

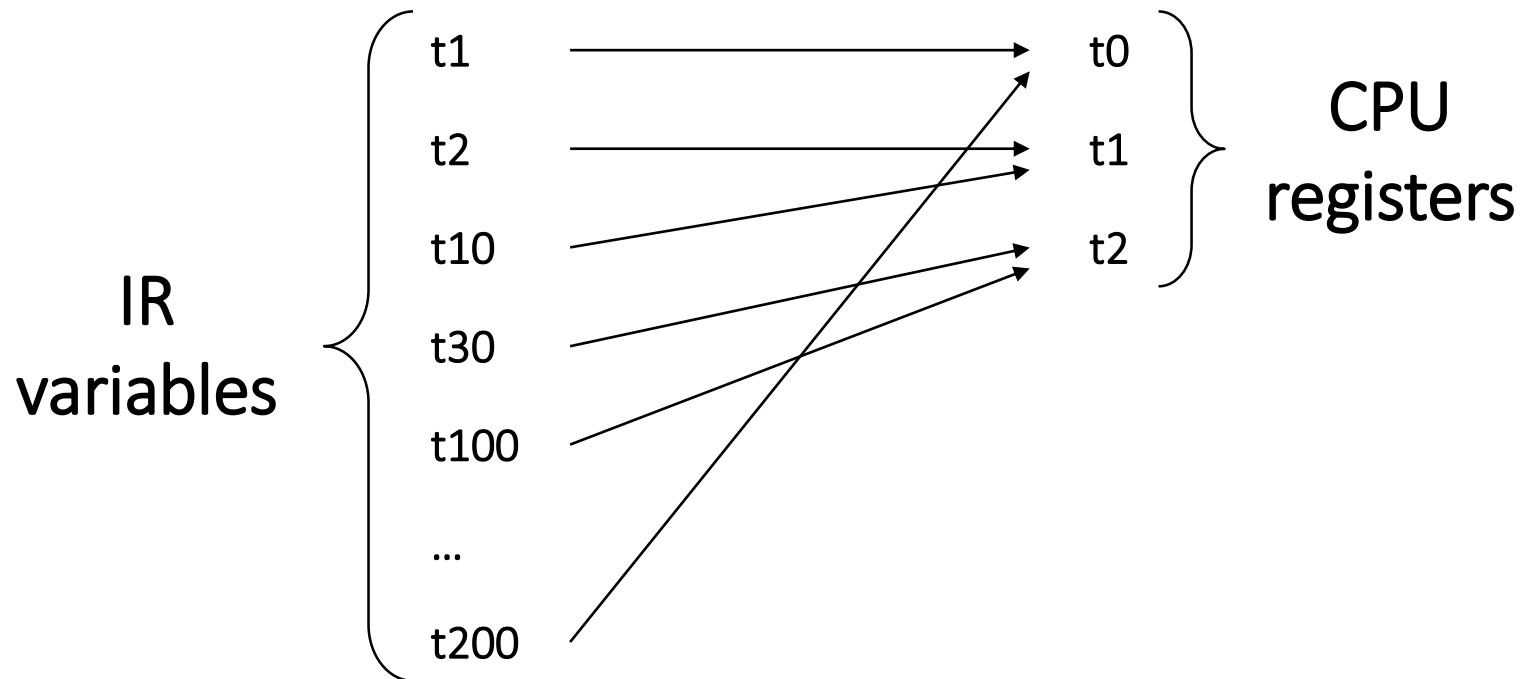
# Register Allocation

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TEACHING ASSISTANT: DAVID TRABISH

# Register Allocation

- Typically more IR variables than CPU registers
- Reduce the number of IR variables:
  - Without affecting the **behavior of the program**



# Register Allocation

For each function:

- Construct the CFG (from the IR)
- Run liveness analysis
- Construct the interference graph
- Compute a *k-coloring* of the graph
- Use the coloring to build the required mapping

# Register Allocation

For each function:

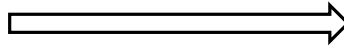
- **Construct the CFG (from the IR)**
- Run liveness analysis
- Construct the interference graph
- Compute a *k-coloring* of the graph
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# Control Flow Graph

- Create a node for each IR instruction
- Create an edge between an instruction and its next instruction
- If the instruction is a **branch**:
  - Connect it to the instruction the comes after the **target label**
  - If the branch is conditional, connect to it's next instruction

# Control Flow Graph

```
a = x * (y - z)
if (a) {
    a = a + 1;
}
b = a
```



```
t1 = x
t2 = y
t3 = z
t4 = sub t2, t3
t5 = mul t1, t4
a = t5
t6 = a
bne t6, 1, end
t7 = a
t8 = 1
t9 = add t7, t8
a = t9
end:
t10 = a
b = t10
```

`t1 = x`

`t2 = y`

`t3 = z`

`t4 = sub t2, t3`

`t5 = mul t1, t4`

`a = t5`

`t6 = a`

`bne t6, 1, end`

`t7 = a`

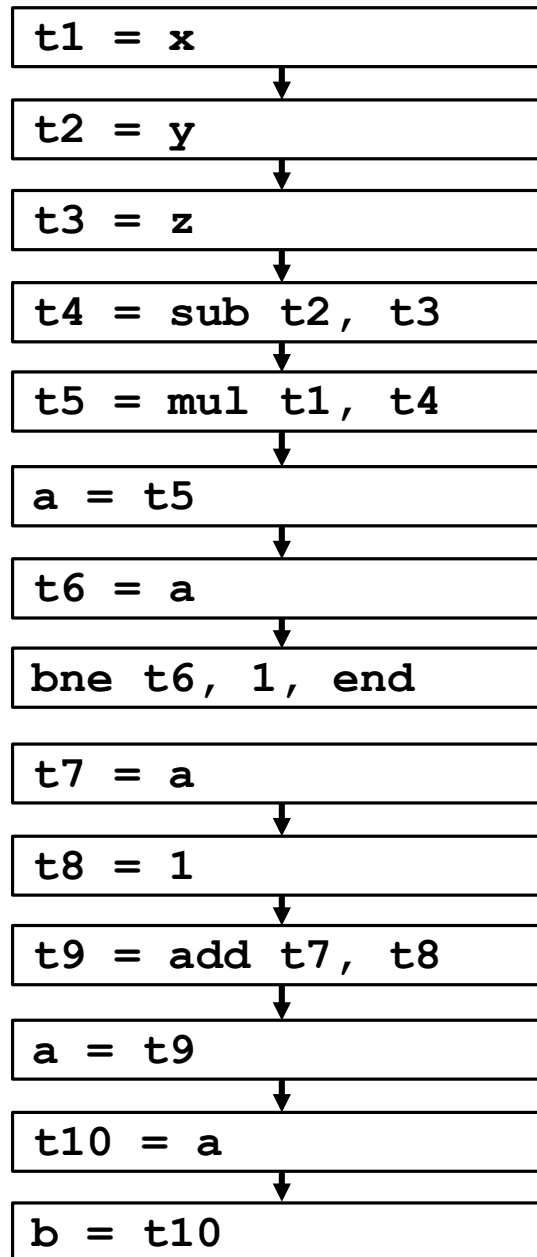
`t8 = 1`

`t9 = add t7, t8`

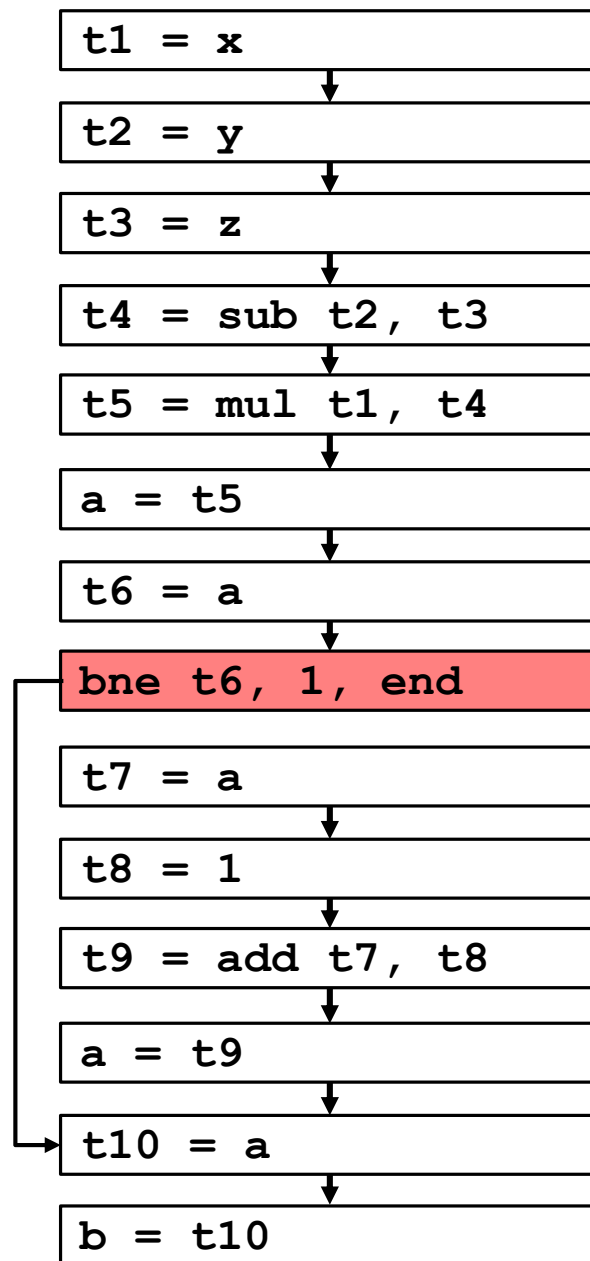
`a = t9`

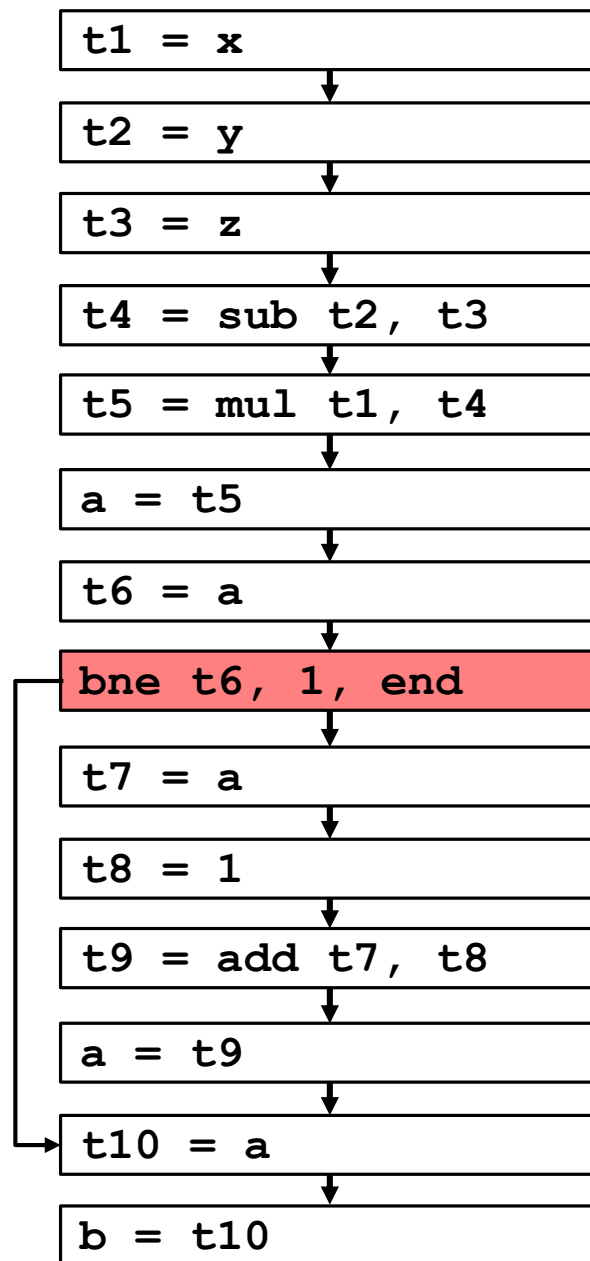
`t10 = a`

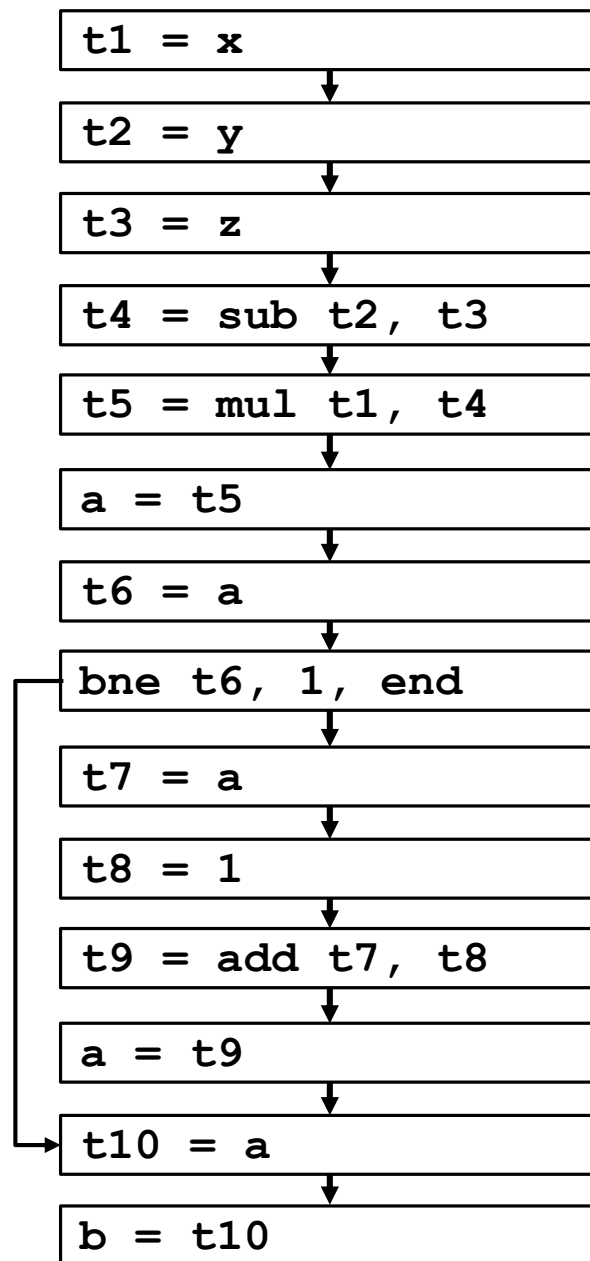
`b = t10`











# Register Allocation

For each function:

- Construct the CFG (from the IR)
- **Run liveness analysis**
- Construct the interference graph
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# Liveness Analysis

- Determine live variables at each program location
- A variable  $x$  is **live** at location  $n$  if:
  - There is a path from  $n$  where  $x$  is read before it's overwritten

n: 

t1 = 1
--------

t2 = 9
--------

t2 = t2 + t3
--------------

t3 is **live**

n: 

t1 = 1
--------

t2 = 9
--------

t3 = t1 + t2
--------------

t3 is **dead**

# Liveness Analysis

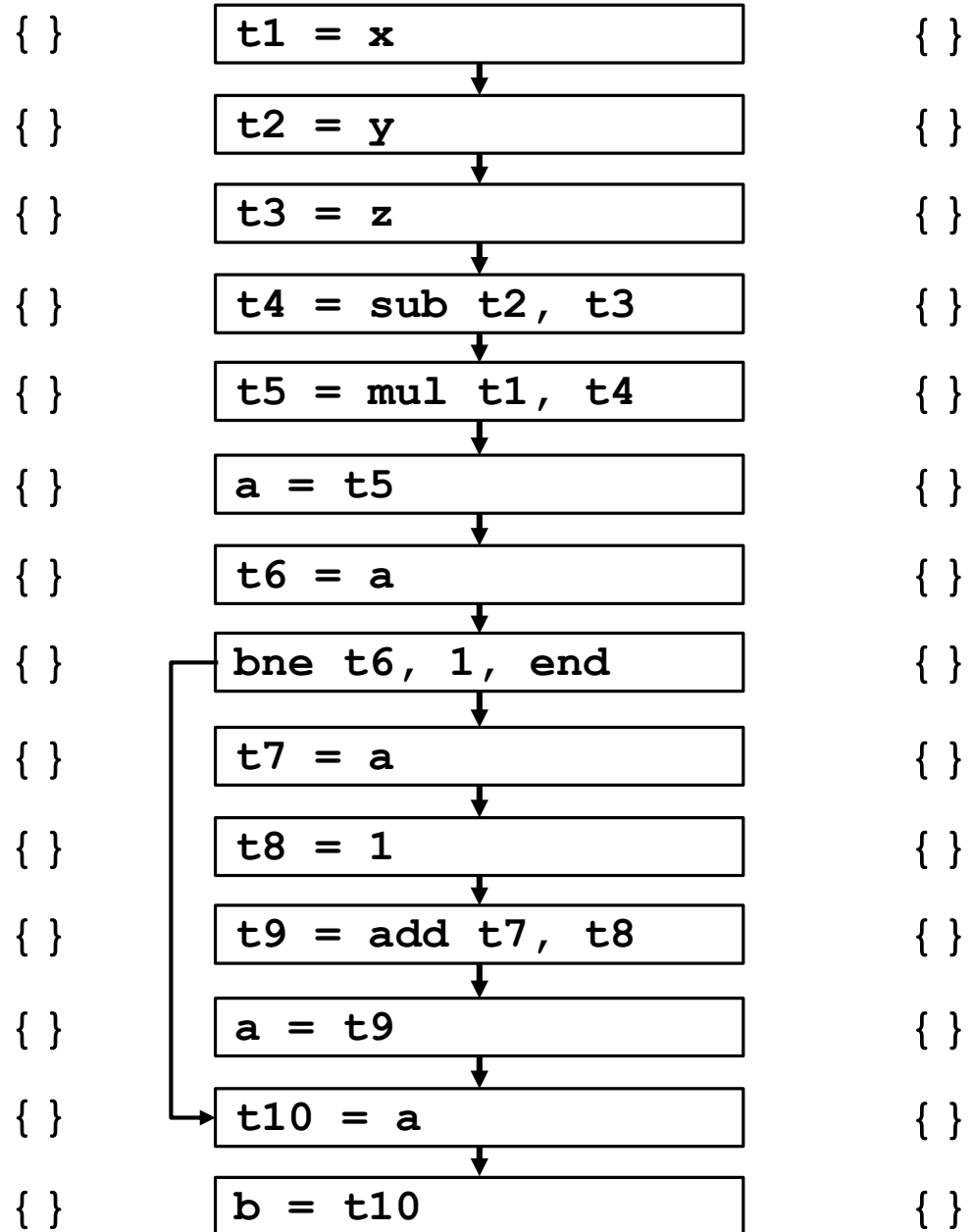
- Step 1: Initialize  $out(n)$  and  $in(n)$  to empty sets for each  $n$
- Step 2:
  - Compute  $out(n)$  and  $in(n)$  for each node  $n$ 
    - Assuming that  $n$  is the instruction  $y = f(x_1, x_2, \dots)$
    - $out(n) = \cup in(s)$ :
      - for each successor  $s$  of  $n$
    - $in(n) = \{x_1, x_2, \dots\} \cup (out(n) \setminus \{y\})$
- Step 3:
  - If at least one node was changed ( $in$  or  $out$ )
    - Go to step 2

# Liveness Analysis

First Iteration...

