# Collection of AVR libraries 2021

Generated by Doxygen 1.8.11

Thu Feb 18 2021 22:27:44

# **Contents**

| •   | Iviaii | i Fage  |    |
|-----|--------|---|----|
| 2   | Mod    | ule Index   | 2  |
|     | 2.1    | Modules   | 2  |
| 3   | File   | Index   | 2  |
|     | 3.1    | File List   | 2  |
| 4   | Mod    | ule Documentation                                       | 2  |
|     | 4.1    | LCD library <lcd.h></lcd.h>                             | 2  |
|     |        | 4.1.1 Detailed Description                              | 5  |
|     |        | 4.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation                    | 6  |
|     |        | 4.1.3 Function Documentation                            | 7  |
|     | 4.2    | LCD Definitions <lcd_definitions.h></lcd_definitions.h> | 10 |
|     |        | 4.2.1 Detailed Description                              | 11 |
|     | 4.3    | TWI Library <twi.h></twi.h>                             | 12 |
|     |        | 4.3.1 Detailed Description                              | 13 |
|     |        | 4.3.2 Function Documentation                            | 13 |
|     | 4.4    | UART Library <uart.h></uart.h>                          | 15 |
|     |        | 4.4.1 Detailed Description                              | 16 |
|     |        | 4.4.2 Macro Definition Documentation                    | 16 |
|     |        | 4.4.3 Function Documentation                            | 17 |
| 5   | File   | Documentation   | 20 |
|     | 5.1    | lcd.h File Reference                                    | 20 |
|     | 5.2    | lcd_definitions.h   File Reference                      | 22 |
|     | 5.3    | twi.h File Reference                                    | 23 |
|     | 5.4    | uart.h File Reference                                   | 24 |
| Inc | dex    |   | 25 |

# 1 Main Page

Collection of AVR libraries for the course Digital Electronics 2, Brno University of Technology, Czechia

**Author** 

Tomas Fryza, Peter Fleury

## Copyright

(c) 2018-2021 Tomas Fryza, This work is licensed under the terms of the MIT license

## 2 Module Index

#### 2.1 Modules

Here is a list of all modules:

| LCD library <lcd.h></lcd.h>          | 2  |
|--------------------------------------|----|
| LCD Definitions < lcd_definitions.h> | 10 |
| TWI Library <twi.h></twi.h>          | 12 |
| UART Library <uart.h></uart.h>       | 15 |

## 3 File Index

#### 3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

| lcd.h             | 20 |
|-------------------|----|
| lcd_definitions.h | 22 |
| twi.h             | 23 |
| uart.h            | 24 |

## 4 Module Documentation

## 4.1 LCD library < lcd.h>

Basic routines for interfacing a HD44780U-based character LCD display.

Definition for LCD controller type

Use 0 for HD44780 controller, change to 1 for displays with KS0073 controller.

#define LCD\_CONTROLLER\_KS0073 0

**Definitions for Display Size** 

Change these definitions to adapt setting to your display

These definitions can be defined in a separate include file <code>lcd\_definitions.h</code> instead modifying this file by adding - <code>D\_LCD\_DEFINITIONS\_FILE</code> to the CDEFS section in the Makefile. All definitions added to the file <code>lcd\_definitions.h</code> will override the default definitions from <code>lcd.h</code>

- #define LCD LINE LENGTH 0x40
- #define LCD\_START\_LINE1 0x00
- #define LCD START LINE2 0x40
- #define LCD\_START\_LINE3 0x14
- #define LCD\_START\_LINE4 0x54
- #define LCD WRAP LINES 0

Definitions for 4-bit IO mode

The four LCD data lines and the three control lines RS, RW, E can be on the same port or on different ports. Change LCD\_RS\_PORT, LCD\_RW\_PORT, LCD\_E\_PORT if you want the control lines on different ports.

Normally the four data lines should be mapped to bit 0..3 on one port, but it is possible to connect these data lines in different order or even on different ports by adapting the LCD\_DATAX\_PORT and LCD\_DATAX\_PIN definitions.

Adjust these definitions to your target.

These definitions can be defined in a separate include file <a href="lcd\_definitions.h">lcd\_definitions.h</a> instead modifying this file by adding - <a href="mailto:D\_LCD\_DEFINITIONS\_FILE">D\_LCD\_DEFINITIONS\_FILE</a> to the CDEFS section in the Makefile. All definitions added to the file <a href="lcd\_definitions.h">lcd\_definitions</a> h will override the default definitions from <a href="lcd\_definitions">lcd\_h</a>

- #define LCD\_IO\_MODE 1
- #define LCD RW PORT LCD PORT
- #define LCD\_RW\_PIN 5

**Definitions of delays** 

Used to calculate delay timers. Adapt the F CPU define in the Makefile to the clock frequency in Hz of your target

These delay times can be adjusted, if some displays require different delays.

These definitions can be defined in a separate include file <a href="lcd\_definitions.h">lcd\_definitions.h</a> instead modifying this file by adding - <a href="mailto:D\_DEFINITIONS\_FILE">D\_LCD\_DEFINITIONS\_FILE</a> to the CDEFS section in the Makefile. All definitions added to the file <a href="mailto:lcd\_definitions.h">lcd\_definitions.h</a> will override the default definitions from <a href="lcd\_definitions">lcd.h</a>

- #define LCD\_DELAY\_BOOTUP 16000
- #define LCD DELAY INIT 5000
- #define LCD DELAY INIT REP 64
- #define LCD DELAY INIT 4BIT 64
- #define LCD DELAY BUSY FLAG 4
- #define LCD\_DELAY\_ENABLE\_PULSE 1

#### **Definitions for LCD command instructions**

The constants define the various LCD controller instructions which can be passed to the function lcd\_command(), see HD44780 data sheet for a complete description.

