## RTOS Assignment 4: 7-Segment Display

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## 1 Program Tasks and Functions

#### 1.1 Tasks

#### 1.1.1 void task right disp: Priority 4

This task utilizes a binary semaphore to protect the 7-segment displays GPIO pins for drawing the one's digits. The xQueueDisp queue is read using xQueuePeek() to service the drawing of the digits to the right segment. A modulo ten is used to isolate the remainder from the count, then update the display. The semaphore is then given up by the task so that the next task (task left disp) can run its routine.

#### 1.1.2 void task left disp: Priority 4

This task utilizes a binary semaphore to protect the 7-segment displays GPIO pins for drawing the one's digits. The xQueueDisp queue is read using xQueuePeek() to service the drawing of the digits to the left segment. A division by ten is used to reduce the integer from a power of 10 to a single digit, then update the display. The semaphore is then given up by the task so that the next task (task right disp) can run its routine. The task (task right display) trades off and helps sync the display, thanks to a binary semaphore. This allows the persistence of vision to be achieved and renders the display as both digits are turned on.

#### 1.1.3 void task count: Priority 3

For this task, two variables are initialized (val to send and bin val to send). The routine relies on two for loops. The initial loop counts down from 42, while the other counts up once the iterator (i) has been decremented to 0. This causes the loop to see-saw when the scheduler services the task. In both loops, the xQueueSend function passes the value of the iterator to two tasks (task right disp and task left disp). Once the value is sent, there is a task delay of 500 ms based on the port tick value, and then xQueueReceive clears the queue. A binary value is then sent to task pico blink.

## 1.1.4 void task pico blink: Priority 2

In this task val is initialized to 0 as it will be used to reference the receiving binary value from the queue in task count. the logic is pretty simple for this function if the variable(que val) is equal to one, then run the blink by turning the light on and off with a very small 100ms task delay before it is shut off. Any other input will result in the D13 LED being switched off. This allows for the xQueueSend in the count to utilize its 500ms per port tick rate delay to sync the two tasks.

#### 1.2 Functions

## 1.2.1 void setup 7seg()

This function has the code to set up the GPIO pin initialization for the seven-segment display.

### 1.2.2 void numbers(const int)

In this function, I set up the GPIO pins to display the digit patterns on the seven-segment display. The implementation of this function uses a switch statement to allow for ease of access for each digit by passing an integer value as a function parameter.

