

Introduction to Python

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Review of Previous Class

- Keyword arguments/parameters
- Lists
- Dictionaries
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Class Structure

This class is different – more a tutorial than a class:
lots of coding.

We're going to run through building a really basic
HTTP server from the ground up.

We'll see how far we get.

Note: I'm no expert – I'm learning along with you...

Sockets

“Socket” at either end of a pathway: client and server can be “plugged in” to communicate
Five pieces of data to uniquely identify a connection

- Transport protocol (UDP, TCP) (we’ll use TCP)
- remote IP address
- Remote port number
- Local IP address
- Local port number

(use localhost on both ends for this class...)

HTTP

HyperText Transfer Protocol

Client-Server:

- requests
- responses

Each has:

- Method specification (request)
- Status line (response)
- Headers (RFC 822-compliant)

(optionally)

- Entity headers
- Blank line
- Entity body

(RFC 2616)

HTTP Requests

Request Methods

- GET – Request a URI content
- HEAD – GET headers only
- POST – PUT save URI content
- PUT – POST Request URI content, with entity transfer to server

There are four others – but these are the ones most used

HTTP request

Example HTTP GET request

```
GET /a_file HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:55555
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10.7; rv:1.9.2.3) Gecko/20100326 Firefox/3.6
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
```

HTTP Responses

Response Codes

- 200 OK
- 404 Not Found
- 301 Moved Permanently
- 302 Moved Temporarily
- 303 See Other (HTTP 1.1 only)
- 500 Server Error

There are four others – but these are the ones most used

HTTP Response header

HTTP/1.0 200 OK

Date: Fri, 31 Dec 1999 23:59:59 GMT

Content-Type: text/html

Content-Length: 1354

<html>

<body>

<h1>Happy New Millennium!</h1>

(more file contents)

... </body> </html>

Blank line between header and body critical!

(\r\n linefeeds)

HTTP Response header

Header-Name: value

Quick reference to HTTP headers:

```
http://www.cs.tut.fi/~jkorpela/http.html
```

HTTP Response header

body data:

Content-Type: : xyz

Mime types we might want:

- text/plain
- text/html
- image/png
- image/jpeg

<http://www.webmaster-toolkit.com/mime-types.shtml>

Debugging

Debugging Tools

- windows:
`http://www.fiddler2.com/fiddler2/`
- windows & mac:
`http://www.charlesproxy.com/`
- Firefox:
`http://getfirebug.com/`
- Safari, Chrome and IE: built in

Building an HTTP Server

We've got everything we need to know to build a simple server

(GET only for now...)

Build an HTTP server that can serve up the files in:
`week-05\code\web`

NOTE: you can use the date formatting found in `httpdate.py`

Building an HTTP Server

Incremental Development:

- 1 A socket server that can receive a request (and print that request to the console)
- 2 Server returns a simple reply
- 3 Server returns a properly formatted HTML reply
- 4 Server returns a directory listing
- 5 Server returns the file asked for
- 6 Server returns multiple file types

Python Socket Module

```
s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
```

AF_INET : Internet Family of Protocols

SOCK_STREAM : TCP

Set some options:

```
s.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET, socket.SO_REUSEADDR, 1)
```

SOL_SOCKET : ???

SO_REUSEADDR : re-use the address – so the OS won't reserve it