- #define LCD\_CLR 0 /\* DB0: clear display \*/
- #define LCD\_HOME 1 /\* DB1: return to home position \*/
- #define LCD\_ENTRY\_MODE 2 /\* DB2: set entry mode \*/
- #define LCD ENTRY INC 1 /\* DB1: 1=increment, 0=decrement \*/
- #define LCD ENTRY SHIFT 0 /\* DB2: 1=display shift on \*/
- #define LCD ON 3 /\* DB3: turn lcd/cursor on \*/
- #define LCD\_ON\_DISPLAY 2 /\* DB2: turn display on \*/
- #define LCD ON CURSOR 1 /\* DB1: turn cursor on \*/
- #define LCD ON BLINK 0 /\* DB0: blinking cursor ? \*/
- #define LCD MOVE 4 /\* DB4: move cursor/display \*/
- #define LCD MOVE DISP 3 /\* DB3: move display (0-> cursor) ? \*/
- #define LCD\_MOVE\_RIGHT 2 /\* DB2: move right (0-> left) ? \*/
- #define LCD\_FUNCTION 5 /\* DB5: function set \*/
- #define LCD\_FUNCTION\_8BIT 4 /\* DB4: set 8BIT mode (0->4BIT mode) \*/
- #define LCD\_FUNCTION\_2LINES 3 /\* DB3: two lines (0->one line) \*/
- #define LCD FUNCTION 10DOTS 2 /\* DB2: 5x10 font (0->5x7 font) \*/
- #define LCD\_CGRAM 6 /\* DB6: set CG RAM address \*/
- #define LCD DDRAM 7 /\* DB7: set DD RAM address \*/
- #define LCD\_BUSY 7 /\* DB7: LCD is busy \*/
- #define LCD\_ENTRY\_DEC 0x04 /\* display shift off, dec cursor move dir \*/
- #define LCD\_ENTRY\_DEC\_SHIFT 0x05 /\* display shift on, dec cursor move dir \*/
- #define LCD\_ENTRY\_INC\_ 0x06 /\* display shift off, inc cursor move dir \*/
- #define LCD\_ENTRY\_INC\_SHIFT 0x07 /\* display shift on, inc cursor move dir \*/
- #define LCD DISP OFF 0x08 /\* display off \*/
- #define LCD\_DISP\_ON 0x0C /\* display on, cursor off \*/
- #define LCD DISP ON BLINK 0x0D /\* display on, cursor off, blink char \*/
- #define LCD\_DISP\_ON\_CURSOR 0x0E /\* display on, cursor on \*/
- #define LCD DISP ON CURSOR BLINK 0x0F /\* display on, cursor on, blink char \*/
- #define LCD\_MOVE\_CURSOR\_LEFT 0x10 /\* move cursor left (decrement) \*/
- #define LCD\_MOVE\_CURSOR\_RIGHT 0x14 /\* move cursor right (increment) \*/
- #define LCD\_MOVE\_DISP\_LEFT 0x18 /\* shift display left \*/
- #define LCD\_MOVE\_DISP\_RIGHT 0x1C /\* shift display right \*/
- #define LCD\_FUNCTION\_4BIT\_1LINE 0x20 /\* 4-bit interface, single line, 5x7 dots \*/
- #define LCD FUNCTION 4BIT 2LINES 0x28 /\* 4-bit interface, dual line, 5x7 dots \*/
- #define LCD FUNCTION 8BIT\_1LINE 0x30 /\* 8-bit interface, single line, 5x7 dots \*/
- #define LCD\_FUNCTION\_8BIT\_2LINES 0x38 /\* 8-bit interface, dual line, 5x7 dots \*/
- #define LCD MODE DEFAULT ((1 << LCD ENTRY MODE) | (1 << LCD ENTRY INC) )</li>

#### **Functions**

void lcd init (uint8 t dispAttr)

Initialize display and select type of cursor.

• void lcd\_clrscr (void)

Clear display and set cursor to home position.

void lcd home (void)

Set cursor to home position.

void lcd\_gotoxy (uint8\_t x, uint8\_t y)

Set cursor to specified position.

void lcd\_putc (char c)

Display character at current cursor position.

void lcd\_puts (const char \*s)

Display string without auto linefeed.

void lcd puts p (const char \*progmem s)

Display string from program memory without auto linefeed.

void lcd\_command (uint8\_t cmd)

Send LCD controller instruction command.

void lcd\_data (uint8\_t data)

Send data byte to LCD controller.

#define lcd\_puts\_P(\_\_s) lcd\_puts\_p(PSTR(\_\_s))

macros for automatically storing string constant in program memory

#### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

Basic routines for interfacing a HD44780U-based character LCD display.

```
#include <lcd.h>
```

LCD character displays can be found in many devices, like espresso machines, laser printers. The Hitachi HD44780 controller and its compatible controllers like Samsung KS0066U have become an industry standard for these types of displays.

This library allows easy interfacing with a HD44780 compatible display and can be operated in memory mapped mode (LCD\_IO\_MODE defined as 0 in the include file lcd.h.) or in 4-bit IO port mode (LCD\_IO\_MODE defined as 1). 8-bit IO port mode is not supported.

Memory mapped mode is compatible with old Kanda STK200 starter kit, but also supports generation of R/W signal through A8 address line.

See also

The chapter  $Interfacing \ a \ HD44780 \ Based \ LCD \ to \ an \ AVR \ on \ my \ home \ page, \ which shows example circuits how to connect an LCD to an AVR controller.$ 

**Author** 

Peter Fleury pfleury@gmx.ch http://tinyurl.com/peterfleury

Version

2.0

## Copyright

(C) 2015 Peter Fleury, GNU General Public License Version 3

4.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.1.2.1 #define LCD\_CONTROLLER\_KS0073 0

