





Discovered this sign at the W3C headquarters...



SINCE LAST NEW **JAVASCRIPT FRAMEWORK**

RETWEETS 2 035

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08:17 - 11 févr. 2015

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An (another) javascript framework

An (another) javascript framework library!

What's React?

A javascript library developped, open sourced and maintained by facebook

React is designed for (large) applications with data that changes

over time

Released in 2013 facebook *dogfooding* it with facebook and Instagram

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No MVC No MVVM No DM-VM-CM-VC-V*

• • •

ReactJS is only views

ReactJS is only views ReactJS is components

React components are

Reutilisable
Testable
Maintanable
Use on shadow DOM

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----- Extremely fast

React components are

Reutilisable
Testable
Maintanable
Use shadow DOM ——— Extremely fast
Managed only by their parent

React components are not Web Components

Web components are for strong encapsulation React components are made to be sync with datas

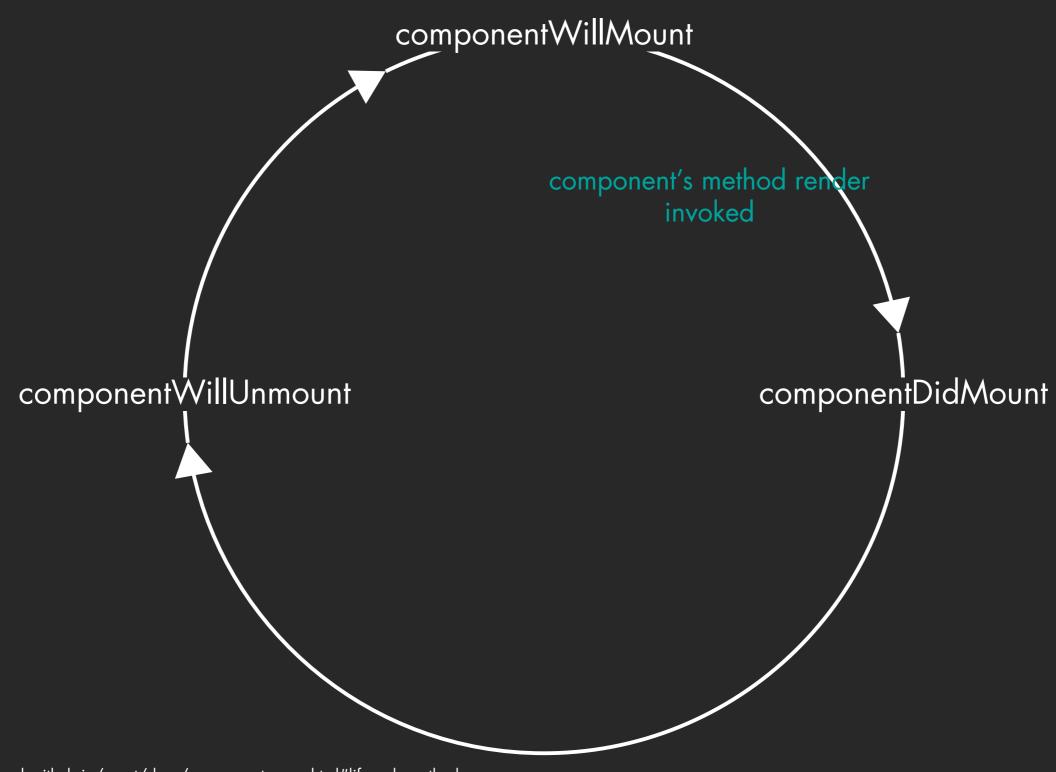
Let's write a component

```
import React from 'react'
export default class MyFirstComponent extends React.Component {
   render() {
     return (
        It's my first component with React !
   );
   }
}
```

