I2C HDC1080 SENSOR DRIVERS

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1 Source Code

1.1 hdc1080drivers.h

```
/**
 * @file hdc1080Drivers.h
 * @author Dan Blanchette
 * @brief HDC1080 Header File
 * @version 0.1
 * @date 2023-02-20
 *
 * @copyright Copyright (c) 2023
 *
 */

#ifndef HDC1080_DRIVERS
#define HDC1080_DRIVERS

#include <stdio.h>
#include "pico/stdlib.h"
#include "pico/binary_info.h"
#include "hardware/i2c.h"

// I2C reserves some addresses for special purposes. We exclude
    these from the scan.
// These are any addresses of the form 000 0xxx or 111 1xxx

#define HDC1080ADDRESS 0x40 // In the Data Sheet this address
    identifies the device
#define HDC1080_MANF_DEVICE_ID_REG 0xFE
#define TEMPERATURE 0x00
#define HUMIDITY 0x00
#define CONFIG 0x02
#define SERIAL_FIRST 0xFB
#define SERIAL_MID 0xFC
#define SERIAL_LAST 0xFD
#define DEV_ID 0xFF

#define I2C_PORT i2c1


```

```
/* ENUMERATED DATA TYPES*/
enum Temp_Type
{
   CEL = 0,
   FAHR = 1
};
enum HDC_Read_Measurements
{
   TEMP_C,
   TEMP_F,
   PERCENT_HUM
};
enum Resolution_Type
{
   HIGH = 14,
   MED = 11,
   LOW = 8
};
enum HDC_Config_Reg
{
   T_OR_H_14R = 0x00, // read the temperature and humidity at 14 bit resolution
   TEMP_11R = 0x004,  // read the temperature at 11 bit resolution
   HUMID_11R = 0x01,  // read the humidity at 11 bit resolution
   HUMID_8R = 0x02,   // read the humidity at 8 bit resolution
   BOTH_14 = 0x10,    // read both the temperature and humdity at 14 bit resolution
   BOTH_11 = 0x15,    // read both the temperature and humdity at 11 bit resolution
   RESET_VAL = 0x10,  // reset the configuration register - this cannot be read
   HEATER_1 = 0x20,   // turn heater on
   HEATER_0 = 0x10    // turn off the heater which is achieved by resetting the config register
};

/*FUNCTIONS*/

// calculate the temperature from the sensor
float temperature(enum Temp_Type, enum Resolution_Type);
// read the unique serial ID
int readSerial1(void);
int readSerial2(void);
int readSerial3(void);
// end serial ID functions


int readDeviceID(void);
void setConfig(enum HDC_Config_Reg);

int readConfig(void); // reads the bits of the config register

//read temps at 14 bit Res
float tempFahr(void);
float tempCels(void);
float calc_humidity(enum Resolution_Type);
#endif
```

1.2 hdc1080.c

```c
/**
 * @file hdc1080.c
 * @author Dan Blanchette
 * @brief Device drivers for the HDC1080 Temperature and Humidity Sensor
 * @version 0.1
 * @date 2023-02-19
 *
 * @copyright Copyright (c) 2023
 *
 * CREDITS: James Lasso and Garett Wells for help with this project.