Use 0 for HD44780 controller, 1 for KS0073 controller

4.1.2.2 #define LCD\_DELAY\_BOOTUP 16000

delay in micro seconds after power-on

4.1.2.3 #define LCD\_DELAY\_BUSY\_FLAG 4

time in micro seconds the address counter is updated after busy flag is cleared

4.1.2.4 #define LCD DELAY ENABLE PULSE 1

enable signal pulse width in micro seconds

4.1.2.5 #define LCD\_DELAY\_INIT 5000

delay in micro seconds after initialization command sent

4.1.2.6 #define LCD\_DELAY\_INIT\_4BIT 64

delay in micro seconds after setting 4-bit mode

4.1.2.7 #define LCD\_DELAY\_INIT\_REP 64

delay in micro seconds after initialization command repeated

4.1.2.8 #define LCD\_IO\_MODE 1

0: memory mapped mode, 1: IO port mode

4.1.2.9 #define LCD\_LINE\_LENGTH 0x40

internal line length of the display

4.1.2.10 #define LCD\_RW\_PIN 5

pin for RW line

4.1.2.11 #define LCD\_RW\_PORT LCD\_PORT

port for RW line

4.1.2.12 #define LCD\_START\_LINE1 0x00

DDRAM address of first char of line 1

```
4.1.2.13 #define LCD_START_LINE2 0x40
DDRAM address of first char of line 2
4.1.2.14 #define LCD_START_LINE3 0x14
DDRAM address of first char of line 3
4.1.2.15 #define LCD_START_LINE4 0x54
DDRAM address of first char of line 4
4.1.2.16 #define LCD_WRAP_LINES 0
0: no wrap, 1: wrap at end of visibile line
4.1.3 Function Documentation
4.1.3.1 void lcd_clrscr ( void )
Clear display and set cursor to home position.
Returns
      none
4.1.3.2 void lcd_command ( uint8_t cmd )
Send LCD controller instruction command.
Parameters
         instruction to send to LCD controller, see HD44780 data sheet
 cmd
Returns
      none
4.1.3.3 void lcd_data ( uint8_t data )
Send data byte to LCD controller.
Similar to <a href="Icd_putc">Icd_putc</a>(), but without interpreting LF
Parameters
 data
         byte to send to LCD controller, see HD44780 data sheet
```

#### Returns

none

4.1.3.4 void lcd\_gotoxy ( uint8\_t x, uint8\_t y )

Set cursor to specified position.

#### **Parameters**

| X | horizontal position     |  |
|---|-------------------------|--|
|   | (0: left most position) |  |
| У | vertical position       |  |
|   | (0: first line)         |  |

#### Returns

none

4.1.3.5 void lcd\_home (void)

Set cursor to home position.

#### Returns

none

4.1.3.6 void lcd\_init ( uint8\_t dispAttr )

Initialize display and select type of cursor.

## **Parameters**

| dispAttr | LCD_DISP_OFF display off                                |
|----------|---|
|          | LCD_DISP_ON display on, cursor off                      |
|          | LCD_DISP_ON_CURSOR display on, cursor on                |
|          | LCD_DISP_ON_CURSOR_BLINK display on, cursor on flashing |

### Returns

none

4.1.3.7 void lcd\_putc ( char c )

Display character at current cursor position.

#### **Parameters**

c character to be displayed

Returns

none

4.1.3.8 void lcd\_puts ( const char \* s )

Display string without auto linefeed.

**Parameters** 

```
s string to be displayed
```

Returns

none

4.1.3.9 void lcd\_puts\_p ( const char \* progmem\_s )

Display string from program memory without auto linefeed.

**Parameters** 

| progmem← | string from program memory be be displayed |
|----------|--|
| s        |  |

Returns

none

See also

lcd\_puts\_P

## 4.2 LCD Definitions < lcd\_definitions.h>

Adjusting the display settings.

**Definitions for Display Size** 

Number of visible lines and characters per line of the display.

Note

All definitions added to the file lcd\_definitions.h will override the default definitions from lcd.h. Add -D\_LCD← \_DEFINITIONS\_FILE to the CDEFS section in the Makefile.

#define LCD\_LINES 2

Number of visible lines of the display.

#define LCD DISP LENGTH 16

Visibles characters per line of the display.

Definitions for 4-bit IO mode

4-bit mode definition of LCD signals on the Arduino Uno LCD Keypad Shield.

The four LCD data lines and the two control lines RS, E can be on the same port or on different ports. R/W pin is directly connected to GND on LCD Keypad Shield and cannot be controlled.

Note

All definitions added to the file lcd\_definitions.h will override the default definitions from lcd.h. Add -D\_LCD← \_DEFINITIONS\_FILE to the CDEFS section in the Makefile.

- #define LCD PORT PORTD
- #define LCD\_DATA0\_PORT LCD\_PORT
- #define LCD\_DATA1\_PORT LCD\_PORT
- #define LCD DATA2 PORT LCD PORT
- #define LCD DATA3 PORT LCD PORT
- #define LCD\_DATA0\_PIN PD4

Pin for HD44780 data pin D4.

• #define LCD DATA1 PIN PD5

Pin for HD44780 data pin D5.

#define LCD\_DATA2\_PIN PD6

Pin for HD44780 data pin D6.

• #define LCD\_DATA3\_PIN PD7

Pin for HD44780 data pin D7.

- #define LCD\_RS\_PORT PORTB
- #define LCD RS PIN PB0
- #define LCD E PORT PORTB
- #define LCD\_E\_PIN PB1

#### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

Adjusting the display settings.

#include "lcd\_definitions.h"

All definitions added to the file "lcd\_definitions.h" will override the default definitions from "lcd.h" (see Peter Fleury's LCD library for HD44780 based LCDs).

#### **Author**

Tomas Fryza, Peter Fleury, Dept. of Radio Electronics, Brno University of Technology, Czechia

## Copyright

(c) 2019-2021 Tomas Fryza, Peter Fleury, This work is licensed under the terms of the MIT license

## 4.3 TWI Library <twi.h>

TWI library for AVR-GCC.

#### **Definition of frequencies**

• #define F\_CPU 16000000

CPU frequency in Hz required for delay.

• #define F SCL 50000

TWI bit rate. Must be greater than 31000.

#define TWI\_BIT\_RATE\_REG ((F\_CPU/F\_SCL - 16) / 2)

TWI bit rate register value.

#### **Definition of ports and pins**

• #define TWI\_PORT PORTC

Port of TWI hardware unit.

• #define TWI\_SDA\_PIN 4

SDA pin of TWI hardware unit.

