

- In today's demo exercise, we will continue use codes.
- Before we begin our demo exercises to test jQuery codes today, head to GAP and download the url.txt file on your desktop for easy access. Open this file in Notepad, Wordpad or TextEdit.



- Similar to the last class set up, for each exercise, you will be given:
 - 1. A link to a CodePen exercise. Fork this exercise so it's saved on to your own account. What is fork? Fork means clone, make a copy, duplicate.
 - 2. Codes to enter on to your forked CodePen exercise.

Note: Do not work or make any changes to the original codepen exercise. You should only work on the forked pen that you'd saved.



Exercise 1: Using jQuery Selectors (tag) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/qBaexPB

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise (see HTML window). And on the Live View (white window), you should see the content printed from the HTML. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
$("p").css("background-color", "yellow");
```

This is a paragraph.
This is second paragraph.
This is third paragraph.



Exercise 2: Using jQuery Selectors (#id) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/zYKgRPQ

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
/* This would select second division only*/
$("#div2").css("background-color", "yellow");
```

On live view, the result is display automatically:

This is first division of the DOM.

This is second division of the DOM.

This is third division of the DOM



Exercise 3: Using jQuery Selectors (.class) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/MWjNQQz

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
/* This would select second division only*/
$(".big").css("background-color", "yellow");
```

On live view, the result is display automatically:

This is first division of the DOM.

This is second division of the DOM.

This is third division of the DOM



Exercise 4: Using jQuery Selectors (*) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/abmeqge

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
/* This would select all the elements */
$("*").css("background-color", "yellow");
```

On live view, the result is display automatically:

This is first division of the DOM.

This is second division of the DOM.

This is third division of the DOM



Exercise 5: Using jQuery Selectors (combination) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/dypxdmG

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
$(".big, #div3").css("background-color", "yellow");
```

On live view, the result is display automatically:

This is first division of the DOM.

This is second division of the DOM.

This is third division of the DOM

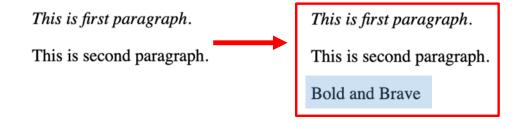


Exercise 6: Using jQuery Attributes (title) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/bGwXLxv

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
var title = $("em").attr("title");
$("#divid").text(title);
```

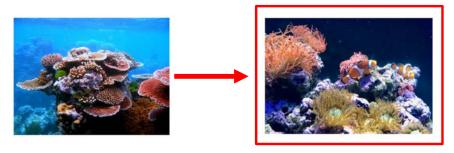




Exercise 7: Using jQuery Attributes (src) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/rNMXJqg

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- On live view, the result is display automatically:





Exercise 8: Using jQuery Attributes (add class attribute) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/zYKgRmg

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
$("em").addClass("selected");
$("#myid").addClass("highlight");
```

On live view, the result is display automatically:

This is first paragraph.

This is second paragraph.

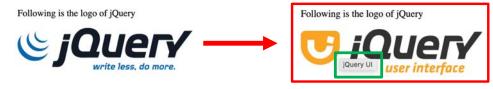


Exercise 9: Using jQuery Attributes (change attribute values) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/YzGmeRp

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function. Copy the url from url.txt file:

```
$("img").attr({
    src: "https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/5/51/JQuery_UI-Logo.svg",
    title: "jQuery UI",
    alt: "jQuery UI Logo"
});
```





Exercise 10: Example 1

Using jQuery Attributes (set attribute value with function) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/BaLXYGJ

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function.

```
//Example 1:
$("table").attr("border", function(index) {
  return "4px";
})
```





Exercise 10: Example 2

Using jQuery Attributes (set attribute value with function) to modify HTML content Fork this pen: Not require. Continuing on the same pen.

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script below the previous script within the callback function. Copy the url from url.txt file:

```
//Example 2:
$("img").attr("src", function() {
   return "https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/c/c4/" + this.title;
})
```

 On live view, the result is display automatically:

MINI_Cooper_S_Convertible_2005.jpg



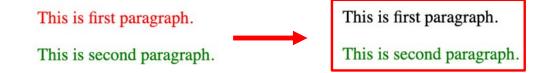


Exercise 11: Using jQuery Attributes (remove class attribute) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/KKgOQOJ

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
$("p#pid1").removeClass("red");
```





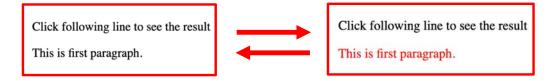
Exercise 12: Using jQuery Attributes (toggle class) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/MWjNQNd

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
$("p#pid").click(function () {
   $(this).toggleClass("red");
});
```

On live view, the result is display when click on text:





Exercise 13: Using jQuery DOM Traversing (find elements by index) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/BaLXrBx

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
$("li").eq(2).addClass("selected");
```

- list item 1
- list item 2
- list item 3
- list item 4
- list item 5
- list item 6



Exercise 14: Using jQuery DOM Traversing (filtering out elements) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/VwKoXLb

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
$("li").filter(".middle").addClass("selected");
```

- On live view, the result is display automatically:
 - list item 1
 - list item 2
 - list item 3
 - list item 4
 - list item 5
 - list item 6



Exercise 15: Using jQuery DOM Traversing (locate descendent elements) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/gOwVepv

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
$("p").find("span").addClass("selected");
```

On live view, the result is display automatically:

This is 1st paragraph and THIS IS RED

This is 2nd paragraph and THIS IS ALSO RED



Exercise 16: Using jQuery DOM Traversing (children selector method) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/mdrNxPp

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
$("div").children(".selected").addClass("blue");
```

On live view, the result is display automatically:

Hello

Hello Again

And Again

And One Last Time



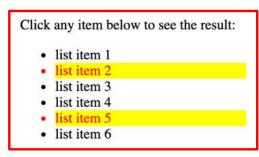
Exercise 17: Using jQuery DOM Traversing (closest selector method to find match) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/OJRKvNE

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
$(document).bind("click", function (e) {
   $(e.target).closest("li").toggleClass("highlight");
});
```

 On live view, the result is display when toggle click on each item:





Exercise 18: Using jQuery CSS (set element width & height) to modify HTML content

Fork this pen: https://codepen.io/rloke/pen/OJbJJJj

- HTML markup is already set up for this exercise. And the content can be seen on the Live View. We will add JavaScript to interact with HTML.
- In the JS window, enter the following script within the callback function:

```
$("div:first").width(150);
$("div:first").css("background-color", "green");
```

On live view, the result is display when toggle click on each item:





Submission:

- Post all 18 of your Codepen exercise links on the message box in the dropbox at GAP Week 5 Day 1.
- Post at the end of this class session.