Package 'ohicore'

December 20, 2013

Version 0.1

Date 2013-09-25

Title Ocean Health Index calculation package

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Depends R (>= 2.14.0),plyr,reshape2,RJSONIO,psych

Description A collection of functions for generically calculating the Ocean Health Index scores as well as individual goals and sub-goals.
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Calculate All Calculate All

Description

Calculate all scores, given layers and configuration.

Usage

```
CalculateAll(conf, layers, debug = F)
```

Arguments

conf of class Conf layers of class Layers

debug print debug messages (default=FALSE)

CalculateGoalIndex 3

Value

Returns a data.frame of scores having the following columns:

• region_id - unique numeric region identifier, reserving 0 as the region_id for the area-weighted average of the entire study area

- goal the goal code or Index
- dimension the dimension code, one of: status, trend, pressures, resilience, future, score
- score the numeric score: 0-100 for all dimensions, except trend (-1 to 1)

Examples

```
## Not run:
## run a model with 50 regions using random data,
## using 5 year 1-percent discount rate and beta=0.67
require(ohi)
d <- ohi.model.goal(id=1:50,</pre>
                     status=runif(50, 0, 1),
                     trend=runif(50, -1, 1),
                     resilience=runif(50, 0, 1),
                     pressure=runif(50, 0, 1),
                    DISCOUNT = (1 + 0.01)^{-5},
                    BETA = 0.67,
                     default\_trend = 0.0)
## view model output
names(d)
d[,c('id','score','xF')]
## End(Not run)
```

CalculateGoalIndex

Calculate Goal Index

Description

Goal-level computation function to goal score ("component indicators for public goals") based on status, trend, resilience, pressure

Usage

```
CalculateGoalIndex(id, status, trend, resilience,
  pressure, DISCOUNT = 1, BETA = 0.67, default_trend = 0,
  xlim = c(0, 1))
```

Arguments

id is the subregion identifier
status (x) score
trend (t) score for 5 year outloook
resilience (r) score
pressure (p) score
Constants:

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```
DISCOUNT is the discount multiplier (i.e., df = 1 - rate)
```

BETA is the trend dampening multiplier used in likely future status calculation

default_trend The default trend value (0) if region has NA.

Details

Parameters:

Value

Returns a data.frame with the input data, a likely future status and OHI score, containing columns: status (x), trend (t), resilience (r), pressure (p), future status (xF) and goal score (score).

Examples

```
## Not run:
## run a model with 50 regions using random data,
## using 5 year 1-percent discount rate and beta=0.67
require(ohi)
d <- ohi.model.goal(id=1:50,</pre>
                     status=runif(50, 0, 1),
                     trend=runif(50, -1, 1),
                     resilience=runif(50, 0, 1),
                     pressure=runif(50, 0, 1),
                    DISCOUNT = (1 + 0.01)^{-5},
                    BETA = 0.67,
                     default\_trend = 0.0)
## view model output
names(d)
d[,c('id','score','xF')]
## End(Not run)
```

CalculatePressures

Calculate the pressures score for each (sub)goal.

Description

Calculate the pressures score for each (sub)goal.

Usage

```
CalculatePressures(layers, conf, gamma, debug = F)
```

Arguments

```
layers object Layers conf object Conf
```

gamma (optional) if not specified defaults to 0.5

Value

data.frame containing columns 'region_id' and per subgoal pressures score

CalculatePressuresAll 5

CalculatePressuresAll Calculate all the pressures score for each (sub)goal.

Description

Calculate all the pressures score for each (sub)goal.

Usage

```
CalculatePressuresAll(layers, conf, gamma = 0.5,
  debug = F)
```

Arguments

layers object Layers conf object Conf

gamma (optional) if not specified defaults to 0.5

Value

data.frame containing columns 'region_id' and per subgoal pressures score

CalculatePressuresComponent

Calculate the pressures component of each (sub)goal.

Description

Calculate the pressures component of each (sub)goal.

Usage

```
CalculatePressuresComponent(eco.pressures,
  social.pressures, c.name = "category",
  s.name = "region", gamma = 0.5)
```

Arguments

```
eco.pressures data.frame containing columns 'region', 'category', 'weight', and 'value' social.pressures data.frame containing columns 'region', and 'value' gamma (optional) if not specified defaults to 0.5
```

Value

