Student LAST Name	Student FIRST Name	Student Number	Section	Signature*

<sup>\*</sup>By signing above you attest that you have contributed to this written lab report and confirm that all work you have contributed to this lab report is your own work. Any suspicion of copying or plagiarism in this work will result in an investigation of Academic Misconduct and may result in a "0" on the work, an "F" in the course, or possibly more severe penalties, as well as a Disciplinary Notice on your academic record under the Student Code of Academic Conduct, which can be found online at: <a href="http://www.ryerson.ca/senate/current/pol60.pdf">http://www.ryerson.ca/senate/current/pol60.pdf</a>

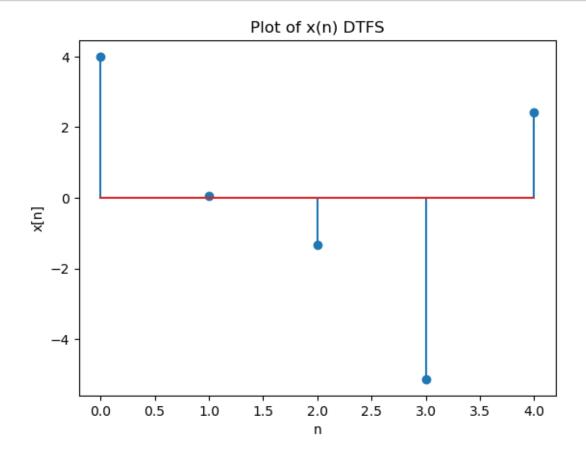
## ELE632 Lab3 DaniloZelenovic 501032542 Section08

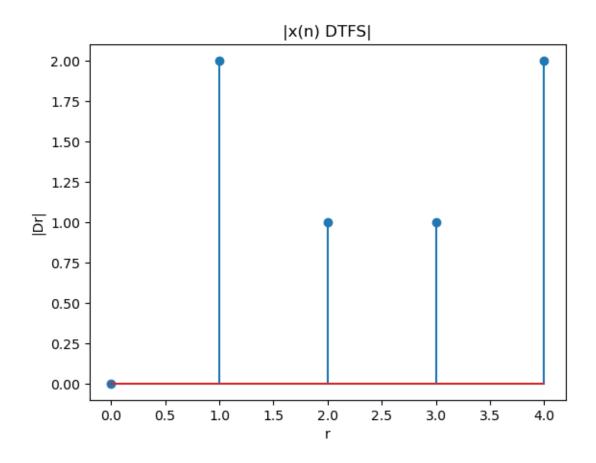
## March 4, 2023

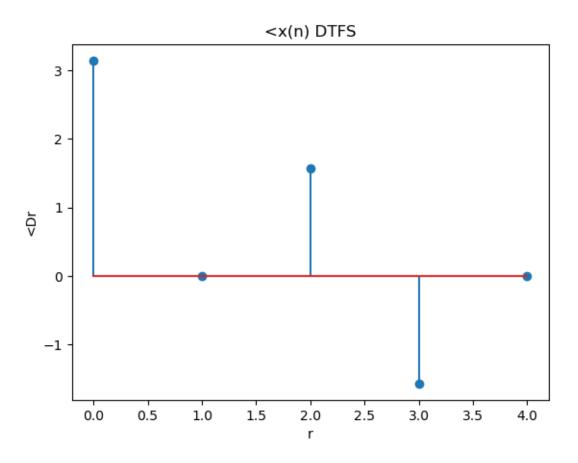
```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
n = np.arange(0, 21)
x = 4*np.cos(2.4*np.pi*n) + 2*np.sin(3.2*np.pi*n)
mN1 = (2.4*np.pi)/(2*np.pi)
mN2 = (3.2*np.pi)/(2*np.pi)
##/N1 = 6/5
##/N2 = 8/5
N0 = 5
Om0 = 2*np.pi/N0
```

```
[20]: #Part A2
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      n = np.arange(0, N0)
      x = 4*np.cos(2.4*np.pi*n) + 2*np.sin(3.2*np.pi*n)
      Dr = np.zeros(NO, dtype=complex)
      for r in range(NO):
          Dr[r] = np.sum(x * np.exp(-1j * r * n * 0m0)) / N0
      plt.stem(n, x)
      plt.title('Plot of x(n) DTFS')
      plt.xlabel('n')
      plt.ylabel('x[n]')
      plt.show()
      plt.stem(np.abs(Dr))
      plt.title('|x(n) DTFS|')
      plt.xlabel('r')
      plt.ylabel('|Dr|')
      plt.show()
      plt.stem(np.angle(Dr))
      plt.title('<x(n) DTFS')</pre>
      plt.xlabel('r')
```

