

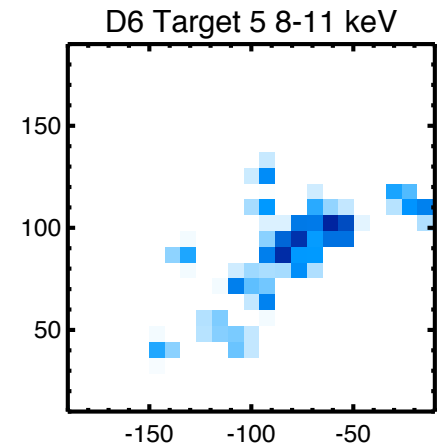
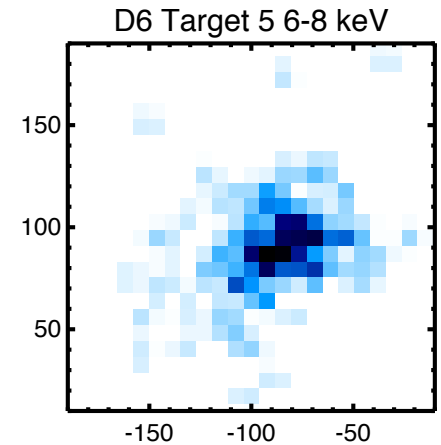
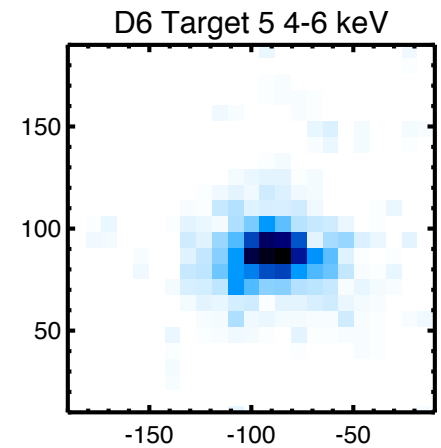
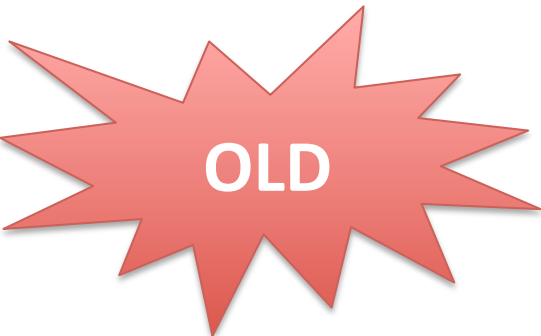
FOXSI-2 microflare imaging spectroscopy -- UPDATED

