Problem 1

a: From the pmf given, we have

$$0.2 + 0.4 + a + 0.1 + 0.1 = 1$$

 $a = 0.2$

b: The expectation of X is

$$E[X] = \sum xp(x)$$
= -2 * 0.2 + (-1) * 0.4 + 0 * a + 1 * 0.1 + 2 * 0.1
= -0.5

, while the varience of X is

$$Var[X] = E[X^{2}] - (E[X])^{2}$$

$$= 4 * (0.2 + 0.1) + 1 * (0.4 + 0.1) + a * 0 - (0.4)^{2}$$

$$= 1.45$$

c: The sample space of X given A is $\{-2, -1\}$ (omit the event "otherwise" with probability 0), and the probability of these events are

$$p_{X|A}(X = -2) = \frac{0.2}{0.2 + 0.4} = \frac{1}{3}$$

 $p_{X|A}(X = -1) = \frac{0.4}{0.2 + 0.4} = \frac{2}{3}$

 \mathbf{d}

$$E[X|A] = \sum x p_{X|A}(x)$$

$$= (-2) * \frac{1}{3} + (-1) * \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$Var[X|A] = E[X^{2}] - (E[X])^{2}$$

$$= \sum x^{2} p_{X|A}(x) - (E[X])^{2}$$

$$= 4 * \frac{1}{3} + 1 * \frac{2}{3} - (-\frac{4}{3})^{2} = \frac{2}{9}$$

e The sample space of Y is $\{-1, 1, 3, 5, 7\}$ (omit the event "otherwise" with probability being 0), and the probability of these events are 0.2, 0.4, 0.2, 0.1, 0.1 respectively.

Problem 2

a: The pmfs of Transmitter 1 and 2 are

$$P_1(x) = \frac{1}{3} * (\frac{2}{3})^{x-1}$$

$$P_2(x) = \frac{1}{2} * (\frac{1}{2})^{x-1},$$

where $x \in N^+$.

From the problem, we have $P(x) = 0.7 * P_1(x) + 0.3 * P_2(x)$, thus the pmf of X is

$$P(X) = 0.7 * \frac{1}{3} * (\frac{2}{3})^{x-1} + 0.3 * \frac{1}{2} * (\frac{1}{2})^{x-1}, \quad X \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

b:

$$E[X] = \sum_{1}^{+\infty} xP(x)$$

$$= \sum_{1}^{+\infty} x(0.7 * P_1(x) + 0.3 * P_2(x))$$

$$= 0.7 * \sum_{1}^{+\infty} xP_1(x) + 0.3 * \sum_{1}^{+\infty} xP_2(x)$$

$$= 0.7 * 3 + 0.3 * 2$$

$$= 2.7$$

c: Theorem 1: The expectation of X^2 is $\frac{2-p}{p^2}$, where X is a geometric random variable ranging from 1 to infinity with mean $\frac{1}{p}$.

Proof:

$$E[X^{2}] = Var[X] + (E[X])^{2}$$

$$= \frac{1-p}{p^{2}} + (\frac{1}{p})^{2}$$

$$= \frac{2-p}{p^{2}}$$

So, the varience of X is

$$Var[X] = E[X^{2}] - (E[X])^{2}$$

$$= \sum_{1}^{+\infty} x^{2} P(x) - (E[X])^{2}$$

$$= \sum_{1}^{+\infty} x^{2} (0.7 * P_{1}(x) + 0.3 * P_{2}(x)) - (E[X])^{2}$$

$$= 0.7 * \sum_{1}^{+\infty} x^{2} P_{1}(x) + 0.3 \sum_{1}^{+\infty} x^{2} P_{2}(x) - (E[X])^{2}$$

$$= 0.7 * 15 + 0.3 * 6 - 2.7^{2}$$

$$= 5.01$$

Problem 3

a: The pdf should satisfy the constraint that $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x) dx = 1$, in this case

$$\int_0^1 cx(2+x)dx = 1$$
$$c(1+\frac{1}{3}) = 1$$
$$c = \frac{3}{4}$$

b: The cdf of X is

$$F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} f(t)dt$$
$$= \int_{0}^{x} \frac{3}{4}t(2+t)dt$$
$$= \frac{3}{4}x^{2} + \frac{1}{4}x^{3}$$

for $x \in [0,1]$, and for all x < 0, F(x) = 0, and all x > 1, F(x) = 1. In conclusion, the cdf is