```
data.frame containing columns 'region', 'p_E', 'p_S', and 'p_x'
```

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CalculatePressuresMatrix

Calculate Pressures Matrix

Description

The pressures matrix model function computes a pressures weighting matrix based on regional attributes per category.

Usage

CalculatePressuresMatrix(alpha, beta, calc = "avg")

Arguments

alpha	the weighting matrix of the form [category x pressure]. Each rank weight must be an integer between 0 and 3 inclusive, or NA.
beta	the aggregation matrix of the form [region_id x category] to collapse across each category.
calc	type of calculation, whether avg (default), mean (diff't from avg?) or presence

(results in 1 or 0).

Details

Given:

- g is the goal or subgoal (e.g., AO, CW, LIV, ECO, ...),
- *i* is the region (e.g., 1, 2, 3, ...),
- j is the pressures layer or stressor (e.g., cc_acid, fp_art_lb, etc.).
- *k* is the category (e.g., habitat, sector, product, etc.)

There may be a component k for a given goal g such that $p_w(g,i,j,k)$ and w(g,i,j,k).

$$p_w(g, i, j, k) = w(g, i, j, k) * p(i, j)$$

In these cases where there is a component k for goal g, there's an additional aggregation or formula to calculate w(g,i,j) based on the core rank weight $\alpha(g,j,k)$ from the original pressures matrix (as written in Halpern et al. (2012)) and some region-specific data for each category k $\beta(i,k)$.

This function CalculatePressuresMatrix will aggregate a category-specific weighting matrix $\alpha(g,j,k)$ [category x pressure] using region-specific data $\beta(g,i,k)$ into a [region_id x pressure] matrix w(g,i,j) used in CalculatePressuresScore, such that:

$$w(g, i, j) = \frac{\sum_{k} \alpha(g, j, k) * \beta(g, i, k)}{\sum_{k} \beta(g, i, k)}$$

1. For the CP, CS goals, the weight depends on the extent A of habitat k in region i:

$$\beta(i,k) = A(i,k)$$

2. For the HAB goal, the weight depends on the presence of habitat k (i.e., if A(i,k) > 0) in region i:

$$\beta(i,k) = hasHabitat(i,k)$$

3. For the LIV and ECO goals, the weight depends on the presence of sector *k* if data available for region *i* and sector *k*:

$$\beta(i,k) = hasSector(i,k)$$

4. For the NP goal, the weight depends on the peak dollar value of each product k across all years (see w_p from SI Equation S27) if data available for region i and product k:

$$\beta(i,k) = w_p(i,k)$$

Value

Returns a weight matrix w [region_id x pressure] suitable for CalculatePressuresScore.

See Also

CalculatePressuresScore

CalculatePressuresScore

Calculate Pressures Score

Description

The pressures score is calculated for each region given a weighting matrix for a goal and the individual pressures values.

Usage

```
CalculatePressuresScore(p, w, GAMMA = 0.5, browse = F,
   pressures_categories = list(environmental = c("po", "hd", "fp", "sp", "cc"), social = "ss"))
```

Arguments

р

W

the pressures value matrix [region_id x pressure]. Each score must be a real number between 0 and 1 inclusive, or NA. The pressure names must be of the form *category_pressure* where *category* is one of the categories listed in ohi.pressure.category. Use ss to denote the social category.

```
pressure region_id cc_acid cc_sst cc_uv fp_art_hb 1 0.879 0.360 0.764 NA 2 0.579 0.396 0.531 NA 3 0.926 0.235 0.769 NA 4 0.914 0.554 0.795 NA 5 0.860 0.609 0.802 0.001 6 0.871 0.325 0.788 0.001 7 0.846 0.410 0.677 0.000 8 0.806 0.671 0.752 NA 9 0.844 0.595 0.678 NA 10 0.860 0.575 0.781 0.109
```

the weighting matrix of the form [region_id x pressure]. Each rank weight must be a real number between 0 and 3 inclusive, or NA.

pressure
 region_id cc_acid cc_sst cc_uv fp_art_hb 1 2 1 0.6 NA 2 2
1 0.5 NA 3 2 1 2.1 NA 4 2 1 3.0 NA 5 2 1 2.8 1 6 2 1 2.2
1 7 2 1 1.3 1 8 2 1 1.7 NA 9 2 1 3.0 NA 10 2 1 1.2 1

GAMMA

Multiplier used to combine environmental and social pressures.

Details

Each pressure layer p(i,j) is either environmental or social, belongs to a pressures category $K \in \{cc, fp, hd, po, sp, ss\}$, and has a value (0..1) for each region i and pressures layer j. Each goal has a weight matrix w that has a rank weight between 0 and 3 inclusive, or NoData, for each region i and each pressure layer j on a per goal g basis.

The pressures scores calculations go through 5 steps, using a complex weighting scheme that varies across goals, subgoals, pressures categories, and regions:

- g is the goal or subgoal (e.g., AO, CW, LIV, ECO, ...),
- *i* is the region (e.g., 1, 2, 3, ...),
- *j* is the pressures layer or stressor (e.g., cc_acid, fp_art_lb, etc.).

Calculations

1. Apply weights for each goal g, region i, and pressure layer j: Each weighted pressure $p_w(g,i,j)$ is the pressure layer value p(i,j) per region i and pressure layer j multiplied by the rank weight w(g,i,j) for that goal g, region i, and pressure layer j. If the w(g,i,j) is NoData or 0, the weighted pressure $p_w(g,i,j)$ is NoData.

$$p_w(g, i, j) = w(g, i, j) * p(i, j)$$

2. Category-level aggregation: The pressures category score p_K is the sum of all p_w within each category, then rescaled to 0..1 using a linear scale range transformation (from 0..3 to 0..1). Any score p_K greater than 1 is capped to 1:

$$p_K(g,i) = \frac{\min(\sum_{j \in K} p_w(g,i,j), 3)}{3}$$

3. Environmental aggregation: The environmental pressures score $p_E(g,i)$ is the weighted sum of $p_K(g,i)$, where each weight is the maximum weight in the pressure category K, and then divided by the sum of the maximum weights:

$$w_{K,max}(g,i) = max(\{\forall_j \in K | w(g,i,j)\})$$

$$p_E(g, i) = \frac{\sum_K w_{K,max}(g, i) p_K(g, i)}{\sum_K w_{K,max}(g, i)}$$

4. Social aggregation: The social pressures score $p_S(g,i)$ is the mean of the *unweighted* social pressure scores p(i,j):

$$p_S(g,i) = \frac{\sum_{j \in S} p(i,j)}{N}$$

5. Gamma combination: The pressures score $p_X(g, i)$:

$$p_X(q,i) = \gamma p_E(q,i) + (1 - \gamma)p_S(q,i)$$

Value

Returns a named vector with the pressures score for each named region.

See Also

CalculatePressuresMatrix

Examples