Lindsay

2015 April 1

Last target

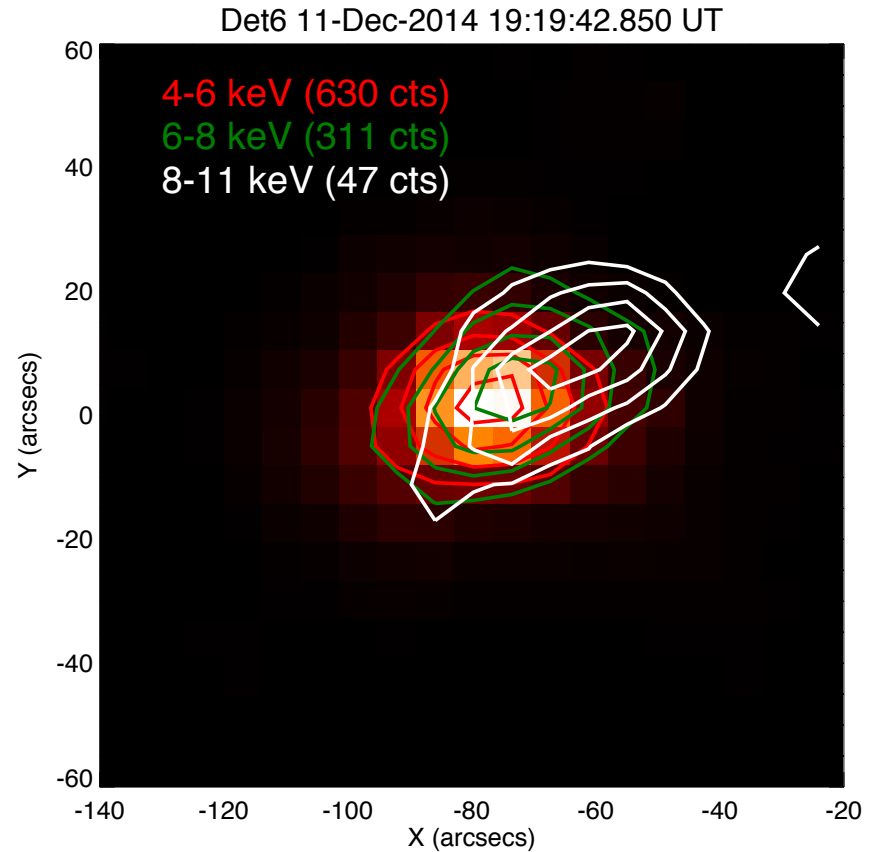
- Detector 6 in different energy bands



Detector 6 images of final target

- Smoothed images
 - Smoothed over 2 strips.
- Significant source location / shape change with energy.

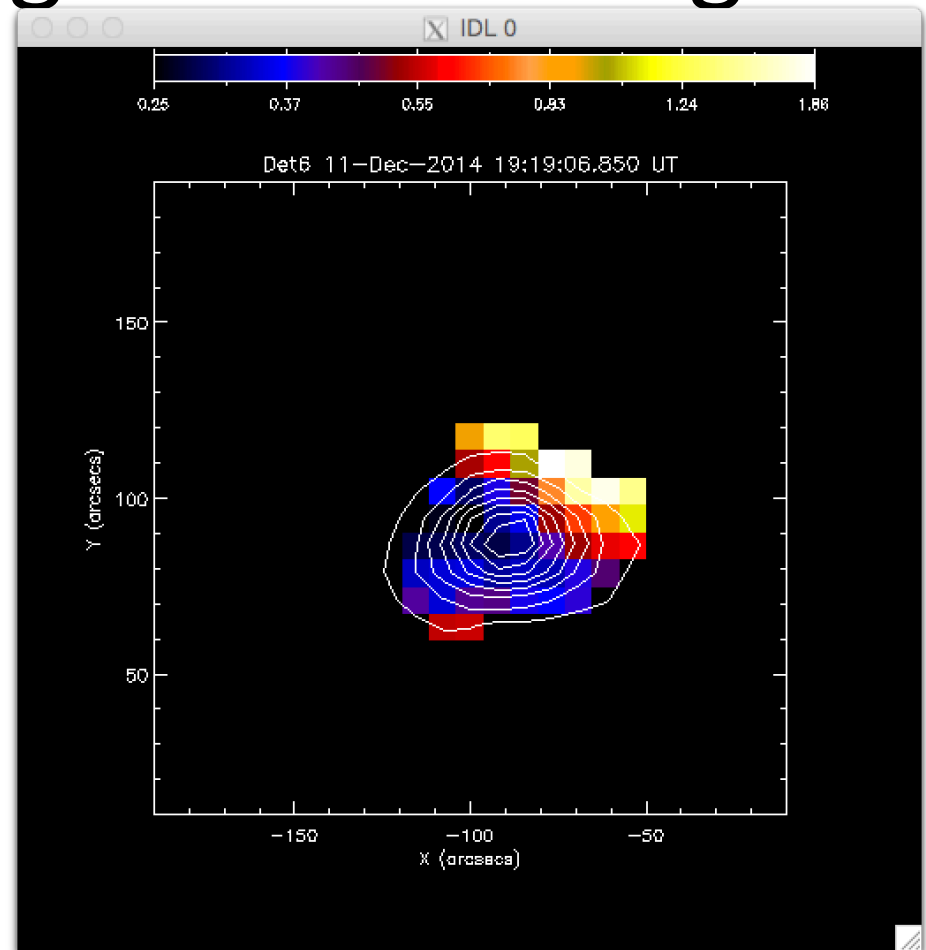
OLD



Detector 6 images of final target

- Ratio of high-energy to low-energy emission is a measure of temperature.
- Not calculating actual temperatures yet; need solidified instrument response for that.
- Hot plasma (or nonthermal electrons) close to source.