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0\\ \frac{3}{4}x^2 + \frac{1}{4}x^3 & x \in [0, 1]\\ 1 & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

 \mathbf{c} : The expectation of X is

$$E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x f(x) dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} x * \frac{3}{4} x (2 + x) dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} (\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{4})$$

$$= \frac{11}{16},$$

and the varience is

$$Var[X] = E[X^{2}] - (E[X])^{2}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \frac{3}{4}x^{2} * x(2+x)dx - (\frac{11}{16})^{2}$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} * (\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{2}) - \frac{11}{16}^{2}$$

$$= 0.0523.$$

 \mathbf{d} : The probability of event A is given by

$$P(A) = F(0.8) - F(0.4)$$

$$= \frac{3}{4}(0.8^2 - 0.4^2) + \frac{1}{4}(0.8^3 - 0.4^3)$$

$$= \frac{59}{125}$$

e: The conditional pdf(denoted by $f_{X|A}$) will be

$$f_{X|A}(x|A) = \frac{d}{dx} F_{X|A}(x)$$

$$= \lim_{\epsilon \to 0} P(X \in [x, x + \epsilon]|A)$$

$$= \lim_{\epsilon \to 0} P(X \in [x, x + \epsilon]) / P(A)$$

$$= f(x) / P(A)$$

$$= \frac{375}{236} x(2 + x),$$

for $x \in (0.4, 0.8)$, otherwise $f_{X|A}(x|A) = 0$. Thus, the conditional expectation is

$$E[X|A] = \int_{0.4}^{0.8} x f_{X|A}(x) dx$$

$$= \frac{375}{236} \int_{0.4}^{0.8} x * x(2+x) dx$$

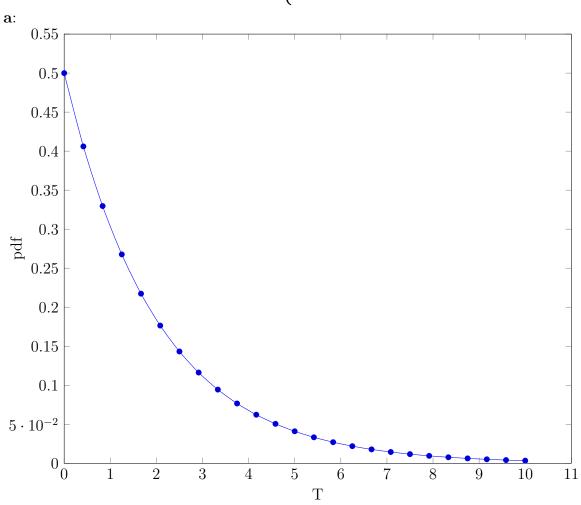
$$= \frac{375}{236} * \frac{148}{375}$$

$$= 0.6271$$

Problem 4

The pdf of T is

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 0.5e^{-0.5t} & x \ge 0\\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$



b: The expectation of T is

$$E[T] = \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{1}{2} t e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} dt$$

$$= 2 \int_0^{+\infty} u e^{-u} du, \quad (let \ u = \frac{1}{2}t)$$

$$= 2 \int_0^{+\infty} -u de^{-u}$$

$$= 2(-ue^{-u}|_0^{+\infty} + \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-u} du)$$