```
## Not run:
 > conf$config$pressures_categories
$environmental
[1] "po" "hd" "fp" "sp" "cc"
$social
[1] "ss"
> p
        pressure
\label{lem:com_hb_fp_com_hb_fp_com_hb_fp_com_lb_hd_intertidal} region\_id fp\_art\_hb fp\_art\_lb fp\_com\_hb fp\_com\_lb hd\_intertidal
             0.122
                       0.25 0.35
                                          0.395
                                                        0.954
      1
      2
             0.096
                        0.94
                                 0.85
                                          0.252
                                                        0.649
      3
             0.858
                        0.46
                                 0.84
                                          0.097
                                                        0.425
                              0.60
0.58
0.15
      4
             0.814
                        0.63
                                 0.60
                                          0.672
                                                        0.659
      5
             0.247
                       0.51
                                          0.941
                                                        0.046
      6
             0.853
                       0.34
                                          0.370
                                                        0.385
                               0.39
      7
             0.601
                       0.31
                                          0.873
                                                        0.064
                              0.74
                                       0.159
      8
             0.355
                      0.89
                                                        0.273
                       0.94 0.52
      9
             0.289
                                        0.743
                                                        0.094
                      0.89 0.87
                                       0.660
      10
             0.887
                                                        0.746
        pressure
region_id hd_subtidal_hb hd_subtidal_sb po_chemicals po_nutrients
                 0.535
                                0.651
                                            0.042
      2
                 0.454
                                0.069
                                            0.234
                                                         0.025
      3
                 0.297
                               0.428
                                            0.970
                                                        0.679
      4
                 0.953
                               0.485
                                            0.063
                                                         0.565
      5
                 0.963
                                0.045
                                            0.552
                                                         0.828
                                            0.907
      6
                  0.598
                                0.213
                                                         0.220
      7
                  0.476
                                0.641
                                            0.980
                                                         0.214
      8
                  0.285
                                0.858
                                            0.447
                                                         0.793
      9
                  0.591
                                0.702
                                             0.719
                                                         0.472
      10
                  0.072
                                0.431
                                             0.685
                                                         0.102
        pressure
region_id sp_alien sp_genetic ss_wgi
            0.979
                      0.761 0.181
      2
            0.345
                       0.091 0.631
                       0.986 0.646
      3
            0.223
                       0.078 0.559
      4
            0.035
                       0.643 0.432
      5
            0.992
                       0.416 0.221
      6
            0.963
                      0.627 0.257
      7
            0.752
            0.100
                      0.245 0.333
      8
            0.316
                      0.373 0.347
      10
          0.283
                      0.224 0.031
region_id fp_art_hb fp_art_lb fp_com_hb fp_com_lb hd_intertidal
```