IN

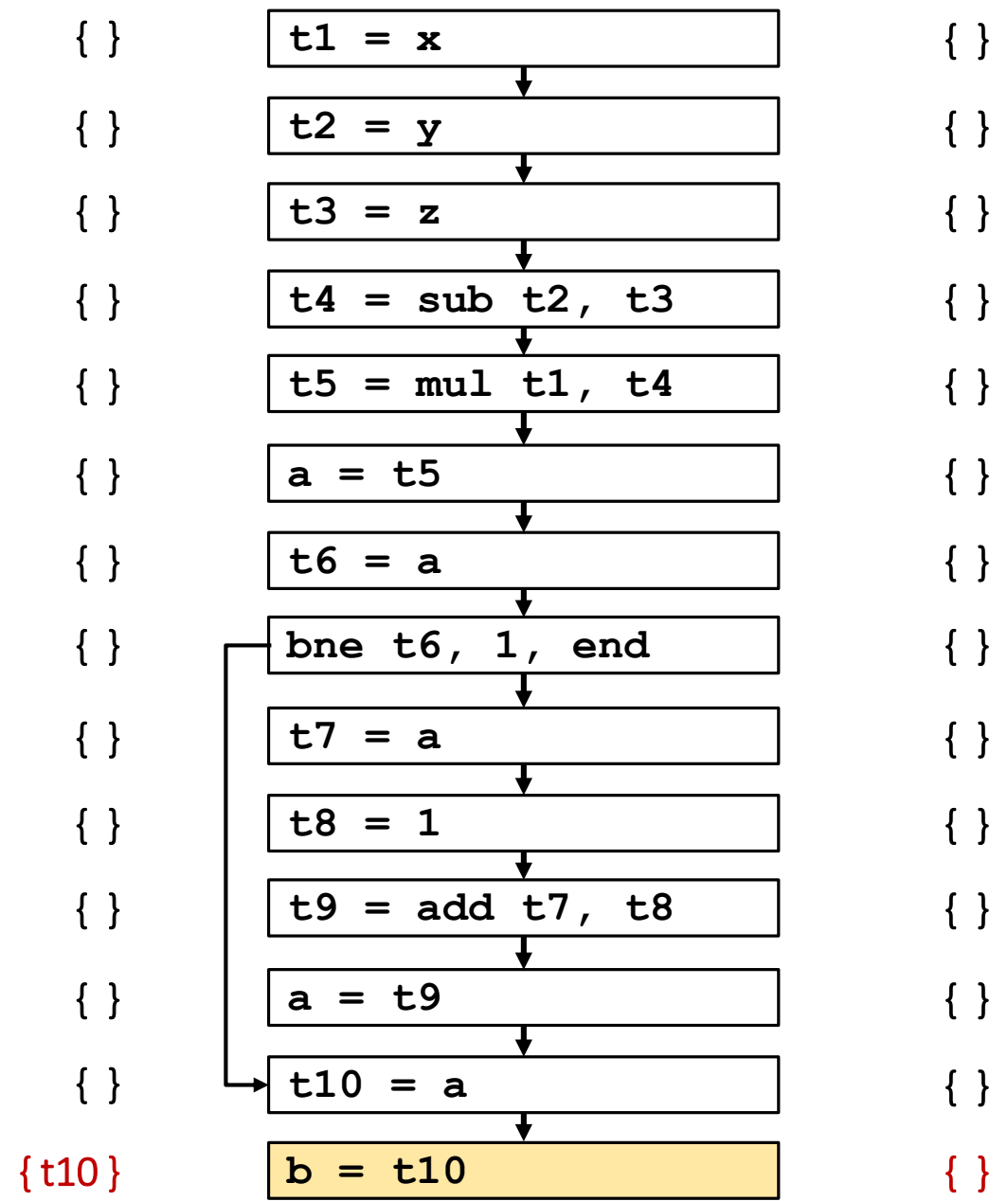
OUT

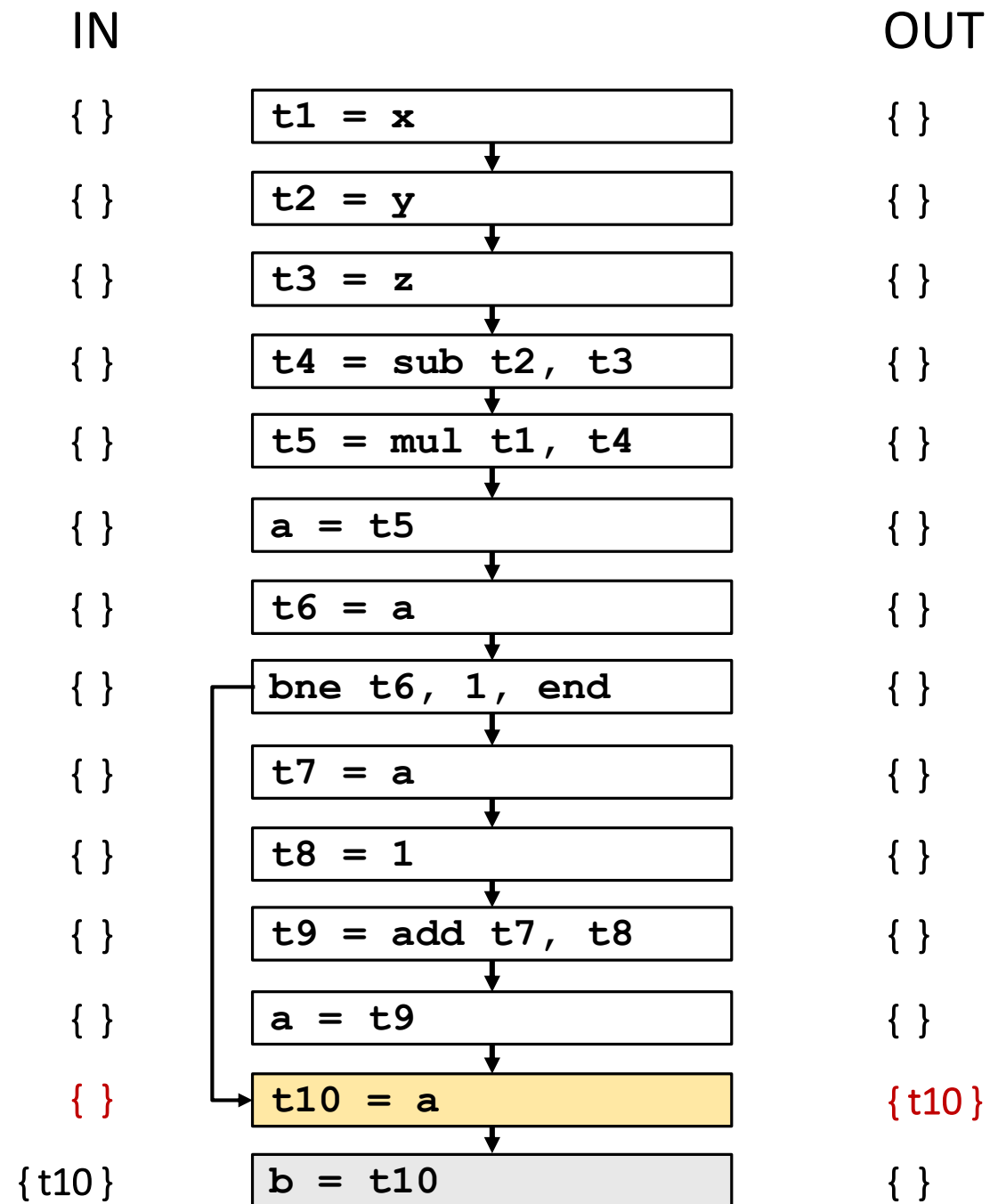


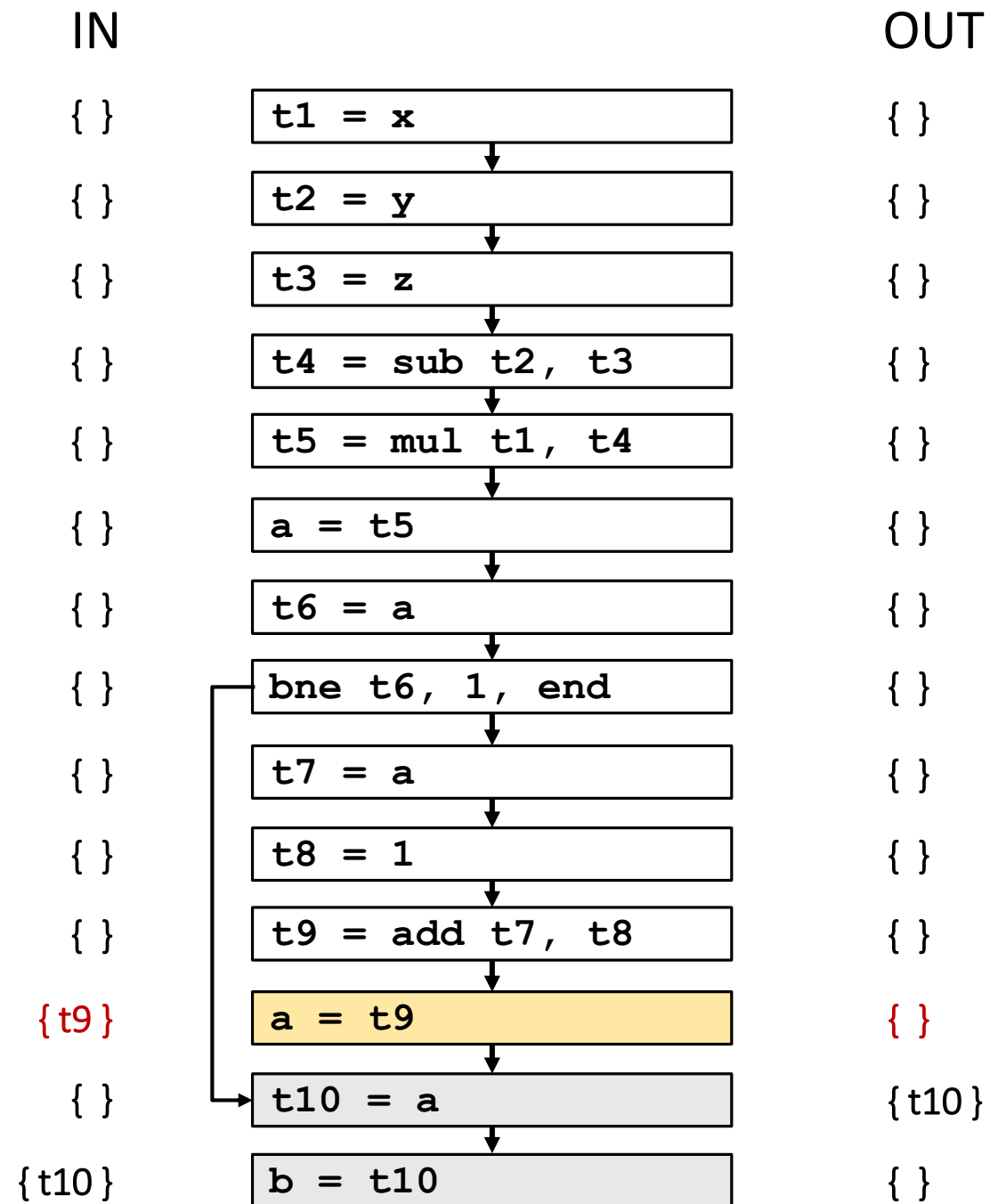


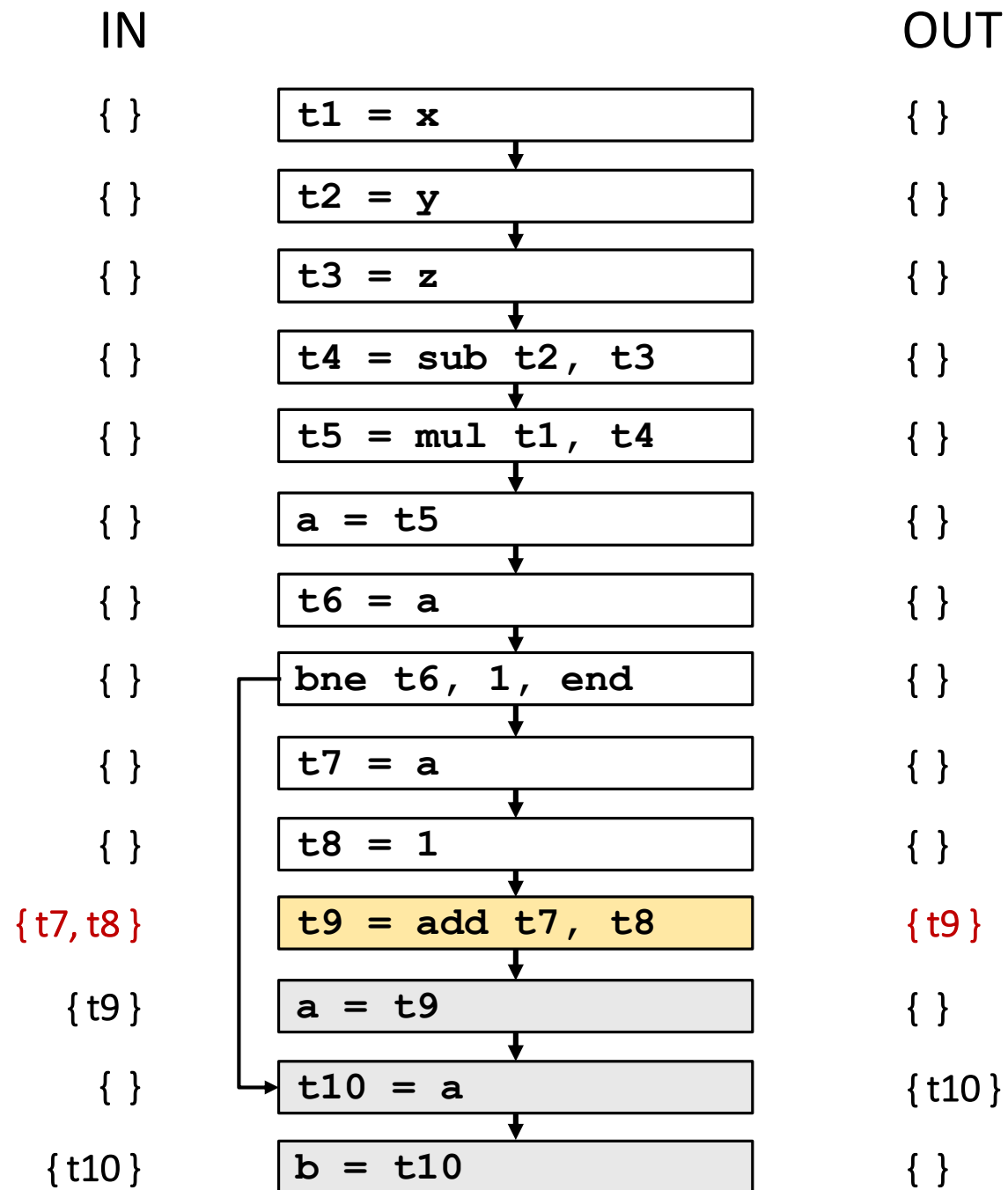
IN

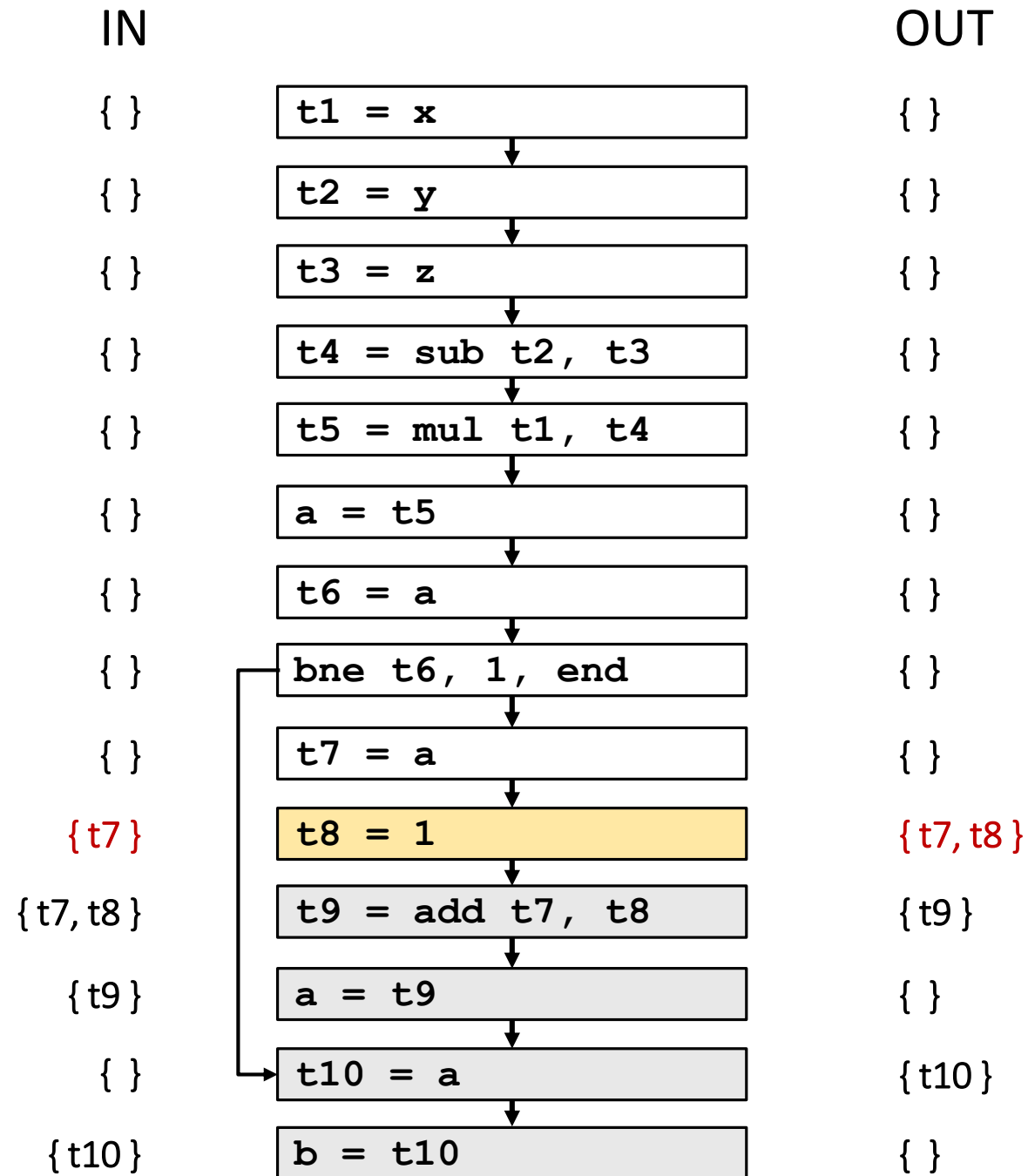
OUT

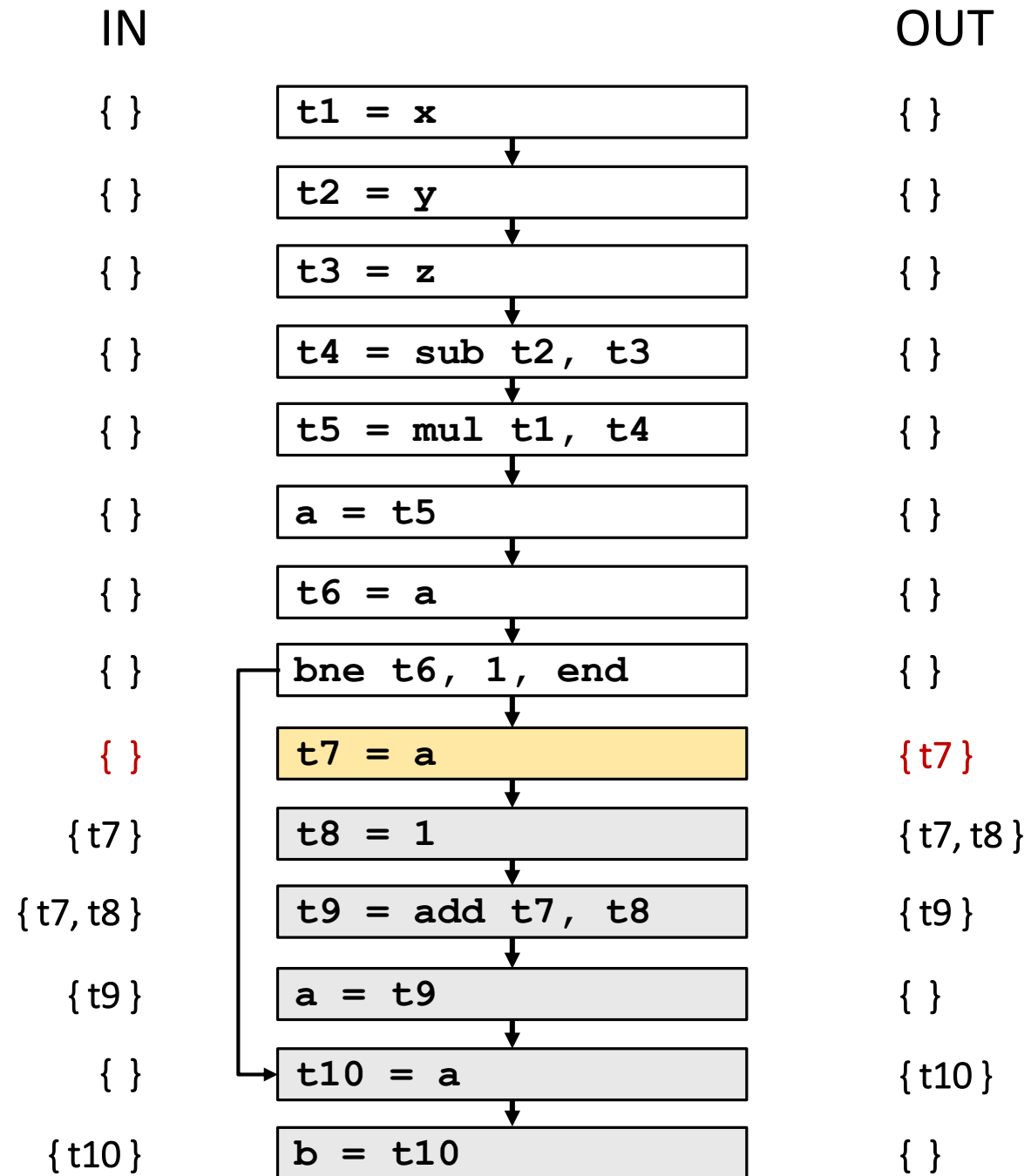


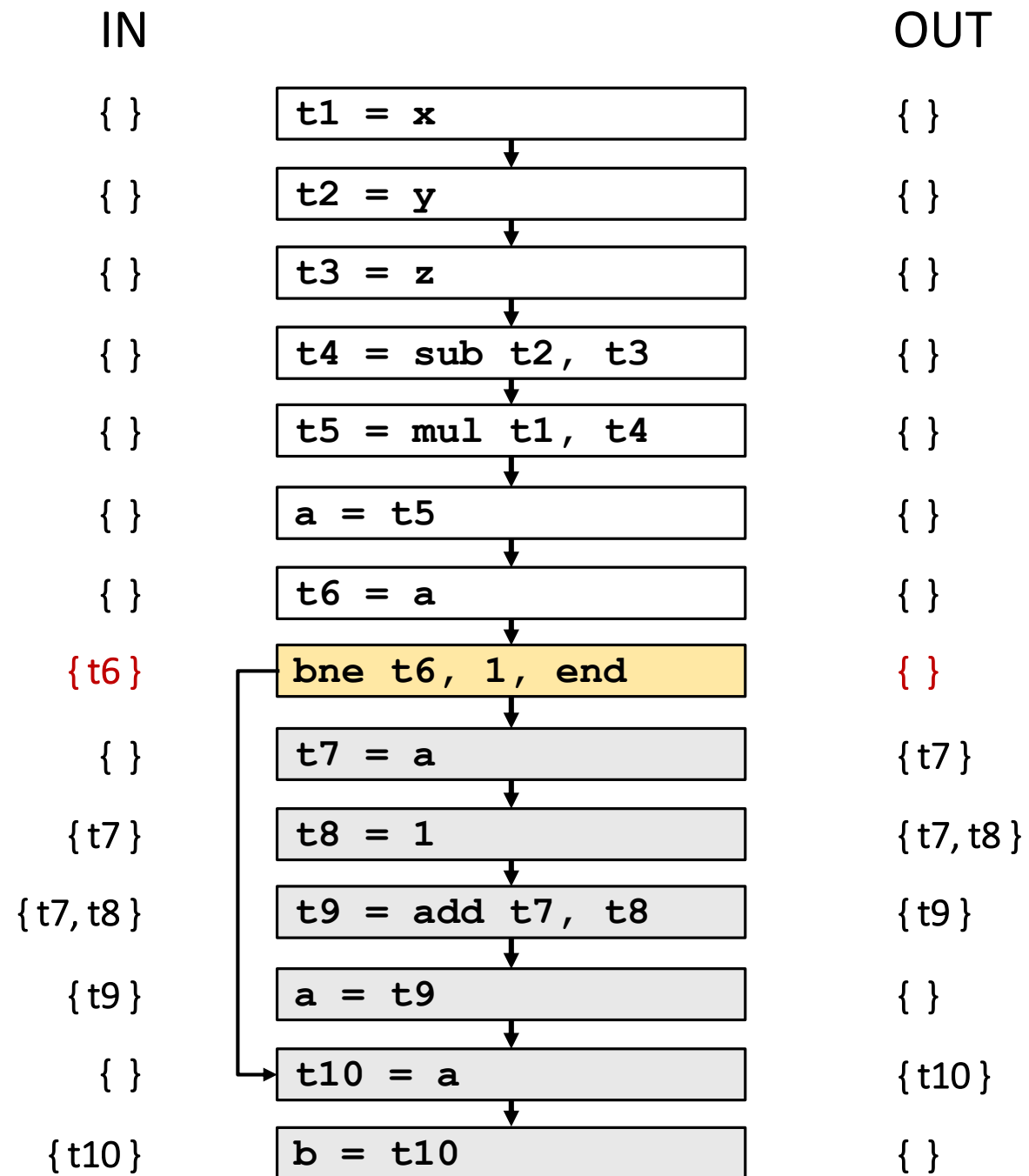


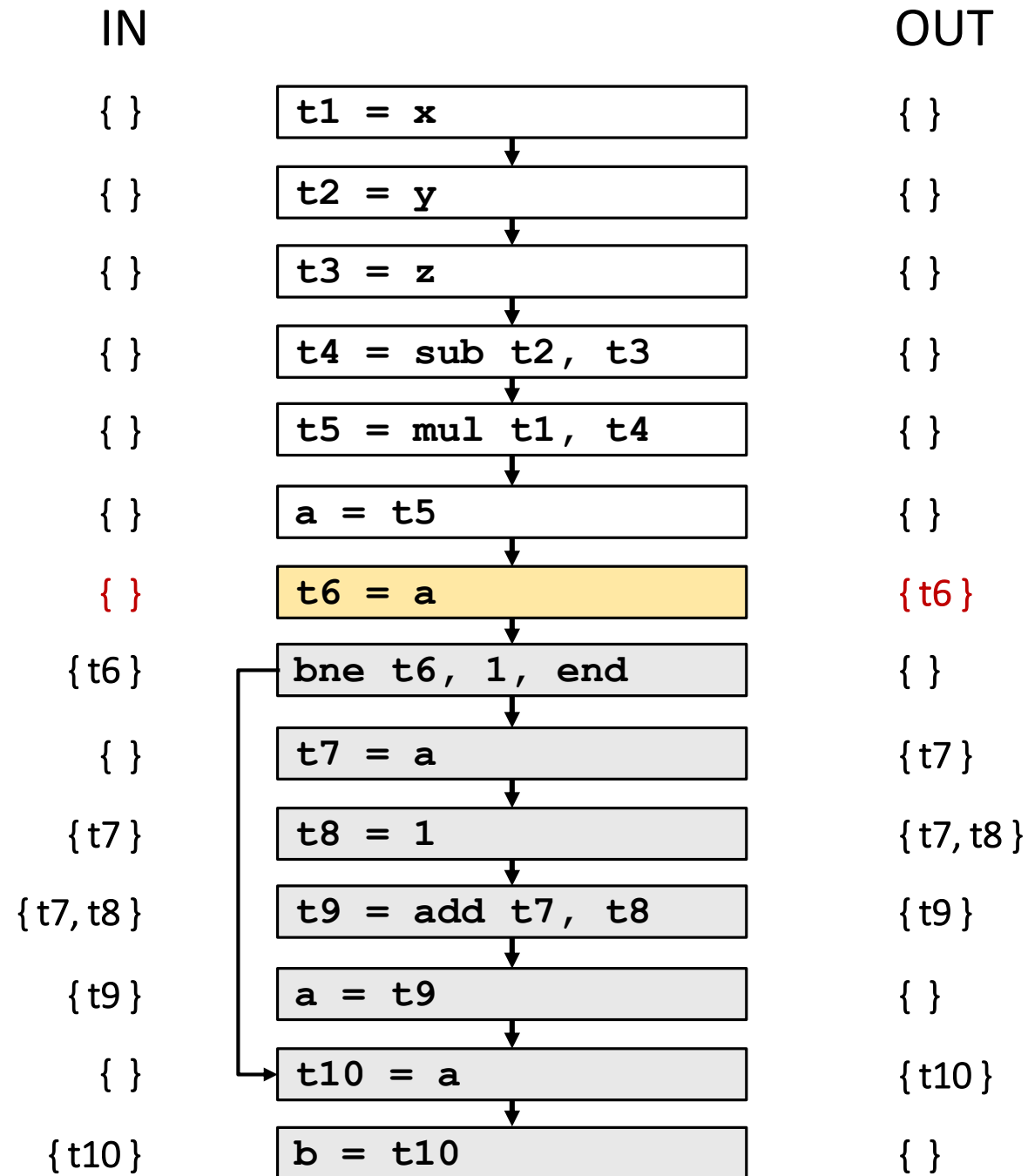




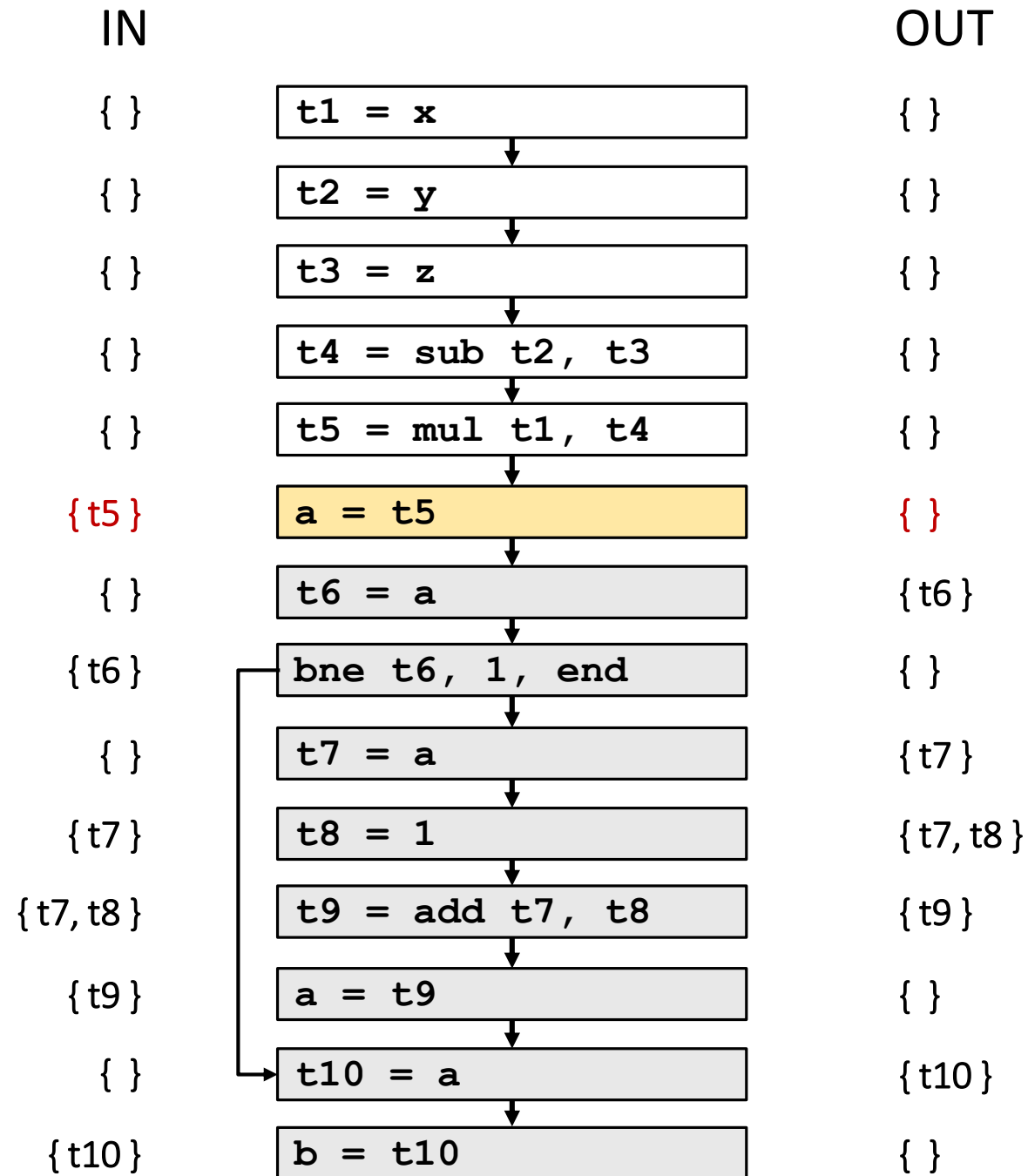