• #define TWI\_SCL\_PIN 5

SCL pin of TWI hardware unit.

#### Other definitions

• #define TWI\_READ 1

Data direction for reading from TWI device.

• #define TWI\_WRITE 0

Data direction for writing to TWI device.

• #define DDR(\_x) (\*(&\_x - 1))

Define address of Data Direction Register of port \_x.

#define PIN(\_x) (\*(&\_x - 2))

Define address of input register of port \_x.

#### **Functions**

• void twi\_init (void)

Initialize TWI, enable internal pull-ups, set SCL frequency.

• uint8\_t twi\_start (uint8\_t slave\_address)

Start communication on TWI bus and send address of TWI slave.

• void twi\_write (uint8\_t data)

Send one data byte to TWI slave device.

uint8\_t twi\_read\_ack (void)

Read one byte from TWI slave device and acknowledge it by ACK.

uint8\_t twi\_read\_nack (void)

Read one byte from TWI slave device and acknowledge it by NACK.

void twi\_stop (void)

Generates stop condition on TWI bus.

#### 4.3.1 Detailed Description

TWI library for AVR-GCC.

```
#include "twi.h"
```

This library defines functions for the TWI (I2C) communication between AVR and slave device(s). Functions use internal TWI module of AVR.

Note

Based on Microchip Atmel ATmega16 and ATmega328P manuals.

**Author** 

Tomas Fryza, Dept. of Radio Electronics, Brno University of Technology, Czechia

Copyright

- (c) 2018-2021 Tomas Fryza, This work is licensed under the terms of the MIT license
- 4.3.2 Function Documentation

```
4.3.2.1 void twi_init ( void )
```

Initialize TWI, enable internal pull-ups, set SCL frequency.

Implementation notes:

- AVR internal pull-up resistors at pins TWI\_SDA\_PIN and TWI\_SCL\_PIN are enabled
- TWI bit rate register value is calculated as follows fscl = fcpu/(16 + 2\*TWBR)

Returns

none

```
4.3.2.2 uint8_t twi_read_ack ( void )
```

Read one byte from TWI slave device and acknowledge it by ACK.

Returns

Received data byte

```
4.3.2.3 uint8_t twi_read_nack ( void )
```

Read one byte from TWI slave device and acknowledge it by NACK.

Returns

Received data byte

4.3.2.4 uint8\_t twi\_start ( uint8\_t slave\_address )

Start communication on TWI bus and send address of TWI slave.

#### **Parameters**

| slave_address | SLA+R or SLA+W address |
|---------------|------------------------|
|---------------|------------------------|

#### Return values

| 0 | - Slave device accessible       |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 1 | - Failed to access slave device |

#### Note

Function returns 0 only if 0x18 or 0x40 status code is detected 0x18: SLA+W has been transmitted and ACK has been received 0x40: SLA+R has been transmitted and ACK has been received

4.3.2.5 void twi\_stop (void)

Generates stop condition on TWI bus.

Returns

none

4.3.2.6 void twi\_write ( uint8\_t data )

Send one data byte to TWI slave device.

**Parameters** 

| data | Byte to be transmitted |
|------|------------------------|

Returns

none

## 4.4 UART Library < uart.h>

Interrupt UART library using the built-in UART with transmit and receive circular buffers.

#### Macros

#define UART\_BAUD\_SELECT(baudRate, xtalCpu) (((xtalCpu) + 8UL \* (baudRate)) / (16UL \* (baudRate))
 - 1UL)

UART Baudrate Expression.

#define UART\_BAUD\_SELECT\_DOUBLE\_SPEED(baudRate, xtalCpu) ( ((((xtalCpu) + 4UL \* (baudRate)) / (8UL \* (baudRate)) - 1UL)) | 0x8000)

UART Baudrate Expression for ATmega double speed mode.

• #define UART\_RX\_BUFFER\_SIZE 32

Size of the circular receive buffer, must be power of 2.

#define UART\_TX\_BUFFER\_SIZE 32

Size of the circular transmit buffer, must be power of 2.

#define UART\_FRAME\_ERROR 0x1000

Framing Error by UART.

#define UART OVERRUN ERROR 0x0800

Overrun condition by UART.

#define UART\_PARITY\_ERROR 0x0400

Parity Error by UART.

#define UART BUFFER OVERFLOW 0x0200

receive ringbuffer overflow

#define UART\_NO\_DATA 0x0100

no receive data available

#define uart\_puts\_P(\_s) uart\_puts\_p(PSTR(\_s))

Macro to automatically put a string constant into program memory.

#define uart1\_puts\_P(\_s) uart1\_puts\_p(PSTR(\_s))

Macro to automatically put a string constant into program memory.

#### **Functions**

· void uart\_init (unsigned int baudrate)

Initialize UART and set baudrate.

• unsigned int uart\_getc (void)

Get received byte from ringbuffer.

void uart\_putc (unsigned char data)

Put byte to ringbuffer for transmitting via UART.

void uart\_puts (const char \*s)

Put string to ringbuffer for transmitting via UART.

void uart\_puts\_p (const char \*s)

Put string from program memory to ringbuffer for transmitting via UART.

void uart1\_init (unsigned int baudrate)

Initialize USART1 (only available on selected ATmegas)

• unsigned int uart1\_getc (void)

Get received byte of USART1 from ringbuffer. (only available on selected ATmega)

void uart1\_putc (unsigned char data)

Put byte to ringbuffer for transmitting via USART1 (only available on selected ATmega)

void uart1\_puts (const char \*s)

Put string to ringbuffer for transmitting via USART1 (only available on selected ATmega)

void uart1 puts p (const char \*s)

Put string from program memory to ringbuffer for transmitting via USART1 (only available on selected ATmega)

#### 4.4.1 Detailed Description

Interrupt UART library using the built-in UART with transmit and receive circular buffers.

#include <uart.h>

This library can be used to transmit and receive data through the built in UART.

An interrupt is generated when the UART has finished transmitting or receiving a byte. The interrupt handling routines use circular buffers for buffering received and transmitted data.