plt.ylabel('<Dr')
plt.show()</pre>







```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

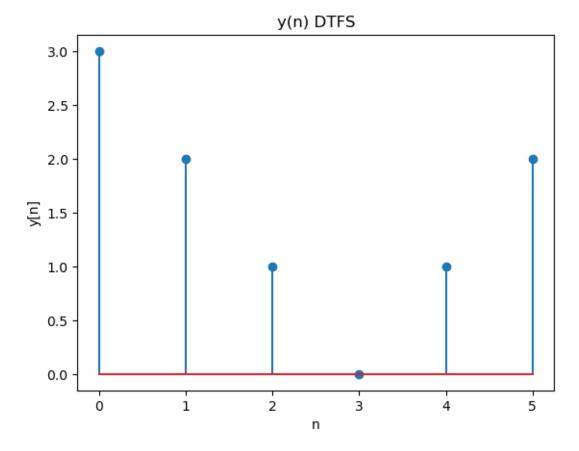
NO = 6
OmO = 2*np.pi/NO

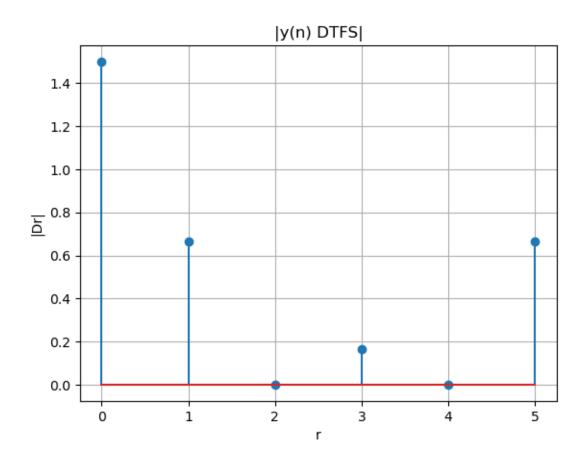
n = np.arange(0, NO)
y = np.array([3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2])
Dr = np.zeros(NO, dtype=complex)
for r in range(NO):
    Dr[r] = np.sum(y * np.exp(-1j * r * n * OmO)) / NO

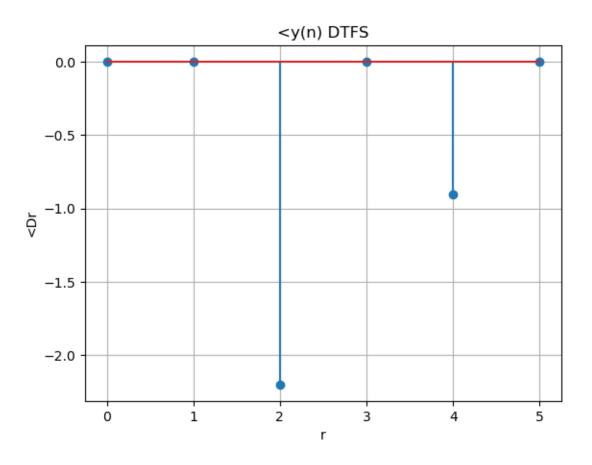
plt.stem(n, y)
plt.title('y(n) DTFS')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('y[n]')
plt.show()
```

```
plt.stem(np.abs(Dr))
plt.title('|y(n) DTFS|')
plt.xlabel('r')
plt.ylabel('|Dr|')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

plt.stem(np.angle(Dr))
plt.title('<y(n) DTFS')
plt.xlabel('r')
plt.ylabel('r')
plt.ylabel('<Dr')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()</pre>
```