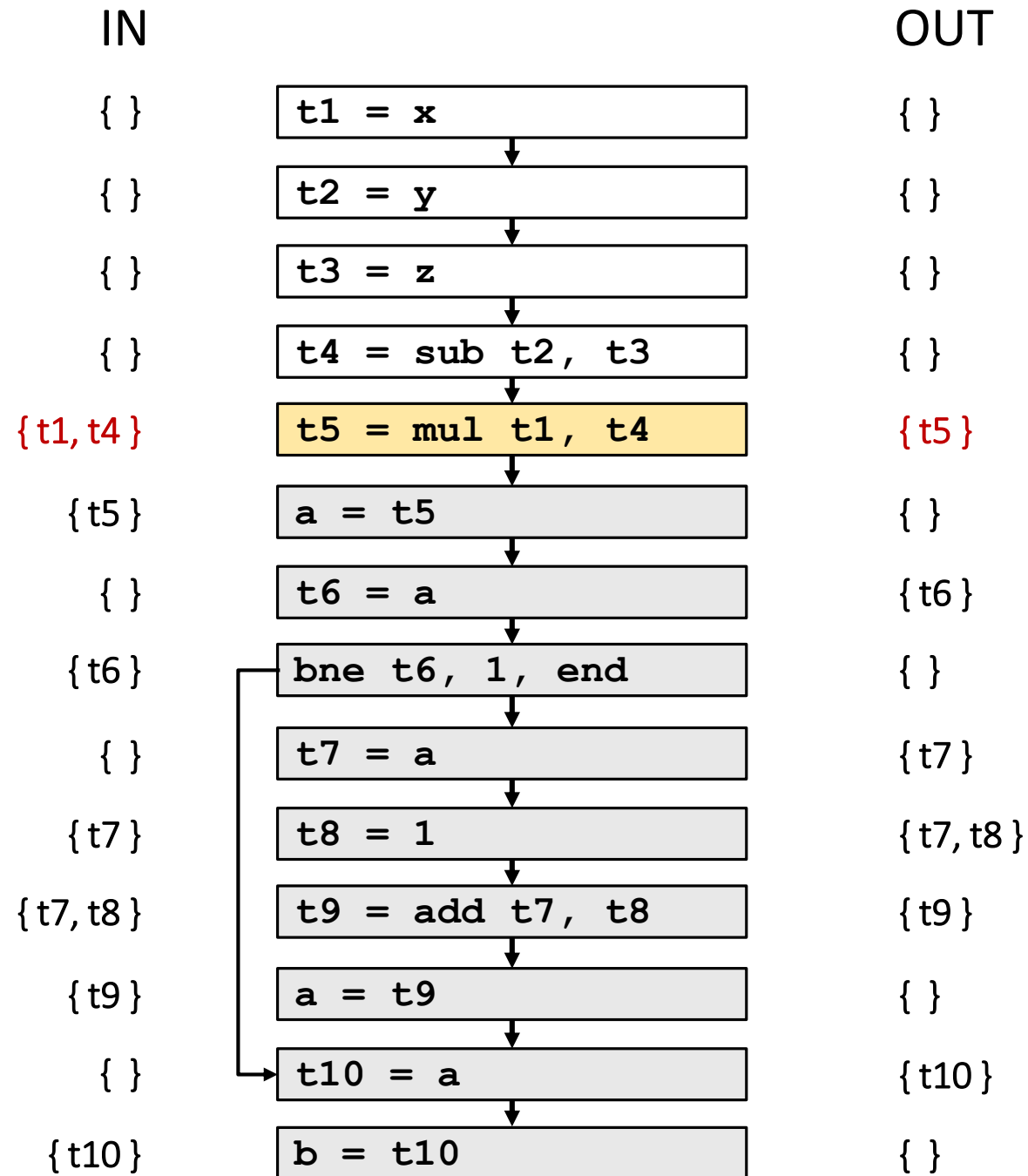


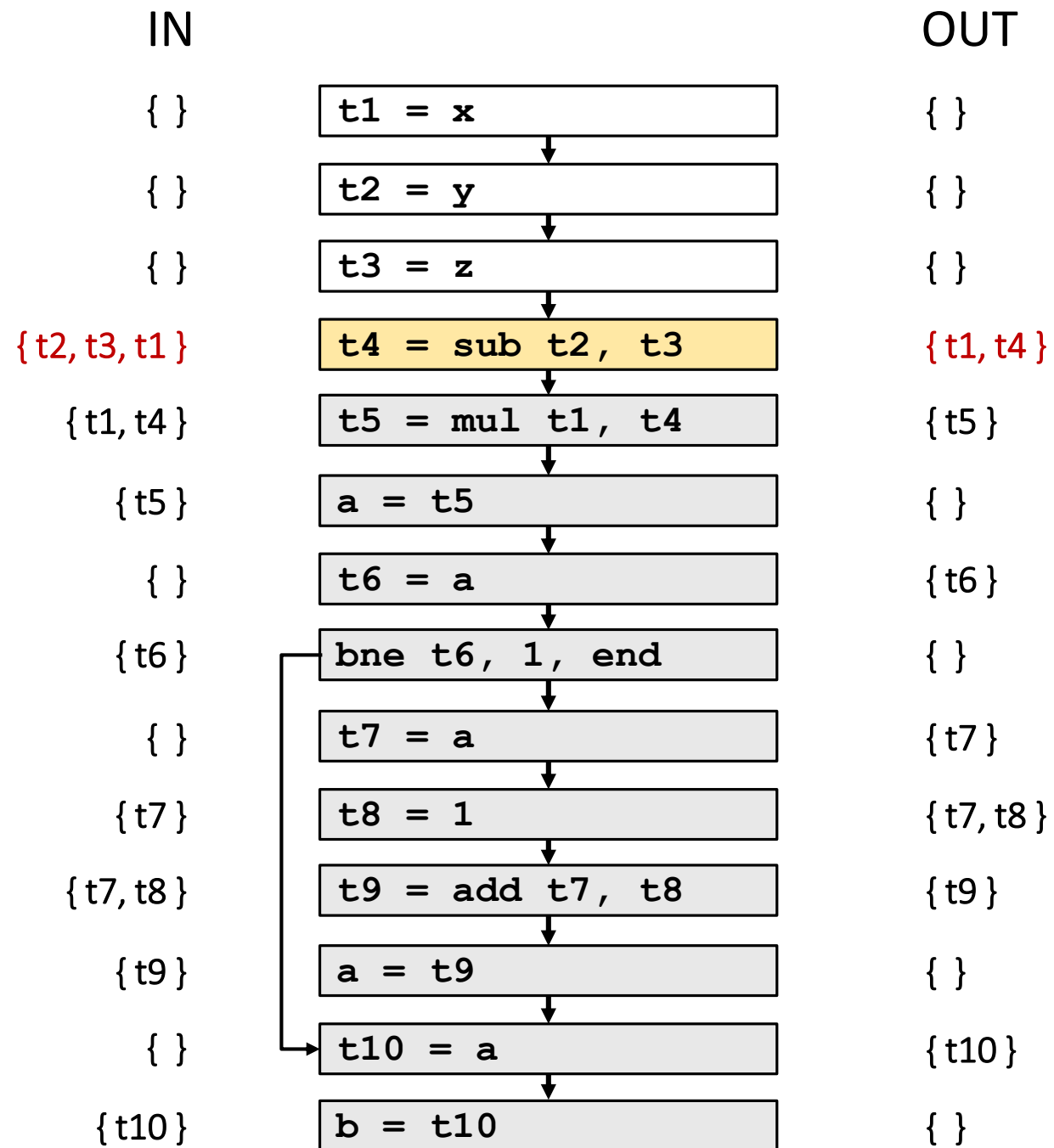


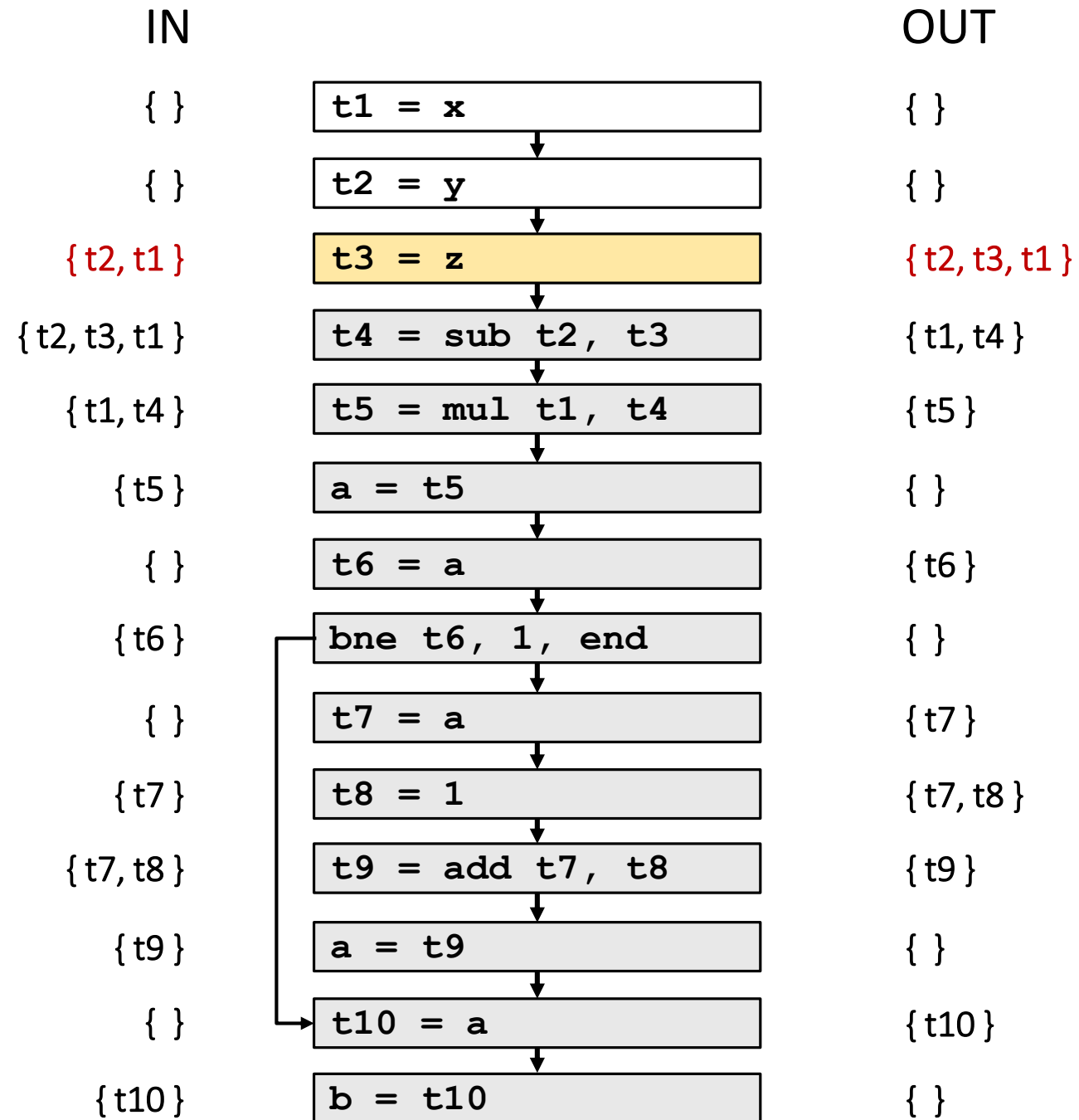


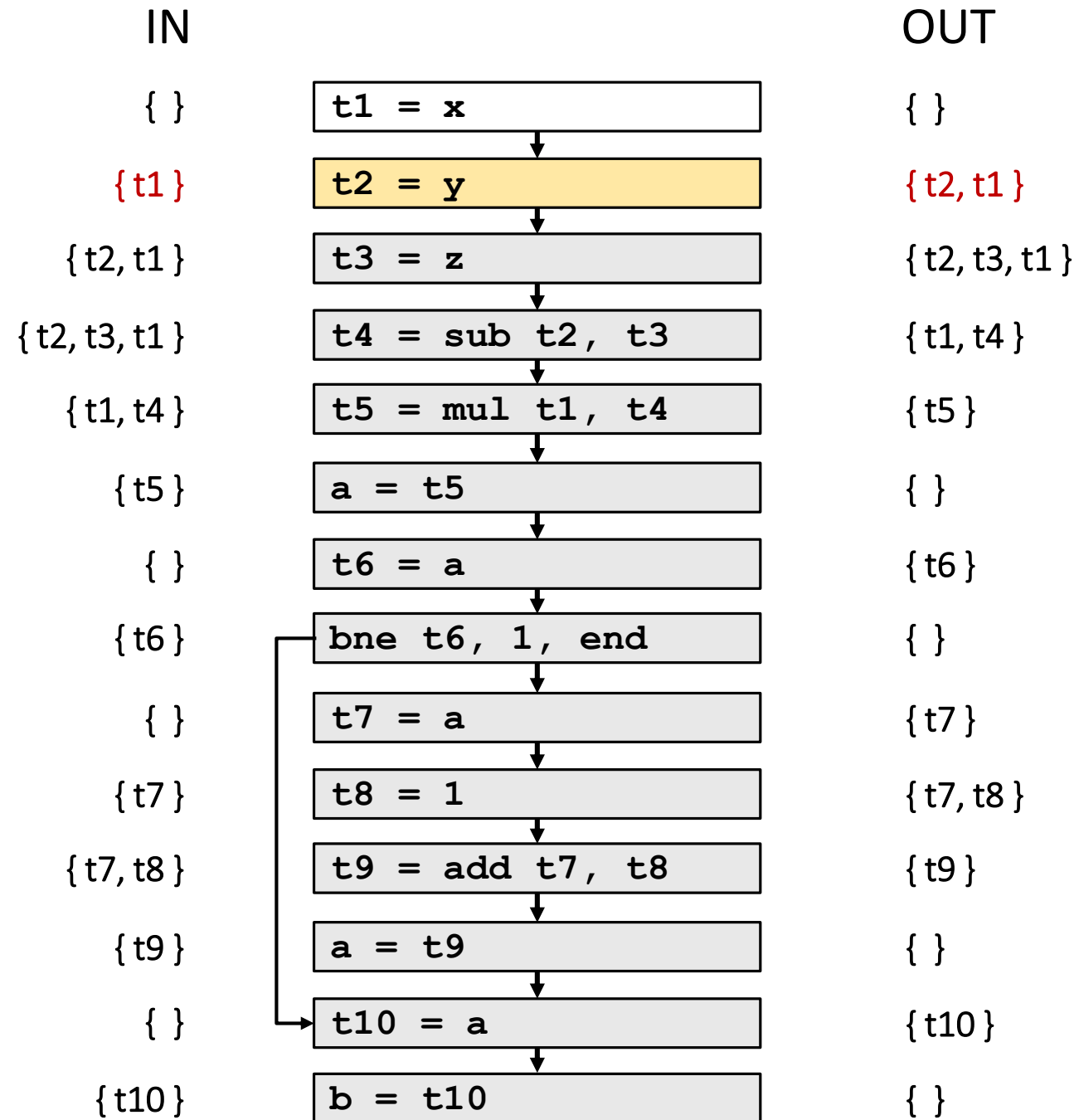






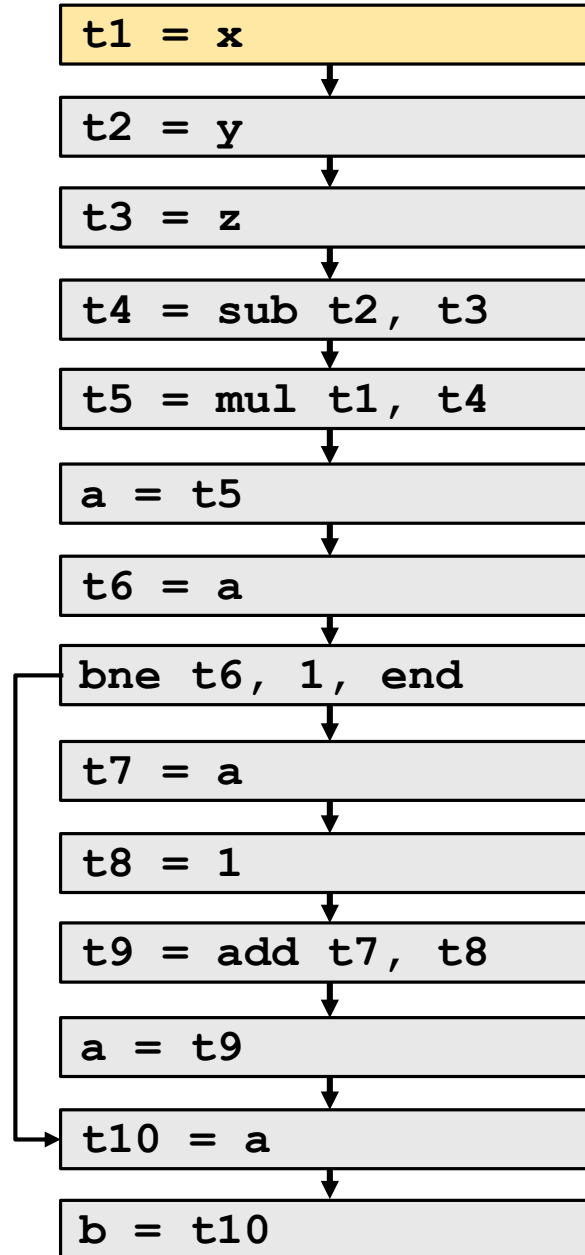






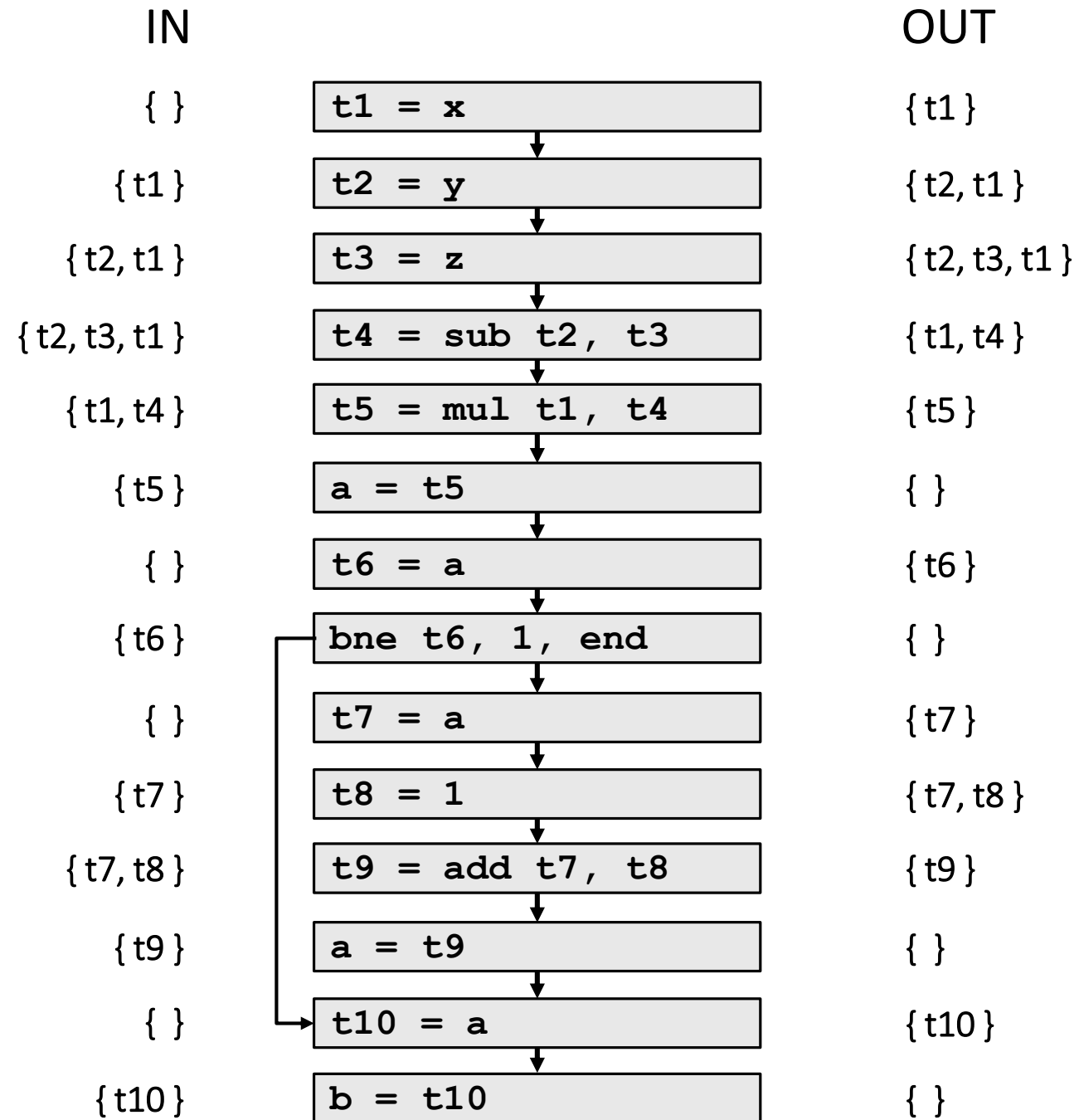
IN

{ }  
{ t1 }  
{ t2, t1 }  
{ t2, t3, t1 }  
{ t1, t4 }  
{ t5 }  
{ }  
{ t6 }  
{ }  
{ t7 }  
{ t7, t8 }  
{ t9 }  
{ }  
{ t10 }