Let's write a component

Let's write a component

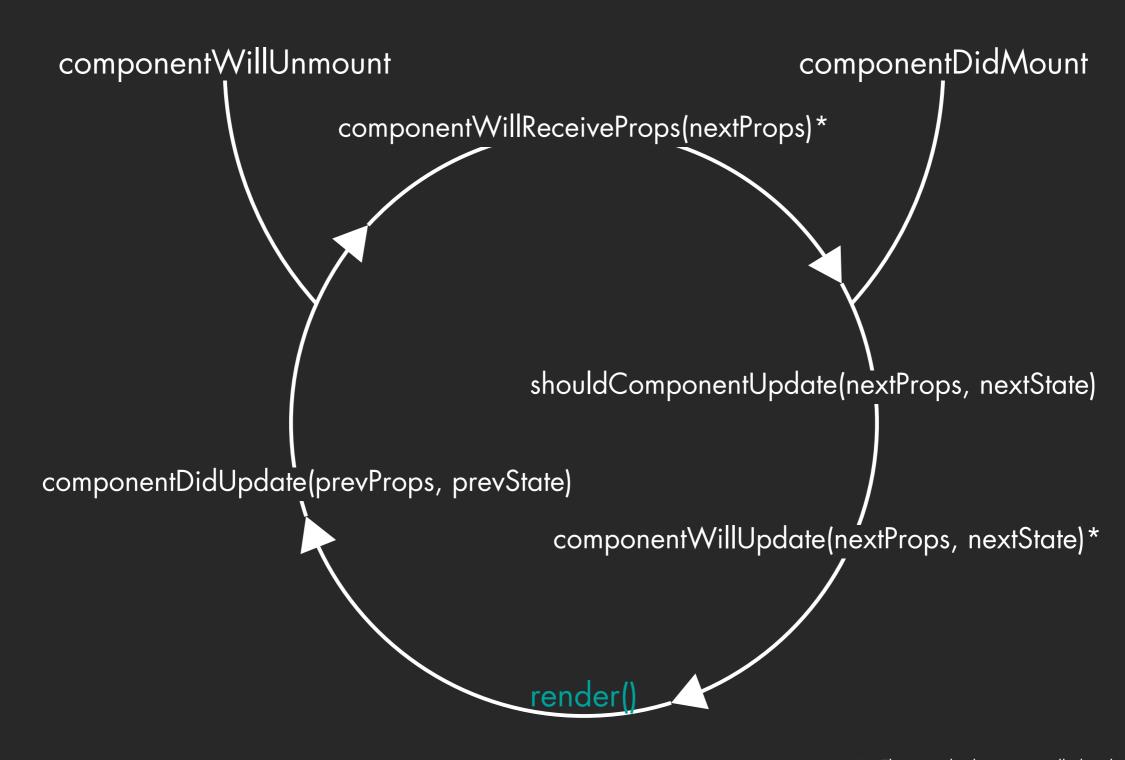
Component life cycle



Sources

https://facebook.github.io/react/docs/component-specs.html#lifecycle-methods

Component life cycle (between componentWillUnmount and componentDidMount)



Props and state

Props and state allow to change component's content/datas

Props are immutable

Props are read-only

Props are transmitted by their parent

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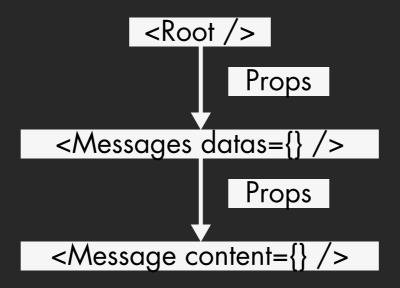
Props are transmitted by their parent

State is mutable

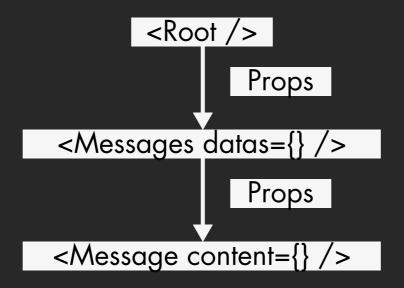
State mutates in component

ReactJS's data flow is unidirectional

Data flow (down)



Data flow (down)

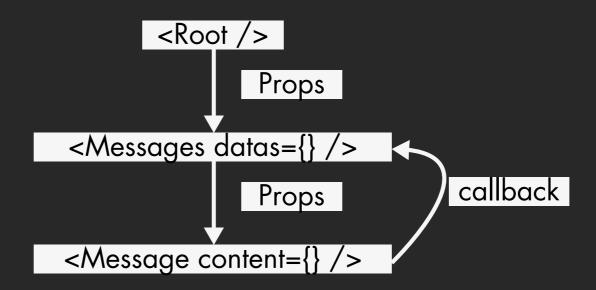


```
import React from 'react'

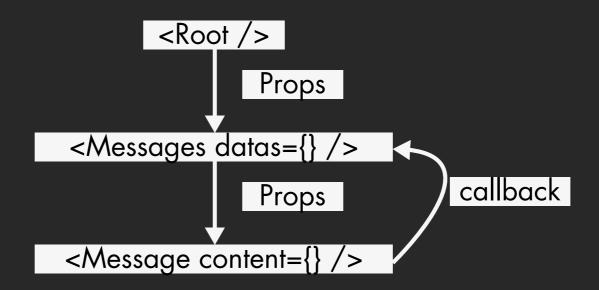
export default class Messages extends React.Component {
  constructor (props) {
    super(props);
  }

  render() {
    return (
        <Message content={this.props.datas[0]} />
    );
  }
}
```