# 2 Block Diagram

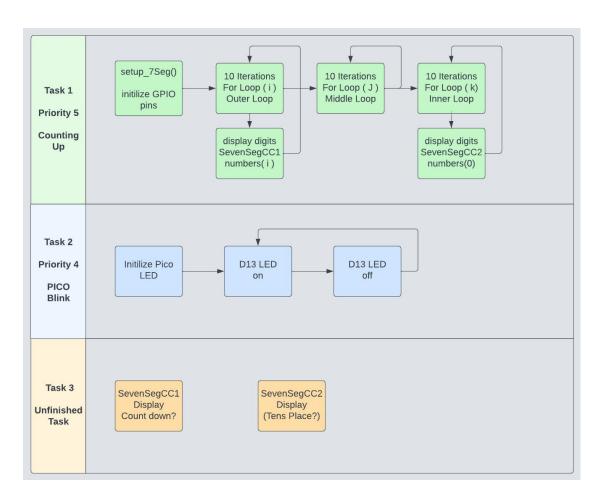


Figure 1: block diagram

## 3 Code

```
3 * @file main.c
* @author Dan Blanchette
_{5} * @brief This program will count down from 42 to 00 and back up
     from 00 to 42 using a 7-segment display.
        As an additional feature, the D13 LED on the Pico Feather
     will be synced with the second count.
7 * @version 0.1
   * @date Started: 2023-02-3, Due: 2023-02-8
8
9 * Total Hours: 30 (coding and research)
* Credit: James Lasso (Pair Programming Partner)
* @copyright Copyright (c) 2023
12 *
13 */
14 #include "main.h"
#include "semphr.h"
#include <queue.h>
18 /*PICO PIN SETUP*/
19 // D13 Pin Assignment pico
const uint LED_PIN = PICO_DEFAULT_LED_PIN;
22 /*SEMAPHORES*/
23 // Semaphore intilizaition
24 SemaphoreHandle_t xSem;
26 /**************
27 * * QUEUES
29 * *
30 *****************
_{
m 31} // digit queues for the 7-seg display
32 static QueueHandle_t xQueueDisp = NULL;
33 // pico D13 Blink
static QueueHandle_t xQueuePico = NULL;
36 /*SEVEN SEGMENT PIN ASSIGNMENT*/
37 /******************
38 *
* SEVEN SEGMENT PIN ASSIGNMENT *
41 ****************************
42 // GPIO pin setup
43 #define SevenSegCC1 11
44 #define SevenSegCC2 10
46 #define SevenSegA 26
47 #define SevenSegB 27
48 #define SevenSegC 29
49 #define SevenSegD 18
50 #define SevenSegE 25
#define SevenSegF 7
52 #define SevenSegG 28
53 #define SevenSegDP 24
```

```
54
55
56
               *
58
   * FUNCTION PROTOTYPES *
59
60
62 // setup 7-seg I/O
63 void setup_7seg();
_{64} // function to draw the numbers on the 7-seg display
void draw_numbers(const int);
67
68 /*************
69
70
            TASKS
71 *
72 ******************
_{73} // Starts at draws the 0-9 count, 9-0 count on the right display
74 // PRIORITY: 5
75 void task_right_disp()
76 {
77
    while (1)
78
79
      // Take the semaphore
80
       xSemaphoreTake(xSem, portMAX_DELAY);
81
       //printf("In right display\n");
82
       gpio_put(SevenSegCC1, 1);
83
84
       gpio_put(SevenSegCC2, 0);
       int rec_val = 0;
85
       xQueuePeek(xQueueDisp, &rec_val, portMAX_DELAY);
86
87
       int right_num = (rec_val % 10);
       // draw the numbers to the display
88
89
       draw_numbers(right_num);
90
91
       vTaskDelay(10 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
       xSemaphoreGive(xSem);
92
93
       vTaskDelay(10 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
94
95
96 }
97
98 // counts 0-4 then 4-0
99 // PRIORITY: 5
void task_left_disp()
101 {
     while (1)
102
103
       xSemaphoreTake(xSem, portMAX_DELAY);
104
       //printf("In left display\n");
105
106
       gpio_put(SevenSegCC1, 0);
       gpio_put(SevenSegCC2, 1);
108
       int rec_val = 0;
109
110
```

```
// extract the digit in the buffer
112
       xQueuePeek(xQueueDisp, &rec_val, portMAX_DELAY);
       // use the remainder of the division for the left side's count
113
       int left_num = (rec_val / 10);
114
       // draw the number to display
115
       draw_numbers(left_num);
116
117
       vTaskDelay(10 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
118
119
       xSemaphoreGive(xSem);
120
       vTaskDelay(10 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
121
122 }
123 // increment the count and pass the values to a queue
124 // PRIORITY: 4
void task_count()
126 {
127
     int val_to_send;
     int bin_val_to_send = 1;
128
     // decrement counter
129
     for (int i = 42; i >= 0; i--)
130
       //printf("decrementing %d\n", i);
133
134
       val_to_send = i;
136
       bin_val_to_send;
       // send the incremented value to the queue buffer
       \verb"xQueueSend"(xQueueDisp", &val_to_send", &"oU");
138
       xQueueSend(xQueuePico, &bin_val_to_send, OU);
139
       vTaskDelay(500 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
140
141
       xQueueReceive(xQueueDisp, &val_to_send, OU);
142
       // the counter is 00
143
       if (i == 0)
144
145
146
          // increment the count
         for (i; i <= 42; i++)</pre>