```
0.92
               2
      2
                       1
                             0.48
                                        1
      3
               2
                             2.81
                       1
                                        1
                                                     1
      4
               2
                       1
                             1.19
                                        1
      5
               2
                       1
                             2.82
      6
               2
                       1
                            1.07
      7
               2
                       1
                            1.48
      8
               2
                            0.46
                       1
      9
               2
                             0.56
                       1
               2
                       1
                            0.90
       pressure
region_id hd_subtidal_hb hd_subtidal_sb po_chemicals po_nutrients
                   2
                           2
                                        1.00
                   2
                                2
                                        0.79
      2
                                                      1
      3
                   2
                                2
                                        0.37
                                                      1
      4
                   2
                                2
                                        0.91
                                                      1
      5
                   2
                                2
                                        1.06
                                                      1
      6
                   2
                                2
                                        0.72
                                                      1
      7
                   2
                                2
                                        0.49
                                                      1
      8
                   2
                                2
                                        1.18
                                                      1
      9
                                2
                                        0.18
                                                      1
                                2
      10
                                        0.28
      pressure
region_id sp_alien sp_genetic ss_wgi
     1 1 1 1
      2
              1
                       1
                             1
      3
             1
                       1
                             1
      4
                      1
              1
      5
             1
                      1
      6
                      1
             1
      7
      8
      9
      10
              1
                       1
> p_x <- CalculatePressuresScore(p, w)</pre>
> p_x
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
0.40\ 0.53\ 0.68\ 0.63\ 0.60\ 0.43\ 0.48\ 0.47\ 0.50\ 0.30
> data.frame(region_id=names(p_x), pressure=p_x)
  region_id pressure
1
         1
              0.40
2
         2
              0.53
3
         3
              0.68
4
         4
              0.63
5
         5
              0.60
6
         6
              0.43
7
         7
              0.48
8
             0.47
         8
9
         9
              0.50
10
        10 0.30
>
```

End(Not run)

CalculateResilience 11

CalculateResilience Calculate the resilience score for each (sub)goal.

Description

Calculate the resilience score for each (sub)goal.

Usage

```
CalculateResilience(layers, conf, debug = FALSE)
```

Arguments

layers object Layers conf object Conf

Value

data.frame containing columns 'region_id' and per subgoal resilience score

CalculateResilienceAll

Calculate all the resilience score for each (sub)goal.

Description

Calculate all the resilience score for each (sub)goal.

Usage

```
CalculateResilienceAll(layers, conf, debug = FALSE)
```

Arguments

layers object Layers conf object Conf

Value

data.frame containing columns 'region_id' and per subgoal resilience score

12 CalculateResilienceScore

CalculateResilienceComponent

Calculate the Resilience component of each (sub)goal.

Description

Calculate the Resilience component of each (sub)goal.

Usage

```
CalculateResilienceComponent(goal.specific.regulations,
  ecological.integrity, social.integrity,
  c.name = "category", s.name = "region", gamma = 0.5)
```

Arguments

```
goal.specific.regulations
```

(data.frame) contains columns 'region', 'weight', and 'value'

gamma

(numeric) represents the weighting between ecological and social aspects of re-

silience, defaults to 0.5 (equal weights)

Value

(data.frame)

CalculateResilienceScore

Calculate Resilience Score

Description

The resilience model function computes a resilience score for each region given a weighting matrix for a goal and the individual resilience values.

Usage

```
CalculateResilienceScore(r, t, w = NA, gamma = 0.5,
  resilience_categories = c("environmental", "regulatory", "social"))
```

Arguments

r	the resilience value matrix [region_id x layer]. Each score must be a real number between 0 and 1 inclusive, or NA.
t	the typing vector t[layer] where values are from resilience_categories.
W	the weighting matrix of the form [region_id x layer]. Each rank weight must be a real number $>= 0$, or NA for even weighting.
w.layers	the weighting vector of the form [layer]. Each rank weight must be a real number >= 0, or NA for even weighting.
gamma	the gamma constant for $r_{i,x}$ calculation.
b	a boolean value matrix [region_id x layer] which is TRUE if the given region_id should include layer, and FALSE otherwise.

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Details

To calculate Resilience for each goal g and region i (r(g,i)) we assess three types of resilience measures j: ecological integrity $(Y_E(g,i))$, goal-specific regulations aimed at addressing ecological pressures (G(g,i)), and social integrity $(Y_S(g,i))$. The first two measures address ecological resilience while the third addresses social resilience. When all three aspects are relevant to a goal, Resilience is calculated for each goal g and each region i:

$$r(g,i) = \gamma * \left(\frac{Y_E(g,i) + G(g,i)}{2}\right) + (1 - \gamma) * Y_S(g,i)$$

where each goal g is comprised of several resilience layers j where w_j is a configuration-time weight to aggregate across resilience categories:

$$G(g, i) = \frac{\sum_{j \in g} w_j G(i, j)}{\sum_{j \in g} w_j}$$

$$Y_E(g, i) = \frac{\sum_{j \in g} Y_E(i, j)}{N}$$

$$Y_S(g, i) = \frac{\sum_{j \in g} Y_S(i, j)}{N}$$

Value

ohi.model.resilience returns resilience score for each region. ohi.model.resilience.matrix returns a weighting matrix suitable for ohi.model.resilience.

Examples