Data flow (up)



Data flow (up)



```
export default class Messages extends React.Component {
   myCallback () {
     console.log(''my child talks to me !'');
   }
  render() {
   return (
     <Message content={this.props.datas[0]} onClickCB={this.myCallback} />
   );
  }
}
```

Sources

Data flow (up)

```
export default class Message extends React.Component {
   messageClick () {
     this.props.onClickCB()
   }

  render() {
     return (
         {this.props.content} 
   );
   }
}
```

Demo

This data flow is (totally) a mess

If we scaled up, this kind of thing can happen





Demo

Inline style

To be a real component, it needs to overcome any extra files like stylesheets

React brings inline style with JS to solve this issue.

```
export default class Messages extends React.Component {
  [\ldots]
  render() {
    return (
      <Message style={Styles.message} content={this.props.datas[0]} />
const Styles = {
 message: {
    fontSize: 25,
    textAlign: 'center'
```

Inline style

Inline style in ReactJS is a nice feature, but there are some cons:

- No pseudo-format/class support (:hover, :last-child...)
- No media-queries support
- No autoprefixer for exotic css attribute
- No relative units

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Inline style Libs for uncomplete style management in React

- classnames
- radium
- CSSModules

First part in a nutshell

React bring real component (DOM + CSS + JS in same file)
JSX is strongly encourage for templating
React allows a full control of the component with its lifecycle
Props allow parent to set datas to its children
Props are immutables

First part in a nutshell

React bring real component (DOM + CSS + JS in same file) JSX is strongly encourage for templating

React allows a full control of the component with its lifecycle

Props allow parent to set datas to its children

Props are immutables

State is updated by component himself

State is mutable

Inline styles missing features are solved by Radium & CSS Modules

Data flow in ReactJS is a mess... except if we use...



