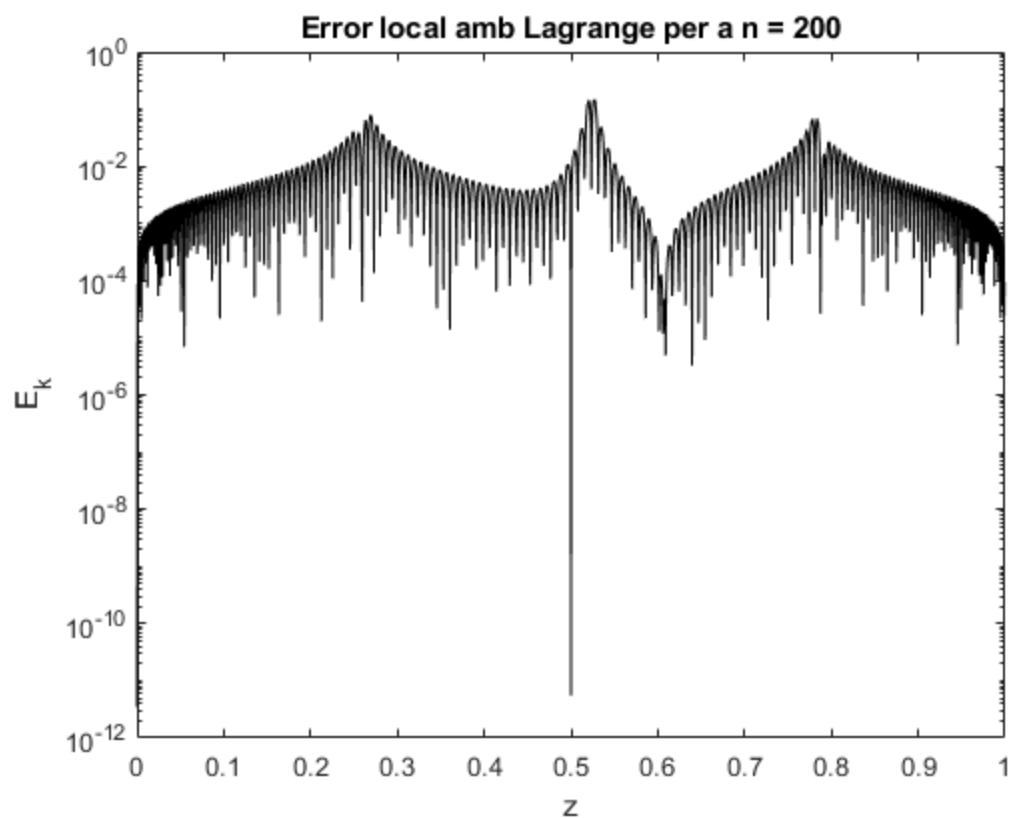
```

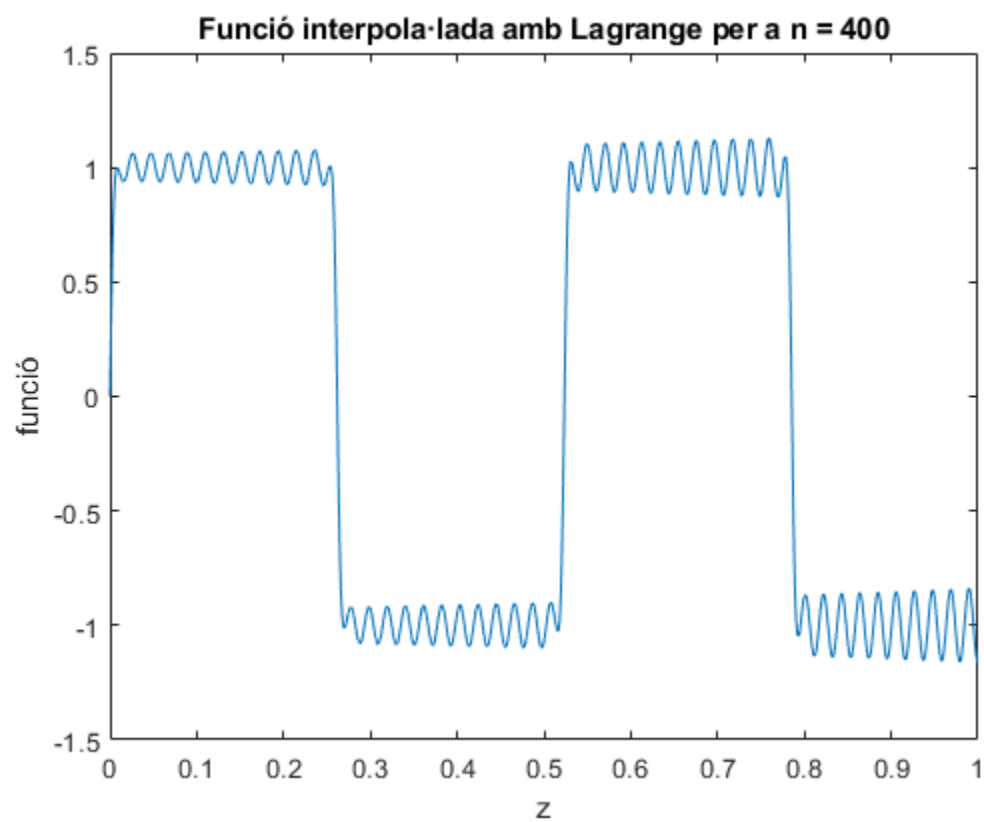
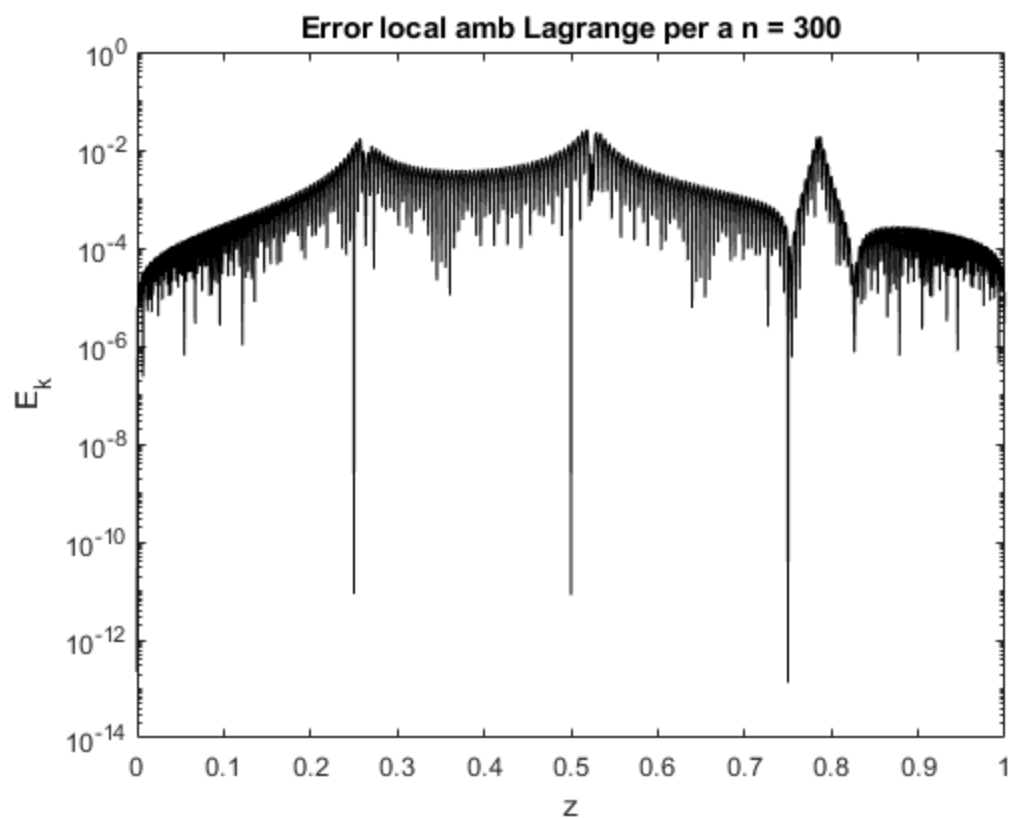
for n = 100:100:400
    j=[0:1:n];
    zj = cos((j*pi)/n);
    xj = (1/2)*(1+zj);
    b = baricentrica2(z, xj, fun(xj));
    figure;
    plot(z, b);
    titol_plot_int = sprintf('Funció interpola·lada amb Lagrange per a
n = %d', n);