```
## Not run:
> conf$config$resilience_categories
                                       "social"
[1] "environmental" "regulatory"
region_id fishing-v1 habitat-combo species-diversity-3nm wgi-all
                 TRUE
                                TRUE
                                                        TRUE
                                                                TRUE
      104
                                                        TRUE
      105
                 TRUE
                                TRUE
                                                                TRUE
      106
                 TRUE
                                TRUE
                                                        TRUE
                                                                TRUE
      107
                 TRUE
                                TRUE
                                                        TRUE
                                                                TRUE
      108
                 TRUE
                                TRUE
                                                        TRUE
                                                                TRUE
      109
                 TRUE
                                TRUE
                                                        TRUE
                                                                TRUE
                                                        TRUE
      110
                 TRUE
                                TRUE
                                                                TRUE
      111
                 TRUE
                                TRUE
                                                        TRUE
                                                                 TRUE
      112
                 TRUE
                                TRUE
                                                        TRUE
                                                                 TRUE
      113
                 TRUE
                                TRUE
                                                        TRUE
                                                                TRUE
                                                        TRUE
                                                                TRUE
      114
                 TRUE
                                TRUE
> w
            fishing-v1
                                habitat-combo species-diversity-3nm
               wgi-all
    < -ohi.model.resilience.matrix(b, w)</pre>
region_id fishing-v1 habitat-combo species-diversity-3nm wgi-all
```

```
104
                                                         1
                 2
                              2
     105
                                                  1
                              2
                 2
     106
                                                  1
                                                         1
                              2
     107
                 2
                                                  1
                 2
                              2
     108
                                                  1
     109
                 2
                             2
                                                  1
                             2
     110
                2
                                                  1
                2
                             2
     111
                                                  1
                                                         1
                2
                             2
     112
                                                  1
                                                         1
     113
                2
                              2
                                                  1
                                                         1
     114
                 2
                              2
> r
        layer
region_id fishing-v1 habitat-combo species-diversity-3nm wgi-all
            0.4870 0.4495 0.8679 0.4385
     104
            105
                                            0.8748 0.2460
     106
                                            0.8852 0.6465
     107
                                            0.8260 0.8007
     108
            0.5322
                        0.4703
                                            0.9318 0.5579
     109
            0.5053
                         0.4703
                                             0.9313 0.5579
     110
            0.6491
                         0.5690
                                             0.9239 0.5703
     111
            0.3629
                         0.1562
                                            0.9230 0.6375
     112
            0.5670
                        0.5000
                                            0.9273 0.5718
            0.3807
                        0.2530
                                            0.9339 0.4484
     113
                                             0.9275 0.5703
            0.6508
                         0.5690
     114
> t
                         habitat-combo species-diversity-3nm
          fishing-v1
        "regulatory"
                           "regulatory"
                                        "environmental"
            wgi-all
            "social"
> ohi.model.resilience(r, t, w)
       105 106 107
                            108
                                  109
                                         110
                                               111
                                                     112
                                                            113
0.5533\ 0.4800\ 0.6553\ 0.6844\ 0.6372\ 0.6337\ 0.6684\ 0.6144\ 0.6511\ 0.5369
  114
0.6695
## End(Not run)
```

CalculateStatusComponent

Compute a single subgoal.

Description

Compute a single subgoal.

Usage

```
CalculateStatusComponent(DATA, fun, trend.Years = 5,
   c.name = "year", s.name = "region")
```

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Arguments

DATA data.frame containing columns 'region', 'value', and (optionally) 'w'

fun (optional) function for calculating the subgoal value, if not specified it will de-

fault to a weighted average

w (optional) numeric vector describing the

Value

stuff

CalculateSubgoal

Compute a single subgoal.

Description

Compute a single subgoal.

Usage

```
CalculateSubgoal(current.data, eco.pressures,
  social.pressures, gs.regulations, social.integrity,
  eco.integrity, fun = stats::weighted.mean,
  trend.Years = 5)
```

Arguments

DATA data.frame containing columns 'region', 'value', and (optionally) 'w'

fun (optional) function for calculating the subgoal value, if not specified it will de-

fault to a weighted average

w (optional) numeric vector describing the

Value

stuff

CheckLayers

Check Layers

Description

Check all the input layers as defined by layers.csv and update required fields

Usage

```
CheckLayers(layers.csv, layers.dir, flds_id, verbose = T,
   msg.indent = " ")
```

16 CheckLayers

Arguments

layers.csv	full path to the layers.csv file.
layers.dir	full path to the directory containing the layers files.
flds_id	character vector of unique identifiers, typically spatial, eg c('region_id', 'country_id', 'saup_id'), described in your Conf\$layers_id_fields.
if	True (default), extra diagnostics are output

Details

The CheckLayers() function iterates through all the layers in layers.csv and updates the following field names, which can be NA for any except flds:

- fld_id_num name of field used as spatial identifier, if numeric
- fld_id_chr name of field used as spatial identifier, if character
- fld_category name of field used as category
- fld_year ame of field used as year
- fld_val_num name of field used as value, from fld_value, if numeric
- fld_val_chr name of field used as value, from fld_value, if character
- flds data fields used for the layer

Additional diagnostic fields are updated:

- file_exists input filename exists
- val_min minimum value, if numeric
- *val_max* maximum value, if numeric
- val_0to1 TRUE if value ranges between 0 and 1
- flds_unused unused fields from input file when guessing prescribed field names (aboves)
- flds_missing fields expected, as given by Layers units, and not found
- rows_duplicated given the combination of all row-identifying fields (and excluding value fields), the number of rows which are duplicates
- num_ids_unique number of unique ids, as provided by just the unique instances of the fld_id

Value

warning messages

Examples