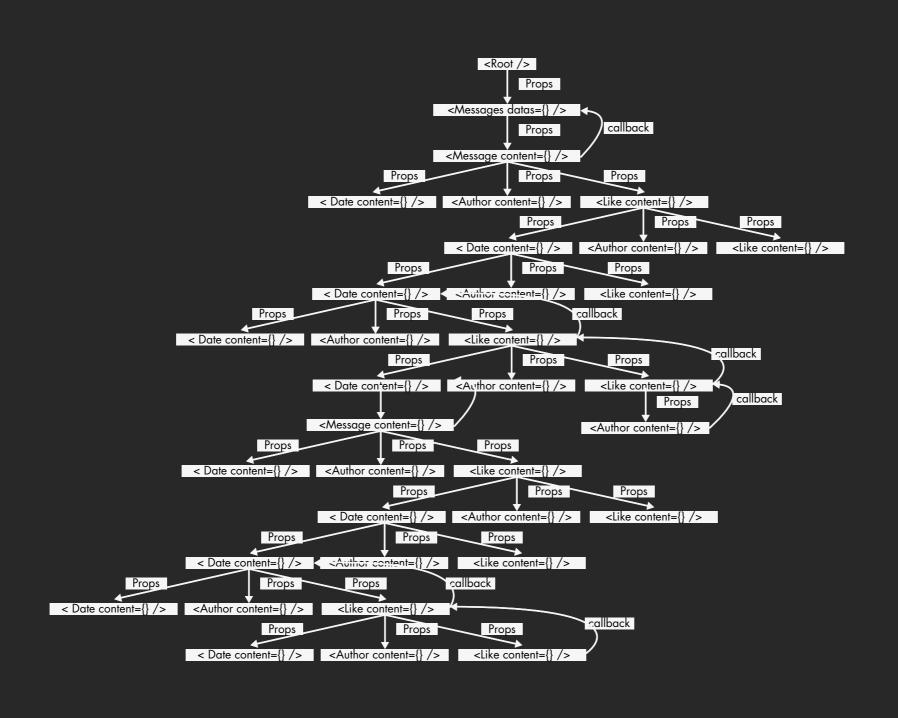
Redux

Redux is predicable state container for javascript application

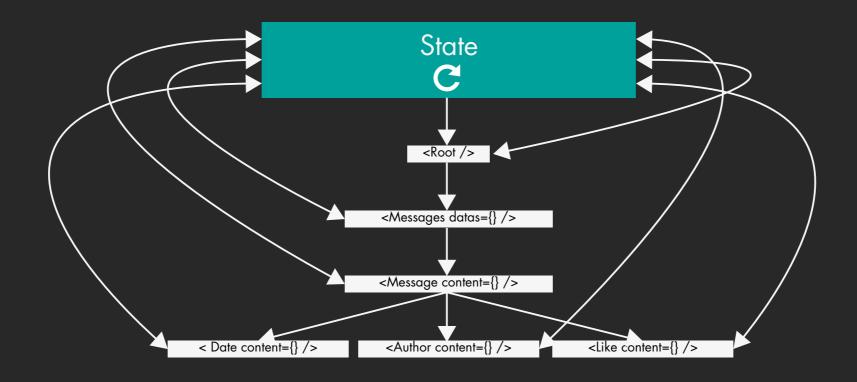
Redux is predicable state container for javascript application