147
148
           // printf("incrementing %d\n", i);
149
150
            val_to_send = i;
151
           bin_val_to_send;
           // send the incremented value to the queue buffer
152
153
            xQueueSend(xQueueDisp, &val_to_send, OU);
            xQueueSend(xQueuePico, &bin_val_to_send, OU);
            vTaskDelay(500 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
155
156
            // clear the queue when done
157
158
            xQueueReceive(xQueueDisp, &val_to_send, OU);
159
160
161
     vTaskDelay(10 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
162
163 }
164
165 // blink pico
void task_pico_blink()
167 {
```

```
while (1)
168
169
       int val = 0:
170
171
       xQueueReceive(xQueuePico, &val, portMAX_DELAY);
172
       // printf("what is %d\n", val);
173
       int que_val = val;
174
       // printf("the value %d\n", que_val);
175
176
       if (que_val == 1)
177
178
         gpio_put(LED_PIN, 1);
179
         vTaskDelay(100 / portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
180
181
         gpio_put(LED_PIN, 0);
182
       else
183
184
       {
         gpio_put(LED_PIN, 0);
185
186
     }
187
188 }
189
   int main()
190
191 {
     // setup 7-seg GPIO OUT
192
193
     setup_7seg();
194
     // Init Pico
195
       gpio_init(LED_PIN);
196
     gpio_set_dir(LED_PIN, GPIO_OUT);
197
198
     // Use for debugging
     stdio_init_all();
199
200
    // creates Queue NOTE: like malloc specify data type
201
    xQueueDisp = xQueueCreate(1, sizeof(int));
202
203
    // create Pico Queue (has two values 0 or 1)
    xQueuePico = xQueueCreate(1, sizeof(int));
204
205
    // NOTE: create binary semaphore before tasks but after init!
    xSem = xSemaphoreCreateBinary();
206
207
    // take the flag from semaphore
    xSemaphoreGive(xSem);
208
209
210
     // This first task function's format is meant as a reference
       guide for the parameters
     xTaskCreate(
211
                  {\tt task\_right\_disp} , //function to be called
212
                 "Task_Right_Disp", // Name of Task
213
                  256, // Stack Size
214
                  NULL, // Parameter to pass to a function
215
216
                  4, // Task Priority (0 to configMAX_PRIORITIES - 1)
                  NULL // Task handle (check on status, watch memory
217
       usage, or end the task)
218
                  );
     xTaskCreate(task_left_disp, "Task_Left_Disp", 256, NULL, 4, NULL)
219
     xTaskCreate(task_count, "Task_Count", 256, NULL, 3, NULL);
```

```
xTaskCreate(task_pico_blink, "Task_Pico_Blink", 256, NULL, 2,
221
     // tell the scheduler to start running
222
     vTaskStartScheduler();
223
224
     while (1) {}
225
226 }
227
228
void setup_7seg()
230 {
        // initialize digital pin LED_BUILTIN as an output.
231
       gpio_init(SevenSegA);
232
233
       gpio_init(SevenSegB);
        gpio_init(SevenSegC);
        gpio_init(SevenSegD);
235
236
       gpio_init(SevenSegE);
       gpio_init(SevenSegF);
237
238
       gpio_init(SevenSegG);
        ^{-1}// This GPIO pin activates the decimal point on the 7 segment
239
       display
       gpio_init(SevenSegDP);
240
241
242
       gpio_init(SevenSegCC1);
       gpio_init(SevenSegCC2);
243
244
        gpio_set_dir(SevenSegA, GPIO_OUT);
245
       gpio_set_dir(SevenSegB, GPIO_OUT);
246
       gpio_set_dir(SevenSegC, GPIO_OUT);
247
       gpio_set_dir(SevenSegD, GPIO_OUT);
248
249
        gpio_set_dir(SevenSegE, GPIO_OUT);
        gpio_set_dir(SevenSegF, GPIO_OUT);
250
       gpio_set_dir(SevenSegG, GPIO_OUT);
251
       gpio_set_dir(SevenSegDP, GPIO_OUT);
252
253
        gpio_set_dir(SevenSegCC1, GPIO_OUT);
254
       gpio_set_dir(SevenSegCC2, GPIO_OUT);
255
256 }
257
258
   void draw_numbers(const int segNum)
   {
259
     switch (segNum)
260
261
       case 0:
262
         /*
263
264
265
         F | G | B
266
         E | ___ | C
267
268
              D
269
            gpio_put(SevenSegA, 1);
270
271
            gpio_put(SevenSegB, 1);