    title(titol_plot_int);
    xlabel('z');
    ylabel('funció');
    hold on;
    error = abs(fun(z)- b');
    figure;
    semilogy(z,error,'k');
    titol_plot_err = sprintf('Error local amb Lagrange per a n = %d',
n);
    title(titol_plot_err);
    xlabel('z');
    ylabel('E_k')
    hold on;
end
hold off;

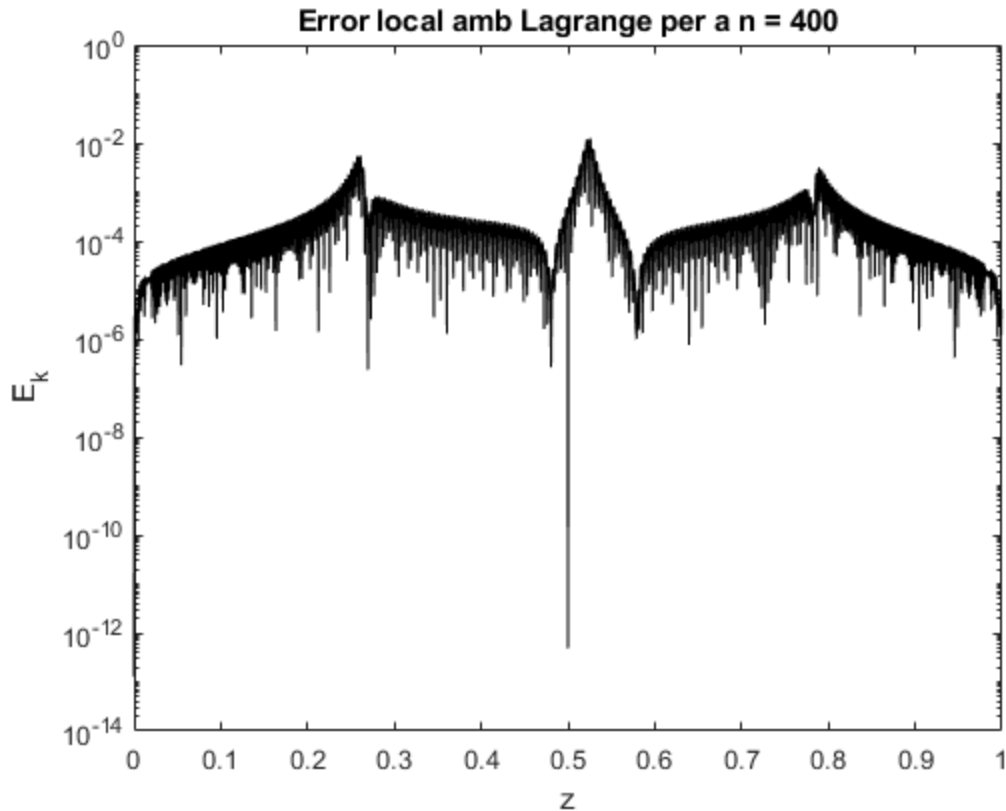
```











