

Correlation and Convolution

Manuel Schultheiß

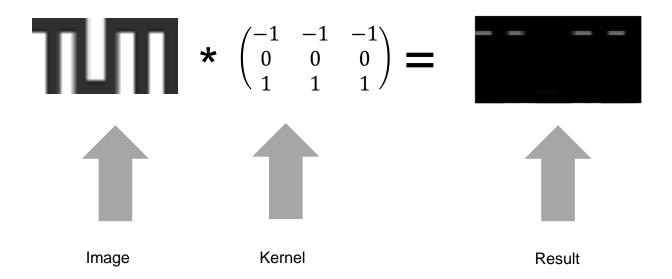
Clemens Schmid

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Motivation

- Convolutions allow us to filter an image
- Example: Extract horizontal lines:





Notation

- Let's start with the one dimensional case
- Given an Image I and a kernel W :

Blue squares indicate the array element position (Spatial Index)



We want to calculate the elements of an output vector C using correlation:



$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Correlation:

$$C_i = \sum_j I_{i+j-k} W_j$$

$$C_i = \sum_{j} I_{i+j-k} W_j \qquad C_2 = \sum_{j=0}^{2} I_{2+j-1} W_j = I_1 W_0 + I_2 W_1 + I_3 W_2 = 2 \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot 2 + 4 \cdot 3 = 20$$

- j: spatial index of W
- k: center of kernel (origin)

Illustration:

- Move the kernel over the image *I*
- Multiply vertically
- Add horizontally
- Write result into *C* at the position of the origin









8



$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \qquad W = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

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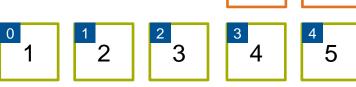
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 $\frac{4}{5}$ $W = \frac{0}{1}$

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- *j*: spatial index of W
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- Flip the kernel W
- Move the kernel over the image *I*
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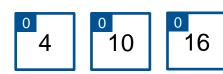
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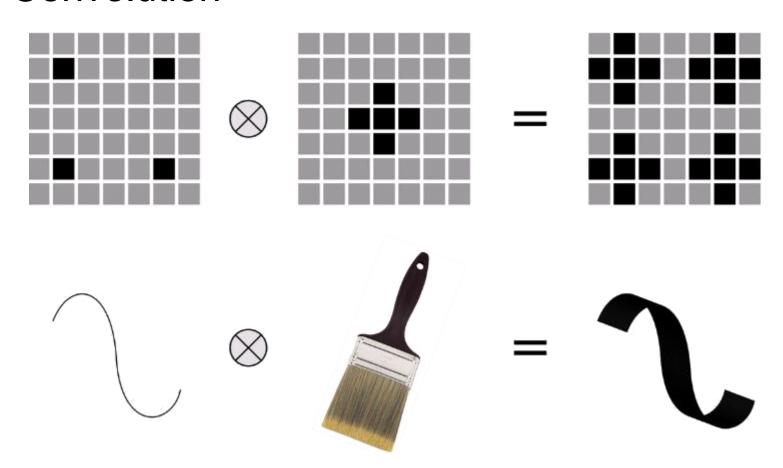
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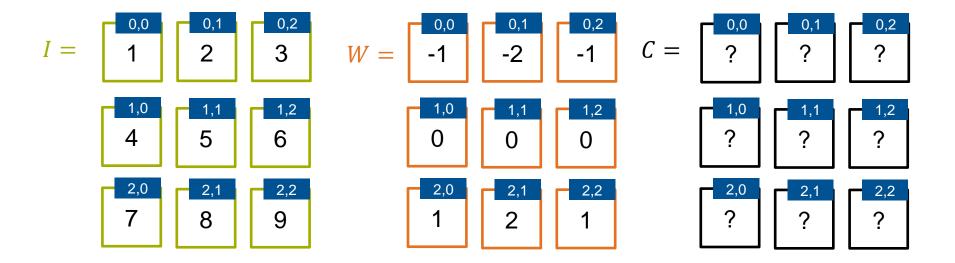
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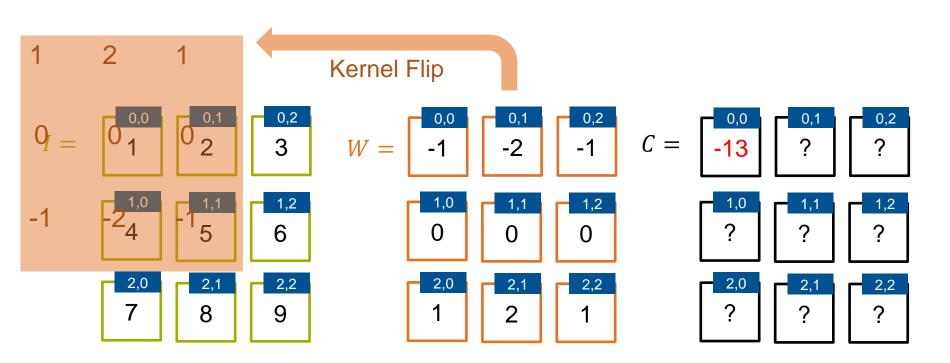