OLD

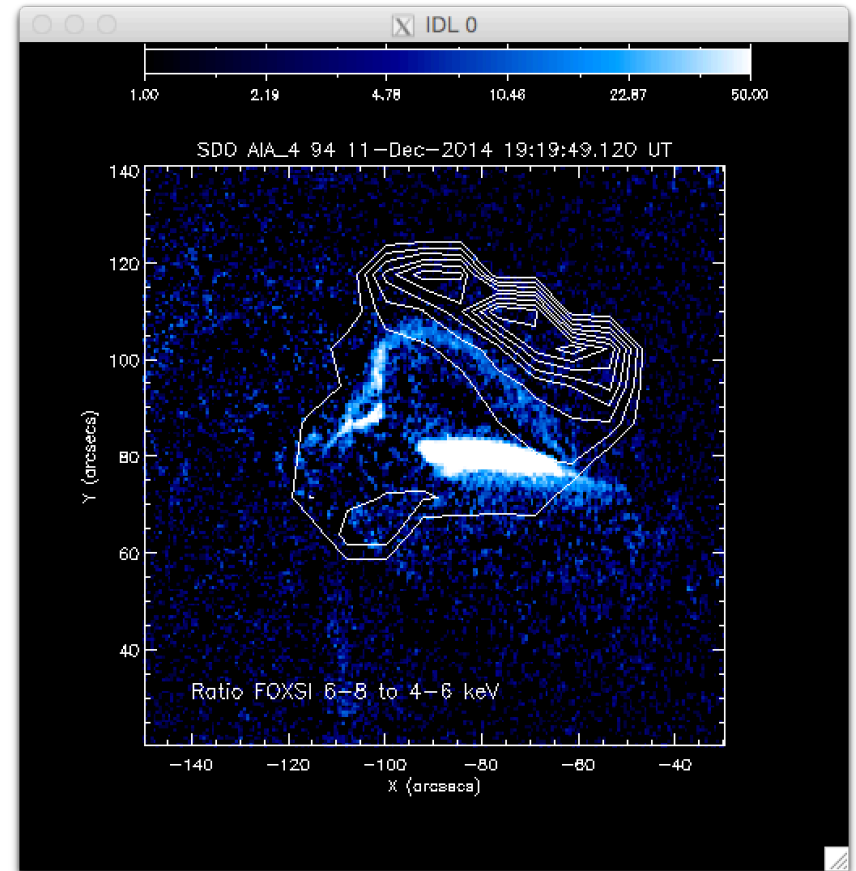


Ratio of 6-8 keV counts to 4-6 keV counts.

On top of AIA 94

- Alignment was done by lining up brightest points in FOXSI and AIA by eye. Could be wrong!
 - Co-aligning with RHESSI will help...
- A different alignment could put the high-temp plasma on the AIA ridge.
- Or perhaps the hot plasma is adjacent to, or above the ridge.

