

# PDF

Succinctly

by Ryan Hodson

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Foreword by Daniel Jebaraj



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Edited by
This publication was edited by Stephen Jebaraj, senior product manager, Syncfusion, Inc.

# The Story Behind the Succinctly Series of Books

Daniel Jebaraj, Vice President Syncfusion, Inc.

#### taying on the cutting edge

As many of you may know, Syncfusion is a provider of software components for the Microsoft platform. This puts us in the exciting but challenging position of always being on the cutting edge.

Whenever platforms or tools are shipping out of Microsoft, which seems to be about every other week these days, we have to educate ourselves, quickly.

#### Information is plentiful but harder to digest

In reality, this translates into a lot of book orders, blog searches, and Twitter scans.

While more information is becoming available on the Internet and more and more books are being published, even on topics that are relatively new, one aspect that continues to inhibit us is the inability to find concise technology overview books.

We are usually faced with two options: read several 500+ page books or scour the web for relevant blog posts and other articles. Just as everyone else who has a job to do and customers to serve, we find this guite frustrating.

#### The Succinctly series

This frustration translated into a deep desire to produce a series of concise technical books that would be targeted at developers working on the Microsoft platform.

We firmly believe, given the background knowledge such developers have, that most topics can be translated into books that are between 50 and 100 pages.

This is exactly what we resolved to accomplish with the *Succinctly* series. Isn't everything wonderful born out of a deep desire to change things for the better?

#### The best authors, the best content

Each author was carefully chosen from a pool of talented experts who shared our vision. The book you now hold in your hands, and the others available in this series, are a result of the authors' tireless work. You will find original content that is guaranteed to get you up and running in about the time it takes to drink a few cups of coffee.

#### Free forever

Syncfusion will be working to produce books on several topics. The books will always be free. Any updates we publish will also be free.

#### Free? What is the catch?

There is no catch here. Syncfusion has a vested interest in this effort.

As a component vendor, our unique claim has always been that we offer deeper and broader frameworks than anyone else on the market. Developer education greatly helps us market and sell against competing vendors who promise to "enable AJAX support with one click," or "turn the moon to cheese!"

#### Let us know what you think

If you have any topics of interest, thoughts, or feedback, please feel free to send them to us at succinctly-series@syncfusion.com.

We sincerely hope you enjoy reading this book and that it helps you better understand the topic of study. Thank you for reading.

Please follow us on Twitter and "Like" us on Facebook to help us spread the word about the *Succinctly* series!





### Introduction

Adobe Systems Incorporated's Portable Document Format (PDF) is the de facto standard for the accurate, reliable, and platform-independent representation of a paged document. It's the only universally accepted file format that allows pixel-perfect layouts. In addition, PDF supports user interaction and collaborative workflows that are not possible with printed documents.

PDF documents have been in widespread use for years, and dozens of free and commercial PDF readers, editors, and libraries are readily available. However, despite this popularity, it's still difficult to find a succinct guide to the native PDF format. Understanding the internal workings of a PDF makes it possible to dynamically generate PDF documents. For example, a web server can extract information from a database, use it to customize an invoice, and serve it to the customer on the fly.

This book introduces the fundamental components of the native PDF language. With the help of a utility program called <a href="pdftk">pdftk</a> from PDF Labs, we'll build a PDF document from scratch, learning how to position elements, select fonts, draw vector graphics, and create interactive tables of contents along the way. The goal is to provide enough information to let you start building your own documents without bogging you down with the many complexities of the PDF file format.

In addition, the last chapter of this book provides an overview of the iTextSharp library (<a href="http://itextpdf.com/">http://itextpdf.com/</a>). iTextSharp is a C# library that provides an object-oriented wrapper for native PDF elements. Having a C# representation of a document makes it much easier to leverage existing .NET components and streamline the creation of dynamic PDF files.

The sample files created in this book can be downloaded here: <a href="https://bitbucket.org/syncfusion/pdf-succinctly/">https://bitbucket.org/syncfusion/pdf-succinctly/</a>.

#### The PDF standard

The PDF format is an open standard maintained by the International Organization for Standardization. The official specification is defined in <u>ISO 32000-1:2008</u>, but Adobe also provides a free, comprehensive guide called <u>PDF Reference, Sixth Edition, version 1.7</u>.

### **Chapter 1 Conceptual Overview**

We'll begin with a conceptual overview of a simple PDF document. This chapter is designed to be a brief orientation before diving in and creating a real document from scratch.

A PDF file can be divided into four parts: a header, body, cross-reference table, and trailer. The header marks the file as a PDF, the body defines the visible document, the cross-reference table lists the location of everything in the file, and the trailer provides instructions for how to start reading the file.