The UART\_RX\_BUFFER\_SIZE and UART\_TX\_BUFFER\_SIZE constants define the size of the circular buffers in bytes. Note that these constants must be a power of 2. You may need to adapt these constants to your target and your application by adding CDEFS += -DUART\_RX\_BUFFER\_SIZE=nn -DUART\_TX\_BUFFER\_SIZE=nn to your Makefile.

Note

Based on Atmel Application Note AVR306

#### **Author**

Peter Fleury pfleury@gmx.ch http://tinyurl.com/peterfleury

## Copyright

(C) 2015 Peter Fleury, GNU General Public License Version 3

- 4.4.2 Macro Definition Documentation
- 4.4.2.1 #define UART\_BAUD\_SELECT( baudRate, xtalCpu ) (((xtalCpu) + 8UL \* (baudRate)) / (16UL \* (baudRate)) 1UL)

UART Baudrate Expression.

#### **Parameters**

| xtalCpu  | system clock in Mhz, e.g. 4000000UL for 4Mhz |
|----------|--|
| baudRate | baudrate in bps, e.g. 1200, 2400, 9600       |

4.4.2.2 #define UART\_BAUD\_SELECT\_DOUBLE\_SPEED( baudRate, xtalCpu ) ( ((((xtalCpu) + 4UL \* (baudRate)) / (8UL \* (baudRate)) - 1UL)) | 0x8000)

UART Baudrate Expression for ATmega double speed mode.

#### **Parameters**

| xtalCpu  | system clock in Mhz, e.g. 4000000UL for 4Mhz |
|----------|--|
| baudRate | baudrate in bps, e.g. 1200, 2400, 9600       |

```
4.4.2.3 #define UART_RX_BUFFER_SIZE 32
Size of the circular receive buffer, must be power of 2.
You may need to adapt this constant to your target and your application by adding CDEFS += -DUART_RX_BUF ←
FER_SIZE=nn to your Makefile.
4.4.2.4 #define UART_TX_BUFFER_SIZE 32
Size of the circular transmit buffer, must be power of 2.
You may need to adapt this constant to your target and your application by adding CDEFS += -DUART_TX_BUF ←
FER_SIZE=nn to your Makefile.
4.4.3 Function Documentation
4.4.3.1 unsigned int uart1_getc (void )
Get received byte of USART1 from ringbuffer. (only available on selected ATmega)
See also
      uart_getc
4.4.3.2 void uart1_init ( unsigned int baudrate )
Initialize USART1 (only available on selected ATmegas)
See also
      uart_init
4.4.3.3 void uart1_putc ( unsigned char data )
Put byte to ringbuffer for transmitting via USART1 (only available on selected ATmega)
See also
     uart_putc
4.4.3.4 void uart1_puts ( const char * s )
```

Generated on Thu Feb 18 2021 22:27:44 for Collection of AVR libraries by Doxygen

See also

uart\_puts

Put string to ringbuffer for transmitting via USART1 (only available on selected ATmega)

```
4.4.3.5 void uart1_puts_p ( const char * s )
```

Put string from program memory to ringbuffer for transmitting via USART1 (only available on selected ATmega)

See also

uart\_puts\_p

4.4.3.6 unsigned int uart\_getc ( void )

Get received byte from ringbuffer.

Returns in the lower byte the received character and in the higher byte the last receive error. UART\_NO\_DATA is returned when no data is available.

#### Returns

lower byte: received byte from ringbuffer

higher byte: last receive status

- · 0 successfully received data from UART
- UART\_NO\_DATA

no receive data available

#### UART BUFFER OVERFLOW

Receive ringbuffer overflow. We are not reading the receive buffer fast enough, one or more received character have been dropped

## UART\_OVERRUN\_ERROR

Overrun condition by UART. A character already present in the UART UDR register was not read by the interrupt handler before the next character arrived, one or more received characters have been dropped.

#### UART\_FRAME\_ERROR

Framing Error by UART

4.4.3.7 void uart\_init ( unsigned int baudrate )

Initialize UART and set baudrate.

#### **Parameters**

| baudrate   Specify baudrate using macro UART_BAUD_SELECT() | baudrate | Specify baudrate using macro UART_BAUD_SELECT() |
|--|----------|---|
|--|----------|---|

## Returns

none

4.4.3.8 void uart\_putc (unsigned char data)

Put byte to ringbuffer for transmitting via UART.

#### **Parameters**

| data | byte to be transmitted |
|------|------------------------|

#### Returns

none

4.4.3.9 void uart\_puts ( const char \* s )

Put string to ringbuffer for transmitting via UART.

The string is buffered by the uart library in a circular buffer and one character at a time is transmitted to the UART using interrupts. Blocks if it can not write the whole string into the circular buffer.

#### **Parameters**

s string to be transmitted

#### Returns

none

4.4.3.10 void uart\_puts\_p ( const char \* s )

Put string from program memory to ringbuffer for transmitting via UART.

The string is buffered by the uart library in a circular buffer and one character at a time is transmitted to the UART using interrupts. Blocks if it can not write the whole string into the circular buffer.

#### **Parameters**

s program memory string to be transmitted

## Returns

none

#### See also

uart\_puts\_P

#### 5 File Documentation

#### 5.1 Icd.h File Reference

```
#include <inttypes.h>
#include <avr/pgmspace.h>
#include "lcd_definitions.h"
```

#### Macros

#### **Definition for LCD controller type**

Use 0 for HD44780 controller, change to 1 for displays with KS0073 controller.

• #define LCD\_CONTROLLER\_KS0073 0

#### **Definitions for Display Size**

Change these definitions to adapt setting to your display

These definitions can be defined in a separate include file **lcd\_definitions.h** instead modifying this file by adding -D\_LCD\_DEFINITIONS\_FILE to the CDEFS section in the Makefile. All definitions added to the file **lcd\_**← definitions.h will override the default definitions from **lcd.h** 

```
#define LCD_LINE_LENGTH 0x40
#define LCD_START_LINE1 0x00
#define LCD_START_LINE2 0x40
#define LCD_START_LINE3 0x14
#define LCD_START_LINE4 0x54
#define LCD_WRAP_LINES 0
```

#### **Definitions for 4-bit IO mode**

The four LCD data lines and the three control lines RS, RW, E can be on the same port or on different ports. Change LCD\_RS\_PORT, LCD\_RW\_PORT, LCD\_E\_PORT if you want the control lines on different ports.