OUT

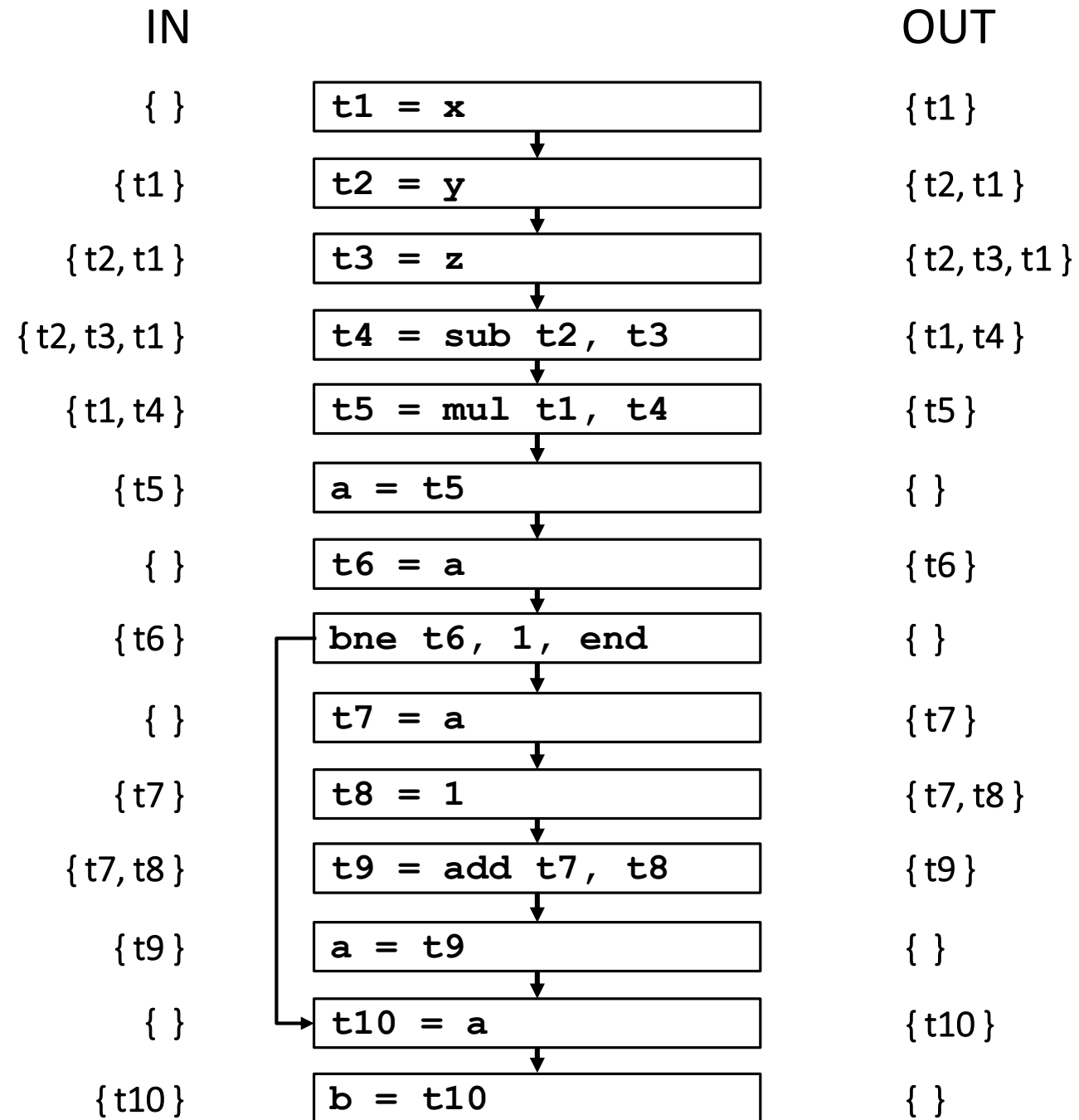
{ t1 }  
{ t2, t1 }  
{ t2, t3, t1 }  
{ t1, t4 }  
{ t5 }  
{ }  
{ t6 }  
{ }  
{ t7 }  
{ t7, t8 }  
{ t9 }  
{ }  
{ t10 }  
{ }

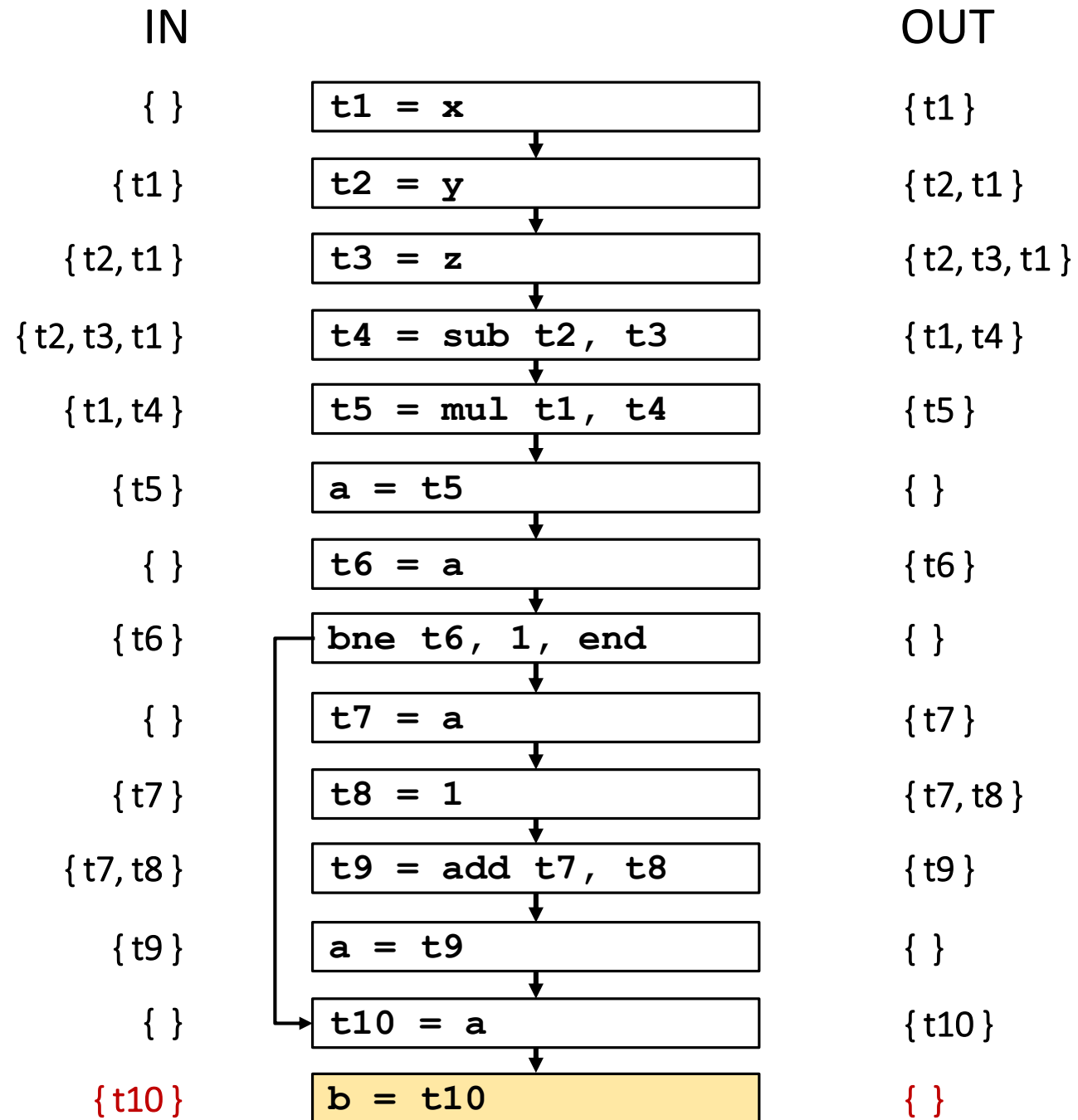


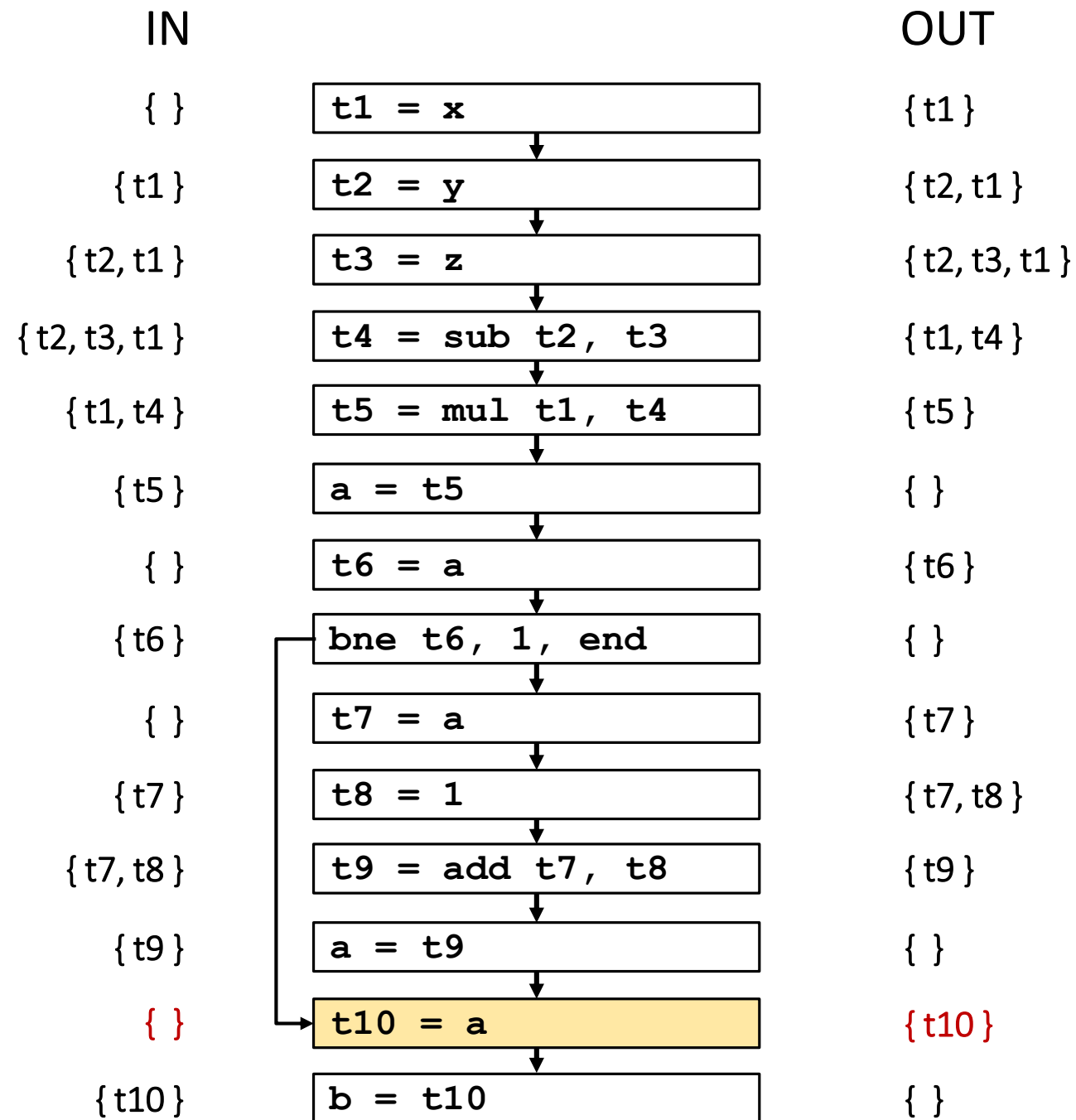
# Liveness Analysis

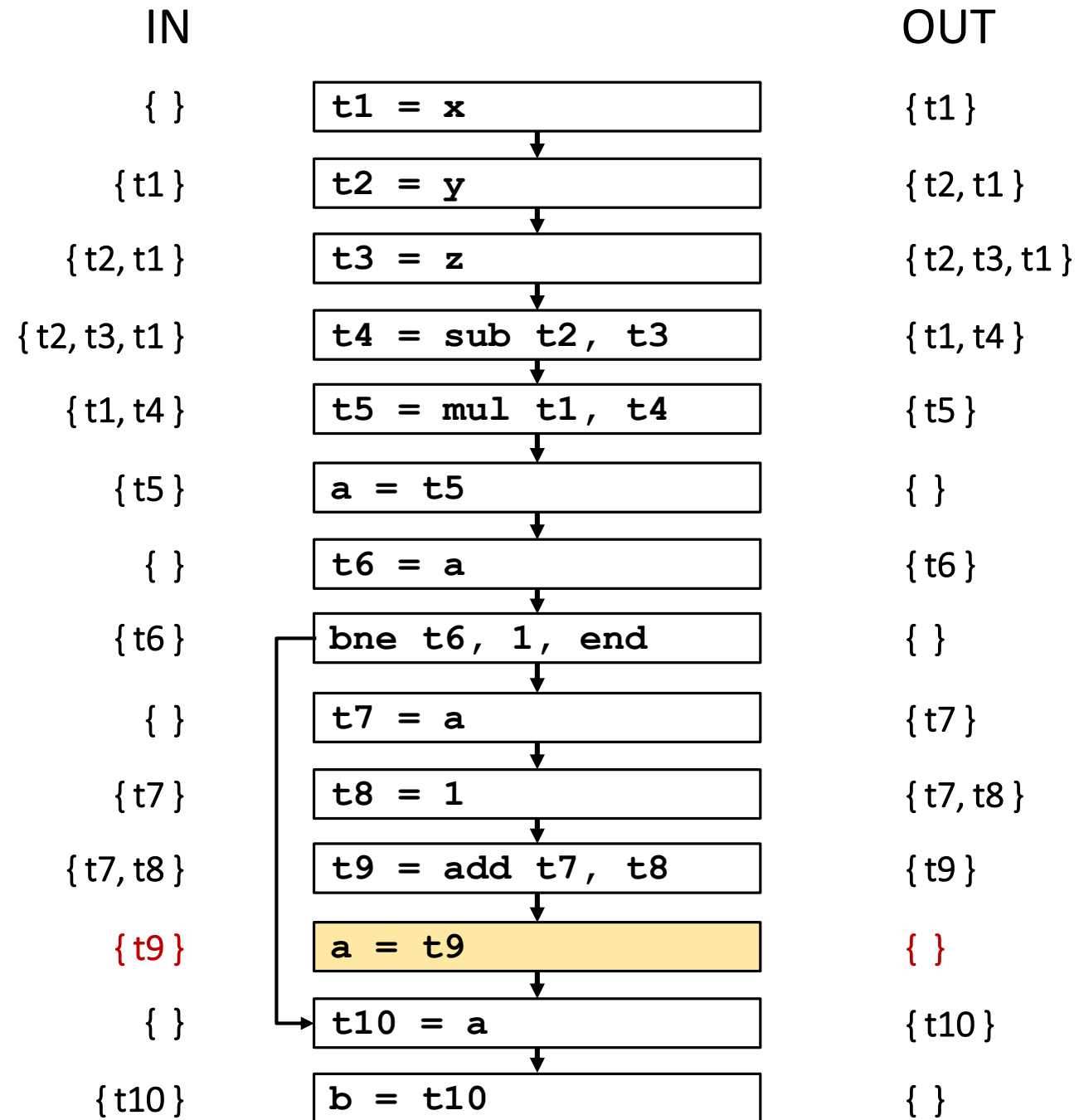
Second Iteration...