$$= 2$$

c: The probability of the waiting time being less than 2 mins is given by

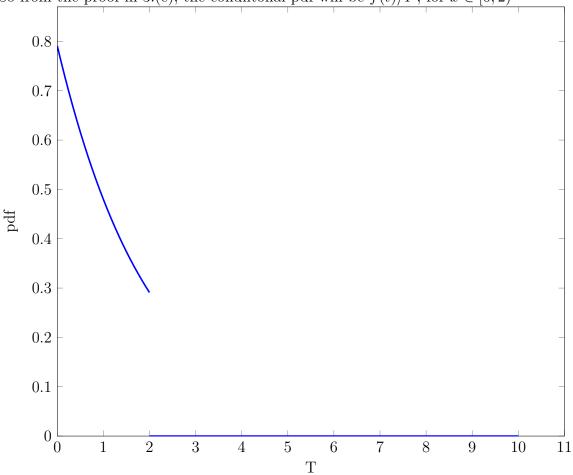
$$P = \int_{0}^{2} f(t)dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{2} \frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} e^{-u} du, \quad (same as 4.(b))$$

$$= 1 - e^{-1}$$

So from the proof in 3.(e), the conditional pdf will be f(t)/P, for $x \in [0,2)$



d: The conditional probability is

$$E[T \mid A] = \int_0^2 t f(t \mid A) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 - 2e^{-1}} \int_0^2 t e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} dt$$

$$= \frac{2}{1 - e^{-1}} \int_0^1 u e^{-u} du$$

$$= \frac{2}{1 - e^{-1}} (-u - 1) e^{-u} \Big|_0^1$$

$$= \frac{2e - 4}{e^{-1}}$$

e: The probability that waiting time exceeds 4 minutes is

$$P(T > 4) = \int_{4}^{+\infty} f(t)dt$$
$$= \int_{4}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{2}e^{-\frac{1}{2}t}dt$$
$$= \int_{2}^{+\infty} e^{-u}du$$
$$= e^{-2}$$

f: From the memoryless property of the exponential distributuion, we have

$$P(T \ge 5 \mid T \ge 4) = P(T \ge 1)$$

$$= \int_{1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} dt$$

$$= \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{+\infty} e^{-u} du$$

$$= e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

Problem 5

a: The cdf of Y is

$$F[Y] = P(y \le Y)$$

$$= P(0.25x - 37.5 \le Y)$$

$$= P(x \le 4(Y + 37.5))$$

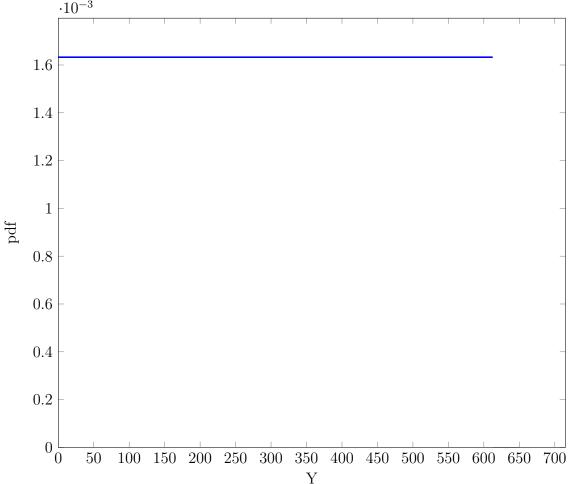
$$= \frac{4(Y + 37.5) - 150}{2600 - 150}$$

$$= 0.001633$$

for $4(Y+37.5) \in [150, 2600]$, so the pdf of Y is the derivitive of its cdf function

$$f(y) = \frac{4}{2600 - 150}$$

for $Y \in [0, 612.5]$, 0 otherwise.



b: From
$$Y = 0.25X - 37.5$$
 and $E[X] = \frac{150 + 2600}{2}$, $Var[X] = \frac{(2600 - 150)^2}{12}$, we have

$$E[Y] = 0.25E[X] - 37.5$$

= 306.25
$$Var[Y] = 0.25^{2}Var[X]$$

$$= 31263.0208$$

c: Follow the procedure in 5.a, we have

$$\begin{split} F[Z] &= P(z \le Z) \\ &= P(4x^2 \le Z) \\ &= P(x \le \sqrt{Z}/2), \quad for \ P(X \le 0) = 0 \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{Z}/2 - 150}{2600 - 150} \\ f(z) &= \frac{d}{dz} F[Z] \\ &= \frac{1}{9800} z^{-1/2} \end{split}$$

for $z \in [90000, 27040000]$, 0 otherwise.