 *
 */

#include "hdc1080Drivers.h"

int main()
{
  // Enable UART so we can print status output
  stdio_init_all(); // Initialize STD I/O for printing over serial
  // while (!tud_cdc_connected()) { sleep_ms(100);  }
  printf("HDC1080 connected()\n");

  printf("Test Print\n");

  // This example will use I2C1 on the default SDA and SCL pins
  // Parameter 1 specifies the port address for i2c device, this value is measured in HZ and is initilaized to 100,000 or 100Khz
  // Max pico speed is 1Mhz
  i2c_init(I2C_PORT, 100 * 1000);
  gpio_set_function(PICO_DEFAULT_I2C_SDA_PIN, GPIO_FUNC_I2C);
  gpio_set_function(PICO_DEFAULT_I2C_SCL_PIN, GPIO_FUNC_I2C);
  gpio_pull_up(PICO_DEFAULT_I2C_SDA_PIN);
  gpio_pull_up(PICO_DEFAULT_I2C_SCL_PIN);
  // Make the I2C pins available to picotool
  bi_decl(bi_2pins_with_func(PICO_DEFAULT_I2C_SDA_PIN, PICO_DEFAULT_I2C_SCL_PIN, GPIO_FUNC_I2C));
  sleep_ms(1000);

  while (1)
  {
    int deviceID, serialID1, serialID2, serialID3, config;
    float tempF, tempC, perH;
    deviceID = readDeviceID();
    serialID1 = readSerial1();
    serialID2 = readSerial2();
    serialID3 = readSerial3();
    config = readConfig();
    tempC = tempCels();
    tempF = tempFahr();
    perH = calc_humidity(HIGH);
    printf("HDC1080_device: ID=0x%X\n", deviceID);
    printf("Unique_serial:  ID_1=0x%X, ID_2=0x%X, ID_3=0x%X\n", serialID1, serialID2, serialID3);
```

```
    printf("Config Register: 0x%X\n\n", config);
    printf("Temp Farhenheit: %f\n", tempF);
    printf("Temp Celsius: %f\n\n", tempC);
    printf("Percent Humidity: %f\n\n", perH);
    sleep_ms(1000);
    // RTOS Scheduler() Here
  }

  return 0;
}

/*FUNCTION DEFNITIONS*/

/**
 * @brief
 *
 * @return float
 */
float temperature(enum Temp_Type degrees, enum Resolution_Type
    resolution)
{
  // points to address 0x00
  const uint8_t TEMP_REGISTER = TEMPERATURE;
  // byte array
  uint8_t data[2];

  // read just the temperature
  if (resolution == HIGH)
  {
    // for high resolution reading 14 bits
    setConfig(T_OR_H_14R);
  }
  else
  {
    // for med resolution reading 11 bits
    setConfig(TEMP_11R);
  }

  // get the reading from the temperature sensor
  int ret = i2c_write_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, &
    TEMP_REGISTER, 1, false);

  if (resolution == HIGH)
  {
    sleep_ms(9);
  }
  else if (resolution == MED)
  {
    sleep_ms(5);
  }

  ret = i2c_read_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, data, 2, false)
    ;

  int16_t bit_temp_val = data[0] << 8 | data[1];
  double hex_conv = ((double)bit_temp_val) / ((double)65536);
  float final_temp = (hex_conv * 165) - 40;
```

```
105
106   if (degrees == CEL)
107   {
108     return final_temp; // degrees C
109   }
110
111   return (final_temp * 1.8) + 32; // degrees F conversion
112 }
113
114 /**
115  * @brief
116  *
117  * @return int
118  */
119 int readDeviceID()
120 {
121   // unsigned integer array that holds the device ID's
122   uint8_t deviceID[2];
123   int ret;
124
125   /*Assign Register*/
126   uint8_t manReg = HDC1080_MANF_DEVICE_ID_REG;
127
128   ret = i2c_write_blocking(I2C_PORT,      // type of port
129                   HDC1080ADDRESS, // device address
130                   &manReg,     // device's register address to
      read
131                   1,         // expected data size to receive in
      bytes
132                   false        // bool value to tell the I2C
      controller to: True = use and hold onto the bus, False =
      release the bus
133   );
134
135   ret = i2c_read_blocking(I2C_PORT,    // type of port
136                   HDC1080ADDRESS, // device address
137                   deviceID,    // pass the uint_8 array to receive
      the data from the register
138                   2,           // expected data size to receive in
      bytes
139                   false        // bool value to tell the I2C