Normally the four data lines should be mapped to bit 0..3 on one port, but it is possible to connect these data lines in different order or even on different ports by adapting the LCD\_DATAx\_PORT and LCD\_DATAx\_PIN definitions.

Adjust these definitions to your target.

These definitions can be defined in a separate include file <a href="Icd\_definitions.h">Icd\_definitions.h</a> instead modifying this file by adding <a href="Icd\_definitions.h">-D\_LCD\_DEFINITIONS\_FILE</a> to the <a href="CDEFS">CDEFS</a> section in the Makefile. All definitions added to the file <a href="Icd\_definitions.h">Icd\_definitions.h</a> will override the default definitions from <a href="Icd\_h">Icd\_h</a>

```
#define LCD_IO_MODE 1
#define LCD_RW_PORT LCD_PORT
#define LCD_RW_PIN 5
```

#### **Definitions of delays**

Used to calculate delay timers. Adapt the F\_CPU define in the Makefile to the clock frequency in Hz of your target

These delay times can be adjusted, if some displays require different delays.

These definitions can be defined in a separate include file <a href="Icd\_definitions.h">Icd\_definitions.h</a> instead modifying this file by adding <a href="Icd\_definitions.h">-D\_LCD\_DEFINITIONS\_FILE</a> to the CDEFS section in the Makefile. All definitions added to the file <a href="Icd\_definitions.h">Icd\_definitions.h</a> will override the default definitions from <a href="Icd\_definitions.h">Icd\_h</a>

• #define LCD\_DELAY\_BOOTUP 16000

5.1 Icd.h File Reference 21

- #define LCD\_DELAY\_INIT 5000
- #define LCD DELAY INIT REP 64
- #define LCD\_DELAY\_INIT\_4BIT 64
- #define LCD DELAY BUSY FLAG 4
- #define LCD\_DELAY\_ENABLE\_PULSE 1

#### **Definitions for LCD command instructions**

The constants define the various LCD controller instructions which can be passed to the function lcd\_command(), see HD44780 data sheet for a complete description.

```
    #define LCD CLR 0 /* DB0: clear display */

 #define LCD_HOME 1 /* DB1: return to home position */
 #define LCD_ENTRY_MODE 2 /* DB2: set entry mode */
 #define LCD_ENTRY_INC 1 /* DB1: 1=increment, 0=decrement */
• #define LCD_ENTRY_SHIFT 0 /* DB2: 1=display shift on */

    #define LCD_ON 3 /* DB3: turn lcd/cursor on */

• #define LCD_ON_DISPLAY 2 /* DB2: turn display on */
• #define LCD ON CURSOR 1 /* DB1: turn cursor on */
• #define LCD ON BLINK 0 /* DB0: blinking cursor ? */

    #define LCD_MOVE 4 /* DB4: move cursor/display */

    #define LCD_MOVE_DISP 3 /* DB3: move display (0-> cursor) ? */

    #define LCD MOVE RIGHT 2 /* DB2: move right (0-> left) ? */

    #define LCD_FUNCTION 5 /* DB5: function set */

• #define LCD_FUNCTION_8BIT 4 /* DB4: set 8BIT mode (0->4BIT mode) */
• #define LCD_FUNCTION_2LINES 3 /* DB3: two lines (0->one line) */

    #define LCD_FUNCTION_10DOTS 2 /* DB2: 5x10 font (0->5x7 font) */

 #define LCD CGRAM 6 /* DB6: set CG RAM address */

    #define LCD_DDRAM 7 /* DB7: set DD RAM address */

    #define LCD_BUSY 7 /* DB7: LCD is busy */

• #define LCD_ENTRY_DEC 0x04 /* display shift off, dec cursor move dir */
• #define LCD_ENTRY_DEC_SHIFT 0x05 /* display shift on, dec cursor move dir */
• #define LCD_ENTRY_INC_ 0x06 /* display shift off, inc cursor move dir */
• #define LCD_ENTRY_INC_SHIFT 0x07 /* display shift on, inc cursor move dir */

    #define LCD DISP OFF 0x08 /* display off */

    #define LCD DISP ON 0x0C /* display on, cursor off */

    #define LCD DISP ON BLINK 0x0D /* display on, cursor off, blink char */

    #define LCD_DISP_ON_CURSOR 0x0E /* display on, cursor on */

• #define LCD_DISP_ON_CURSOR_BLINK 0x0F /* display on, cursor on, blink char */

    #define LCD_MOVE_CURSOR_LEFT 0x10 /* move cursor left (decrement) */

    #define LCD_MOVE_CURSOR_RIGHT 0x14 /* move cursor right (increment) */

 #define LCD_MOVE_DISP_LEFT 0x18 /* shift display left */
 #define LCD_MOVE_DISP_RIGHT 0x1C /* shift display right */
 #define LCD_FUNCTION_4BIT_1LINE 0x20 /* 4-bit interface, single line, 5x7 dots */ #define LCD_FUNCTION_4BIT_2LINES 0x28 /* 4-bit interface, dual line, 5x7 dots */
```

#define LCD\_FUNCTION\_8BIT\_1LINE 0x30 /\* 8-bit interface, single line, 5x7 dots \*/ #define LCD\_FUNCTION\_8BIT\_2LINES 0x38 /\* 8-bit interface, dual line, 5x7 dots \*/ #define LCD\_MODE\_DEFAULT ((1 << LCD\_ENTRY\_MODE) | (1 << LCD\_ENTRY\_INC) )

#### **Functions**

```
    #define lcd_puts_P(_s) lcd_puts_p(PSTR(_s))
```

macros for automatically storing string constant in program memory

void lcd\_init (uint8\_t dispAttr)

Initialize display and select type of cursor.

void lcd\_clrscr (void)

Clear display and set cursor to home position.

void lcd home (void)

Set cursor to home position.

void lcd\_gotoxy (uint8\_t x, uint8\_t y)

Set cursor to specified position.