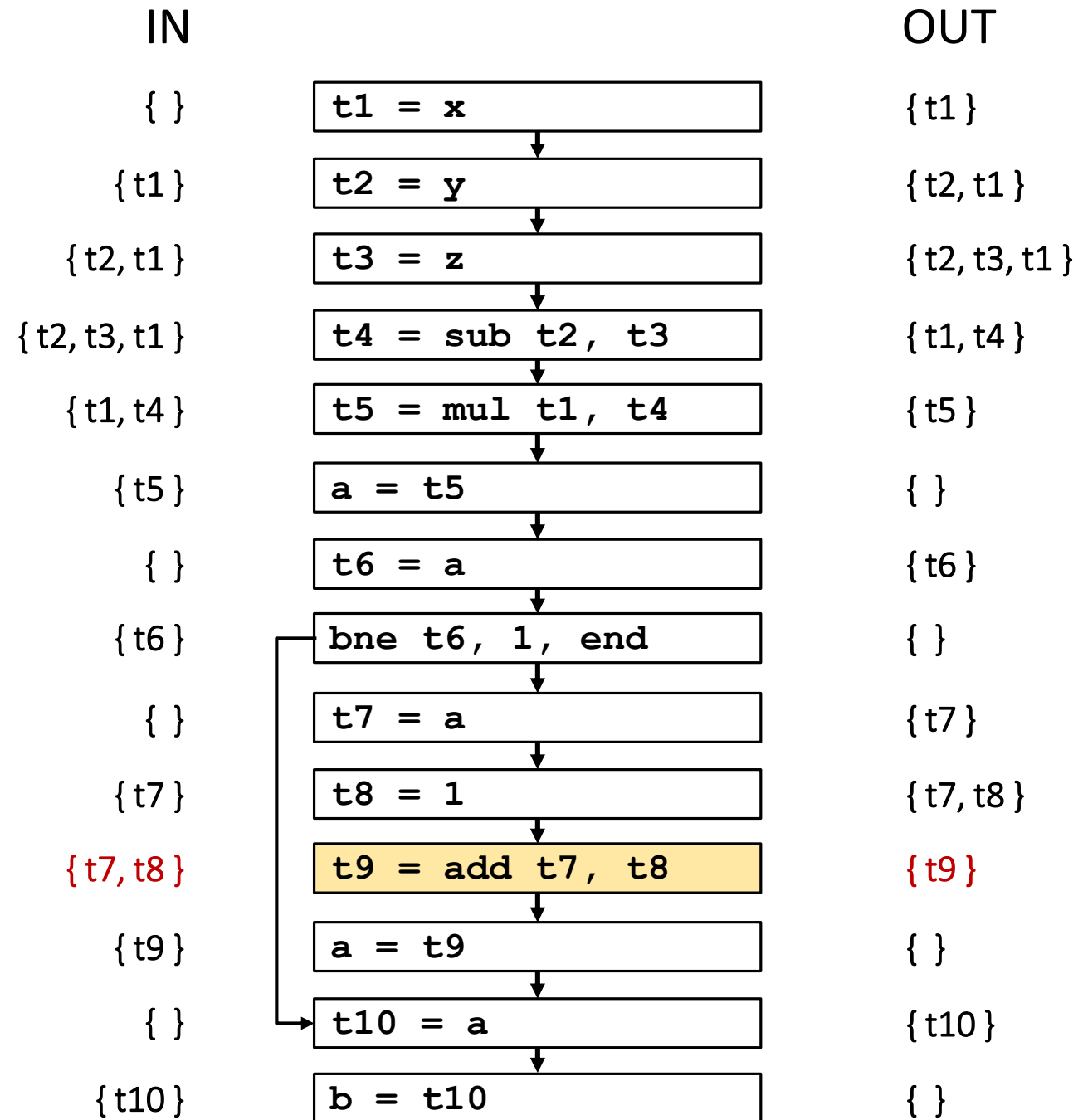


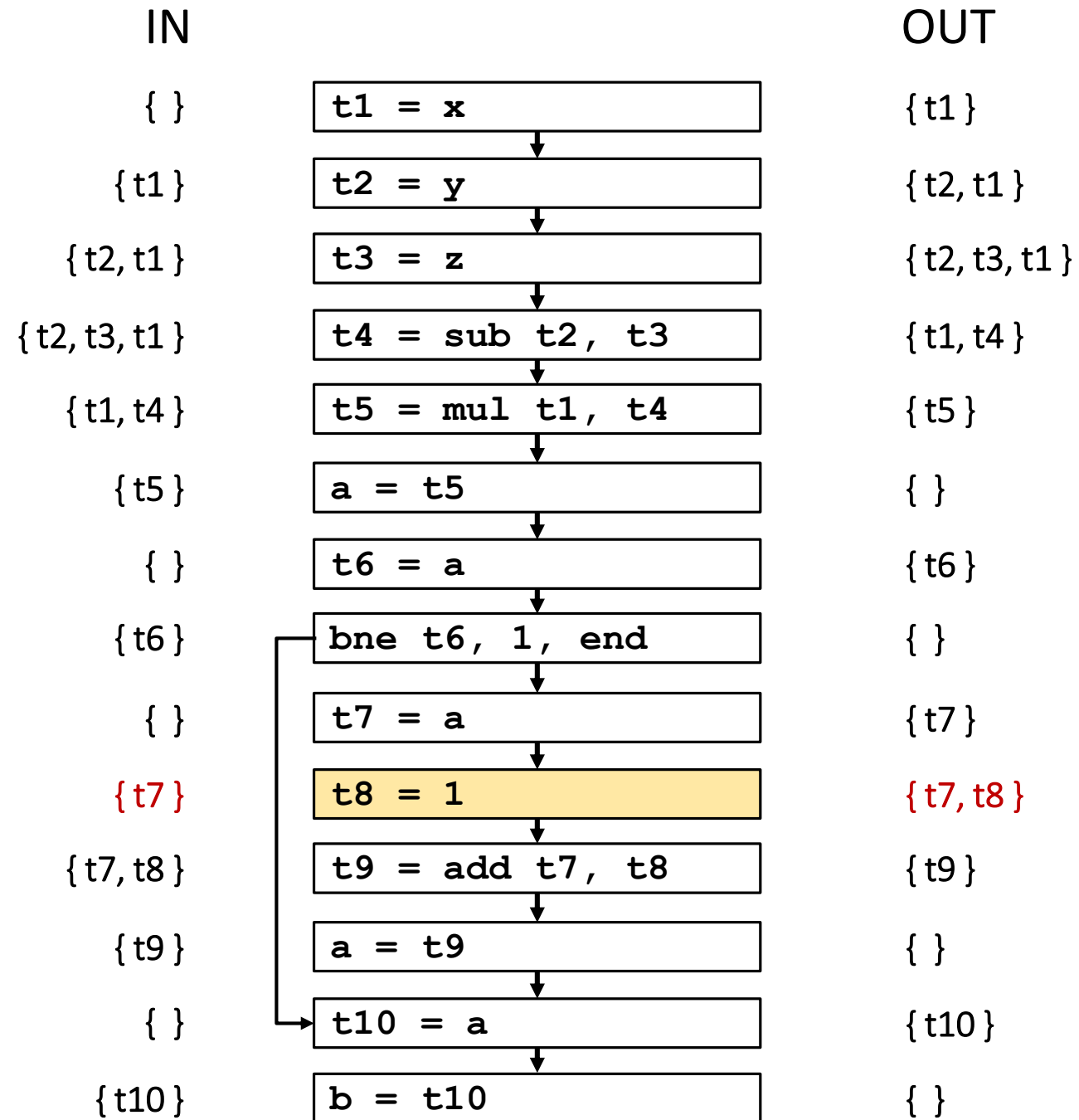


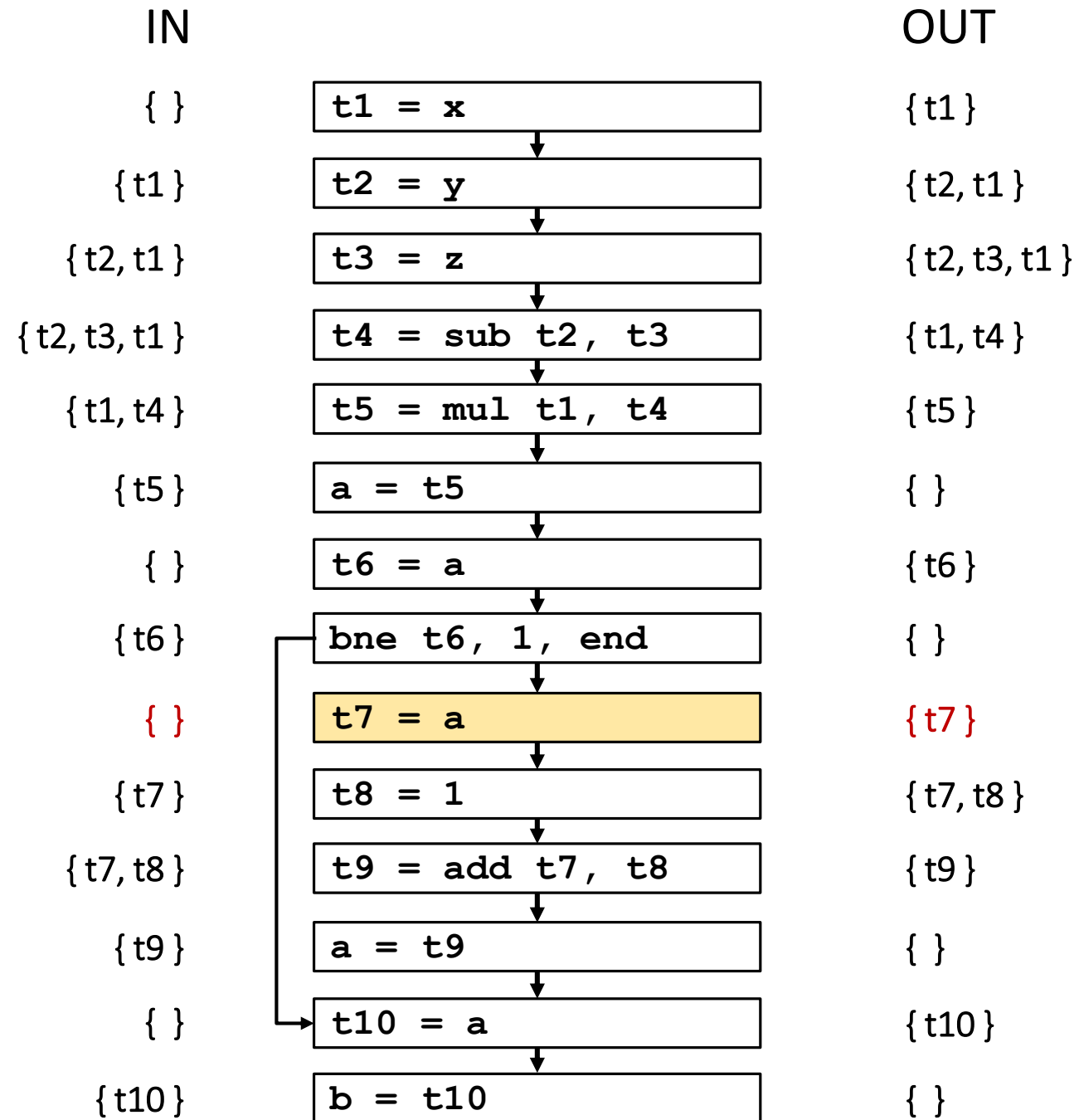


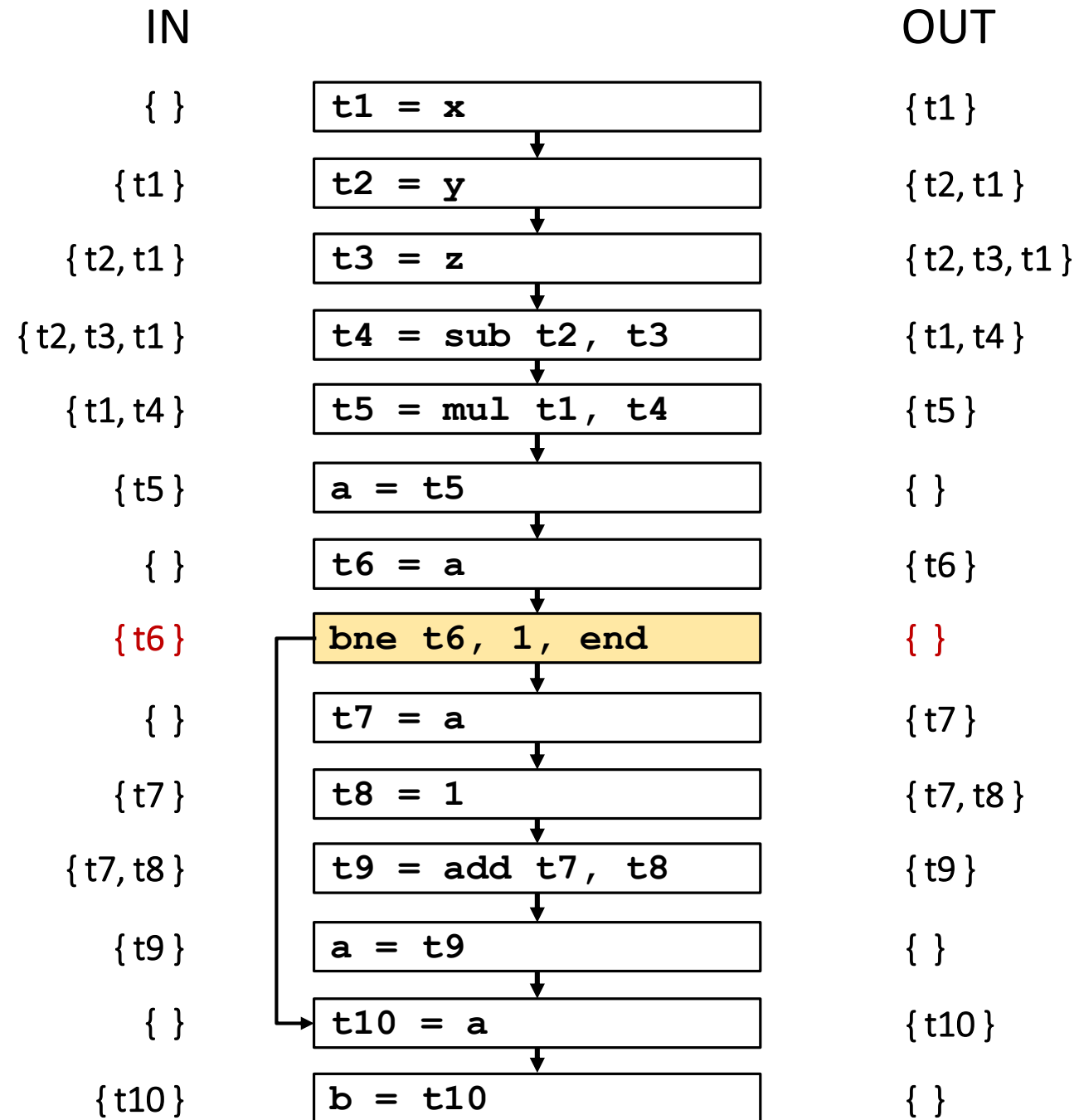




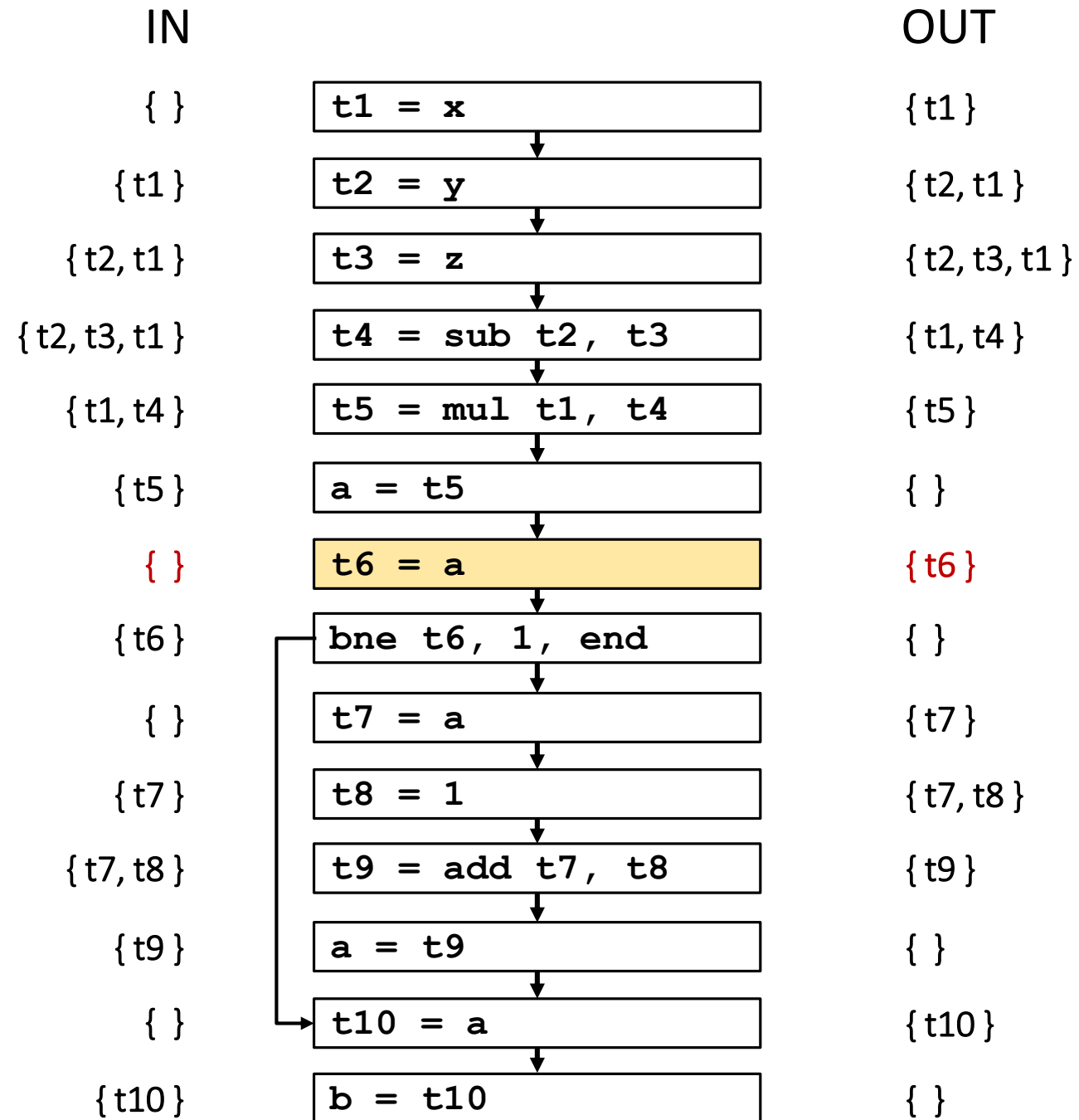


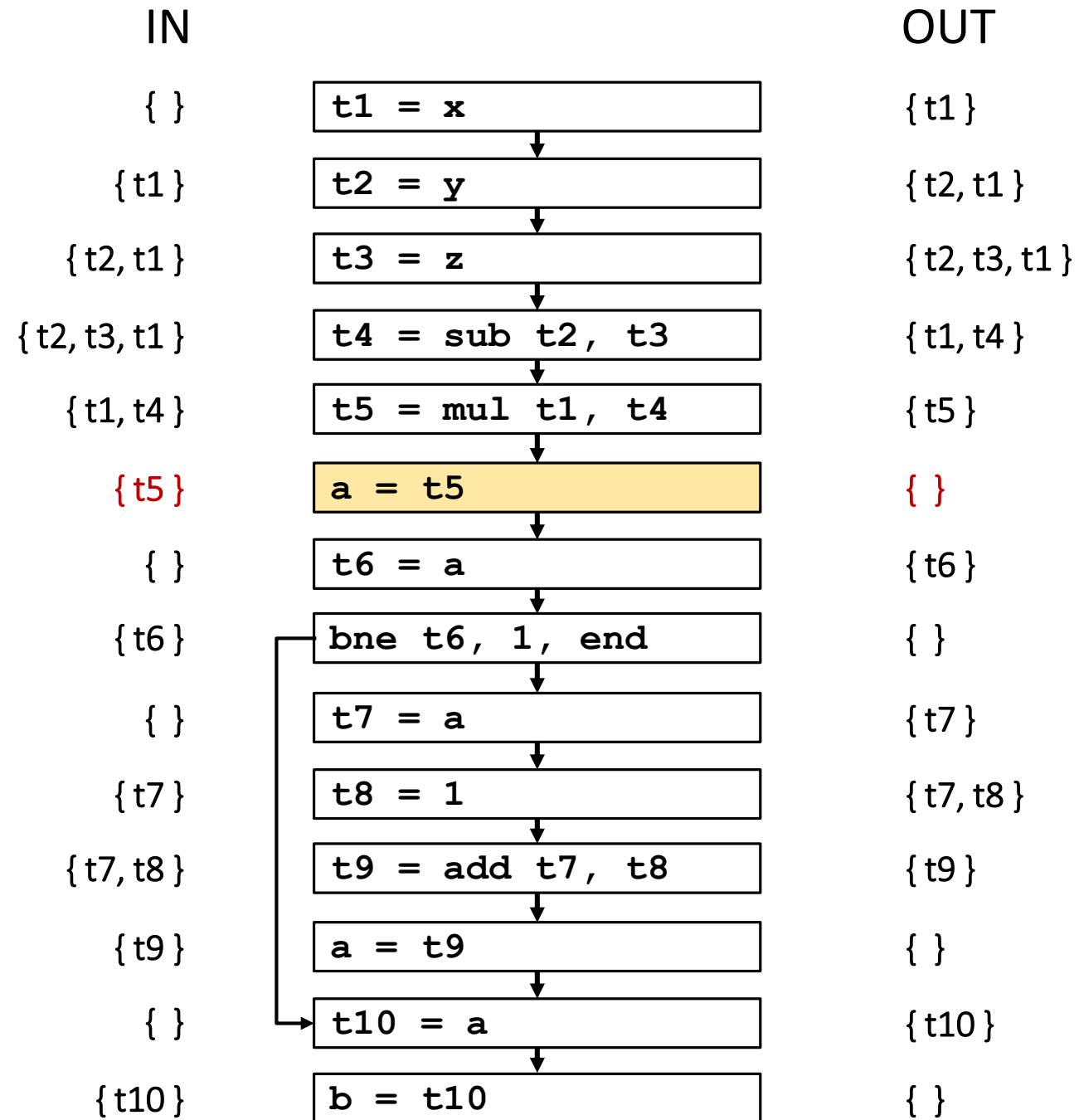


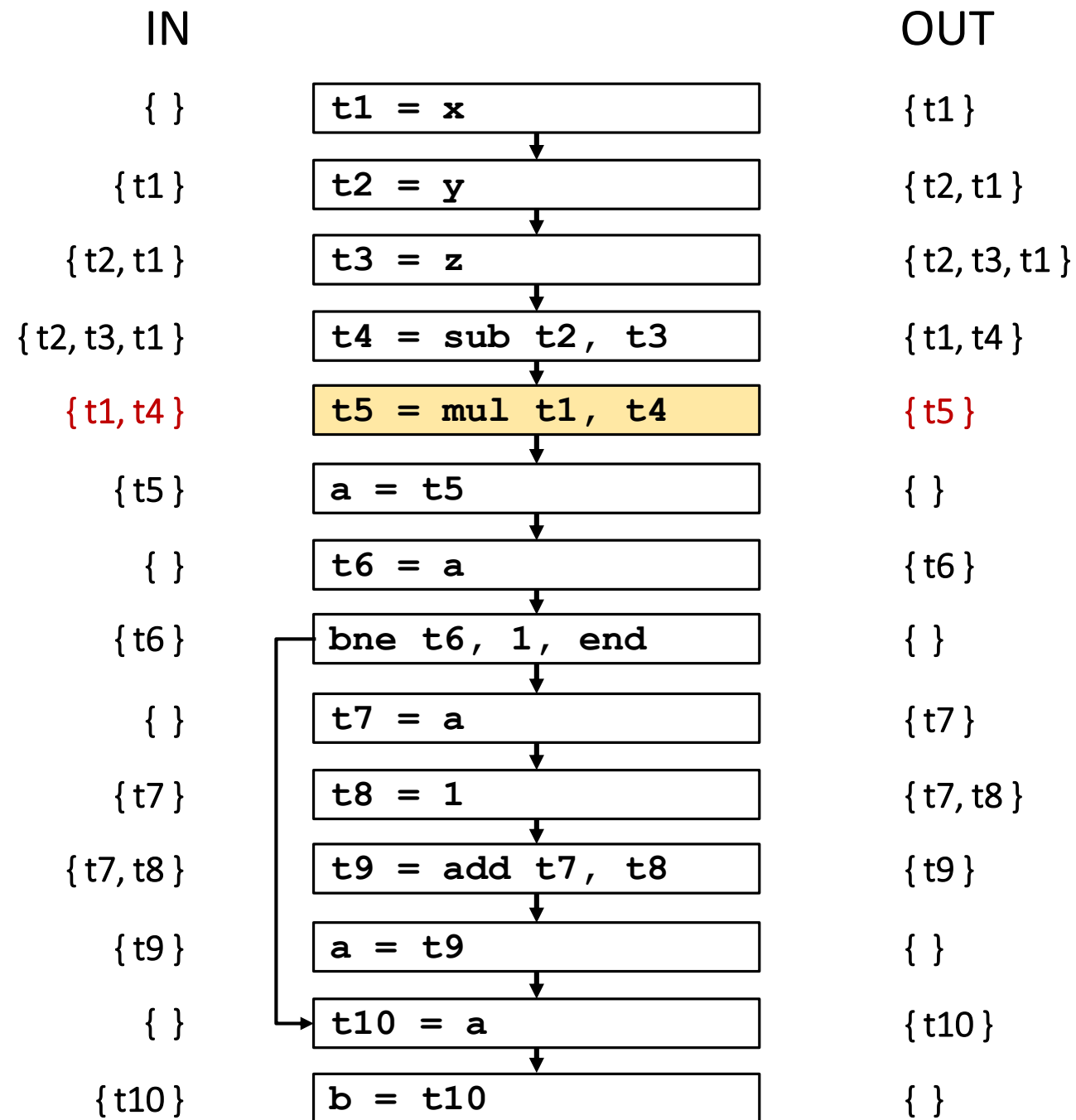


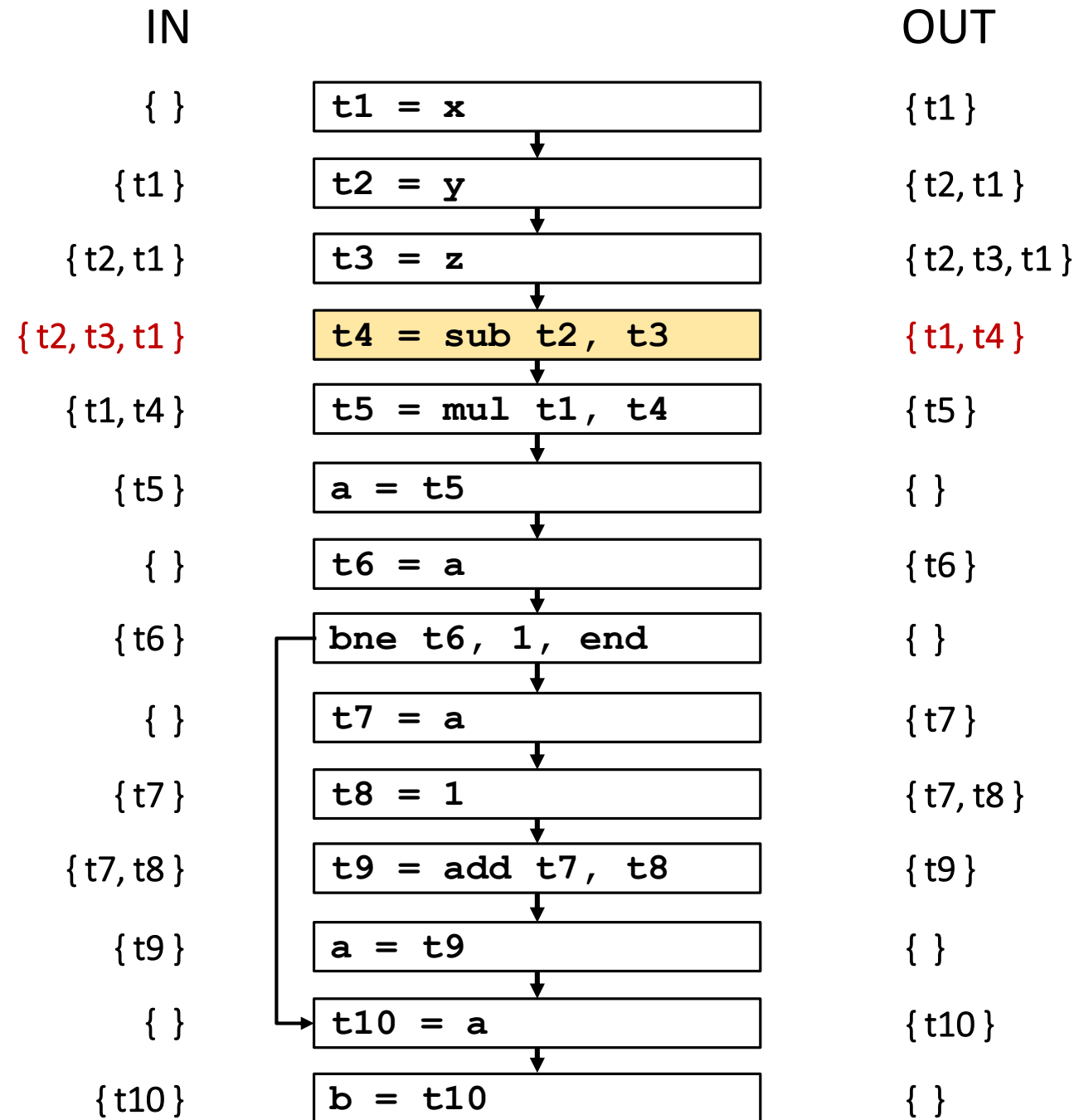


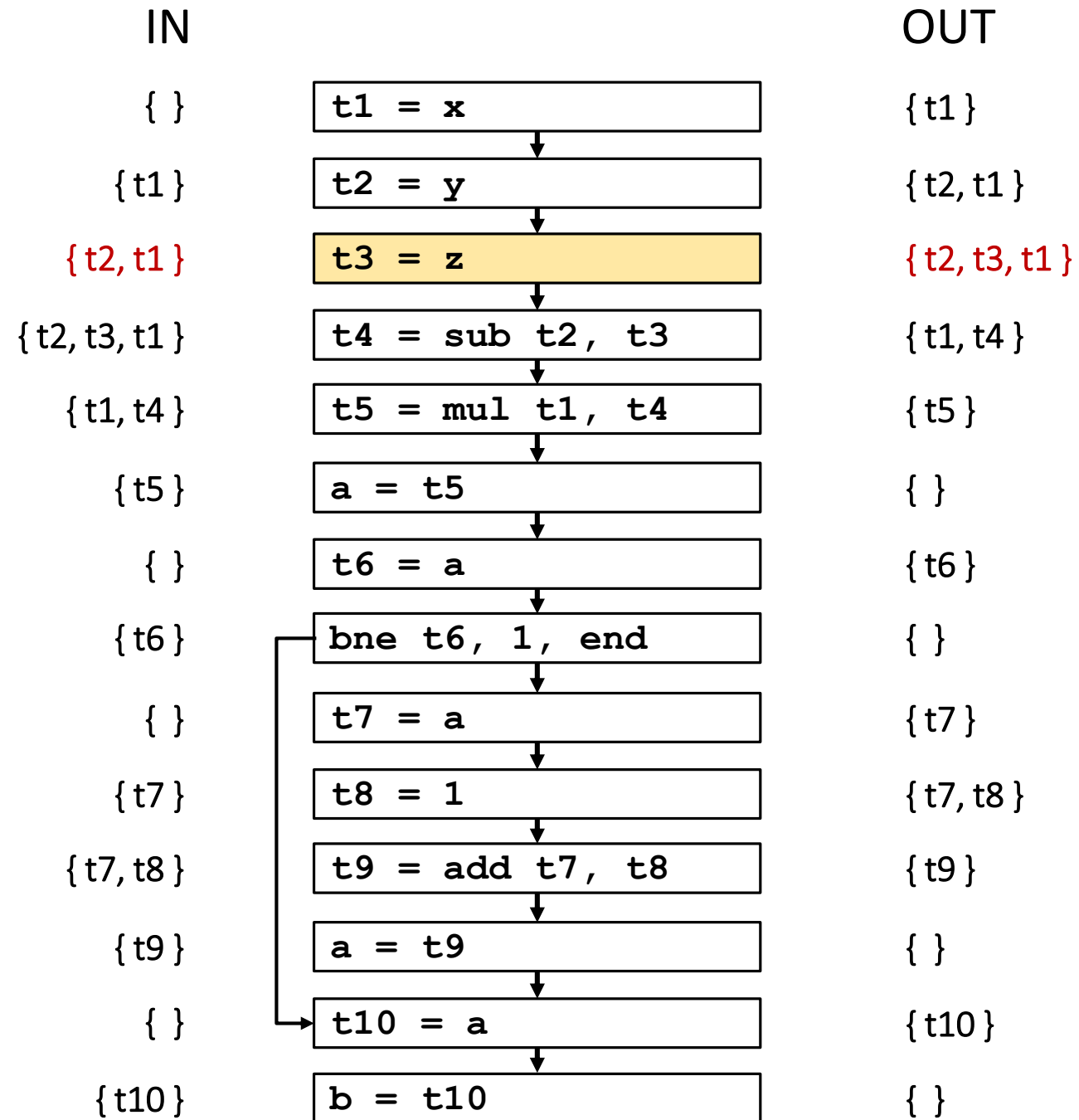


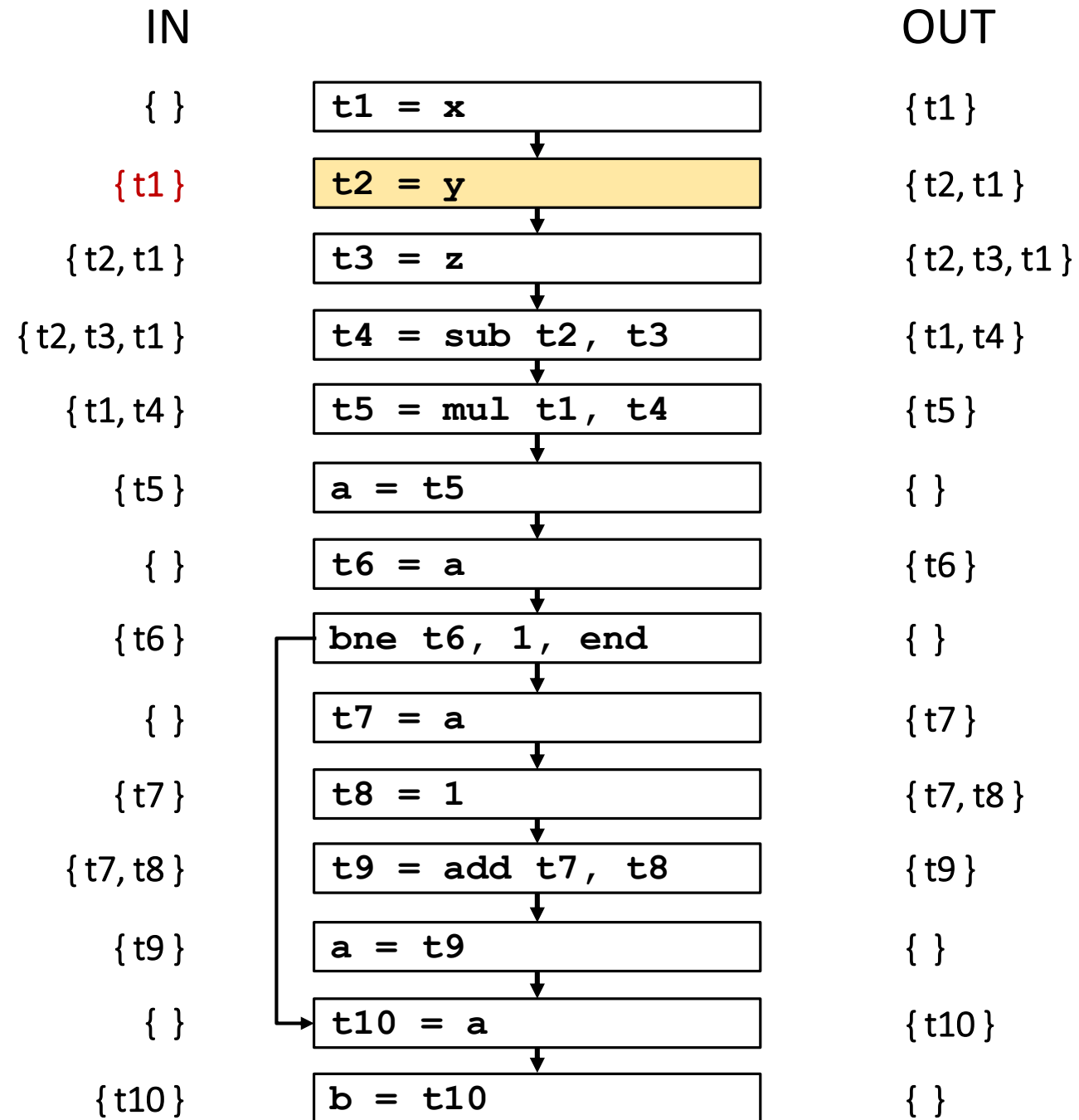






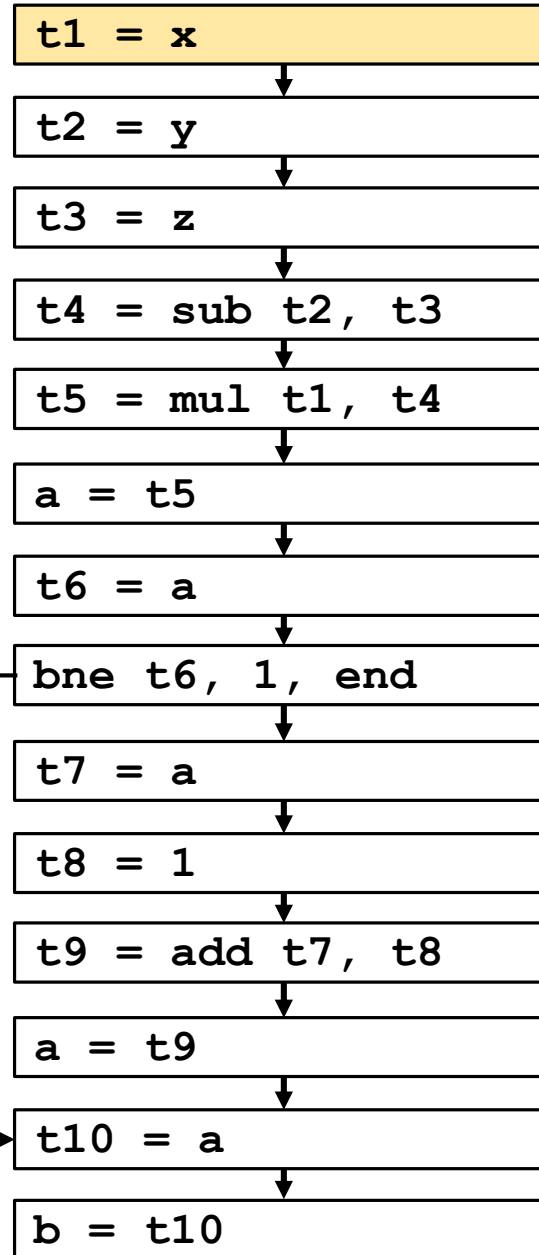






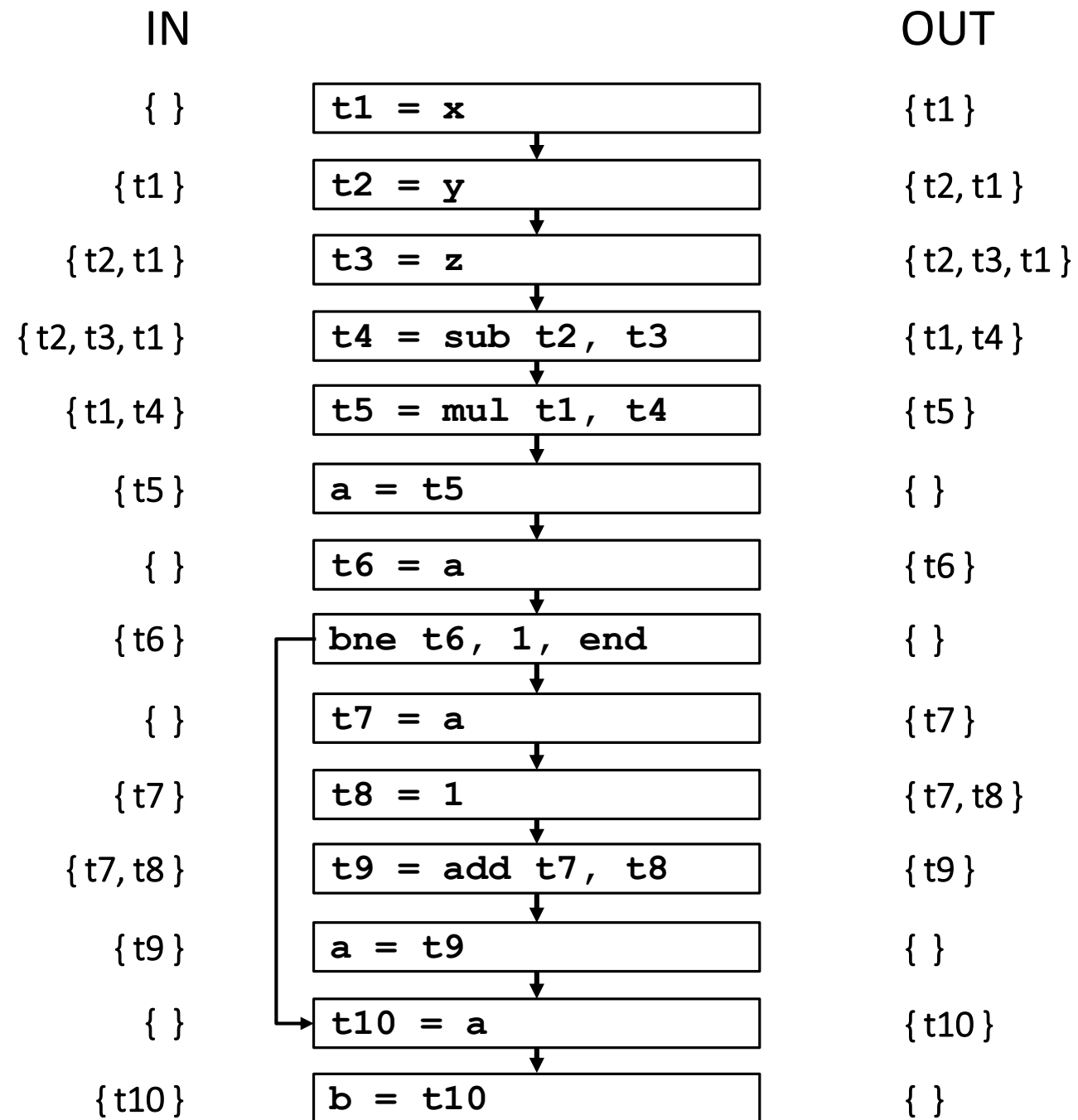
IN

{ }  
{ t1 }  
{ t2, t1 }  
{ t2, t3, t1 }  
{ t1, t4 }  
{ t5 }  
{ }  
{ t6 }  
{ }  
{ t7 }  
{ t7, t8 }  
{ t9 }  
{ }  
{ t10 }



OUT

{ t1 }  
{ t2, t1 }  
{ t2, t3, t1 }  
{ t1, t4 }  
{ t5 }  
{ }  
{ t6 }  
{ }  
{ t7 }  
{ t7, t8 }  
{ t9 }  
{ }  
{ t10 }  
{ }





# Register Allocation

For each function:

- Construct the CFG (from the IR)
- Run liveness analysis
- **Construct the interference graph**
- Compute a *k-coloring* of the graph
- Use the coloring to build the required mapping

# Interference Graph

- Use liveness analysis to construct the **interference graph**
- Create a node for each IR variable ( $t1$ ,  $t2$ , ...)
- If  $t1$  and  $t2$  appear together in one of the liveness sets:
  - Create an edge between  $t1$  and  $t2$

# Interference Graph

{ t1 }

{ t2, t1 }

{ t2, t3, t1 }

{ t1, t4 }

{ t5 }

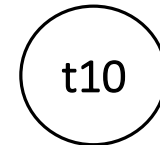
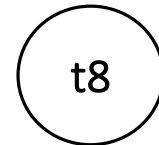
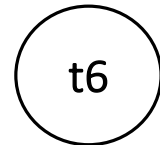
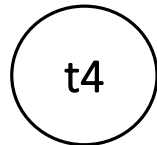
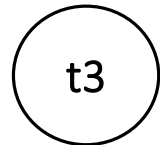
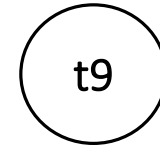