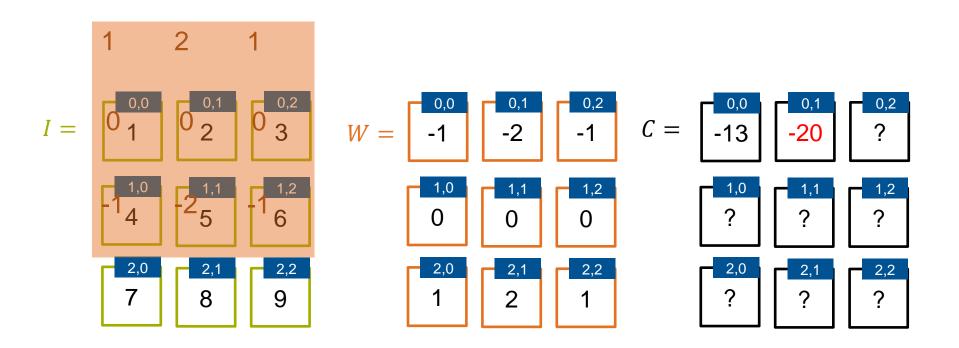






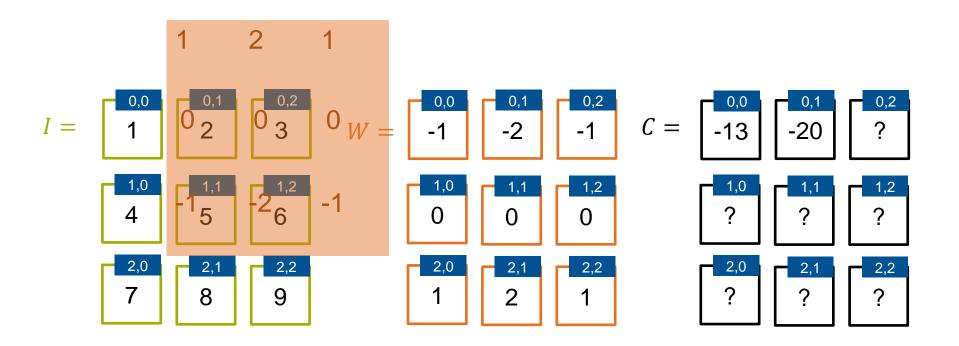
$$C_{0.0} = (0 * 1) + (0 * 2) + (-2 * 4) + (-1 * 5) = -13$$





$$C_{0,1} = (0*1) + (0*2) + (0*3) + (-1*4) + (-2*5) + (-1*6) = -20$$





$$C_{0,2} = ????$$

Quiz: (a) 17 (b) 12 (c) 13 (d) -17