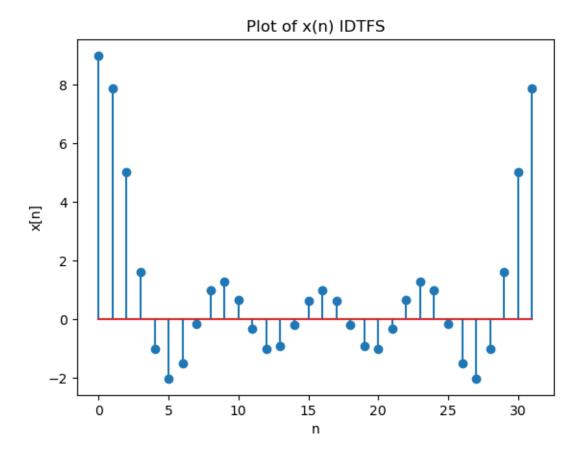


```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

NO = 32
OmO = 2*np.pi/NO
n = np.arange(NO)

xr = np.concatenate((np.ones(5), np.zeros(23), np.ones(4)))
x = np.fft.ifft(xr)*NO

plt.stem(n, x)
plt.title('Plot of x(n) IDTFS')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('x[n]')
plt.show()
```



```
[23]: #Part B2 - NOTE: My D value is 0
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

NO = 32
Om0 = 2*np.pi/NO
n = np.arange(NO)

xr = np.concatenate((np.ones(5), np.zeros(23), np.ones(4)))
X = xr*np.exp(-1j*0*n*OmO)
X = np.fft.ifft(X)*NO

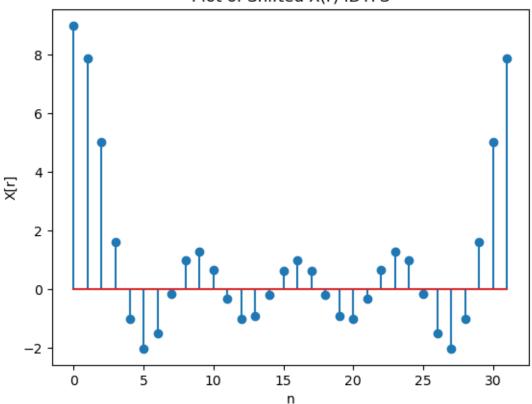
plt.stem(n, X)
plt.title('Plot of Shifted X(r) IDTFS')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('X[r]')
plt.show()
```