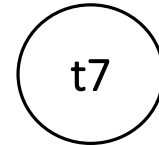
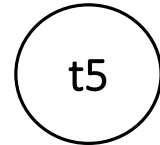
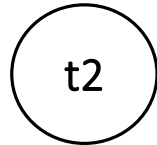
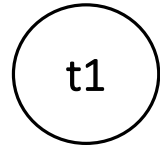
{ t6 }

{ t7 }

{ t7, t8 }

{ t9 }

{ t10 }



# Interference Graph

$\{t1\}$

$\{t2, t1\}$

$\{t2, t3, t1\}$

$\{t1, t4\}$

$\{t5\}$

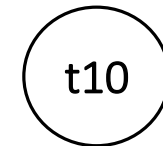
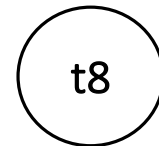
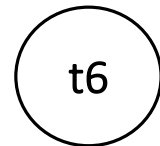
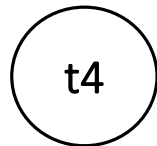
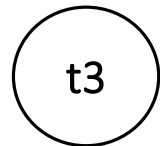
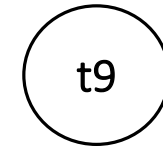
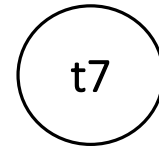
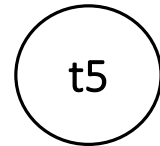
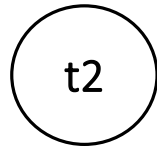
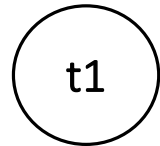
$\{t6\}$

$\{t7\}$

$\{t7, t8\}$

$\{t9\}$

$\{t10\}$



# Interference Graph

{ t1 }

{ t2, t1 }

{ t2, t3, t1 }

{ t1, t4 }

{ t5 }

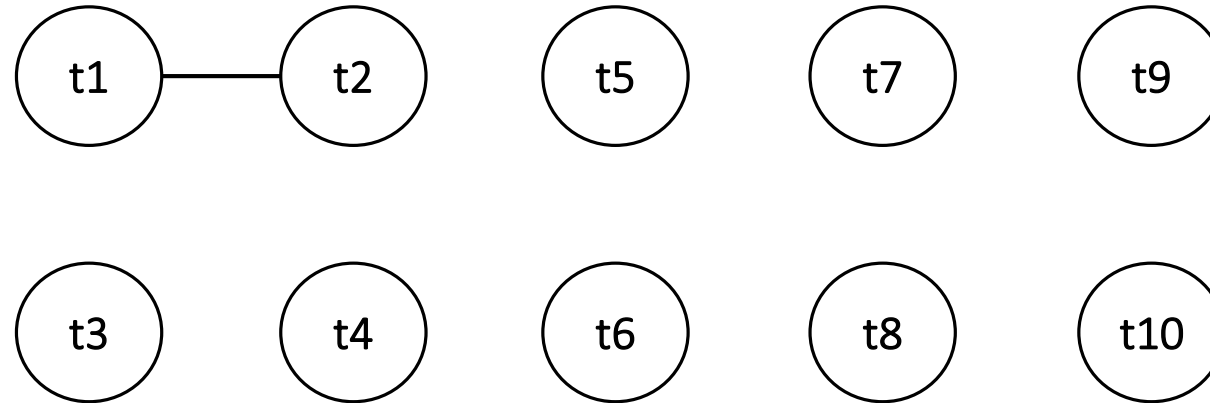
{ t6 }

{ t7 }

{ t7, t8 }

{ t9 }

{ t10 }



# Interference Graph

{ t1 }

{ t2, t1 }

{ t2, t3, t1 }

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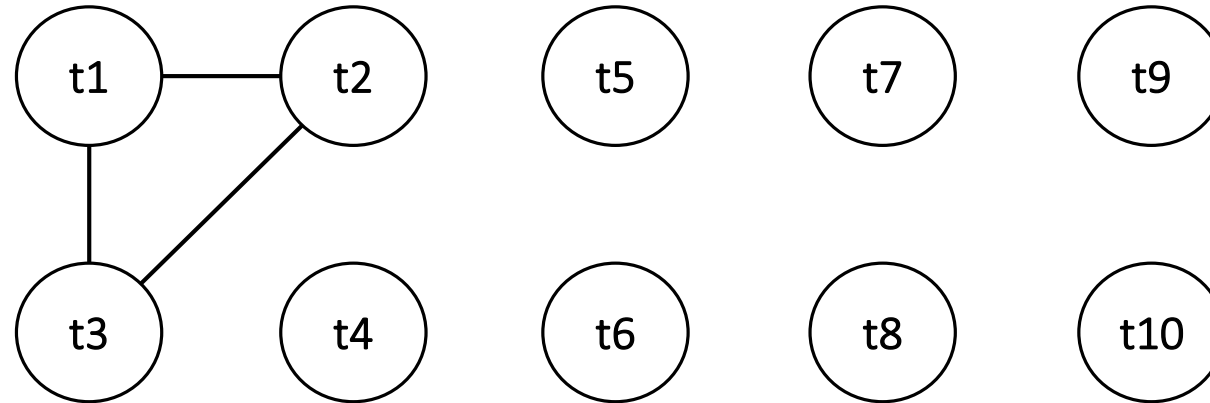
{ t6 }

{ t7 }

{ t7, t8 }

{ t9 }

{ t10 }



# Interference Graph

{ t1 }

{ t2, t1 }

{ t2, t3, t1 }

{ t1, t4 }

{ t5 }

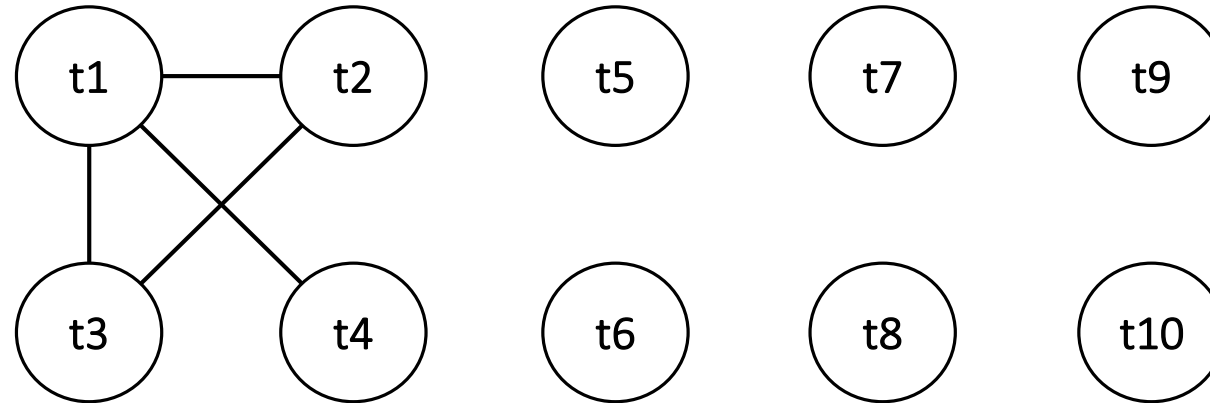
{ t6 }

{ t7 }

{ t7, t8 }

{ t9 }

{ t10 }



# Interference Graph

{ t1 }

{ t2, t1 }

{ t2, t3, t1 }

{ t1, t4 }

{ t5 }

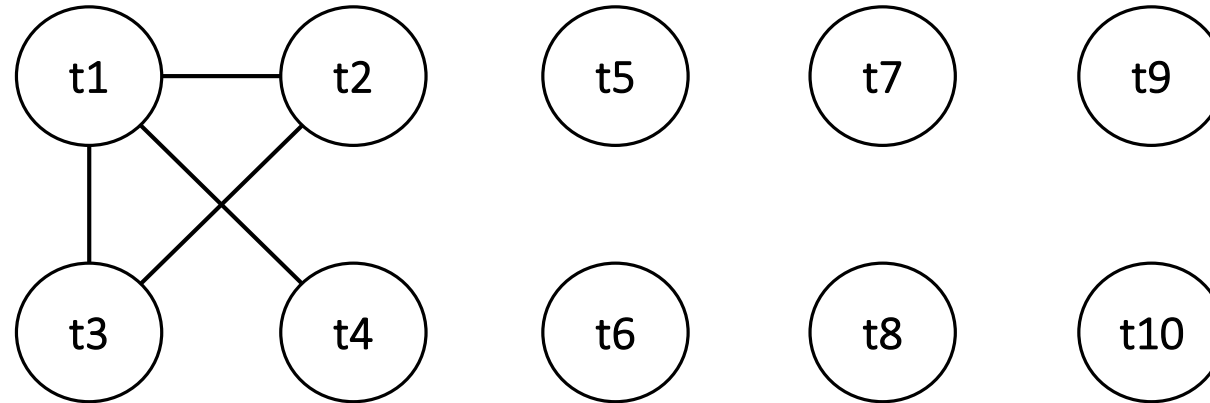
{ t6 }

{ t7 }

{ t7, t8 }

{ t9 }

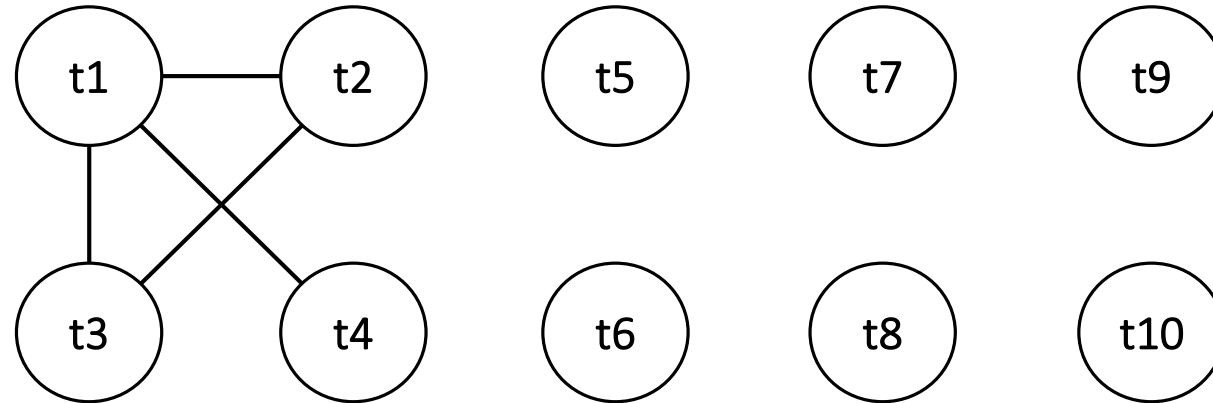
{ t10 }





# Interference Graph

{ t1 }  
{ t2, t1 }  
{ t2, t3, t1 }  
{ t1, t4 }  
{ t5 }  
**{ t6 }**  
{ t7 }  
{ t7, t8 }  
{ t9 }  
{ t10 }