c)

Per trobar el nombre de nodes necessari utilitzarem un bucle while amb un funcionament similar a la biseccio per més precisió y velocitat.

```
clear all;
z = [0+10^-12:1/2000:1-10^-12];

salt = 1000;
n = salt; % Resolucio de la interpolacio.
prevN = 0;
maxN = 100000;
direccio = 1; % Saber si estabem augmentant o disminuint resolucio.
maxError = 10^-6;
errorInter = 1;

while n <= maxN && prevN ~= n
    n
    prevN = n;
    j=[0:1:n];
    zj = cos((j*pi)/n);
    xj = (1/2)*(1+zj);
    b = baricentrica2(z, xj, fun(xj));
    errorInter = max(abs(fun(z)- b'))
    %En cas que l'error sigui massa gran, cal augmentar resolució de
    les n:
```

```

    if errorInter > maxError
        if direccio == 1
            n = n + salt;
        elseif direccio == -1
            direccio = 1;
            % Divisio entera per 2:
            salt = fix(salt/2);
            n = n + salt;
        end
        % Si l'error ja es mes petit que el maxim d'error, vol dir que ens
        hem
        % passat amb la resolució i podem ajustar més.
    elseif errorInter < maxError
        if direccio == 1
            direccio = -1;
            % Divisio entera per 2:
            salt = fix(salt/2);
            n = n - salt;
        elseif direccio == -1
            n = n - salt;
        end
    end
end

n

n =

    1000

errorInter =

    4.92296884446741e-06

n =

    2000

errorInter =

    1.04753011820335e-11

n =

    1500

errorInter =

```

$3.76042352812078e-09$

$n =$

1000

$errorInter =$

$4.92296884446741e-06$

$n =$

1250

$errorInter =$

$1.75701686588869e-07$

$n =$

1125

$errorInter =$

$6.45875859017764e-07$

$n =$

1000

$errorInter =$

$4.92296884446741e-06$

$n =$

1062

$errorInter =$

$2.27551324699649e-06$

$n =$

1124

errorInter =

9.96582830009585e-07

n =

1093

errorInter =

1.52671354625156e-06

n =

1108

errorInter =

9.09976264451551e-07

n =

1101

errorInter =

1.25480102436404e-06

n =

1104

errorInter =

7.74351891497105e-07

n =

1103

errorInter =

1.26267042938055e-06

n =

1103

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