With Redux, ReactJS app has only one state for the whole app

Dataflow (up and down) without Redux



Dataflow (up and down) with Redux

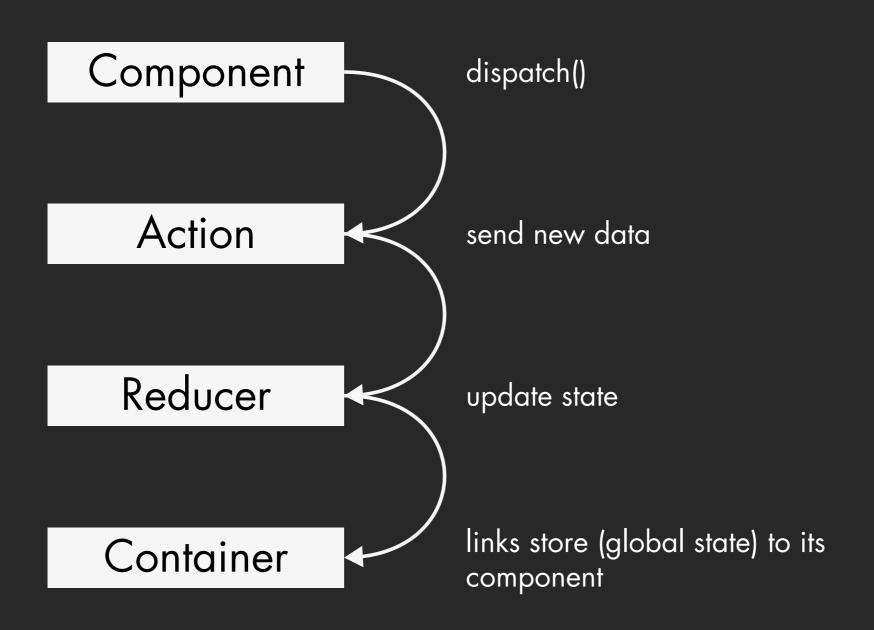


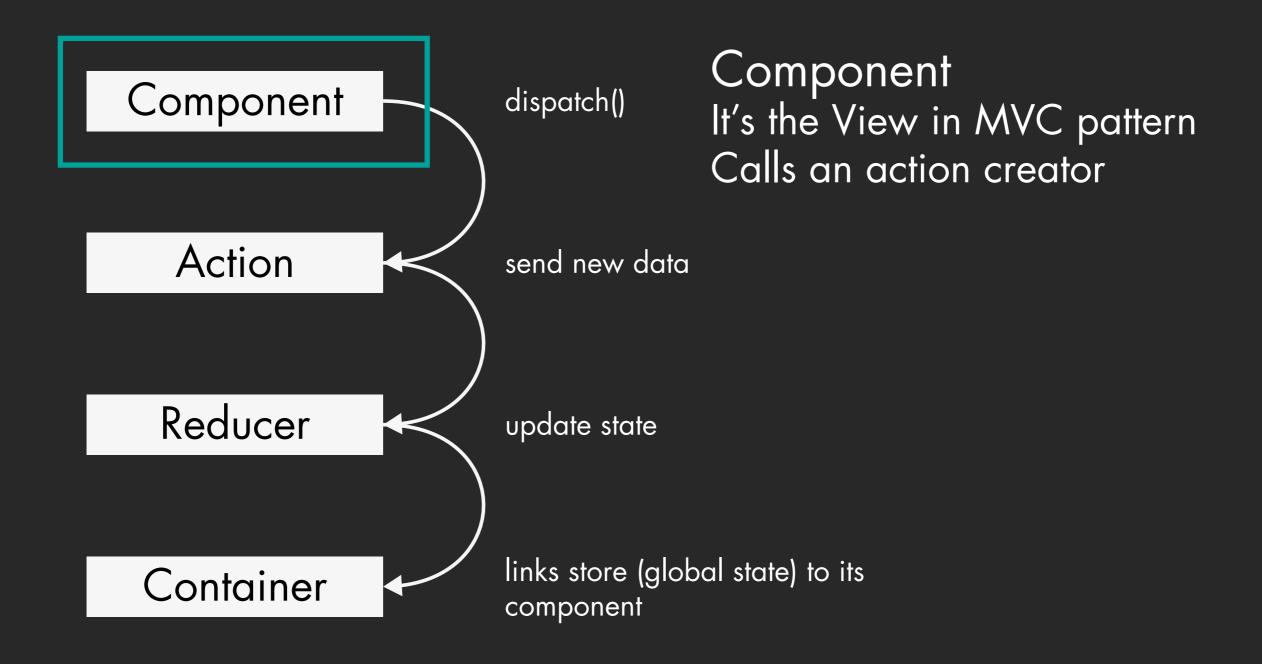
Principles

- Single source of truth
- State is immutable
- Changes are made with pure functions

Advantages

- Easier to debug ReactJS apps ; All datas transit in the same place
- Brings (M)VC pattern to ReactJS (remember : ReactJS is only View)
- Limits corrupted datas ; Redux rewrites state at each change