• void <a href="mailto:lcd\_putc">lcd\_putc</a> (char c)

Display character at current cursor position.

void lcd puts (const char \*s)

Display string without auto linefeed.

void lcd\_puts\_p (const char \*progmem\_s)

Display string from program memory without auto linefeed.

void lcd command (uint8 t cmd)

Send LCD controller instruction command.

void lcd\_data (uint8\_t data)

Send data byte to LCD controller.

#### 5.2 Icd\_definitions.h File Reference

#### Macros

#### **Definitions for Display Size**

Number of visible lines and characters per line of the display.

Note

All definitions added to the file lcd\_definitions.h will override the default definitions from lcd.h. Add -D\_L ← CD\_DEFINITIONS\_FILE to the CDEFS section in the Makefile.

• #define LCD LINES 2

Number of visible lines of the display.

#define LCD DISP LENGTH 16

Visibles characters per line of the display.

#### **Definitions for 4-bit IO mode**

4-bit mode definition of LCD signals on the Arduino Uno LCD Keypad Shield.

The four LCD data lines and the two control lines RS, E can be on the same port or on different ports. R/W pin is directly connected to GND on LCD Keypad Shield and cannot be controlled.

Note

All definitions added to the file lcd\_definitions.h will override the default definitions from lcd.h. Add -D\_L ← CD\_DEFINITIONS\_FILE to the CDEFS section in the Makefile.

- #define LCD\_PORT PORTD
- #define LCD\_DATA0\_PORT LCD\_PORT
- #define LCD\_DATA1\_PORT LCD\_PORT
- #define LCD\_DATA2\_PORT LCD\_PORT
- #define LCD\_DATA3\_PORT LCD\_PORT
- #define LCD\_DATA0\_PIN PD4

Pin for HD44780 data pin D4.

#define LCD\_DATA1\_PIN PD5

Pin for HD44780 data pin D5.

#define LCD DATA2 PIN PD6

Pin for HD44780 data pin D6.

#define LCD\_DATA3\_PIN PD7

Pin for HD44780 data pin D7.

- #define LCD\_RS\_PORT PORTB
- #define LCD\_RS\_PIN PB0
- #define LCD\_E\_PORT PORTB
- #define LCD\_E\_PIN PB1

5.3 twi.h File Reference 23

#### 5.3 twi.h File Reference

```
#include <avr/io.h>
```

#### **Macros**

#### **Definition of frequencies**

```
• #define F_CPU 16000000
```

CPU frequency in Hz required for delay.

• #define F SCL 50000

TWI bit rate. Must be greater than 31000.

• #define TWI\_BIT\_RATE\_REG ((F\_CPU/F\_SCL - 16) / 2)

TWI bit rate register value.

#### Definition of ports and pins

• #define TWI PORT PORTC

Port of TWI hardware unit.

• #define TWI\_SDA\_PIN 4

SDA pin of TWI hardware unit.

#define TWI\_SCL\_PIN 5

SCL pin of TWI hardware unit.

## Other definitions

#define TWI\_READ 1

Data direction for reading from TWI device.

• #define TWI\_WRITE 0

Data direction for writing to TWI device.

• #define DDR(\_x) (\*(&\_x - 1))

Define address of Data Direction Register of port \_x.

• #define PIN(\_x) (\*(&\_x - 2))

Define address of input register of port \_x.

#### **Functions**

## **Functions**

void twi\_init (void)

Initialize TWI, enable internal pull-ups, set SCL frequency.

uint8\_t twi\_start (uint8\_t slave\_address)

Start communication on TWI bus and send address of TWI slave.

• void twi\_write (uint8\_t data)

Send one data byte to TWI slave device.

uint8\_t twi\_read\_ack (void)

Read one byte from TWI slave device and acknowledge it by ACK.

uint8\_t twi\_read\_nack (void)

Read one byte from TWI slave device and acknowledge it by NACK.

void twi\_stop (void)

Generates stop condition on TWI bus.

#### 5.4 uart.h File Reference

```
#include <avr/pgmspace.h>
```

#### **Macros**

#define UART\_BAUD\_SELECT(baudRate, xtalCpu) (((xtalCpu) + 8UL \* (baudRate)) / (16UL \* (baudRate))
 - 1UL)

UART Baudrate Expression.

#define UART\_BAUD\_SELECT\_DOUBLE\_SPEED(baudRate, xtalCpu) ( ((((xtalCpu) + 4UL \* (baudRate)) / (8UL \* (baudRate)) - 1UL)) | 0x8000)

UART Baudrate Expression for ATmega double speed mode.

#define UART RX BUFFER SIZE 32

Size of the circular receive buffer, must be power of 2.

#define UART\_TX\_BUFFER\_SIZE 32

Size of the circular transmit buffer, must be power of 2.

#define UART FRAME ERROR 0x1000

Framing Error by UART.

#define UART OVERRUN ERROR 0x0800

Overrun condition by UART.

#define UART\_PARITY\_ERROR 0x0400

Parity Error by UART.

• #define UART BUFFER OVERFLOW 0x0200

receive ringbuffer overflow

• #define UART\_NO\_DATA 0x0100

no receive data available

#define uart\_puts\_P(\_\_s) uart\_puts\_p(PSTR(\_\_s))

Macro to automatically put a string constant into program memory.

#define uart1\_puts\_P(\_\_s) uart1\_puts\_p(PSTR(\_\_s))

Macro to automatically put a string constant into program memory.

#### **Functions**

void uart init (unsigned int baudrate)

Initialize UART and set baudrate.

unsigned int uart\_getc (void)

Get received byte from ringbuffer.

void uart\_putc (unsigned char data)

Put byte to ringbuffer for transmitting via UART.

void uart puts (const char \*s)

Put string to ringbuffer for transmitting via UART.

void uart\_puts\_p (const char \*s)

Put string from program memory to ringbuffer for transmitting via UART.