      controller to: True = use the bus, False = release the bus
140   );
141
142   int returnValue = deviceID[0] << 8 | deviceID[1];
143
144   return returnValue;
145 }
146
147 /**
148  * @brief This Block of Functions reads and returns the unique
      serial
149  * number from the HDC1080 Device
150  *
151  * @return int
152  */
153 int readSerial1()
```

```
154 {
155   uint8_t deviceID[2];
156   uint8_t serial1 = SERIAL_FIRST;
157 
158   int ret1;
159   ret1 = i2c_write_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, &serial1, 1,
        false);
160 
161   ret1 = i2c_read_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, deviceID, 2,
        false);
162 
163   int returnVal1 = deviceID[0] << 8 | deviceID[1];
164 
165   return returnVal1;
166 }
167 
168 int readSerial2()
169 {
170   uint8_t deviceID[2];
171   uint8_t serial2 = SERIAL_MID;
172 
173   int ret;
174 
175   ret = i2c_write_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, &serial2, 1,
        false);
176 
177   ret = i2c_read_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, deviceID, 2,
        false);
178 
179   int returnVal = deviceID[0] << 8 | deviceID[1];
180 
181   return returnVal;
182 }
183 
184 int readSerial3()
185 {
186   uint8_t deviceID[2];
187   uint8_t serial3 = SERIAL_LAST;
188 
189   int ret;
190   ret = i2c_write_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, &serial3, 1,
        false);
191 
192   ret = i2c_read_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, deviceID, 2,
        false);
193 
194   int returnVal = deviceID[0] << 8 | deviceID[1];
195 
196   return returnVal;
197 }
198 
199 /**
200  * @brief Set the configuration for the HDC1080's output for
        temperature and humidity
201  *
202  * @param conf_val
203  */
```

```
204 void setConfig(enum HDC_Config_Reg conf_val)
205 {
206   // CONFIG = 0x02
207   const uint8_t configReg = CONFIG;
208   uint8_t set[] = {configReg, conf_val, 0x00};
209 
210   // write 3 bytes at a time
211   int value = i2c_write_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, &set[0],
        3, false);
212 }
213 
214 /**
215  * @brief
216  *
217  * @return int
218  */
219 int readConfig()
220 {
221   int ret;
222   uint8_t configOut[2];
223   uint8_t config = CONFIG;
224 
225   ret = i2c_write_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, &config, 1,
        false);
226 
227   ret = i2c_read_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, configOut, 2,
        false);
228 
229   int returnVal = configOut[0];
230 
231   return returnVal;
232 }
233 
234 /**
235  * @brief
236  *
237  * @return float
238  */
239 float tempFahr(void)
240 {
241   return temperature(FAHR, HIGH);
242 }
243 
244 /**
245  * @brief
246  *
247  * @return float
248  */
249 float tempCels(void)
250 {
251   return temperature(CEL, HIGH);
252 }
253 
254 float calc_humidity(enum Resolution_Type resolution)
255 {
256   // address 0x01
257   const uint8_t HUMIDITY_REG = HUMIDITY;
```

```
258   uint8_t data[2];
259
260   // set config to read humidity
261   if (resolution == HIGH)
262   {
263     setConfig(T_OR_H_14R);
264   }
265   else if (resolution == MED)
266   {
267     setConfig(HUMID_11R);
268   }
269   else
270   {
271     setConfig(HUMID_8R);
272   }
273
274   // write humidity reading to register
275   int hum_val = i2c_write_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, &
        HUMIDITY_REG, 1, false);
276
277   if(resolution == HIGH)
278   {
279     sleep_ms(9);
280   }
281   else if (resolution == MED)
282   {
283     sleep_ms(7);
284   }
285   else
286   {
287     sleep_ms(5);
288   }
289
290   hum_val = i2c_read_blocking(I2C_PORT, HDC1080ADDRESS, data, 2,
        false);
291
292   int16_t bit_val = data[0] << 8 | data[1];
293   double hex_conv = ((double) bit_val) / ((double)65536);
294   float tot_hum = hex_conv * 100;
295   return tot_hum;
296 }
```