```
## Not run:
   CheckLayers(layers.csv, layers.dir, c('rgn_id','cntry_key','saup_id'))
## End(Not run)
```

Conf 17

Conf

Conf reference class.

Description

Conf reference class.

Usage

```
Conf(...)
```

Arguments

dir

path to directory containing necessary files

Details

To create this object, Conf(dir). The dir is expected to have the following files:

- config.R
- \bullet functions.R
- goals.csv
- pressures_matrix.csv
- $\bullet \ \ resilience_matrix.csv$
- resilienceweights.csv

See also Conf_write() to write the configuration back to disk

Value

object reference class of Config containing:

- config
- functions
- goals
- pressures_matrix
- resilience_matrix
- resilienceweights

Halpern2012.AO

Conf_write

Write the Conf to disk

Description

Write the Conf to disk

Arguments

dir

path to directory where the Conf files should be output

Details

Use this function to write the configuration to disk, like so conf\$write(dir). This is useful for modifying and then reloading with Conf(dir).

Halpern2012.

Calculate Biodiversity.

Description

Calculate Biodiversity.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.(A, G, w, Cc, Cr, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder placeholder

Value

1

Halpern2012.AO

Calculate Artisanal Fishing Opportunities.

Description

Calculate Artisanal Fishing Opportunities.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.AO(Sao, Oao, PPPpcGDP, ...)
```

Halpern2012.BD.HAB

Arguments

placeholder placeholder Sao placeholder placeholder Oao

Value

1

Halpern2012.BD.HAB

Calculate Habitats subgoal of Biodiversity.

Description

Calculate Habitats subgoal of Biodiversity.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.BD.HAB(Cc, Cr, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder placeholder

Value

1

Halpern2012.BD.SPP

Calculate Species subgoal of Biodiversity.

Description

Calculate Species subgoal of Biodiversity.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.BD.SPP(A, G, w, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder placeholder

Value

20 Halpern2012.CS

Halpern2012.CP

Calculate Coastal Protection

Description

Calculate Coastal Protection

Usage

```
Halpern2012.CP(Cc, Cr, w, A, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder placeholder Cc current 'condition' of habitat k
placeholder placeholder Cr reference 'condition' of habitat k
placeholder placeholder A amount of area covered by habitat k
placeholder placeholder w rank weight of habitat protective ability

Value

1

Halpern2012.CS

Calculate Carbon Storage

Description

Calculate Carbon Storage

Usage

```
Halpern2012.CS(Cc, Cr, A, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder placeholder Cc current 'condition' of habitat k
placeholder placeholder Cr reference 'condition' of habitat k
placeholder placeholder A amount of area covered by habitat k

Value

Halpern2012.CW 21

Description

Calculate Clean Waters.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.CW(a, u, 1, d, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder placeholder a number of coastal people without access to sanitation rescaled to

global maximum

placeholder placeholder u 1 - (nutrient input)
placeholder placeholder l 1 - (chemical input)
placeholder placeholder d 1 - (marine debris input)

Value

1

Halpern2012.FP	Calculate Food Provision.	
Halbernzulz.FP	– Caiculate Fooa Provision.	

Description

Calculate Food Provision.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.FP(w, dBt, mMSY, Bt, Tc, k, Smk, Ac, Yk, ...)
```

Arguments