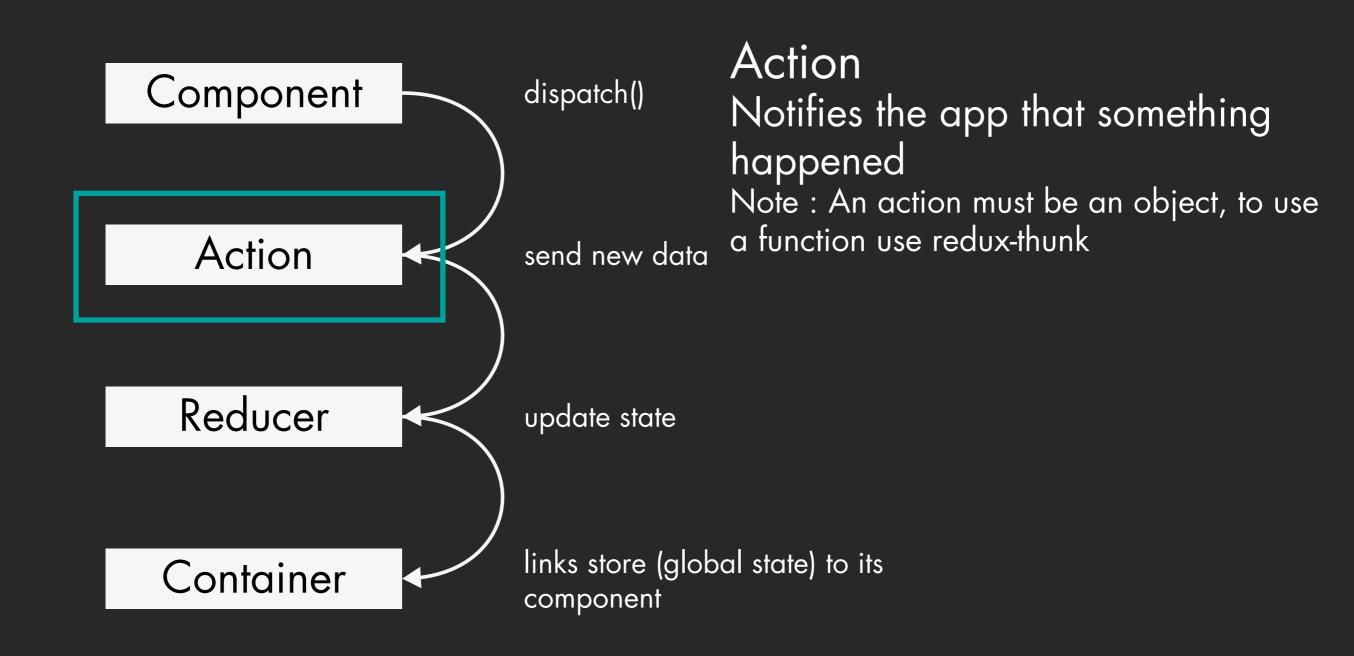




Redux dataflow in details - Component

It's the View in MVC pattern. Calls an action creator

```
export default class Message extends React.Component {
  submitMessage (e) {
    e.preventDefault();
    this.props.dispatch(addMessage(''Hello world''));
  render() {
    const { messages } = this.props;
    return (
     <h1>{ messages[messages.length - 1] }</h1>
     <form>
        <textarea name=''message'' value={this.props.content} />
        <button>Add message</button>
     </form>
```

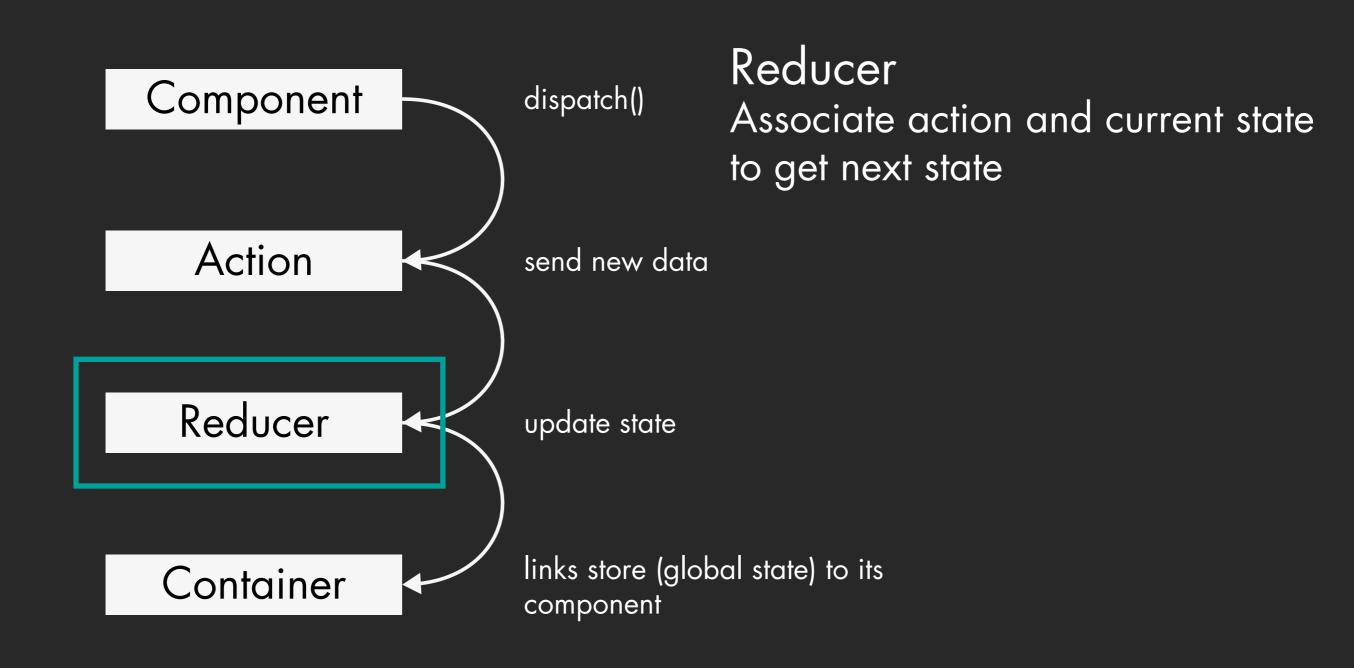


Redux dataflow in details - Action

Notifies the app that something happened

```
export const addMessage = function (id) {
   return {
     type: 'ADD_MESSAGE',
     text: text
}
```