# Interference Graph

{ t1 }

{ t2, t1 }

{ t2, t3, t1 }

{ t1, t4 }

{ t5 }

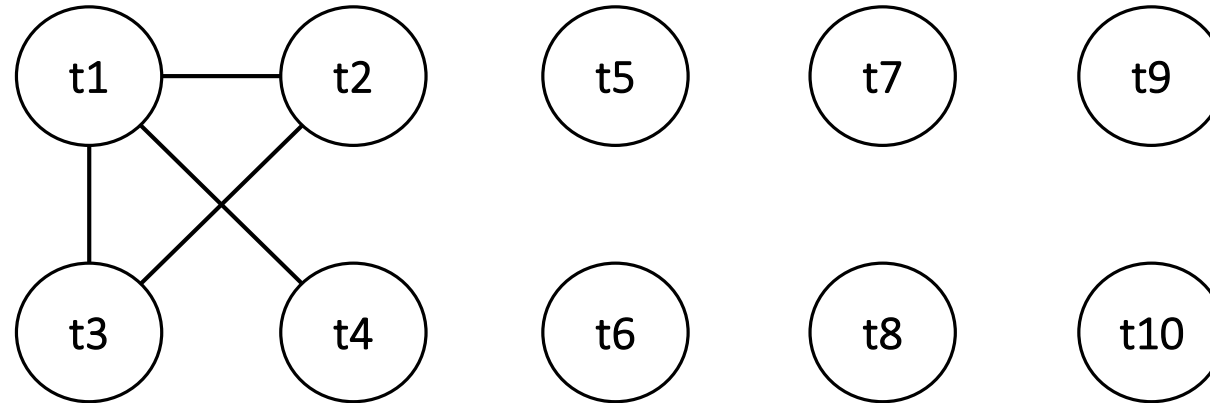
{ t6 }

{ t7 }

{ t7, t8 }

{ t9 }

{ t10 }



# Interference Graph

{ t1 }

{ t2, t1 }

{ t2, t3, t1 }

{ t1, t4 }

{ t5 }

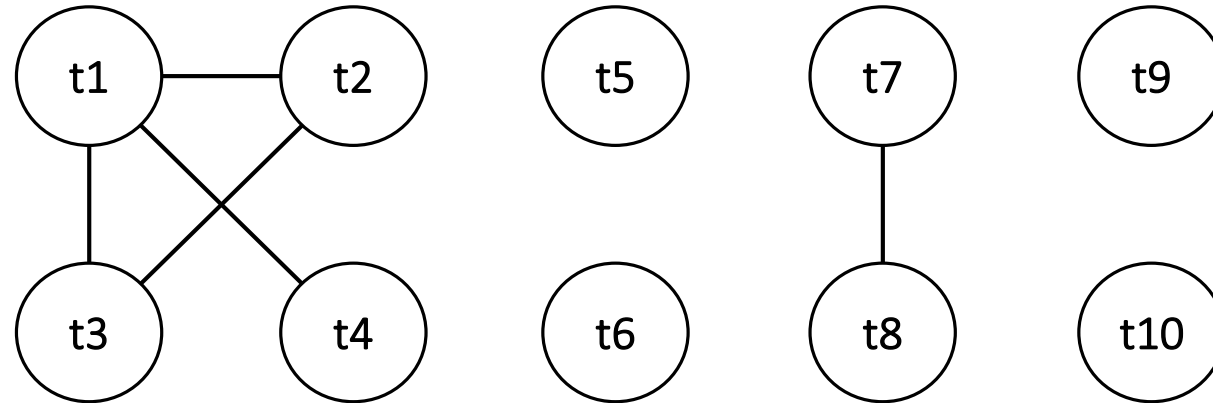
{ t6 }

{ t7 }

{ t7, t8 }

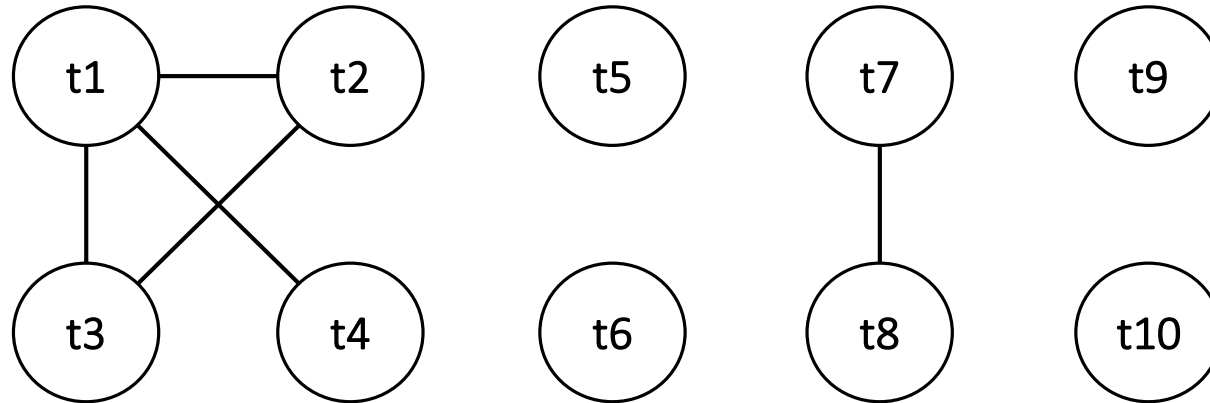
{ t9 }

{ t10 }



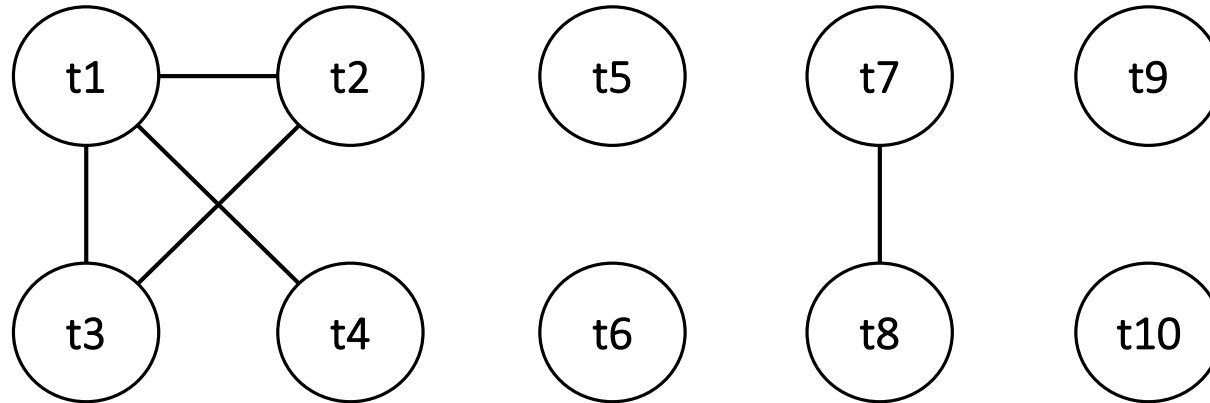
# Interference Graph

{ t1 }  
{ t2, t1 }  
{ t2, t3, t1 }  
{ t1, t4 }  
{ t5 }  
{ t6 }  
{ t7 }  
{ t7, t8 }  
**{ t9 }**  
{ t10 }



# Interference Graph

{ t1 }  
{ t2, t1 }  
{ t2, t3, t1 }  
{ t1, t4 }  
{ t5 }  
{ t6 }  
{ t7 }  
{ t7, t8 }  
{ t9 }  
**{ t10 }**



# Register Allocation

For each function:

- Construct the CFG (from the IR)
- Run liveness analysis
- Construct the interference graph
- **Compute a *k-coloring* of the graph**
- Use the coloring to build the required mapping

# Graph Coloring

- Graph coloring is hard (NP-complete problem)
- We need a heuristic...

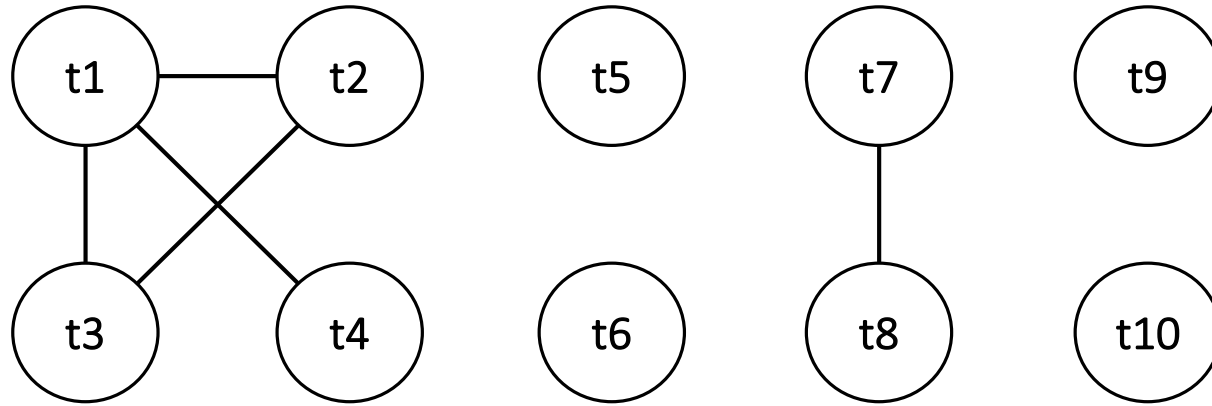
# Graph Coloring

Chaitin's Algorithm for *k-coloring* (simplified):

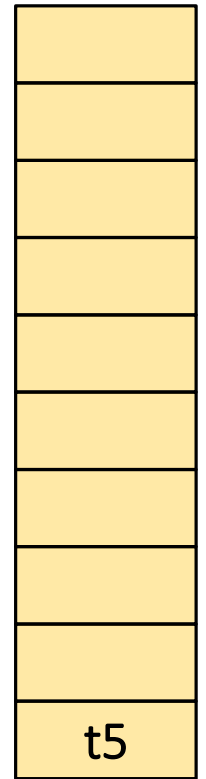
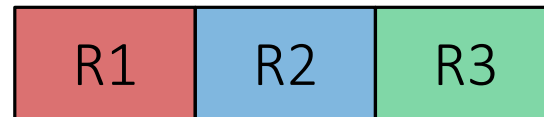
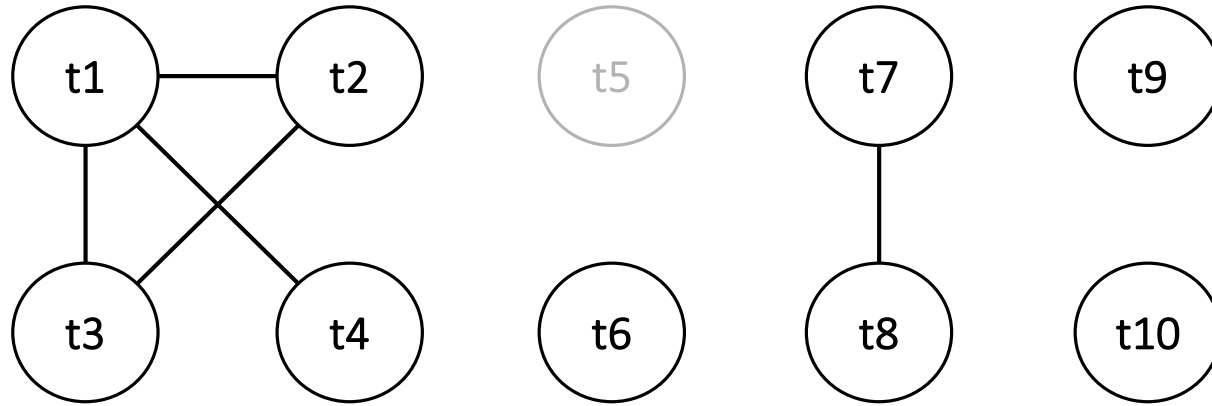
- While there is a node with less than  $k$  neighbors:
  - Remove it and its edges from the graph
  - Push it on the stack
- If the entire graph was removed, then it's  $k$ -colorable
- While the stack is not empty:
  - Pop a node from the stack and assign it a color



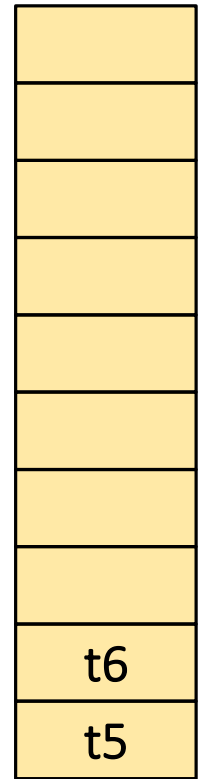
# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



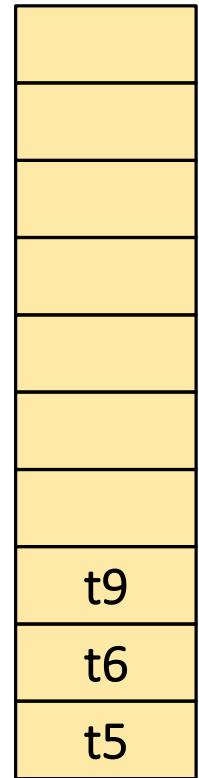
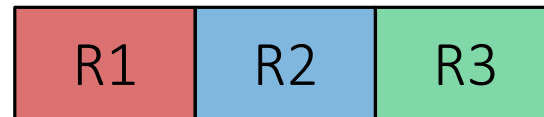
# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



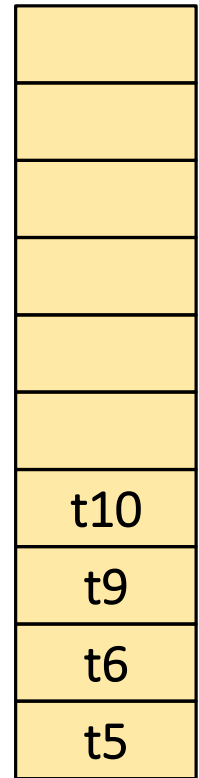
# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



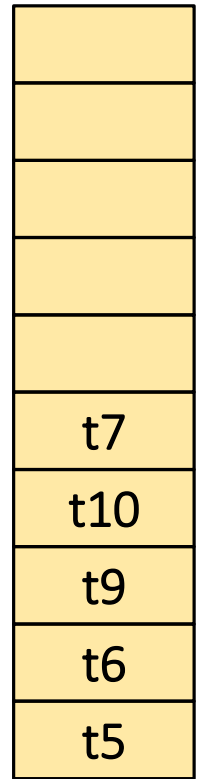
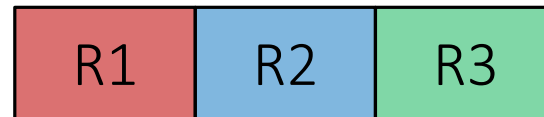
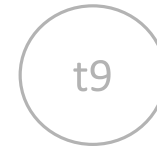
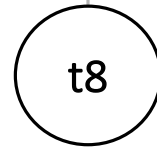
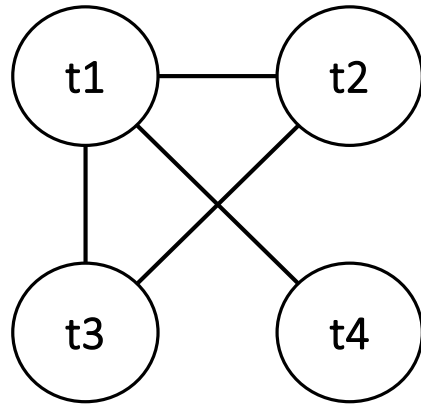
# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



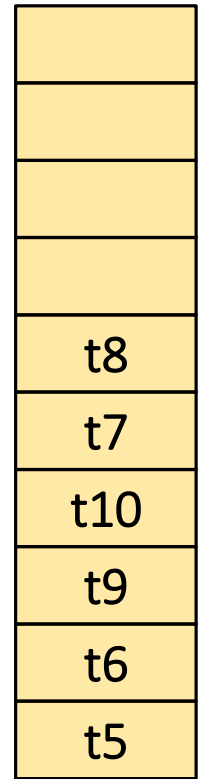
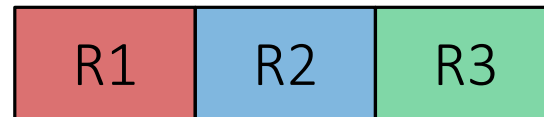
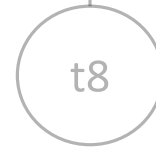
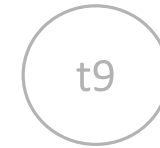
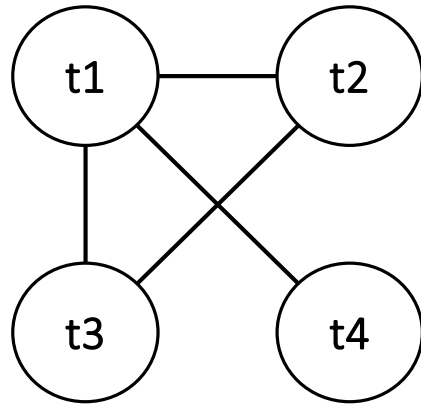
# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



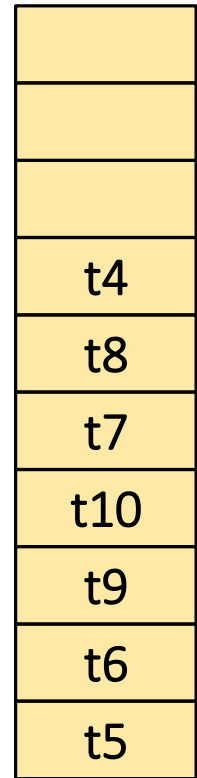
# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



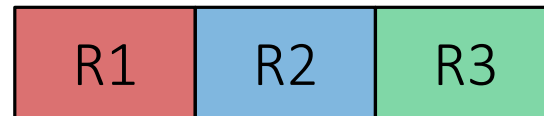


# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



t1
t4
t8
t7
t10
t9
t6
t5

# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



t2
t1
t4
t8
t7
t10
t9
t6
t5

# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



$t3$
$t2$
$t1$
$t4$
$t8$
$t7$
$t10$
$t9$
$t6$
$t5$

# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )

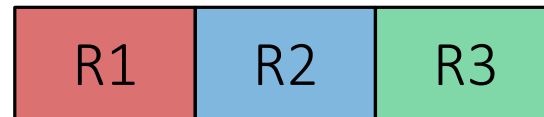
Pop nodes and assign colors...

# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



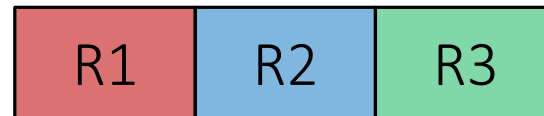
$t_3$
$t_2$
$t_1$
$t_4$
$t_8$
$t_7$
$t_{10}$
$t_9$
$t_6$
$t_5$

# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



$t_2$
$t_1$
$t_4$
$t_8$
$t_7$
$t_{10}$
$t_9$
$t_6$
$t_5$

# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



t2
t1
t4
t8
t7
t10
t9
t6
t5

# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



t1
t4
t8
t7
t10
t9
t6
t5

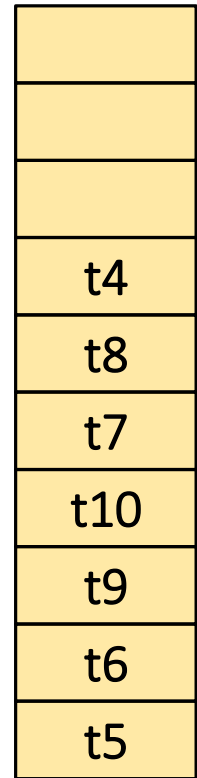
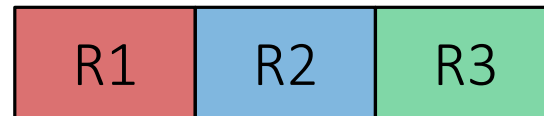


# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )

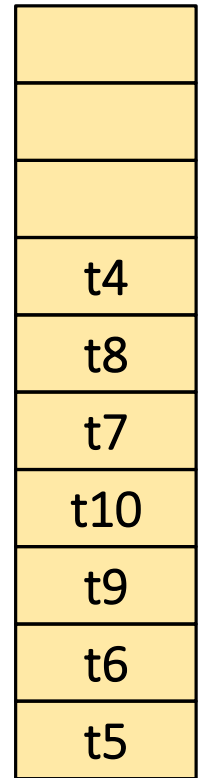


t1
t4
t8
t7
t10
t9
t6
t5

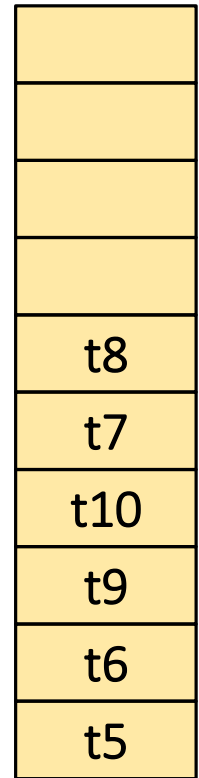
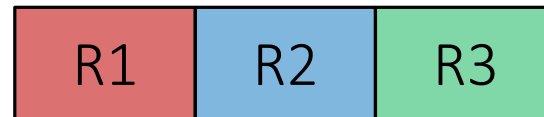
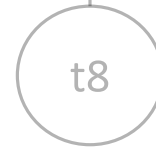
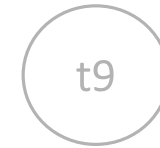
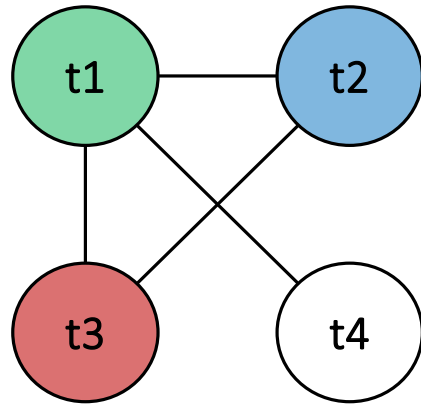
# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



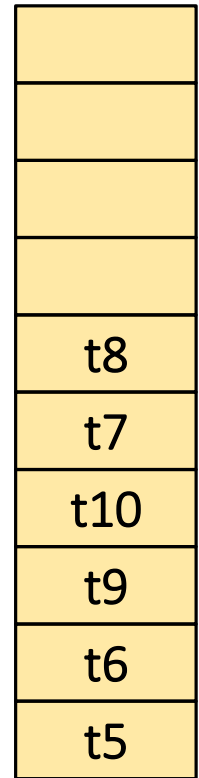
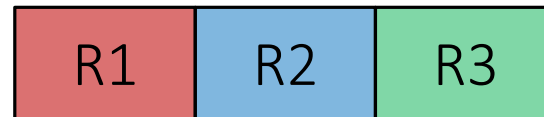
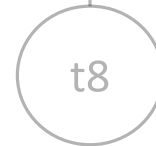
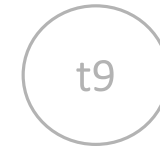
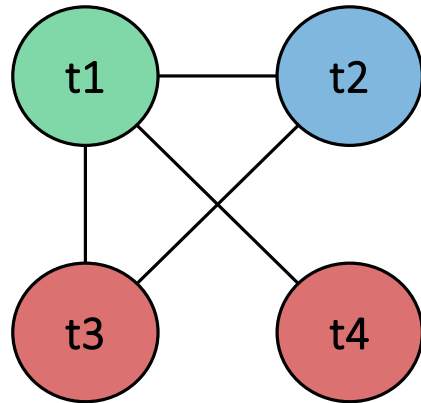
# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