# In my case, the plot does not differ, as e^0 = 1, but if the D values were⊔

⇔else, the exponential term shifts the spectrum

# left or right depending on the D value (or n in general).

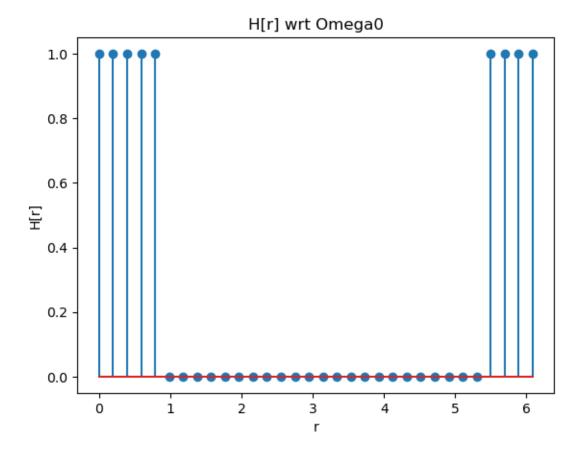
## Plot of Shifted X(r) IDTFS



```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

NO = 32
OmO = 2*np.pi/NO
r = np.arange(NO)
Hr = np.concatenate((np.ones(5), np.zeros(23), np.ones(4)))

plt.stem(OmO*r, Hr)
plt.title('H[r] wrt OmegaO')
plt.xlabel('r')
plt.ylabel('H[r]')
plt.ylabel('H[r]')
plt.show()
```



```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

NO = 32
Om0 = 2 * np.pi / NO
r = np.arange(NO)

Hr = np.concatenate((np.ones(5), np.zeros(23), np.ones(4)))
x = 4 * np.cos(np.pi * r / 8)
X = np.fft.fft(x)

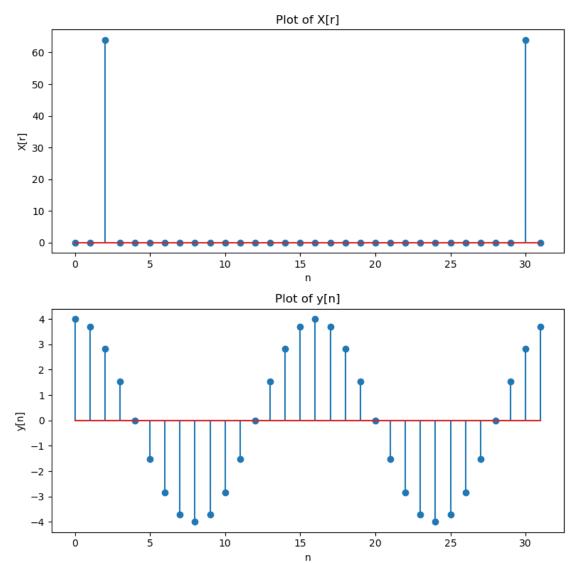
fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 1, figsize=(8, 8))

axs[0].set_ntitle('Plot of X[r]')
axs[0].set_xlabel('n')
axs[0].set_ylabel('X[r]')
```

```
Y = X * Hr
y = np.fft.ifft(Y)

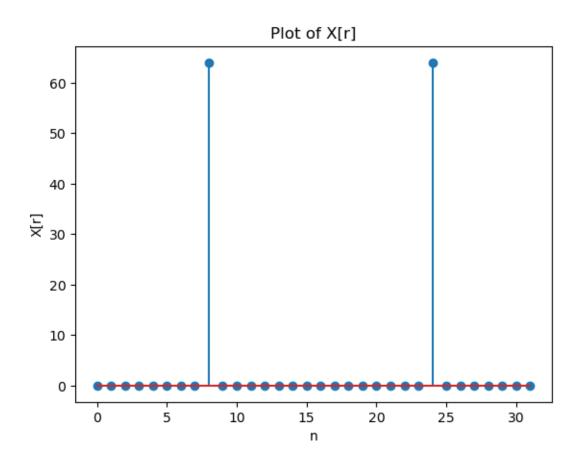
axs[1].stem(r, y.real)
axs[1].set_title('Plot of y[n]')
axs[1].set_xlabel('n')
axs[1].set_ylabel('y[n]')

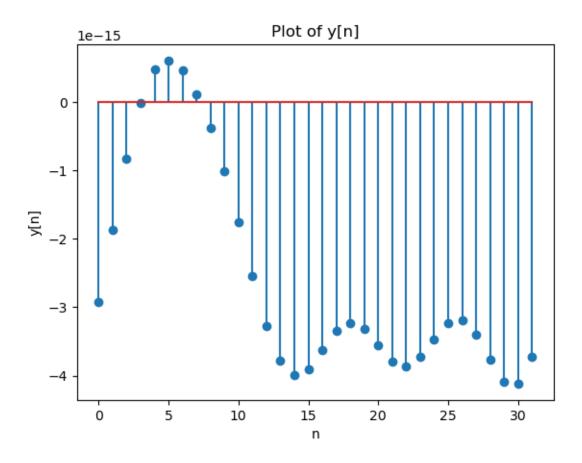
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[26]: #Part C3
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      NO = 32
      OmO = 2*np.pi/NO
      r = np.arange(0, N0)
      Hr = np.concatenate((np.ones(5), np.zeros(23), np.ones(4)))
      x = 4*np.cos(np.pi*r/2)
      X = np.fft.fft(x)
      fig, ax = plt.subplots()
      ax.stem(r, X)
      ax.set_title('Plot of X[r]')
      ax.set_xlabel('n')
      ax.set_ylabel('X[r]')
      Y = X*Hr
      y = np.fft.ifft(Y)
      fig, ax = plt.subplots()
      ax.stem(r, y.real)
      ax.set_title('Plot of y[n]')
      ax.set_xlabel('n')
      ax.set_ylabel('y[n]')
```

[26]: Text(0, 0.5, 'y[n]')





```
[27]: #Part C4

# The graphs are different because the frequencies are different. As they

differ, the cosine portion

# within the Figure 3 is of varying frequencies.

[]:
```