            gpio_put(SevenSegC, 1);
272
273
            gpio_put(SevenSegD, 1);
            gpio_put(SevenSegE, 1);
274
275
            gpio_put(SevenSegF, 1);
```

```
gpio_put(SevenSegG, 0);
276
277
278
        case 1:
279
280
        // display #1
281
282
          l B
283
              I C
284
285
            gpio_put(SevenSegA, 0);
gpio_put(SevenSegB, 1);
286
287
            gpio_put(SevenSegC, 1);
288
            gpio_put(SevenSegD, 0);
            gpio_put(SevenSegE, 0);
290
            gpio_put(SevenSegF, 0);
291
292
            gpio_put(SevenSegG, 0);
            break;
293
294
        case 2:
295
          // display #2 on the right segment
          /* --
297
298
299
              */
300
301
          gpio_put(SevenSegA, 1);
          gpio_put(SevenSegB, 1);
302
          gpio_put(SevenSegC, 0);
303
          gpio_put(SevenSegD, 1);
304
          gpio_put(SevenSegE, 1);
305
306
          gpio_put(SevenSegF, 0);
          gpio_put(SevenSegG, 1);
307
          break;
308
309
        case 3:
          // display #3 on the right segment
310
311
          /*
312
            --|
*/
313
314
          gpio_put(SevenSegA, 1);
315
          gpio_put(SevenSegB, 1);
316
          gpio_put(SevenSegC, 1);
317
318
          gpio_put(SevenSegD, 1);
          gpio_put(SevenSegE, 0);
319
          gpio_put(SevenSegF, 0);
320
321
          gpio_put(SevenSegG, 1);
          break;
323
        case 4:
          // display #4 on the right segment
324
325
          /*
            1__1
326
327
328
              */
          gpio_put(SevenSegA, 0);
330
          gpio_put(SevenSegB, 1);
          gpio_put(SevenSegC, 1);
331
          gpio_put(SevenSegD, 0);
332
```

```
gpio_put(SevenSegE, 0);
333
334
          gpio_put(SevenSegF, 1);
          gpio_put(SevenSegG, 1);
335
          break;
336
        case 5:
337
         // display #5 on the right segment
338
339
          /*
                        1__
340
341
            __|*/
342
          gpio_put(SevenSegA, 1);
          gpio_put(SevenSegB, 0);
343
344
          gpio_put(SevenSegC, 1);
          gpio_put(SevenSegD, 1);
345
346
          gpio_put(SevenSegE, 0);
          gpio_put(SevenSegF, 1);
347
          gpio_put(SevenSegG, 1);
348
          break;
349
        case 6:
350
351
           // display #6 on the right segment
          /*
352
353
            |__|*/
354
          gpio_put(SevenSegA, 1);
355
356
          gpio_put(SevenSegB, 0);
          gpio_put(SevenSegC, 1);
357
358
          gpio_put(SevenSegD, 1);
          gpio_put(SevenSegE, 1);
359
          gpio_put(SevenSegF, 1);
360
          gpio_put(SevenSegG, 1);
361
          break;
362
363
        case 7:
          // display #7 on the right segment
364
          /*
365
366
367
368
          */
369
370
          gpio_put(SevenSegA, 1);
          gpio_put(SevenSegB, 1);
371
          gpio_put(SevenSegC, 1);
372
          gpio_put(SevenSegD, 0);
373
          gpio_put(SevenSegE, 0);
374
375
          gpio_put(SevenSegF, 0);
          gpio_put(SevenSegG, 0);
376
          break;
377
        case 8:
378
         // display #8 on the right segment
379
380
          /*
381
            |__|*/
382
          gpio_put(SevenSegA, 1);
383
          gpio_put(SevenSegB, 1);
384
385
          gpio_put(SevenSegC, 1);
          gpio_put(SevenSegD, 1);
386
387
          gpio_put(SevenSegE, 1);
          gpio_put(SevenSegF, 1);
388
          gpio_put(SevenSegG, 1);
389
```

```
break;
390
         case 9:
391
          // display #9 on the right segment
392
          /* __
393
394
395
               */
396
           gpio_put(SevenSegA, 1);
397
           gpio_put(SevenSegB, 1);
398
          gpio_put(SevenSegC, 1);
gpio_put(SevenSegD, 0);
gpio_put(SevenSegE, 0);
399
400
401
402
           gpio_put(SevenSegF, 1);
           gpio_put(SevenSegG, 1);
403
           break;
404
405
           default:
406
407
          // this is for debug purposes
           printf("Please enter a value between 0-9");
408
409
410 }
```