```
placeholder placeholder k each mariculture species
placeholder placeholder Smk sustainability score for each species k
placeholder placeholder Ac area of coastal waters (3nm strip)
placeholder placeholder Yl yield of each species k
```

Value

22 Halpern2012.FP.MAR

Halpern2012.FP.FIS

Calculate Fisheries subgoal of Food Provision.

Description

Calculate Fisheries subgoal of Food Provision.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.FP.FIS(mMSY, Bt, Tc, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder placeholder dBt absolute difference between landed biomass and mMSY placeholder placeholder mMSY multi-species maximum sustainable yield placeholder placeholder Tc taxonomic report quiality correction factor

placeholder Bt wild-caught fishing yield

Value

1

Halpern2012.FP.MAR

Calculate Mariculture subgoal of Food Provision.

Description

Calculate Mariculture subgoal of Food Provision.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.FP.MAR(k, Smk, Ac, Yk, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder placeholder k each mariculture species

Value

Halpern2012.ICO 23

Halpern2012.ICO	Calculate Iconic Species subgoal of Sense of Place.

Description

Calculate Iconic Species subgoal of Sense of Place.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.ICO(S, w, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder S number of assessed species in each category placeholder placeholder w status weight assigned per threat category

Value

1

Halpern2012.LE Calcul	late Coastal Livelihoods and Economies.
-----------------------	---

Description

Calculate Coastal Livelihoods and Economies.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.LE(jc, jr, gc, gr, ec, er, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder	placeholder jc total adjusted jobs per sector at current time
placeholder	placeholder jr total adjusted jobs per sector at reference time
placeholder	placeholder gc average PPP-adjusted per-capita annual wages per sector in current region
placeholder	placeholder gr average PPP-adjusted per-capita annual wages per sector in reference region
placeholder	placeholder ec total adjusted revenue generated per sector at current time
placeholder	placeholder er total adjusted revenue generated per sector at reference time

Value

Halpern2012.LE.LIV

Halpern2012.LE.ECO

Calculate Economies subgoal of Coastal Livelihoods and Economies.

Description

Calculate Economies subgoal of Coastal Livelihoods and Economies.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.LE.ECO(ec, er, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder placeholder ec total adjusted revenue generated per sector at current time placeholder placeholder er total adjusted revenue generated per sector at reference time

Value

1

Halpern2012.LE.LIV

Calculate Livelihoods subgoal of Coastal Livelihoods and Economies.

Description

Calculate Livelihoods subgoal of Coastal Livelihoods and Economies.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.LE.LIV(jc, jr, gc, gr, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder placeholder jc total adjusted jobs per sector at current time
placeholder placeholder jr total adjusted jobs per sector at reference time
placeholder placeholder gc average PPP-adjusted per-capita annual wages per sector in current region
placeholder placeholder gr average PPP-adjusted per-capita annual wages per sector in reference region

Value

Halpern2012.LSP 25

Halpern2012.LSP	Calculate Lasting Special Places subgoal of Sense of Place.
-----------------	---

Description

Calculate Lasting Special Places subgoal of Sense of Place.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.LSP(CMPA, tCMPA, CP, tCP, ...)
```

Arguments

```
placeholder placeholder CMPA coastal marine protected area
placeholder placeholder tCMPA total coastal marine area
placeholder placeholder CP coastline protected
placeholder placeholder tCP total coastline
```

Value

1

	C 1 1 . W . ID 1 .	/37 7 7 1 1 V
Halpern2012.NP	Calculate Natural Products.	(Needs work)

Description

Calculate Natural Products. (Needs work)

Usage

```
Halpern2012.NP(N, wp, Hp, E, R, Nv, Nk, w, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder	placeholder N number of products that have ever been harvested
placeholder	placeholder wp proportional peak dollar value of each product relative to the total peak dollar value of all products
placeholder	placeholder Hp harvest of a product relative to its buffered peak reference point
placeholder	placeholder E exposure term
placeholder	placeholder R risk term
placeholder	placeholder Nv 1 or 2, depending on whether or not a viability term is used
placeholder	placeholder Nk number of species in each k category of exploitation
placeholder	placeholder w weight assigned to each k category of exploitation status

Value

26 Halpern2012.TR

Halpern2012.SP Calculate Sense of Place.

Description

Calculate Sense of Place.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.SP(S, w, CMPA, tCMPA, CP, tCP, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder placeholder S number of assessed species in each category placeholder placeholder w status weight assigned per threat category placeholder placeholder CMPA coastal marine protected area placeholder placeholder tCMPA total coastal marine area placeholder placeholder CP coastline protected placeholder placeholder tCP total coastline

Value

1

Halpern2012.TR

Calculate Tourism and Recreation.

Description

Calculate Tourism and Recreation.

Usage

```
Halpern2012.TR(D, t, V, S, ...)
```

Arguments

placeholder D number of tourist-days
placeholder placeholder t most recent year
placeholder placeholder V total region population size
placeholder placeholder S sustainability factor

Value

Layers 27

Layers	Layers reference class.	
--------	-------------------------	--

Description

Layers reference class.

Usage

```
Layers(...)
```

Arguments

layers.csv path to comma-seperated value file with row of metadata per layer layers.dir path of directory containing individual layer files

Details

To instantiate this object, Layers(layers.csv, layers.dir) is used. The layers.csv is expected to have the following columns:

- layer unique layer identifier (no spaces or special characters)
- *targets* a space delimited list of targets (goal code, 'Pressures', 'Resilience' or 'Regions') for which this layer is applied
- name name of the variable
- description detailed description
- units units of the value
- citation reference for documentation, typically a heading code for a supplemental document
- filename the csv data file for the layer
- fld_value required field in the layer csv file containing the value, which is often best named as a shorthand for the units without spaces or special characters

The layers.dir directory should contain all the csv filenames listed in the layers.csv file.

Value

object (non-instantiated) reference class of Layers containing

- meta metadata data frame of original layers.csv
- data named list of data frames, one per layer
- *targets* named list of character vector indicating a layer's targets, goal (status, trend) or dimension (pressures, resilience)

layers.Global2012.Nature2012ftp

Layers accompanying Nature 2012 publication on the FTP site for Global 2012 analysis.

Description

These layers get used to calculate the Ocean Health Index.

Format

a Layers object

References