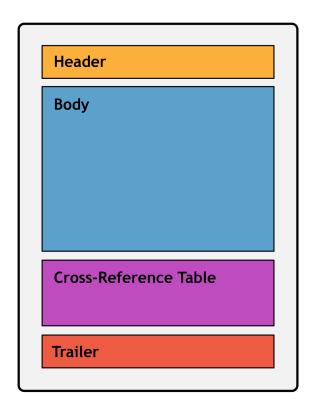


Figure 1: Components of a PDF document

Every PDF file *must* have these four components.

#### Header

The header is simply a PDF version number and an arbitrary sequence of binary data. The binary data prevents naïve applications from processing the PDF as a text file. This would result in a corrupted file, since a PDF typically consists of both plain text and binary data (e.g., a binary font file can be directly embedded in a PDF).

#### **Body**

The body of a PDF contains the entire visible document. The minimum elements required in a valid PDF body are:

- A page tree
- Pages
- Resources
- Content
- The catalog

The **page tree** serves as the root of the document. In the simplest case, it is just a list of the pages in the document. Each **page** is defined as an independent entity with metadata (e.g., page dimensions) and a reference to its resources and content, which are defined separately. Together, the page tree and page objects create the "paper" that composes the document.

**Resources** are objects that are required to render a page. For example, a single font is typically used across several pages, so storing the font information in an external resource is much more efficient. A **content** object defines the text and graphics that actually show up on the page. Together, content objects and resources define the appearance of an individual page.

Finally, the document's **catalog** tells applications where to start reading the document. Often, this is just a pointer to the root page tree.

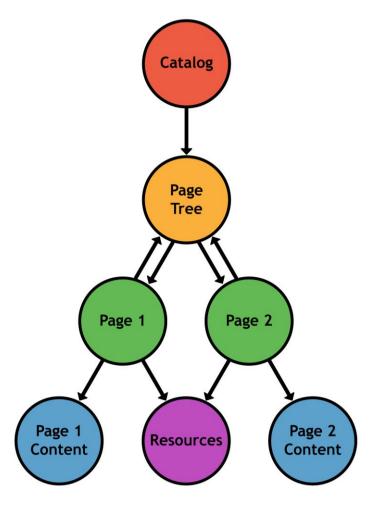


Figure 2: Structure of a document's body

#### **Cross-reference table**

After the header and the body comes the cross-reference table. It records the byte location of each object in the body of the file. This enables random-access of the document, so when rendering a page, only the objects required for that page are read from the file. This makes PDFs much faster than their PostScript predecessors, which had to read in the entire file before processing it.

#### **Trailer**

Finally, we come to the last component of a PDF document. The trailer tells applications how to start reading the file. At minimum, it contains three things:

- A reference to the catalog which links to the root of the document.
- The location of the cross-reference table.
- The size of the cross-reference table.

Since a trailer is all you need to begin processing a document, PDFs are typically read back-to-front: first, the end of the file is found, and then you read backwards until you arrive at the beginning of the trailer. After that, you should have all the information you need to load any page in the PDF.

#### **Summary**

To conclude our overview, a PDF document has a header, a body, a cross-reference table, and a trailer. The trailer serves as the entryway to the entire document, giving you access to any object via the cross-reference table, and pointing you toward the root of the document. The relationship between these elements is shown in the following figure.

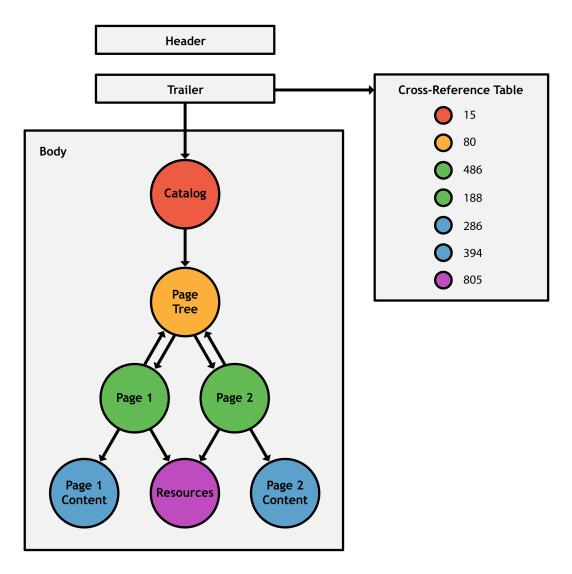


Figure 3: Structure of a PDF document