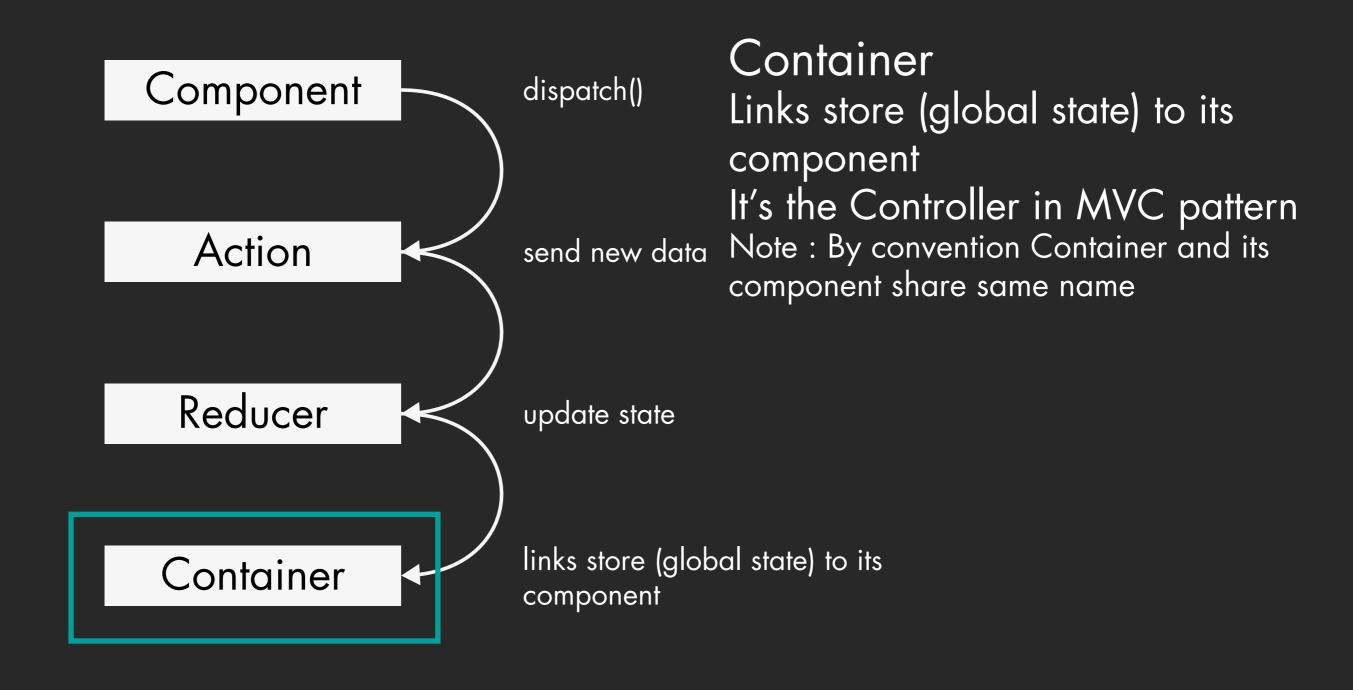
Action creator



Redux dataflow in details - Reducer

Associate action and current state to get next state. (previousState, action) => newState

```
const message = function (state = '', action) {
   switch (action.type) {
    case 'ADD_MESSAGE':
      return action.text;
   default:
      return state;
   }
}
```



Redux dataflow in details - Container

Add some logic to component. It's the Controller in MVC pattern Note: By convention Container and its component share same name

```
import Messages from '../components/Messages'
function mapStateToProps(state) {
   return {
     messages: state.messages
   }
}
export default connect(mapStateToProps)(Messages)
```

« You might get the wrong impression from over-engineered tutorials and all the stuff that community has built around it. But Redux itself is very simple. »

Dan Abramov, Redux co-creator

Demo

Redux's competitors

- Flux (facebook)
- DIY Facebook Flux
- Fluxxor
- McFly
- NuclearJS
- Flummox
- Fluxette
- Lux

- Marty
- Reflux
- Alt (number two on the list)
- Yahoo-Fluxible
- Delorean
- Barracks
- Fluxy
- MobX

Last part in a nutshell

Redux is not related to ReactJS

Redux is really simple don't be afraid by over-engineered tutorials

Redux is not mandatory but highly recommanded to avoid spaghetti

code

Redux brings missing Controller to React

My opinion about ReactJS

- Powerful javascript library
- Easy to learn
- Useful for many cases. E.g. : Dealer locator
- Maybe the best library to manage view and data currently

For further

React router

React storyboard

Thank you Questions?