```
http://ohi-science.org
```

layers.Global2012.www2013

Layers used for the 2013 web launch applied to Global 2012 analysis.

Description

These layers get used to calculate the Ocean Health Index.

Format

a Layers object

References

```
http://ohi-science.org
```

layers.Global2013.www2013

Layers used for the 2013 web launch applied to Global 2013 analysis.

Description

These layers get used to calculate the Ocean Health Index.

Format

a Layers object

References

http://ohi-science.org

ReadWriteScenario 29

ReadWriteScenario Read or Write Scenario

Description

Read or write all the necessary elements, ie "scenario", of the Ocean Health Index.

Usage

WriteScenario(scenario = list(conf = ohicore::conf.Global2013.www2013, layers = ohicore::layer

Arguments

scenario list of (conf, layers, scores, shapes, dir)

scenario.R code to source and set scenario

Value

Returns scenario

See Also

Conf, Layers, scores

scores

scores data.frame format

Description

Expected data frame format for scores.

Details

The expected scores format is the following columns:

- region_id unique numeric region identifier, reserving 0 as the region_id for the area-weighted average of the entire study area
- goal the goal code or Index
- dimension the dimension code, one of: status, trend, pressures, resilience, future, score
- score the numeric score: 0-100 for all dimensions, except trend (-1 to 1)

To get the wide view (many columns, with one row per region and columns having combination of goal and dimension), use something like: reshape2::dcast(.self\$long, region_id ~ goal + dimension, value.var='score').

30 ScoreScaling

```
scores.Global2012.www2013
```

Scores resulting from the 2013 web launch applied to Global 2012 analysis.

Description

These scores are the results of the Ocean Health Index.

Format

```
a Scores object
```

References

```
http://ohi-science.org
```

```
scores.Global2013.www2013
```

Scores resulting from the 2013 web launch applied to Global 2013 analysis.

Description

These scores are the results of the Ocean Health Index.

Format

```
a Scores object
```

References

```
http://ohi-science.org
```

ScoreScaling

Score Scaling Functions

Description

Scoring functions

Usage

```
score.rescale(x, xlim = NULL, method = "linear", ...)
```

SelectLayersData 31

Arguments

x A numeric vector of data.

xlim The scoring range. If null, derives range from data.

p A percentage buffer to add to the maximum value.

method Only 'linear' is supported.

... Arguments for min, max, pmin, pmax.

Value

Returns scores.

See Also

min, max, pmin, pmax

Examples

```
score.max(c(0.5, 1, 2))
score.max(c(0.5, 1, 2), p=0.25)
score.rescale(c(0.5, 1, 2))
score.clamp(c(-0.5, 1, 2))
score.clamp(c(-0.5, 1, 2), xlim=c(-1, 1))
```

SelectLayersData

Select Layers to Data

Description

Select Layers to Data

Usage

```
SelectLayersData(object, targets = NULL, layers = NULL,
  cast = TRUE, narrow = FALSE,
  expand.time.invariant = FALSE)
```

Arguments

object instance of Layers class

targets specifies the targets of layers to be selected, defaulting to c('regions')

layers specifies the layers to be selected. If given as a named character vector, then

layers get renamed with new names as values, and old names as names per

plyr::rename

narrow narrow the resulting data frame to just the fields containing data (as described

by flds in the default wide result) #

expand.time.invariant

for layers without a year column, populate the same value throughout all years

where available in other layer(s) #

cast whether to cast the resulting dataset, or leave it melted, defaults to TRUE

32 SpatialSchemes

Details

If neither targets or layers are specified then all layers are returned. If targets and layers are specified, then the union of the two sets of layers are returned, with any renamed layers renamed.

Value

data.frame with the merged data of selected layers having the following fields:

- layer layer name, possibly renamed
- layer0 original layer name, if fed a named character vector to layers
- id_num numeric id
- id_chr character id
- id_name fieldname of id in original layer csv file
- category category
- category_name fieldname of character in original layer csv file
- year year
- val_num numeric value
- val_chr character value
- val_name fieldname of value in original layer csv file
- flds data fields used for the layer

SpatialSchemes

SpatialSchemes reference class.

Description

SpatialSchemes reference class.

Usage

```
SpatialSchemes(...)
```

Value

object (non-instantiated) reference class of SpatialSchemes

${\it TransformSpatialScheme}$

Transform data

Description

Transform data

Usage

```
TransformSpatialScheme(object, data, target, origin,
  categories)
```

Arguments

object	instance of SpatialSchemes class
data	data.frame such as returned from 'SelectLayersData' function
target	single spatial scheme to which data should be transformed
origin	spatial schemes from which to transform, can be vector

categories layers for which transformation should be done (to be safe, for now this should

be all the layers in param data)

Value

data.frame transformed data

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