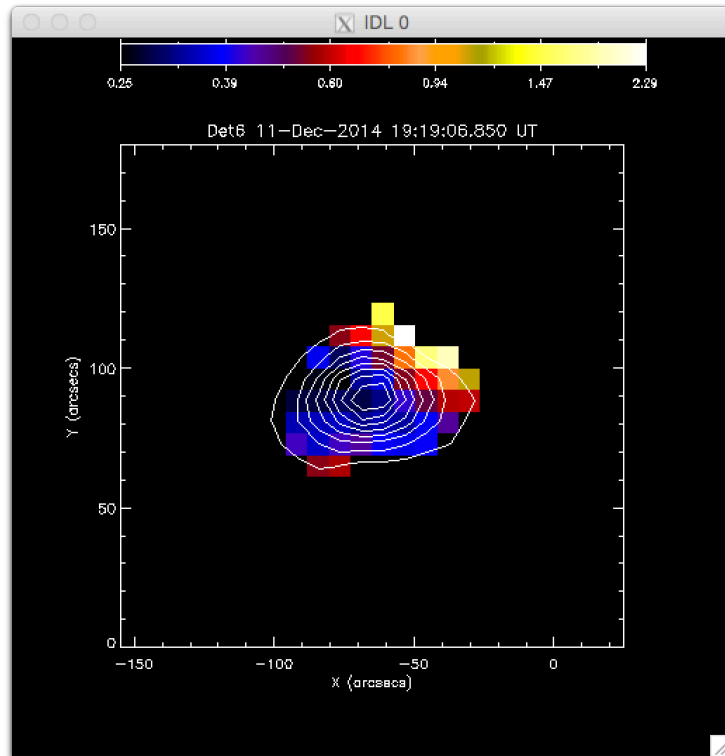
OLD



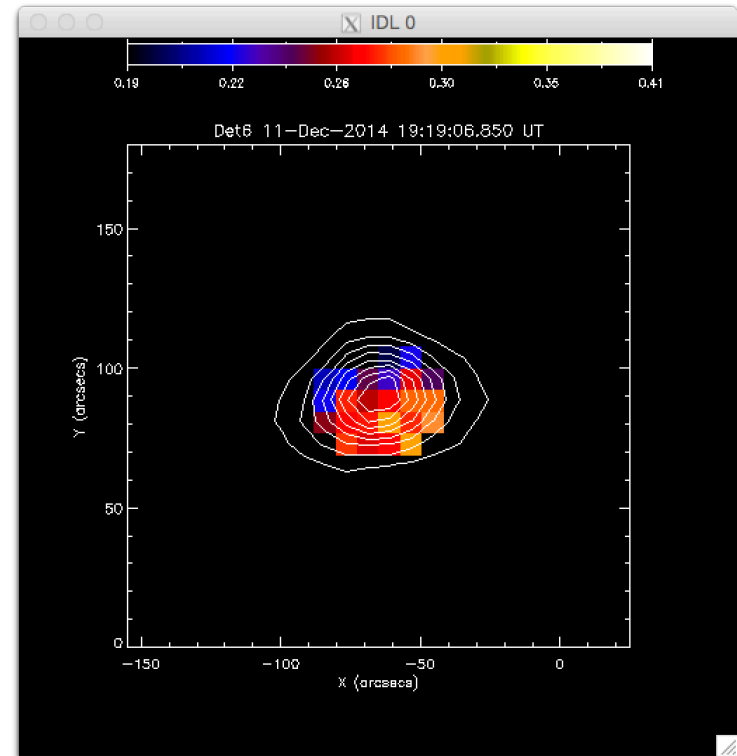
“Knottiness” is the pixel size. No, it’s not nanoflares. ☺

Recently, ran the exact same code...

But instead of this...



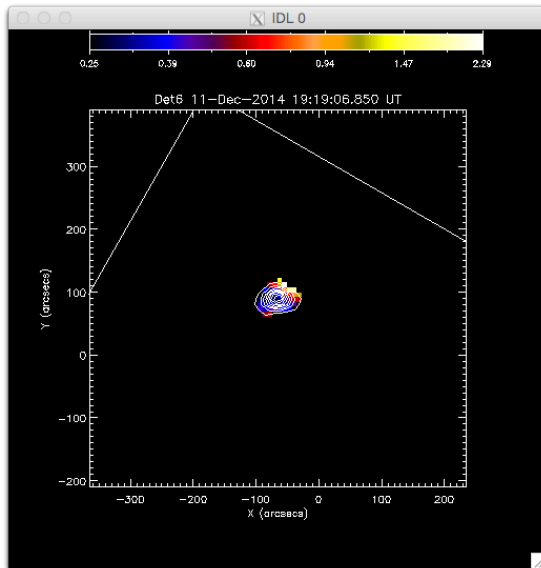
...I got this!



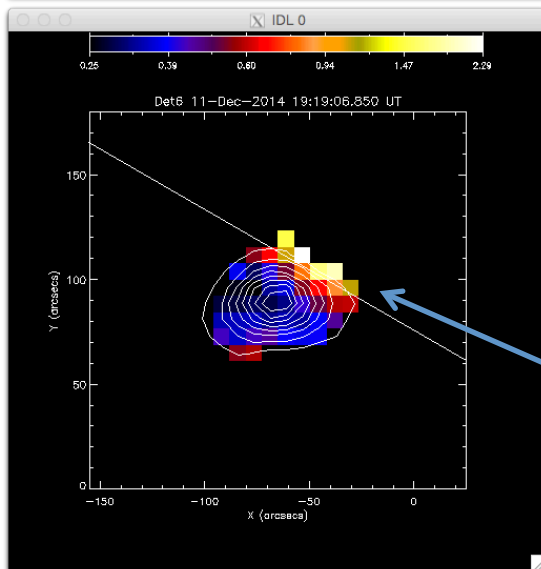
NEW!