• void uart1 init (unsigned int baudrate)

Initialize USART1 (only available on selected ATmegas)

• unsigned int uart1\_getc (void)

Get received byte of USART1 from ringbuffer. (only available on selected ATmega)

void uart1\_putc (unsigned char data)

Put byte to ringbuffer for transmitting via USART1 (only available on selected ATmega)

void uart1\_puts (const char \*s)

Put string to ringbuffer for transmitting via USART1 (only available on selected ATmega)

void uart1\_puts\_p (const char \*s)

Put string from program memory to ringbuffer for transmitting via USART1 (only available on selected ATmega)

# Index

| LCD Definitions < lcd definitions.h>, 10 | LCD_START_LINE4                    |
|--|------------------------------------|
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 2</lcd.h>           | LCD library <lcd.h>, 7</lcd.h>     |
| LCD_CONTROLLER_KS0073, 6                 | LCD_WRAP_LINES                     |
| LCD_DELAY_BOOTUP, 6                      | LCD library <lcd.h>, 7</lcd.h>     |
| LCD_DELAY_BUSY_FLAG, 6                   | lcd.h, 20                          |
| LCD_DELAY_ENABLE_PULSE, 6                | lcd_clrscr                         |
| LCD_DELAY_INIT_4BIT, 6                   | LCD library <lcd.h>, 7</lcd.h>     |
| LCD_DELAY_INIT_REP, 6                    | lcd command                        |
|  | LCD library < lcd.h>, 7            |
| LCD_DELAY_INIT, 6                        | lcd_data                           |
| LCD_IO_MODE, 6                           | LCD library <lcd.h>, 7</lcd.h>     |
| LCD_LINE_LENGTH, 6                       | lcd_definitions.h, 22              |
| LCD_RW_PIN, 6                            | lcd_gotoxy                         |
| LCD_RW_PORT, 6                           | LCD library <lcd.h>, 8</lcd.h>     |
| LCD_START_LINE1, 6                       | lcd_home                           |
| LCD_START_LINE2, 6                       | LCD library <lcd.h>, 8</lcd.h>     |
| LCD_START_LINE3, 7                       | lcd_init                           |
| LCD_START_LINE4, 7                       |                                    |
| LCD_WRAP_LINES, 7                        | LCD library <lcd.h>, 8</lcd.h>     |
| lcd_clrscr, 7                            | lcd_putc                           |
| lcd_command, 7                           | LCD library <lcd.h>, 8</lcd.h>     |
| lcd_data, 7                              | lcd_puts                           |
| lcd_gotoxy, 8                            | LCD library <lcd.h>, 9</lcd.h>     |
| lcd_home, 8                              | lcd_puts_p                         |
| lcd_init, 8                              | LCD library <lcd.h>, 9</lcd.h>     |
| lcd_putc, 8                              | TWI Library <twi.h>, 12</twi.h>    |
| lcd_puts, 9                              | twi_init, 13                       |
| lcd_puts_p, 9                            | twi_read_ack, 13                   |
| LCD_CONTROLLER_KS0073                    | twi_read_nack, 13                  |
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>           |                                    |
| LCD_DELAY_BOOTUP                         | twi_start, 13                      |
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>           | twi_stop, 14<br>twi_write, 14      |
| LCD_DELAY_BUSY_FLAG                      | twi.h, 23                          |
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>           | twi.injt                           |
| LCD_DELAY_ENABLE_PULSE                   | TWI Library <twi.h>, 13</twi.h>    |
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>           | twi_read_ack                       |
| LCD_DELAY_INIT_4BIT                      | TWI Library <twi.h>, 13</twi.h>    |
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>           | twi_read_nack                      |
| LCD_DELAY_INIT_REP                       | TWI Library <twi.h>, 13</twi.h>    |
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>           | twi start                          |
| LCD_DELAY_INIT                           | TWI Library <twi.h>, 13</twi.h>    |
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>           |                                    |
| LCD IO MODE                              | twi_stop                           |
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>           | TWI Library <twi.h>, 14</twi.h>    |
| LCD_LINE_LENGTH                          | twi_write                          |
| <br>LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>       | TWI Library <twi.h>, 14</twi.h>    |
| LCD_RW_PIN                               | UART Library <uart.h>, 15</uart.h> |
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>           | UART_BAUD_SELECT_DOUBLE_SPEED, 16  |
| LCD RW PORT                              | UART_BAUD_SELECT, 16               |
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>           | UART_RX_BUFFER_SIZE, 17            |
| LCD_START_LINE1                          | UART_TX_BUFFER_SIZE, 17            |
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>           | uart1_getc, 17                     |
| LCD_START_LINE2                          | uart1_init, 17                     |
| LCD library <lcd.h>, 6</lcd.h>           | uart1_putc, 17                     |
| LCD_START_LINE3                          | uart1_puts, 17                     |
| LCD library < lcd.h>, 7                  | uart1_puts_p, 17                   |
| LOD IIDIAI y \IOU.II >, 1                | uaiti_puts_p, 1/                   |

26 INDEX

```
uart_getc, 18
    uart_init, 18
    uart_putc, 18
    uart_puts, 19
    uart_puts_p, 19
UART BAUD SELECT DOUBLE SPEED
    UART Library <uart.h>, 16
UART_BAUD_SELECT
    UART Library <uart.h>, 16
UART_RX_BUFFER_SIZE
    UART Library <uart.h>, 17
UART_TX_BUFFER_SIZE
    UART Library <uart.h>, 17
uart.h, 24
uart1_getc
    UART Library <uart.h>, 17
uart1 init
    UART Library <uart.h>, 17
uart1_putc
    UART Library <uart.h>, 17
uart1_puts
    UART Library <uart.h>, 17
uart1_puts_p
    UART Library <uart.h>, 17
uart_getc
    UART Library <uart.h>, 18
uart_init
    UART Library <uart.h>, 18
uart putc
    UART Library <uart.h>, 18
uart_puts
    UART Library <uart.h>, 19
uart_puts_p
    UART Library <uart.h>, 19
```