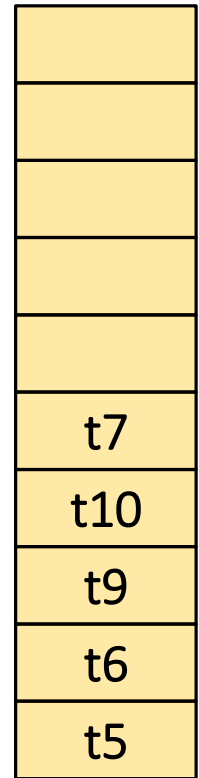
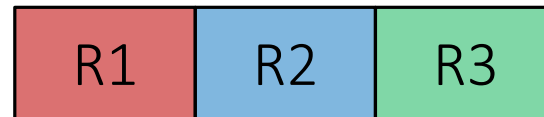
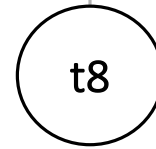
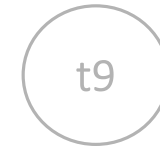
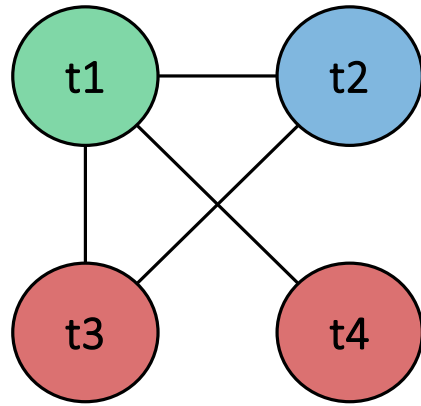
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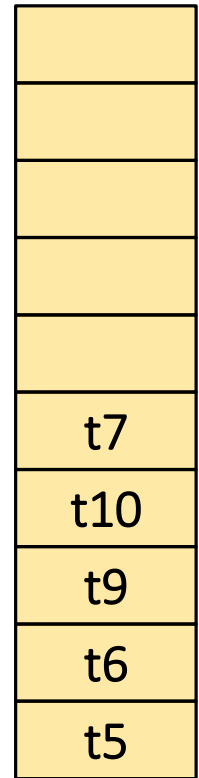
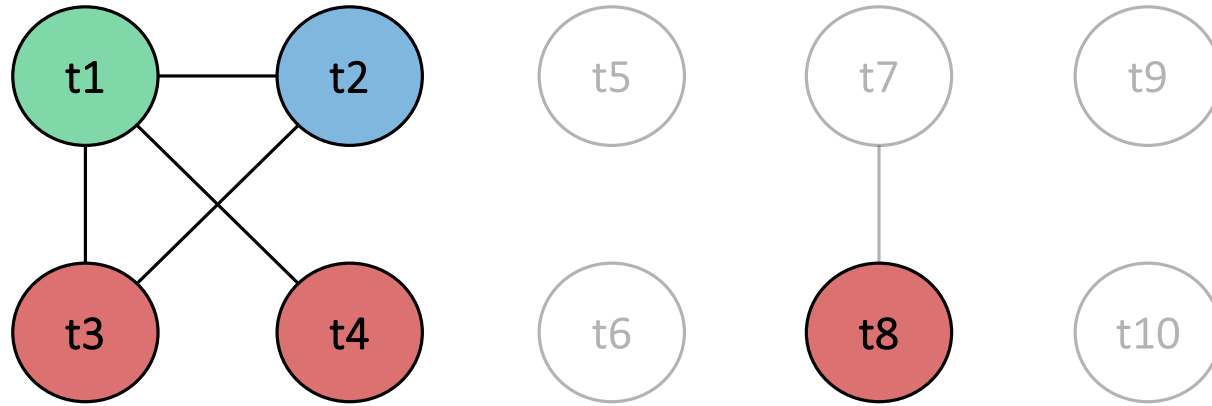
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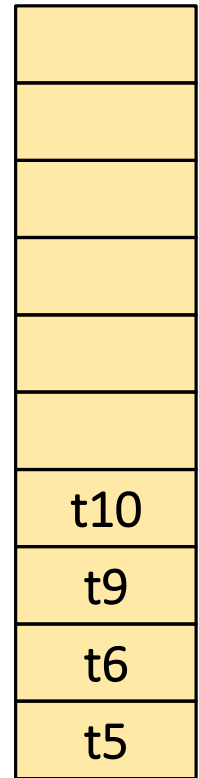
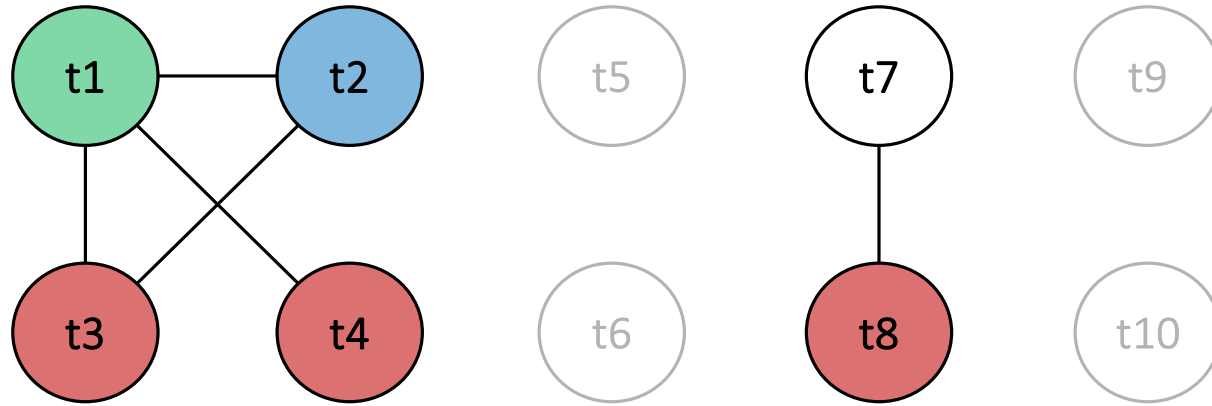
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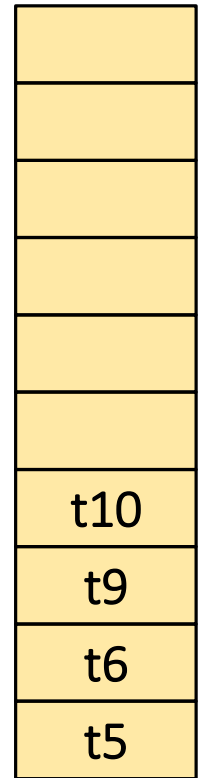
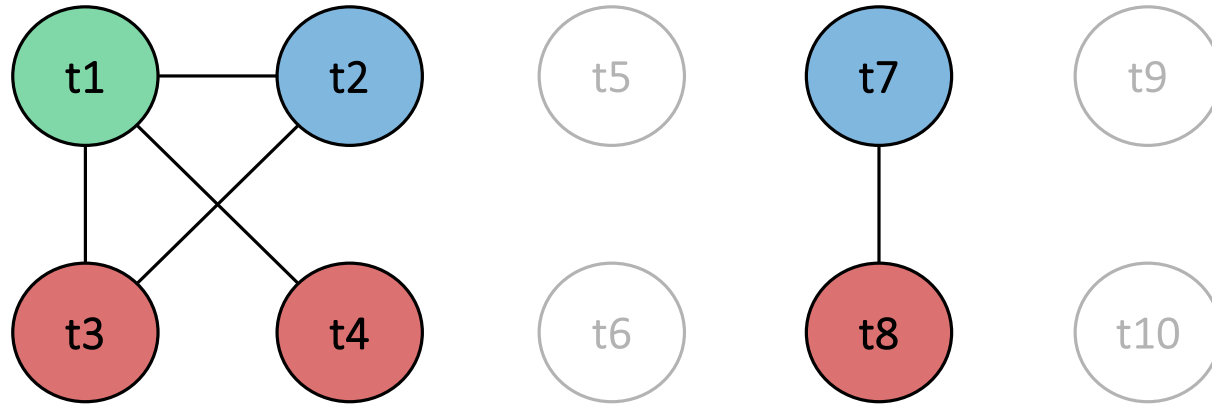


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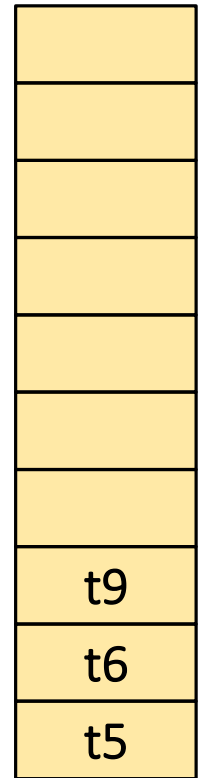
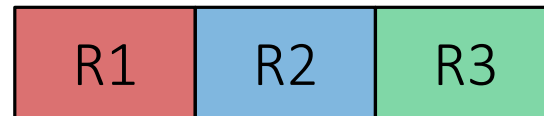
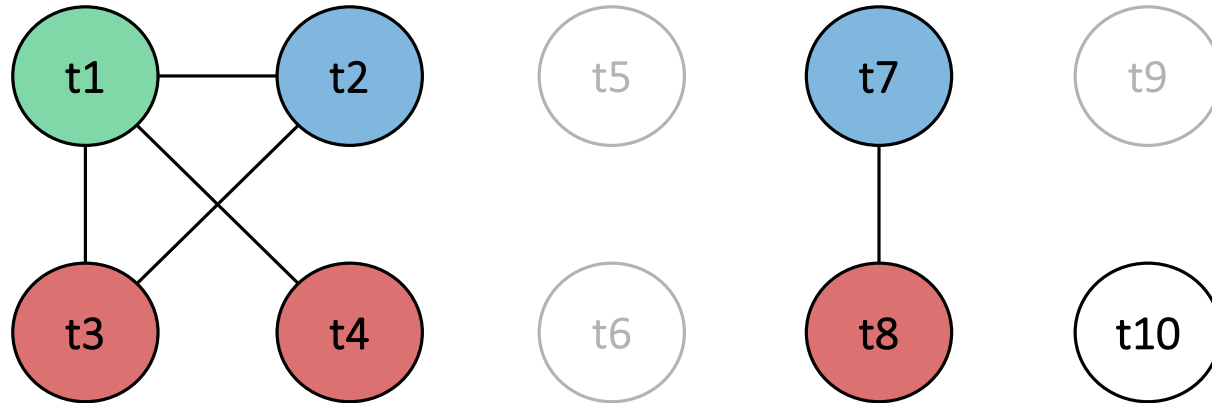




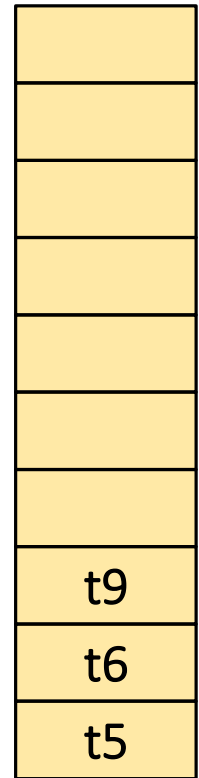
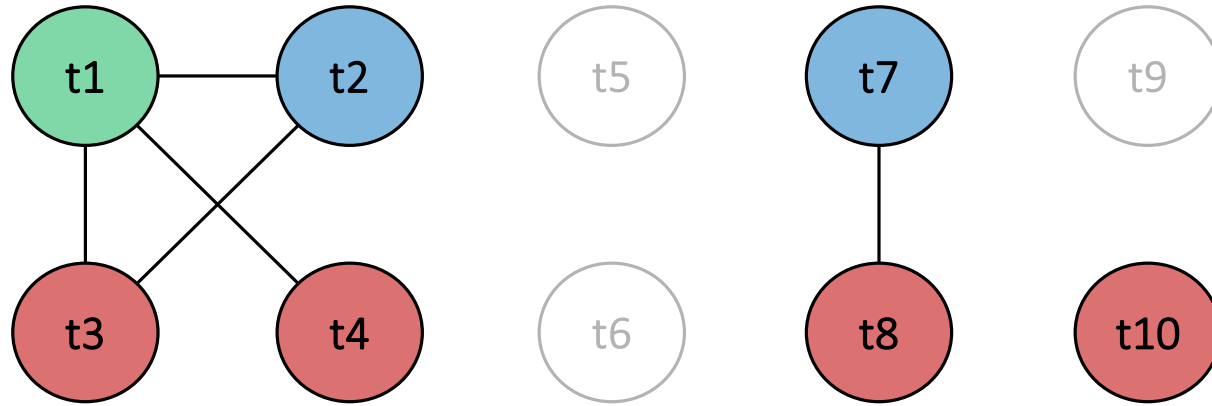
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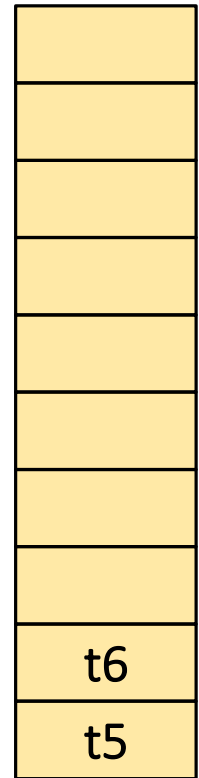
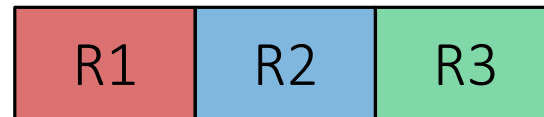
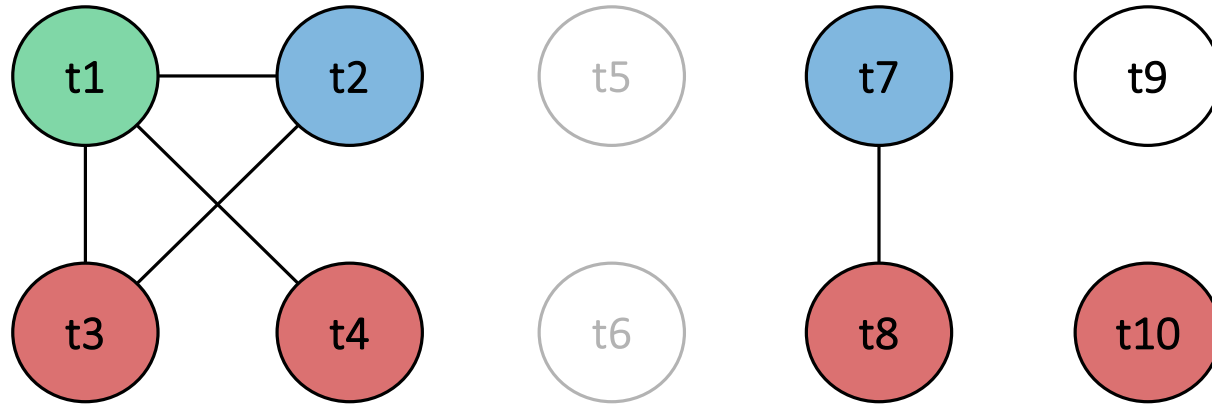
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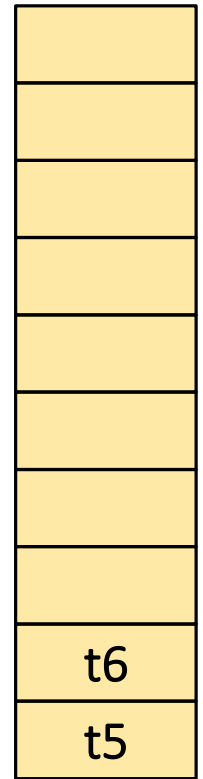
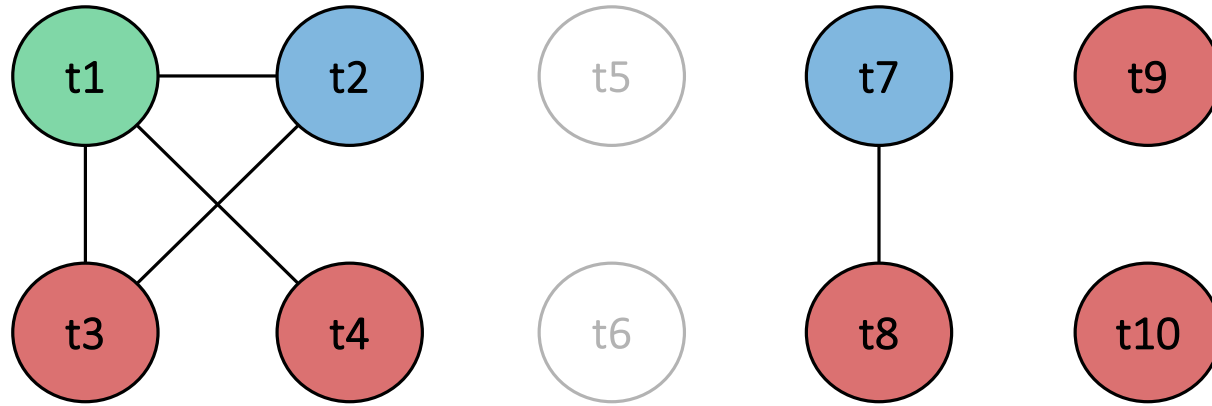
# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



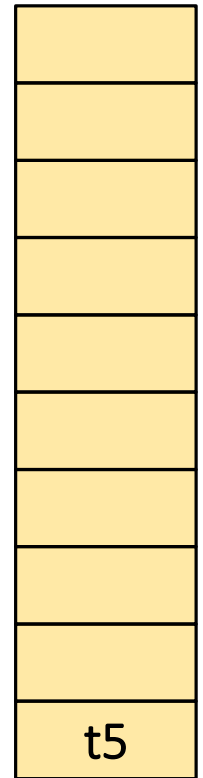
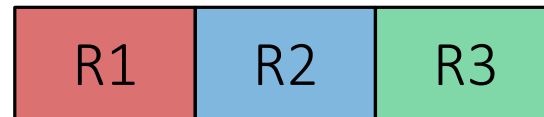
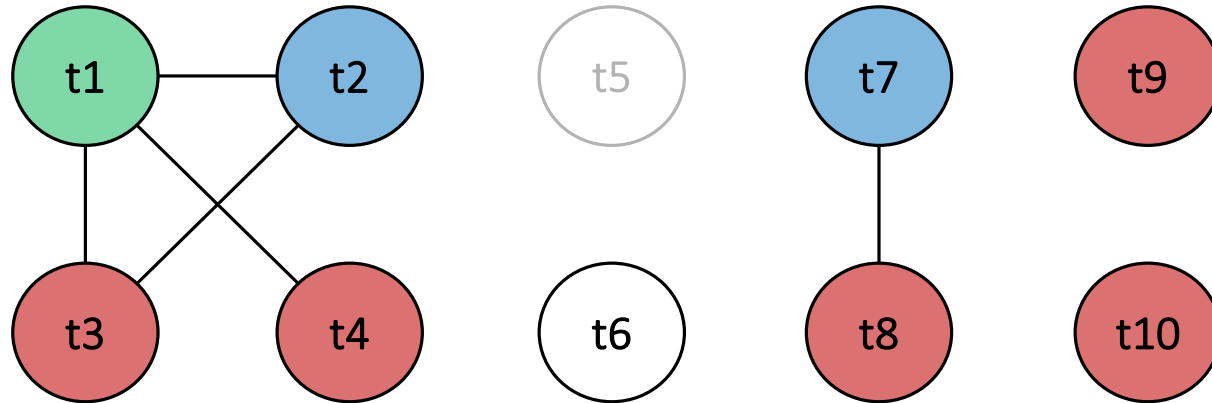
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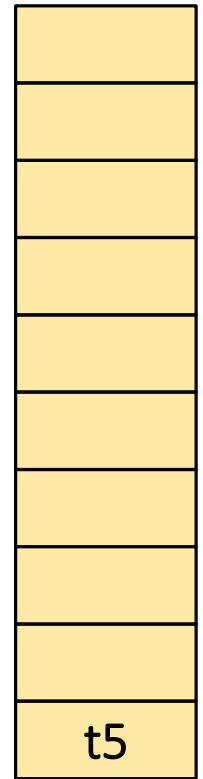
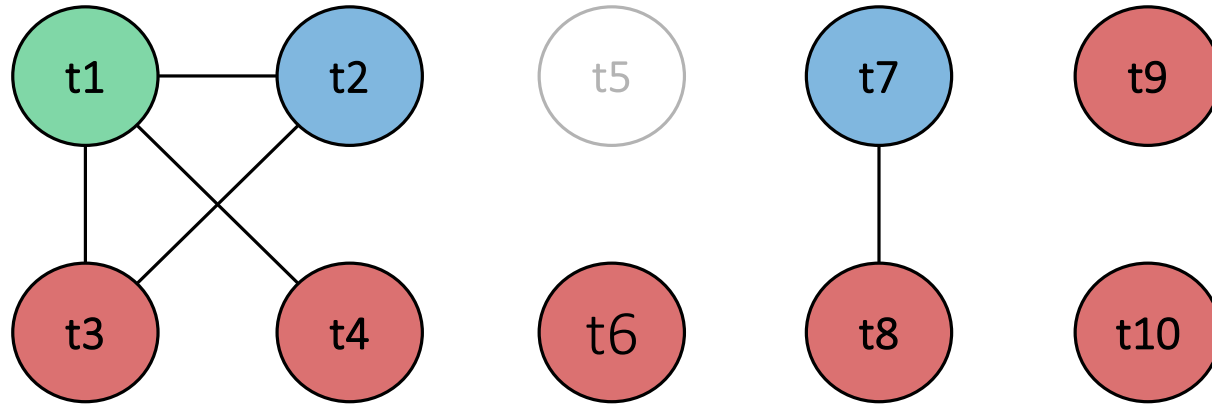
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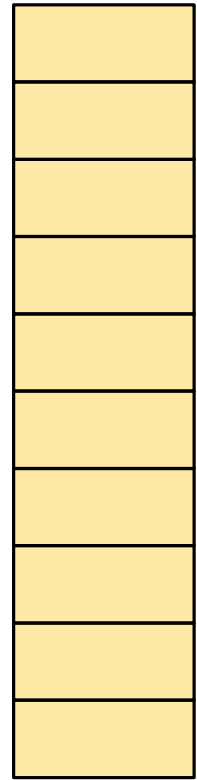
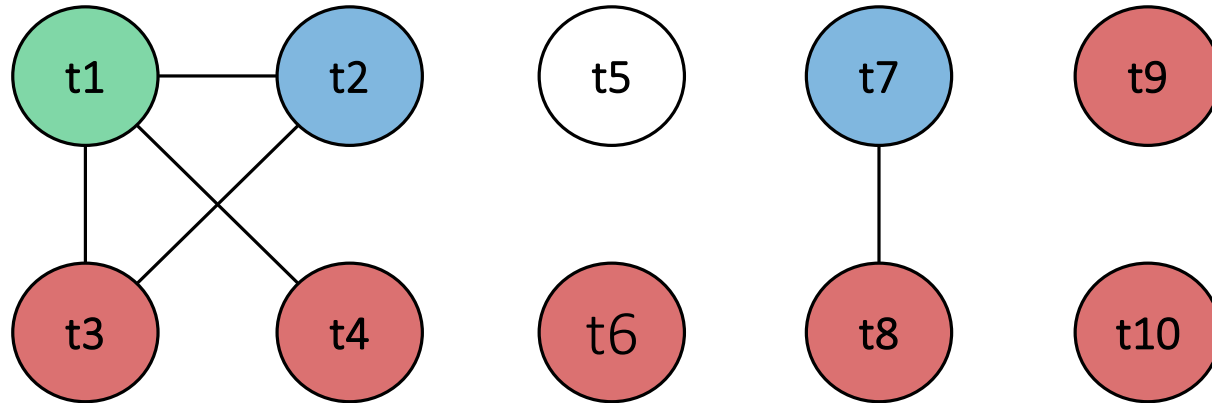
# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



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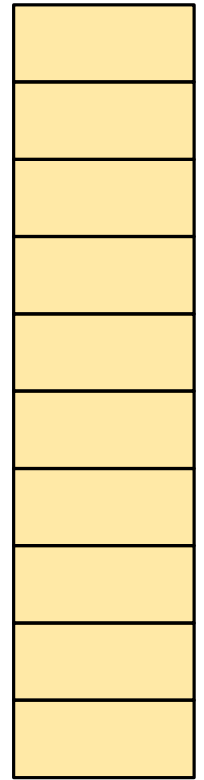
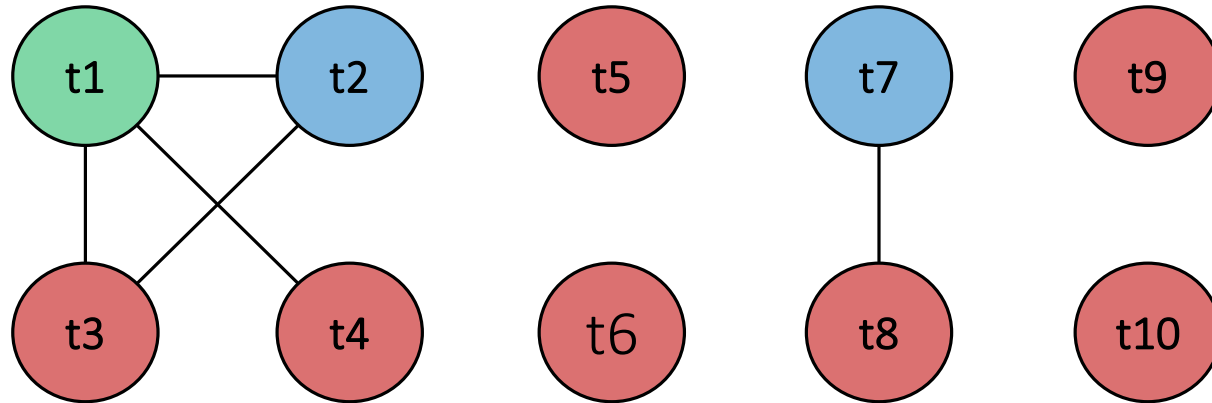


# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )





# Graph Coloring ( $k = 3$ )



# Register Allocation

For each function:

- Construct the CFG (from the IR)
- Run liveness analysis
- Construct the interference graph
- Compute a *k-coloring* of the graph
- **Use the coloring to build the required mapping**

# Register allocation

According to the coloring, our register allocation is:

IR Register	Color	MIPS Register
t1	R3	t2
t2	R2	t1
t3	R1	t0
t4	R1	t0
t5	R1	t0
t6	R1	t0
t7	R2	t1
t8	R1	t0
t9	R1	t0
t10	R1	t0

# Register allocation

```
t1 = x
t2 = y
t3 = z
t4 = sub t2, t3
t5 = mul t1, t4
a = t5
t6 = a
bne t6, 1, end
t7 = a
t8 = 1
t9 = add t7, t8
a = t9
end:
t10 = a
b = t10
```

IR Register	MIPS Register
t1	t2
t2	t1
t3	t0
t4	t0
t5	t0
t6	t0
t7	t1
t8	t0
t9	t0
t10	t0

```
lw $t1, 8($fp)
lw $t2, 12($fp)
lw $t3, 16($fp)
sub $t4, $t1, $t0
mul $t5, $t2, $t0
sw $t5, -44($fp)
lw $t6, -44($fp)
bne $t6, 1, end
lw $t7, -44($fp)
li $t8, 1
add $t9, $t1, $t0
sw $t9, -44($fp)
end:
lw $t10, -44($fp)
sw $t10, -48($fp)
```

# Register allocation

```
t1 = x
t2 = y
t3 = z
t4 = sub t2, t3
t5 = mul t1, t4
a = t5
t6 = a
bne t6, 1, end
t7 = a
t8 = 1
t9 = add t7, t8
a = t9
end:
t10 = a
b = t10
```

IR Register	MIPS Register
t1	t2
t2	t1
t3	t0
t4	t0
t5	t0
t6	t0
t7	t1
t8	t0
t9	t0
t10	t0

```
lw $t2, 8($fp)
lw $t1, 12($fp)
lw $t0, 16($fp)
sub $t0, $t1, $t0
mul $t0, $t2, $t0
sw $t0, -44($fp)
lw $t0, -44($fp)
bne $t0, 1, end
lw $t1, -44($fp)
li $t0, 1
add $t0, $t1, $t0
sw $t0, -44($fp)
end:
lw $t0, -44($fp)
sw $t0, -48($fp)
```