What the &*%\$?!?

Answer: old result used incorrect cal.



- (Earlier) assumption: exact calibration doesn't matter for this ratio method because only count ratios are important.
- But the earlier result used the incorrect calibration files, which meant that the strip-by-strip calibration was wrong!

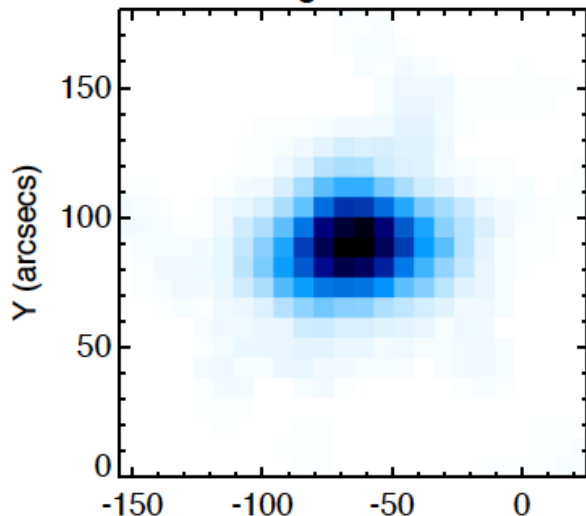


This is probably an incorrectly calibrated strip.

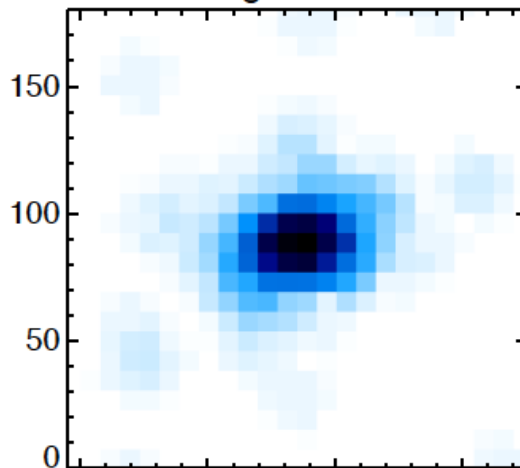
NEW!

Sighhh...so what does it really look like?

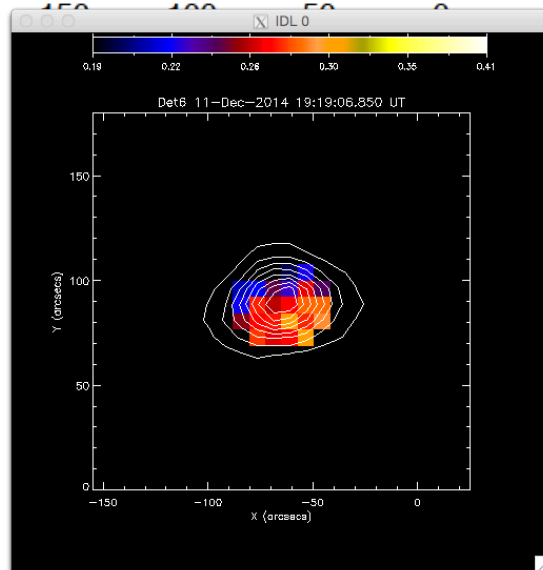
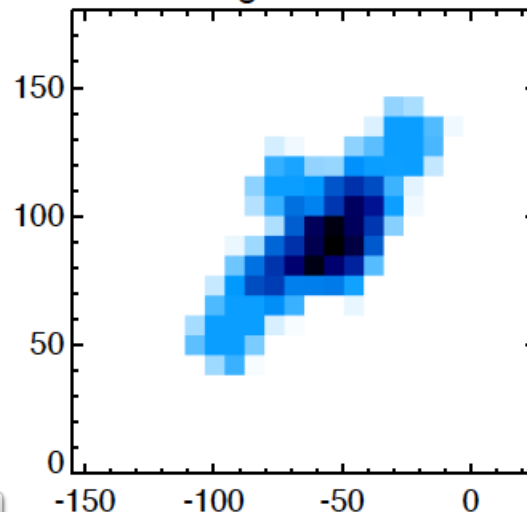
D6 Target 5 4-6 keV



D6 Target 5 6-8 keV



D6 Target 5 8-11 keV



NEW!

